DXP ENTERPRISES INC Form 10-Q July 30, 2007

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q	

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For The Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2007

Commission File Number 0-21513

DXP ENTERPRISES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

TEXAS

76-0509661

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

7272 Pinemont, Houston TX 77040

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

713/996-4700

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. (See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).

Large accelerated filer [] Accelerated Filer [X] Non-accelerated filer []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes [] No [X]

Number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of July 27, 2007: Common Stock: 6,326,089

PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DXP ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE AMOUNTS)

(IN THOUSANDS, EX			•			
		June 30,	Dec	ember 31,		
		2007		2006		
	J)	Jnaudited)				
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash	\$	15,622	\$	2,544		
Trade accounts receivable, net of						
allowances for doubtful						
accounts of \$1,688 in 2007 and \$1,482						
in 2006		46,558		40,495		
Inventories, net		37,022		37,310		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		784		652		
Federal income taxes recoverable		_		1,042		
Deferred income taxes		1,235		1,087		
Total current assets		101,221		83,130		
Property and equipment, net		10,508		9,944		
Goodwill and other intangibles net of		- 7		- /-		
amortization of						
\$1,374 in 2007 and \$538 in 2006		30,099		23,428		
Other assets		297		305		
Total assets	\$	142,125	\$	116,807		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS'		,		,		
EQUITY						
Current liabilities:						
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	2,318	\$	2,771		
Trade accounts payable		22,119		25,706		
Accrued wages and benefits		5,509		6,490		
Federal income taxes payable		539		-		
Customer advances		5,659		3,924		
Other accrued liabilities		4,717		4,770		
Total current liabilities		40,861		43,661		
Long-term debt, less current portion		8,131		35,174		
Deferred income taxes		2,258		2,242		
Minority interest in consolidated subsidiary		12		12		
Shareholders' equity:						
Series A preferred stock, 1/10 th vote per						
share; \$1.00 par value;						
liquidation preference of \$100 per share						
(\$112 at June 30, 2007),						
1,000,000 shares authorized; 1,122 shares						
issued and outstanding		1		1		
Series B convertible preferred stock,		15		15		
1/10 th vote per share; \$1.00						
par value; \$100 stated value; liquidation						
preference of \$100 per						

share (\$1,500 at June 30, 2007); 1,000,000 shares authorized; 15,000 shares issued and outstanding Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 6,326,089 and 5,124,134 shares issued and outstanding, respectively 63 51 Paid-in capital 54,182 6,147 Retained earnings 37,401 30,303 Notes receivable from David R. Little, CEO (799)(799)Total shareholders' equity 90,863 35,718 Total liabilities and shareholders' equity 142,125 \$ 116,807

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

DXP ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended				
		June	30,		June 30,			
		2007		2006		2007		2006
Sales	\$	85,323	\$	69,768	\$	168,954	\$	132,280
Cost of sales		60,812		50,648		119,506		95,807
Gross profit		24,511		19,120		49,448		36,473
Selling, general and								
administrative expense		18,416		13,851		36,647		26,770
Operating income		6,095		5,269		12,801		9,703
Other income		81		11		99		18
Interest expense		(517)		(480)		(1,107)		(843)
Minority interest in loss								
of consolidated subsidiary		-		(1)		-		20
Income before taxes		5,659		4,799		11,793		8,898
Provision for income								
taxes		2,242		1,849		4,649		3,446
Net income		3,417		2,950		7,144		5,452
Preferred stock dividend		(22)		(22)		(45)		(45)
Net income attributable to								
common shareholders	\$	3,395	\$	2,928	\$	7,099	\$	5,407
Dania in come man about	\$	0.61	\$	0.57	\$	1 22	\$	1.00
Basic income per share Weighted average	Ф	0.61	Ф	0.57	Э	1.32	Э	1.08
common shares								
		5,600		5,115		5,366		5,001
outstanding Diluted income per shore	\$	0.56	\$	0.51	\$	1.20	\$	0.95
Diluted income per share Weighted average	Ф	0.30	Ф	0.31	Ф	1.20	Ф	0.93
common and common								
equivalent shares		6 111		5 761		5.026		5 726
outstanding		6,111		5,764		5,936		5,726

See notes to condensed consolodated financial statements

DXP ENTERPRISES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (IN THOUSANDS)

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30

	2007	2006
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 7,144	\$ 5,452
Adjustments to reconcile net income		
to net cash provided		
by (used in) operating activities		
Depreciation	652	553
Amortization of intangibles	836	-
Compensation expense on stock		
options and restricted stock	250	15
Benefit from deferred income taxes	(132)	(37)
Gain on sale of property and		
equipment	(8)	-
Minority interest in loss of		
consolidated subsidiary	-	(20)
Tax benefit related to exercise of		
stock options	(2,968)	(2,993)
Changes in operating assets and		
liabilities:		
Trade accounts receivable	(3,910)	(7,898)
Inventories	1,477	(6,232)
Prepaid expenses and other		
current assets	3,742	(4,825)
Accounts payable and accrued		
liabilities	(3,816)	8,367
Net cash provided by (used in)		
operating activities	3,267	(7,618)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	(000)	(1.401)
Purchase of property and equipment	(989)	(1,401)
Purchase of business	(9,377)	(4,238)
Proceeds from the sale of property	0	
and equipment	8	- (5.620)
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,358)	(5,639)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from debt	48,123	55,536
Principal payments on revolving line	10,123	55,550
of credit and other long-term		
debt	(75,707)	(44,227)
Dividends paid in cash	(45)	(45)
Proceeds from exercise of stock	(15)	(33)
options	191	583
options	-	(146)
	_	(170)

Edgar Filing: DXP ENTERPRISES INC - Form 10-Q

Payments for payroll taxes related to		
exercise of stock options		
Proceeds from sale of common stock	44,639	434
Tax benefit related to exercise of		
stock options	2,968	2,993
Net cash provided by financing		
activities	20,169	15,128
INCREASE IN CASH	13,078	1,871
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	2,544	570
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 15,622	\$ 2,441

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

DXP ENTERPRISES INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been omitted. DXP Enterprises, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, the "Company" or "DXP") believes that the presentations and disclosures herein are adequate to make the information not misleading. The condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all elimination entries and adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments), which are in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the interim periods.

The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the full year. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

NOTE 2: THE COMPANY

DXP, a Texas corporation, was incorporated on July 26, 1996, to be the successor to SEPCO Industries, Inc. (SEPCO). The Company is organized into two segments: Maintenance, Repair and Operating (MRO) and Electrical Contractor.

NOTE 3: STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Adoption of SFAS 123(R)

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the fair value recognition provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standard 123(R) "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS 123(R)") using the modified prospective transition method. In addition, the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107 "Share-Based Payment" ("SAB 107") in March 2005, which provides supplemental SFAS 123(R) application guidance based on the views of the SEC. Under the modified prospective transition method, compensation cost recognized in each quarterly period ended after January 1, 2006 includes: (a) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted prior to, but not yet vested as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of SFAS No. 123, and (b) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted beginning January 1, 2006, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123(R). In accordance with the modified prospective transition method, results for prior periods have not been restated.

The adoption of SFAS 123(R) resulted in compensation expense for stock options for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2007 of \$4,400 and zero, respectively, all of which was recorded to operating expenses.

Stock Options as of June 30, 2007

No future grants will be made under the Company's stock option plans. No grants of stock options have been made by the Company since July 1, 2005. As of June 30, 2007, all outstanding options were non-qualified stock options.

The following table summarizes stock options outstanding and changes during the six months ended June 30, 2007:

		Optio We Av	Aggregate		
	Number		ercise	Term	Intrinsic
	of Shares	F	Price	(in years)	Value
Options outstanding	3				\$
at January 1, 2007	311,181	\$	1.41	4.9	10,156,000
Granted	-		-		
Exercised	(186,755)		.99		
Options outstanding and exercisable at					
March 31, 2007	124,426		2.05	3.81	\$ 4,497,709
Granted	-		-		, , , , , , , , , ,
Exercised	(3,200)	\$	1.20		
Options outstanding and exercisable at June					
30, 2007	121,226	\$	2.07	3.58	\$ 4,930,877

The total intrinsic value, or the difference between the exercise price and the market price on the date of exercise, of all options exercised during the six months ended June 30, 2007, was approximately \$8.0 million. Cash received from stock options exercised during the six months ended June 30, 2007 was \$191,000.

Stock options outstanding and currently exercisable at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

	Options	s Outstanding and Exerci Weighted Average	isable			
		Remaining	We	ighted		
Range of	Number of	Contractual	Av	erage		
exercise	Options Life Exerc					
prices \$1.00 -	Outstanding	(in years)	F	Price		
\$2.50 \$4.53 -	101,226	2.82	\$	1.37		
\$6.72	20,000	7.44	\$	5.63		
	121,226	3.58	\$	2.07		

Restricted Stock.

Under a restricted stock plan approved by our shareholders in July 2005 (the "Restricted Stock Plan"), directors, consultants and employees may be awarded shares of DXP's common stock. The awards of unvested restricted stock to employees outstanding as of June 30, 2007 vest 20% each year for five years, or 33.3% each year for three years after the grant date. The Restricted Stock Plan provides that on each July 1 during the term of the plan each non-employee director of DXP will be granted 3,000 shares of restricted stock which will vest one year after the grant

date. The fair value of restricted stock awards is measured based upon the closing prices of DXP's common stock on the grant dates and is recognized as compensation expense over the vesting period of the awards.

The following table provides certain information regarding the shares authorized and outstanding under the Restricted Stock Plan at June 30, 2007:

Number of shares authorized 300,000 for grants
Number of shares outstanding 31,698 under unvested awards
Number of shares available for 256,302 future grants
Weighted-average grant price\$ 23.39 of outstanding shares

Changes in restricted stock for the six months ended June 30, 2007 were as follows:

		Weighted
	Number	C
	of	Grant
	Shares	Price
Outstanding a	t 43,698	\$ 24.45
December 31	,	
2006		
Granted	-	-
Vested	3,000	\$ 18.85
Outstanding a	t 40,698	\$ 24.87
March 31	,	
2007		
Granted	-	-
Vested	9,000	\$ 31.07
Outstanding a	t 31,698	\$ 23.39
June 30, 2007		

At June 30, 2007, 12,000 shares were vested under the Restricted Stock Plan. Compensation expense recognized in the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$250,000 and \$15,000, respectively. Unrecognized compensation expense under the Restricted Stock Plan was \$614,000 and \$864,000 at June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively. As of June 30, 2007, the weighted average period over which the unrecognized compensation expense is expected to be recognized is 37 months.

NOTE 4: INVENTORY

The Company uses the last-in, first-out ("LIFO") method of inventory valuation for approximately 80 percent of its inventories. Remaining inventories are accounted for using the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method. An actual valuation of inventory under the LIFO method can be made only at the end of each year based on the inventory levels and costs at that time. Accordingly, interim LIFO calculations must necessarily be based on management's estimates of expected year-end inventory levels and costs. Because these are subject to many forces beyond management's control, interim results are subject to the final year-end LIFO inventory valuation. The reconciliation of FIFO inventory to LIFO basis is as follows:

		Dε	ecember
\mathbf{J}	une 30,		31,
	2007		2006
	(in Tho	usan	ids)
Finished			
goods \$	40,133	\$	39,204
Work in			
process	2,112		3,030
Inventories			
at FIFO	42,245		42,234
Less – LIFO			
allowance	(5,223)		(4,924)
Inventories \$	37,022	\$	37,310

NOTE 5: EARNINGS PER SHARE DATA

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the periods indicated.

	Three Mor	Ended	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2007	2006	2007		2006	
Basic:						
Weighted average shares						
outstanding	5,600,134	5,114,732	5,366,026		5,001,378	
Net income	\$ 3,417,000	\$ 2,950,000	\$ 7,144,000	\$	5,452,000	
Convertible preferred stock						
dividend	(22,000)	(22,000)	(45,000)		(45,000)	
Net income attributable to common						
shareholders	\$ 3,395,000	\$ 2,928,000	\$ 7,099,000	\$	5,407,000	
Per share amount	\$ 0.61	\$ 0.57	\$ 1.32	\$	1.08	
Diluted:						
Weighted average shares						
outstanding	5,600,134	5,114,732	5,366,026		5,001,378	
Net effect of dilutive stock options						
and restricted						
stock - based on the treasury						
stock method	91,154	229,131	149,845		304,728	
Assumed conversion of convertible						
preferred stock	420,000	420,000	420,000		420,000	
Total	6,111,288	\$ 5,763,863	5,935,871		5,726,106	
Net income attributable to common						
shareholders	\$ 3,395,000	\$ 2,928,000	\$ 7,099,000	\$	5,407,000	
Convertible preferred stock						
dividend	22,000	22,000	45,000		45,000	
Net income for diluted earnings per						
share	\$ 3,417,000	\$ 2,950,000	\$ 7,144,000	\$	5,452,000	
Per share amount	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.51	\$ 1.20	\$	0.95	

NOTE 6: SEGMENT REPORTING

The MRO Segment provides MRO products, equipment and integrated services, including engineering expertise and logistics capabilities, to industrial customers. The Company provides a wide range of MRO products in the fluid handling equipment, bearing, power transmission equipment, general mill, safety supply and electrical products categories. The Electrical Contractor segment sells a broad range of electrical products, such as wire conduit, wiring devices, electrical fittings and boxes, signaling devices, heaters, tools, switch gear, lighting, lamps, tape, lugs, wire nuts, batteries, fans and fuses, to electrical contractors.

The high degree of integration of the Company's operations necessitates the use of a substantial number of allocations and apportionments in the determination of business segment information. Sales are shown net of intersegment eliminations. All business segments operate primarily in the United States.

Financial information relating to the Company's segments is as follows:

	Ί	Three M	Ionths ended June 30, Electrical					Six Months ended June 30, Electrical				
]	MRO	Con	tractor		Total		MRO	Coı	ntractor		Total
2007												
Sales	\$	84,555	\$	768	\$	85,323	\$	167,421	\$	1,533	\$	168,954
Operating income Income before		5,983		112		6,095		12,641		160		12,801
taxes		5,573		86		5,659		11,686		107		11,793
2006												
Sales	\$	69,089	\$	679	\$	69,768	\$	130,965	\$	1,315	\$	132,280
Operating income Income before		5,150		119		5,269		9,531		172		9,703
taxes		4,719		80		4,799		8,804		94		8,898

NOTE 7: INCOME TAXES

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, (the "FASB") issued Financial Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" (FIN 48), which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company's financial statements in accordance with FASB Statement No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes". The interpretation prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute criteria for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The interpretation also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition.

The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various states. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U. S. federal, state and local tax examination by tax authorities for years prior to 2002. The Company's policy is to recognize interest related to unrecognized tax benefits as interest expense and penalties as operating expenses. Accrued interest is insignificant and there are no penalties accrued at June 30, 2007. The Company believes that it has appropriate support for the income tax positions taken and to be taken on its tax returns and that its accruals for tax liabilities are adequate for all open years based on an assessment of many factors including past experience and interpretations of tax law applied to the facts of each matter.

The Company adopted the provisions of FIN 48 on January 1, 2007. The adoption of FIN 48 did not impact the consolidated financial condition, result of operations or cash flows.

NOTE 8: ACQUISITIONS

All of the Company's acquisitions have been accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. Revenues and expenses of the acquired businesses have been included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements beginning on their respective dates of acquisition. The allocation of purchase price to the acquired assets and liabilities is based on estimates of fair market value and may be prospectively revised if and when additional information the Company is awaiting concerning certain asset and liability valuations is obtained, provided that such information is received no later than one year after the date of acquisition.

On May 31, 2006, DXP purchased the businesses of Production Pump and Machine Tech. DXP acquired these businesses to strengthen DXP's position with upstream oil and gas and pipeline customers. DXP paid approximately \$8.1 million for the acquired businesses and assumed approximately \$1.2 million worth of liabilities. The purchase price consisted of approximately \$4.6 million paid in cash and \$3.5 million in the form of promissory notes payable to the former owners of the acquired businesses. In addition, DXP may pay up to an additional \$2.0 million contingent upon earnings of the acquired businesses over the next five years. The cash portion was funded by utilizing available capacity under DXP's revolving credit facility. The promissory notes, which are subordinated to DXP's revolving credit facility, bear interest at prime minus 2%.

On October 11, 2006, DXP completed the acquisition of the business of Safety International, Inc. DXP acquired this business to strengthen DXP's expertise in safety products. DXP paid \$2.2 million in cash for the business of Safety International, Inc. The purchase price was funded by utilizing available capacity under DXP's revolving credit facility.

On October 19, 2006, DXP completed the acquisition of the business of Gulf Coast Torch & Regulator, Inc. DXP acquired this business to strengthen DXP's expertise in the distribution of welding supplies. DXP paid approximately \$5.5 million, net of \$0.5 million of acquired cash, for the business of Gulf Coast Torch & Regulator, Inc. and assumed approximately \$0.2 million worth of debt. Approximately \$3.5 million of the purchase price was paid in cash funded by utilizing available capacity under DXP's revolving credit facility. \$2.0 million of the purchase price was paid by issuing promissory notes payable to the former owners of Gulf Coast Torch & Regulator. The promissory notes, which are subordinated to DXP's revolving credit facility, bear interest at prime minus 1.75%.

On November 1, 2006, DXP completed the acquisition of the business of Safety Alliance. DXP acquired this business to strengthen DXP's expertise in safety products. DXP paid \$2.3 million in cash for the business of Safety Alliance. The purchase price was funded by utilizing available capacity under DXP's revolving credit facility.

On May 4, 2007, DXP completed the acquisition of the business of Delta Process Equipment, Inc. DXP paid \$10.0 million in cash for the business of Delta Process Equipment, Inc. The purchase price was funded by utilizing available capacity under DXP's bank revolving credit facility.

The allocation of purchase price for all acquisitions completed since June 30, 2006 is preliminary in the December 31, 2006 and the June 30, 2007 consolidated balance sheets. The initial purchase price allocations may be adjusted within one year of the purchase date for changes in the estimates of the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed during 2007 (in thousands):

	2007
Cash	\$ 623
Accounts	
Receivable	2,153
Inventory	1,189
Property and	
equipment	227
Goodwill and	
intangibles	7,362
Assets acquired	11,554
$C \ u \ r \ r \ e \ n \ t$	
liabilities	
assumed	(1,466)
Non-current	
liabilities	
assumed	(88)
Net assets	
acquired	\$ 10,000

At December 31, 2006, \$17.0 million and \$6.5 million (net of \$0.5 million of amortization) of our total purchase price for acquisitions were allocated to goodwill and other intangibles, respectively. Of the amounts allocated to other intangibles at December 31, 2006, \$3.6 million was allocated to vendor agreements and \$2.9 million was allocated to customer relationships. At June 30, 2007, \$18.6 million and \$11.5 million (net of \$1.4 million of amortization) of our total purchase price for acquisitions were allocated to goodwill and other intangibles, respectively. The \$1.6 million

increase in goodwill and the \$5.1 million increase in other intangibles from December 31, 2006 to June 30, 2007 results from recording the estimated intangibles for the acquisition of Delta Process Equipment and changes in the estimates of intangibles for businesses acquired during 2006. Of the amounts allocated to other intangibles at June 30, 2007, \$3.5 million was allocated to vendor agreements, \$0.3 million was allocated to agreements not to compete, and \$8.0 million was allocated to customer relationships. The weighted average useful life for the vendor agreements, agreements not to compete, and customer relationships was 20 years, 5 years and 8.3 years, respectively. All goodwill and other intangible assets pertain to the MRO segment.

The pro forma unaudited results of operations for the Company on a consolidated basis for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 assuming the consummation of the purchases as of January 1, 2006 of acquisitions completed in 2006 and 2007 are as follows:

		Three Mor	nths En	ded	Six Months Ended					
		June	30,		June 30,					
		2007		2006	2007		2006			
Net sales	\$	87,152	\$	83,166	\$ 175,863	\$	162,397			
Net income	\$	3,471	\$	3,439	\$ 7,334	\$	6,829			
Per share data										
Basic earning	gs \$	0.62	\$	0.67	\$ 1.37	\$	1.36			
Dilute	d									
earnings	\$	0.57	\$	0.59	\$ 1.24	\$	1.19			

NOTE 9: INCREASE IN CREDIT FACILITY

On May 3, 2007, DXP increased the borrowing capacity under its existing bank credit facility to \$50 million from \$40 million and extended the maturity date to July 31, 2010. All other terms of the existing credit facility remain unchanged.

NOTE 10:

During June 2007 DXP sold 1,000,000 shares of common stock for gross proceeds of \$47 million. Net of expenses, this sale of common stock increased equity by approximately \$44.6 million.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three Months Ended June 30,							Six Months Ended June 30,							
	2007		%		2006		%		2007		%		2006	9/	o
			(in	tho	ousands, ex	xcep	ot percer	ıtag	ges and per sl	hare	amou	nts)			
Sales	\$ 85,323		100.0	\$	69,768		100.0	\$	168,954		100.0	\$	132,280	10	0.00
Cost of sales	60,812		71.3		50,648		72.6		119,506		70.7		95,807	,	72.4
Gross profit	24,511		28.7		19,120		27.4		49,448		29.3		36,473	2	27.6
Selling, general															
and															
administrative															
expense	18,416		21.6		13,851		19.9		36,647		21.7		26,770	,	20.2
Operating															
income	6,095		7.1		5,269		7.5		12,801		7.6		9,703		7.4
Interest expense	(517)		(0.6)		(480)		(0.7)		(1,107)		(0.7)		(843)		(0.7)
Minority interest															
in loss of															
consolidated															
subsidiary	-		-		(1)		-		-		-		20		-
Other income	81		0.1		11		-		99		0.1		18		-
Income before															
income taxes	5,659		6.6		4,799		6.8		11,793		7.0		8,898		6.7
Provision for	2,242		2.6		1,849		2.6		4,649		2.8		3,446		2.6

income taxes Net income Per share amounts	\$ 3,417	4.0	\$ 2,950	4.2	\$ 7,144	4	.2	\$ 5,452	4.1
Basic earnings per share D i l u t e d	\$ 0.61		\$ 0.57		\$ 1.32			\$ 1.08	
earnings									
per share	\$ 0.56		\$ 0.51		\$ 1.20			\$ 0.95	
11									

Three Months Ended June 30, 2007 compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2006

SALES. Revenues for the quarter ended June 30, 2007, increased \$15.6 million, or 22.3%, to approximately \$85.3 million from \$69.8 million for the same period in 2006. Sales for the MRO Segment increased \$15.5 million, or 22.4%, primarily due to sales at businesses DXP acquired in 2006 and 2007, and increased sales at our SmartSource locations. Sales by the four businesses acquired in 2006 for up to twelve months after the date of acquisition and the business acquired in 2007 accounted for \$13.3 million of the 2007 sales increase. Excluding sales of the acquired businesses, sales for the MRO segment increased 3.1%. Sales for the Electrical Contractor segment increased by \$0.1 million, or 13.1%, for the current quarter when compared to the same period in 2006. The sales increase resulted from the sale of more commodity type electrical products.

GROSS PROFIT. Gross profit as a percentage of sales increased by approximately 1.3% for the second quarter of 2007, when compared to the same period in 2006. Gross profit as a percentage of sales for the MRO segment increased to 28.6% for the three months ended June 30, 2007, from 27.3% in the comparable period of 2006. This increase can be primarily attributed to increased margins on pump related products sold by the MRO segment. Gross profit as a percentage of sales for the businesses acquired in 2006 and 2007 is higher than the same for the remainder of our business and accounts for a portion of the increase in the gross profit percentage for the MRO segment. Gross profit as a percentage of sales for the Electrical Contractor segment decreased to 39.2% for the three months ended June 30, 2007, from 42.6% in the comparable period of 2006. This decrease resulted from increased sales of lower margin commodity type electrical products.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE. Selling, general and administrative expense for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 increased by approximately \$4.6 million when compared to the same period in 2006. The increase is primarily attributed to increased salaries, incentive compensation, employee benefits, payroll related expenses, information technology expenses and \$0.7 million of expense for amortization of intangible assets. Salaries have increased partially as a result of increased headcount due to acquisitions and hiring more sales related personnel for the purpose of increasing sales. Incentive compensation has increased as a result of increased gross profit. The majority of our employees receive incentive compensation which is based upon gross profit. Selling, general and administrative expense associated with the four businesses acquired in 2006 accounted for \$2.7 million of the \$4.6 million increase. As a percentage of revenue, the 2007 expense increased by approximately 1.7% to 21.6% from 19.9% for 2006 as a result of sales increasing less than the expense increased.

OPERATING INCOME. Operating income for the second quarter of 2007 increased 15.7% when compared to the same period in 2006. Operating income for the MRO segment increased 16.2% as a result of increased gross profit, partially offset by increased selling, general and administrative expense. Operating income for the Electrical Contractor segment decreased 5.9% as a result of increased selling, general and administrative expense partially offset by increased gross profit.

INTEREST EXPENSE. Interest expense for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 increased by 7.7% from the same period in 2006. This increase results from the combination of an approximate 30 basis point increase in market interest rates on floating rate debt and increased debt used to fund acquisitions and internal growth, partially offset by the effect of using proceeds from the sale of common stock to pay off our line of credit during June 2007.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2006

SALES. Revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2007 increased \$36.7 million, or 27.7%, to approximately \$169.0 million from \$132.3 million for the same period in 2006. Sales for the MRO Segment increased \$36.5 million, or 27.8%, primarily due to sales at businesses acquired in 2006 and 2007, an improved economy and high energy prices. Sales by the four businesses acquired in 2006 for up to twelve months after the date of acquisition and the business acquired on May 4, 2007 accounted for \$23.5 million of the 2007 sales increase. Excluding sales of the

acquired businesses, sales for the MRO segment increased 9.9%. Sales for the Electrical Contractor segment increased by \$0.2 million, or 16.6%, for the six months when compared to the same period in 2006. The sales increase resulted from the sale of more commodity type electrical products.

GROSS PROFIT. Gross profit as a percentage of sales increased by approximately 1.7% for the first six months of 2007, when compared to the same period in 2006. Gross profit as a percentage of sales for the MRO segment increased to 29.2% for the six months ended June 30, 2007, from 27.5% in the comparable period of 2006. This increase can be primarily attributed to increased margins on pump related equipment sold by the MRO segment. Gross profit as a percentage of sales for the businesses acquired in 2006 and 2007 is higher than the same for the remainder of our business and accounts for a portion of the increase in the gross profit percentage for the MRO segment. Gross profit as a percentage of sales for the Electrical Contractor segment decreased to 35.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2007, from 38.9% in the comparable period of 2006. This decrease resulted from increased sales of lower margin commodity type electrical products.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE. Selling, general and administrative expense for the six months ended June 30, 2007 increased by approximately \$9.9 million when compared to the same period in 2006. The increase is primarily attributed to increased salaries, incentive compensation, employee benefits, payroll related expenses, information technology expenses and \$0.8 million of expense for amortization of intangible assets. Salaries have increased partially as a result of increased headcount due to acquisitions and hiring more sales related personnel for the purpose of increasing sales. Incentive compensation has increased as a result of increased gross profit and income before tax. The majority of our employees receive incentive compensation which is based upon gross profit or income before income taxes. Selling, general and administrative expense associated with the businesses acquired in 2006 and 2007 accounted for approximately \$4.8 million of the \$9.9 million increase. As a percentage of revenue, the 2007 expense increased by approximately 1.5% to 21.7% from 20.2% for 2006 as a result of sales increasing less than the expense increased.

OPERATING INCOME. Operating income for the first six months of 2007 increased 31.9% when compared to the same period in 2006. Operating income for the MRO segment increased 32.6% as a result of increased gross profit, partially offset by increased selling, general and administrative expense. Operating income for the Electrical Contractor segment decreased 7.0% as a result of increased general and administrative expense partially offset by increased gross profit.

INTEREST EXPENSE. Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2007 increased by 31.3% from the same period in 2006. This increase results from the combination of an approximate 50 basis point increase in market interest rates on floating rate debt and increased debt used to fund acquisitions and internal growth, partially offset by the effect of using proceeds from the sale of common stock to pay off our line of credit during June 2007.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

General Overview

As a distributor of MRO products and Electrical Contractor products, we require significant amounts of working capital to fund inventories and accounts receivable. Additional cash is required for capital items such as information technology and warehouse equipment. We also require cash to pay our lease obligations and to service our debt.

We generated \$3.3 million of cash in operating activities during the first six months of 2007 as compared to using \$7.6 million during the first six months of 2006. This change between the two periods was primarily attributable to a \$1.5 million reduction in inventories in the 2007 period compared to a \$6.2 million increase in inventories in the 2006 period.

During the first six months of 2007, the amount available to be borrowed under our loan agreement with our bank lender (the "Credit Facility") increased from \$13.6 million at December 31, 2006 to \$46.5 million at June 30, 2007. This increase in availability primarily resulted from the \$10.0 million increase in borrowing capacity under the Credit Facility and the reduction in the amount borrowed under the Credit Facility.

Credit Facility

On May 3, 2007 the Credit Facility was amended to increase the maximum amount available to be borrowed to \$50.0 million from \$40.0 million and extend the maturity date to July 31, 2010. The Credit Facility is secured by receivables, inventory and intangibles. The Credit Facility contains customary affirmative and negative covenants as well as financial covenants that are measured quarterly and require that we maintain a certain cash flow and other financial ratios.

The Credit Facility allows us to borrow at LIBOR plus a margin ranging from 0.75% to 1.25% or prime minus a margin of 1.75% to 1.25%. At June 30, 2007, the LIBOR based rate was LIBOR plus 75 basis points. At June 30, 2007, the prime based rate was prime minus 175 basis points. At June 30, 2007, there were no amounts outstanding under the Credit Facility. Commitment fees of 0.125% per annum are payable on the portion of the Credit Facility capacity not in use for borrowings at any given time. At June 30, 2007, we were in compliance with all covenants. In addition to the \$15.6 million of cash at June 30, 2007, we had \$46.5 million available for borrowings under the Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility's principal financial covenants include:

Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio – The Credit Facility requires that the Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio be not less than 2.0 to 1.0 as of each fiscal quarter end, determined on a rolling four quarters basis, with "Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio" defined as the aggregate of net profit after taxes plus depreciation expense, amortization expense, and cash capital contributions minus dividends and distributions divided by the aggregate of the current maturity of long-term debt and capitalized lease payments.

Debt to Credit Facility Adjusted EBITDA – The Credit Facility requires that the Company's ratio of Total Funded Debt to Credit Facility Adjusted EBITDA, determined on a rolling four quarters basis, not exceed 4.0 to 1.0 as of each quarter end. Total Funded Debt is defined under the Facility for financial covenant purposes as the sum of all obligations for borrowed money (excluding subordinated debt) plus all capital lease obligations. Credit Facility Adjusted EBITDA is defined under the credit facility for financial covenant purposes as net profit before tax, plus interest expense (net of capitalized interest expense), depreciation expense and amortization expense, inclusive of acquisitions.

Borrowings

	June 30, 2007		Dec	ember 31, 2006	Increase (Decrease)		
		(in Thou	sands)				
Current portion of							
long-term debt	\$	2,318	\$	2,771	\$	(453)	
Long-term debt, less							
current portion		8,131		35,174		(27,043)	
Total long-term debt	\$	10,449	\$	37,945	\$	$(27,496)^{(2)}$	
Amount available	\$	46,505(1)	\$	13,601(1)	\$	32,904(3)	

- (1) Represents amount available to be borrowed at the indicated date under the credit facility.
- (2) During June 2007 all outstanding indebtedness under the Credit Facility was fully paid using proceeds from the sale of common stock.
- (3) The \$32.9 million increase in the amount available is primarily a result of full payment of amounts outstanding under the line of credit.

Performance Metrics

Jun	e 30,	Increase
2007	2006	(Decrease)
	(in Day	s)
Days of sales 51.7	55.5	(3.8)
outstanding		
Inventory 6.5	6.4	.1
turns		

The decrease in days of sales outstanding resulted primarily from a change in customer mix which resulted in faster collection of accounts receivable.

Funding Commitments

We believe our cash generated from operations and available under our Credit Facility will meet our normal working capital needs during the next twelve months. However, we may require additional debt or equity financing to fund potential acquisitions. Such additional financings may include additional bank debt or the public or private sale of debt or equity securities. In connection with any such financing, we may issue securities that substantially dilute the interests of our shareholders. We may not be able to obtain additional financing on attractive terms, if at all.

DISCUSSION OF CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires us to make estimates and assumptions in determining the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The significant estimates made by us in the accompanying financial statements relate to reserves for accounts receivable collectibility, inventory valuations, income taxes and self-insured medical claims. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Critical accounting policies are those that are both most important to the portrayal of a company's financial position and results of operations, and require management's subjective or complex judgments. Below is a discussion of what we believe are our critical accounting policies.

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenues when an agreement is in place, price is fixed, title for product passes to the customer or services have been provided, and collectibility is reasonably assured.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Provisions to the allowance for doubtful accounts are made monthly and adjustments are made periodically (as circumstances warrant) based upon the expected collectibility of all such accounts. Write-offs could be materially different from the reserve provided if economic conditions change or actual results deviate from historical trends.

Inventory

Inventory consists principally of finished goods and is priced at lower of cost or market, cost being determined using both the first-in, first-out (FIFO) and the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method. Reserves are provided against inventory for estimated obsolescence based upon the aging of the inventory and market trends. Actual obsolescence could be materially different from the reserve if economic conditions or market trends change significantly.

Income Taxes

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for differences between the financial statement and income tax bases of assets and liabilities. Such deferred income tax asset and liability computations are based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to periods in which the differences are expected to reverse. Valuation allowances are established to reduce deferred income tax assets to the amounts expected to be realized.

Self-Insured Medical Claims

We accrue for the estimated outstanding balance of unpaid medical claims for our employees and their dependents. The accrual is adjusted monthly based on recent claims experience. The actual claims could deviate from recent claims experience and be materially different from the reserve. Management periodically re-evaluates these estimates as events and circumstances change. Together with the effects of the matters discussed above, these factors may significantly impact the Company's results of operations from period to period.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

Our market risk results from volatility in interest rates. Our exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to our debt portfolio. Using floating interest rate debt outstanding at June 30, 2007, a 100 basis point change in interest rates would result in a change in annual interest expense of less than \$100,000.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) was evaluated by our management with the participation of our President and Chief Executive Officer, David R. Little (principal executive officer), and our Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Mac McConnell (principal financial officer). Messrs. Little and McConnell have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, to help ensure that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file with the SEC is accumulated and communicated to management and recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods prescribed by the SEC.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our last fiscal quarter (the quarter ended June 30, 2007) that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II: OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

No material developments have occurred in the asbestos related litigation or the litigation with BP America Production Company disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

No material changes have occurred in the risk factors disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

- 3.1 Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-8 (Reg. No. 333-61953), filed with Commission on August 20, 1998)
- 3.2 Bylaws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (Reg. No. 333-10021), filed with the Commission on August 12, 1996).
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended. (Filed herewith).
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended. (Filed herewith).
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (Filed herewith).
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (Filed herewith).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DXP ENTERPRISES, INC.

(Registrant)

By: /s/MAC McCONNELL

Mac McConnell

Senior Vice-President/Finance and

Chief Financial Officer

Dated: July 30, 2007