ASPEN EXPLORATION CORP Form 10QSB

November 13, 2003

FORM 10-Q-SB

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington D.C. 20549

MARK ONE

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2003 $\,$

OR

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission File Number 0-9494

ASPEN EXPLORATION CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Aspen as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware 84-0811316
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

Suite 208, 2050 S. Oneida St.,

Denver, Colorado 80224-2426 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

Issuer's telephone number: (303) 639-9860

Indicate by check mark whether Aspen (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that Aspen was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [X] No []

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the Issuer's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date.

Class Outstanding at November 12, 2003 ----- Common stock, \$.005 par value 5,863,828

Transitional small business disclosure format: Yes XX No

Part One. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

ASPEN EXPLORATION CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

September 30, 2003
 (Unaudited)
\$ 966,399
18,823
332,004
13,003
12,706
1,342,935
6,905,479
(2,797,469)
4,108,010
112,562
(68,778)
43,784
\$ 5,494,729 =======

(Statement Continues)
See notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

ASPEN EXPLORATION CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Continued)

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	September 30, 2003
	(Unaudited)
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 189,734 47,793 726,781
Total current liabilities	964,308
Asset retirement obligation	15,841
Deferred income taxes	131,350
Total long term liabilities	147,191
Total liabilities	1,111,499
Stockholders' equity:	
Common stock, \$.005 par value: Authorized: 50,000,000 shares Issued: At September 30, 2003 5,863,828 and June 30, 2003: 5,863,828	29,320
Capital in excess of par value	6,025,797 (1,706,703) (7,184)
Total stockholders' equity	4,383,230
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 5,494,729

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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ASPEN EXPLORATION CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

		Three Mo Septem	
	2003	(unau	
Revenues: Oil and gas	\$ 341,926		

Management fees Interest and other, net		45 , 915 496
Total Revenues		388 , 337
Costs and expenses:		
Oil and gas production		39,102
Depreciation, depletion and amortization		127,600
Selling, general and administrative		171,438
Total Costs and Expenses		338,140
Income (loss) before taxes		50,197
Provision for income taxes		-0-
Net income (loss)	\$	50,197
Basic income (loss) per common share	\$.01
Diluted income (loss) per common share	\$.01
Basic weighted average number of common shares		
outstanding		,863,828
Diluted weighted average number of common shares		
outstanding	5	,917,538
	====	

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ASPEN EXPLORATION CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Three months en 2003
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income (loss)	\$ 50,197
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation, depletion & amortization	127,600
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Decrease (increase) in receivable	(71,446) 9,475

Increase in accounts payable and accrued expense	213,907
Net cash provided by operating activities	329,733
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Additions to oil and gas properties	(139,900) -0- -0-
Net cash (used) by investing activities	(139,900)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	189,833
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	776 , 566
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 966,399 ======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

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ASPEN EXPLORATION CORPORATION

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

September 30, 2003

Note 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying financial statements are unaudited. However, in our opinion, the accompanying financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of only normal recurring adjustments, necessary for fair presentation. Interim results of operations are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended June 30, 2003.

Except for the historical information contained in this Form 10-QSB, this Form contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in this Report. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed in this Report and any documents incorporated herein by reference, as well as the Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended June 30,

2003.

Note 2 ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION

Effective July 1, 2002, we adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." SFAS No. 143 generally applies to legal obligations associated with the retirement of long-lived assets that result from the acquisition, construction, development and/or the normal operation of a long-lived asset. SFAS No. 143 requires us to recognize an estimated liability for the plugging and abandonment of our gas wells. As of June 30, 2003, we recognized the future cost to plug and abandon the gas wells over the estimated useful lives of the wells in accordance with SFAS No. 143. A liability for the fair value of an asset retirement obligation with a corresponding increase in the carrying value of the related long-lived asset is recorded at the time a well is completed and ready for production. We will amortize the amount added to the oil and gas properties and recognize accretion expense in connection with the discounted liability over the remaining life of the respective well. The estimated liability is based on historical experience in plugging and abandoning wells, estimated useful lives based on engineering studies, external estimates as to the cost to plug and abandon wells in the future and federal and state regulatory requirements. The liability is a discounted liability using a risk-free rate of 5%. Revisions to the liability could occur due to changes in plugging and abandonment costs, useful well lives or if federal or state regulators enact new regulations on the plugging and abandonment of wells.

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Note 2 ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATION (CONTINUED)

A reconciliation of our liability for the year ended September 30, 2003 is as follows:

Asset retirement obligations as of
June 30, 2003 \$17,841

Liabilities settled (2,000)
Accretion expense -0Revision of estimate -0Asset retirement obligation as of
September 30, 2003 \$15,841

Note 3 EARNINGS PER SHARE

We follow Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 128, addressing earnings per share. SFAS No. 128 established the methodology of calculating basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share. The calculations differ by adding any instruments convertible to common stock (such as stock options, warrants, and

convertible preferred stock) to weighted average shares outstanding when computing diluted earnings per share.

The following is a reconciliation of the numerators and denominators used in the calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share. We had a net income of \$50,197 for the three months ended September 30, 2003 and a net loss of \$44,238 for the three months ended September 30, 2002. Because of the net loss for the three months ended September 30, 2002, the basic and diluted average outstanding shares are considered the same, since including the dilutive shares would have an antidilutive effect on the loss per share calculation.

		September 30,	2003
	Net Income	Shares	Per Share Amount
Basic earnings per share:			
Net income and share amounts	\$50,197	5,863,828	\$.01
Dilutive securities: stock options		776,000	
Repurchased shares		(722,290)	
Diluted earnings per sha	re:		
Net income and assumed share conversion	\$50,197 =====	5,917,538	\$.01 ====

Note 4 SEGMENT INFORMATION

We operate in one industry segment within the United States, oil and gas exploration.

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Identified assets by industry are those assets that are used in our operations in that industry. Corporate assets are principally cash, cash surrender value of life insurance, furniture, fixtures and vehicles.

We have adopted SFAS No. 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information." SFAS No. 131 requires the presentation of descriptive information about reportable segments which is consistent with that made available to the management of the Company to assess performance.

Our oil and gas segment derives its revenues from the sale of oil and gas and prospect generation and administrative overhead fees charged to participants in our oil and gas ventures. Corporate income is

primarily derived from interest income on funds held in money market accounts.

During the three months ended September 30, 2003 and 2002 there were no intersegment revenues. The accounting policies applied by each segment are the same as those used by us in general.

There have been no differences from the last annual report in the basis of measuring segment profit or loss. There have been no material changes in the amount of assets for any operating segment since the last annual report except for the oil and gas segment which capitalized approximately \$139,900 for the development and acquisition of oil and gas properties.

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Note 4 SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Segment information consists of the following for the three months ended September 30:

		Oi 	l and Gas	Co	rporate	Co	onsolidated
Revenues:							
	2003 2002	\$	387,841 261,160	\$	496 3,736	\$	388,337 264,896
Income (loss) from	operations:						
	2003 2002	\$	225,739 142,216	\$	(175,542) (186,484)	\$	50,197 (44,238)
Identifiable assets	:						
	2003 2002	\$	4,225,438 3,312,792	\$	1,269,291 1,861,827	\$	5,494,729 5,174,619
Depreciation, deple charged to identifi		ion	1				
	2003 2002		(2,797,469) (2,343,649)	\$	(68,778) (50,230)	\$	(2,866,247) (2,393,879)
Capital expenditure	s:						
	2003 2002	\$	139,900 141,520	\$	-0- -0-	\$	139,900 141,520

Note 5 MAJOR CUSTOMERS

We derived in excess of 10% of our revenue from various sources (oil

and gas sales) as follows:

		Tl	ne Company	
		A	В	С
		_	-	_
Year ended:				
September 30,	2003	29%	53%	_
September 30,	2002	30%	50%	13%

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Note 6 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

At September 30, 2003 the Company was committed to the following drilling and development projects in California:

Project	Aspen Cost
Mengali-Durst #22-1 Sac Outing Farms #31-3 West Grimes 3-D Verona Pipeline	\$ 40,000 44,000 80,000 70,000
Total	\$ 234,000

Note 7 INCOME TAXES

The Company has made no provision for income taxes for the three month period ended September 30, 2003 since it utilizes net operating loss carryforwards. The Company had approximately \$1,796,000 of such carryforwards at June 30, 2003.

Note 8 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 1, 2003 we commenced drilling operations on the Mengali-Durst #22-1, an 8,400 foot exploratory gas well in Colusa County, California. Electric logs were run on the Mengali-Durst #22-1 well. Although there were some good mud log shows (170 units - 445 units) across the potential Forbes gas sand (8,090 feet to 8,140 feet), the electric logs indicated that this zone was tight and/or wet. The well was plugged and abandoned October 12, 2003 at a total estimated cost to us of \$40,000.

On October 17, 2003 we commenced drilling operations on the Sac Outing Farms #31-3, a 9,400 foot exploratory gas well in Colusa County, California. Electric logs were run on the Sac Outing #31-3 well. Although there were some good mud log shows (85 units - 210 units) across the potential Forbes gas sand (8,990 feet to 9,046 feet), the electric logs indicated that this zone was tight and/or wet. There was one 2 foot apparent gas sand at 9,140 feet to 9,142 feet which had 6.5 ohms of formation resistivity, good permeability, an 85 unit gas show, and a decent sonic response. After discussions with the majority of the working interest partners, it was determined that the completion

costs could not be justified by a 2 foot gas sand. The well was plugged and abandoned October 27, 2003 at a total estimated cost to us of \$44,000.

Note 9 NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In December 2002, the FASB approved SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure - an amendment of FASB Statement No. 123". SFAS No. 148 amends SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" to provide alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. In addition, SFAS No. 148 amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS No. 123 to require

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prominent disclosures in both annual and interim financial statements about the method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method used on reported results. SFAS No. 148 is effective for financial statements for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2002. The Company will continue to account for stock based compensation using the methods detailed in the stock-based compensation accounting policy.

In April 2003, the FASB approved SFAS No. 149, "Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities". SFAS No. 149 is not expected to apply to the Company's current or planned activities.

In June 2003, the FASB approved SFAS No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity". SFAS No. 150 establishes standards for how an issuer classifies and measures certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity. This Statement is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and otherwise is effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. SFAS No. 150 is not expected to have an effect on the Company's financial position.

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Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This should be read in conjunction with the management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended June 30, 2003, which has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. This management's discussion and analysis and other portions of this report contain forward-looking statements (as such term is defined in Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). These statements reflect our current expectations regarding our possible future results of operations, performance, and achievements. These forward-looking statements are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995.

Wherever possible, we have tried to identify these forward-looking

statements by using words such as "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "plan," "intend," and similar expressions. These statements reflect our current beliefs and are based on information currently available to us. Accordingly, these statements are subject to certain risks, uncertainties, and contingencies, which could cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, such statements. These risks, uncertainties and contingencies include, without limitation, the factors set forth in our Form 10-KSB under "Item 6. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions or Plan of Operation - Factors that may affect future operating results." We have no obligation to update or revise any such forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Form 10-QSB.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

September 30, 2003 as compared to June 30, 2003

At September 30, 2003 current assets were \$1,342,935 and current liabilities were \$964,308 and we had positive working capital of \$378,627 compared to current assets of \$1,093,131 at June 30, 2003 and current liabilities of \$750,401 at June 30, 2003, resulting in working capital at June 30, 2003 of \$342,730. Our working capital increased \$35,897 from June 30, 2003 to September 30, 2003 for several reasons.

Our current assets increased approximately \$250,000 because cash and cash equivalents increased \$189,833 from \$776,566 to \$966,399. Much of the increase was due to an increase in advances paid to us from working interest owners for their share of wells to be drilled. We also received \$56,000 in prospect fees from other working interest owners for the Mengali-Durst #22-1 and the Sac Outing #31-3 wells, which were drilled in October 2003. Accounts receivable trade increased by \$62,745 because of the completion of various drilling projects which were in process at year end. Prepaid expenses decreased \$9,475, or 43%, reflecting a reduction in prepaid taxes and the expensing of engineering fees at the end of the quarter.

Our current liabilities increased \$213,907 to \$964,308 at September 30, 2003 from \$750,401 at June 30, 2003. This increase was due to a number of factors including an outstanding payables reduction of approximately \$392,000 and an increase in advances from joint owners for drilling wells in progress of approximately \$606,000.

We anticipate that our current assets will be sufficient to pay our current liabilities as long as our gas production continues to provide us with sufficient cash flow. As discussed below, this is dependent, in part, on

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maintaining or increasing our level of production and the national and world market maintaining its current prices for our gas production.

Drilling success during the past year added to our cash flow from operations. These successes have been offset by the decline in production rates from older wells and a decline in the price received from the sale of our oil products. The average price received for oil and gas for the quarter ended September 30, 2003 was \$23.93 per barrel and \$4.82 per MMBTU of gas compared to \$25.44 per barrel and \$2.78 per MMBTU of gas at September 30, 2002, a decrease of 6% and increase

of 73% respectively.

Our capital requirements can fluctuate over a twelve month period because our drilling program is usually carried out in California's dry season, from late April until November, after which wet weather either precludes further activity or makes it cost prohibitive. In October 2003 (after the period covered by this report), we drilled and abandoned two wells at a cost to us of \$84,000.

We believe that internally generated funds will be sufficient to finance our drilling and operating expenses for the next twelve months.

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Results of Operations

September 30, 2003 Compared to September 30, 2002

For the three months ended September 30, 2003 our operations continued to be focused on the production of oil and gas, and the investigation for possible acquisition of producing oil and gas properties in California.

Oil and gas revenues, which include income from management fees, for the three months ended September 30, 2003 increased approximately \$126,700 from \$261,160 to \$387,841, a 49% increase. This increase reflects an increase in the prices received for the sale of gas which was partially offset by a decrease in production in the Denverton Creek and Malton Black Butte fields as well as the Kern County oil properties, which were sold on September 1, 2002. Our share of sales of oil and gas for the three month period ended September 30, 2003 were 48 barrels of oil and approximately 72,800 MMBTU of gas. The average price received for the quarter ended September 30, 2003 was \$23.93 per barrel for oil and \$4.82 per MMBTU for gas. This is a decrease in total oil production compared to the 520 barrels of oil produced in the first quarter of fiscal 2002 caused by the sale of our remaining oil properties on September 1, 2002, and an increase in natural gas production when compared to the approximately 66,000 MMBTU of gas when compared to the production achieved during the first quarter of the 2002 fiscal year. Another factor resulting in increased revenues during the first quarter of fiscal 2003 was an increase in the prices received for our gas production when compared to the price of \$2.78 received for gas during the first quarter of fiscal 2002.

Oil and gas production costs increased approximately \$1,200 from \$37,914 to \$39,102. The fairly constant cost reflects the abandonment of non-economic wells and the addition of new wells during normal operations during the past twelve months.

Depletion, depreciation and amortization increased approximately \$42,000 or 49% from the previous quarter, which is our best estimate of what the full year cost will be.

Selling, general and administrative expense decreased approximately 8% from \$185,800 to \$171,438 for the quarter ended September 30, 2003. This decrease is primarily due to a reduction of salary and benefits to officers.

As a result of our operations for the three months ended September 30, 2003, we ended the quarter with net income of \$50,197 compared to net loss of \$44,238 for the corresponding quarter a year earlier. This improvement is due primarily to an increase in the price received for our gas, which was partially offset by a

decrease in production volumes, as discussed earlier. Effective September 1, 2002 we sold the remaining interest in producing oil wells located in Kern County, California for approximately \$70,000 net to our interest. As of September 1, 2002 we are producing and selling natural gas with small amounts of associated condensate sales.

Interest and other income decreased approximately \$3,736 to \$496 and were primarily due to a decline in interest rates.

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Item 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As required by Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as of the filing date of this report, we carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer (who is also our principal financial officer), who concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective. There have been no significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors, which could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date we carried out our evaluation.

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

PART II

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

- (a) Exhibits
 - 31. Rule 13a-14(a) Certification
 - 32. Section 1350 Certification
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K

During the period covered by this report and subsequently, we filed one report on Form 8-K as follows:

Date: 9/30/2003 Item reported: Item 5, "Other Events and Regulation FD Disclosure.

No financial statements were filed with this Form 8-K.

In accordance with the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have duly caused this report to be signed on our behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ASPEN EXPLORATION CORPORATION

/s/ Robert A. Cohan

By: Robert A. Cohan,

Chief Executive Officer, Principal Financial Officer

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November 12, 2003