

CHINA BAK BATTERY INC
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PROSPECTUS

3,500,000 Shares of Common Stock

This prospectus relates to resales of up to 3,500,000 shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholders. The shares of our common stock are being registered to fulfill our contractual obligations under a registration rights agreement between the selling stockholders and us, as described in the section entitled "Selling Stockholders."

The prices at which the selling stockholders may sell the shares will be determined by prevailing market prices or through privately-negotiated transactions. We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of any of the shares sold by the selling stockholders.

The shares of our common stock offered under this prospectus are being registered to permit the selling stockholders to sell the shares from time to time in the public market. The selling stockholders may sell the shares through ordinary brokerage transactions or through any other means described in the section titled "Plan of Distribution." We do not know when or in what amount the selling stockholders may offer the shares for sale. The selling stockholders may sell any, all or none of the shares offered by this prospectus.

Our common stock is quoted on the Nasdaq Global Market under the symbol "CBAK." The last reported sale price of our common stock on The Nasdaq Global Market on May 2, 2008, was \$3.83 per share.

You should carefully consider the risk factors beginning on page 2 of this prospectus and set forth in the documents incorporated by reference herein before making any decision to invest in our common stock.

NEITHER THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THESE SECURITIES OR PASSED UPON THE ADEQUACY OR ACCURACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

The date of this prospectus is May 5, 2008

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As permitted under the rules of the SEC, this prospectus incorporates by reference important information about China BAK Battery, Inc. that is contained in documents that we file with the SEC, but that are not attached to or delivered with this prospectus. You may obtain copies of these documents, without charge, from the website maintained by the SEC at www.sec.gov, as well as other sources. See “Available Information” for further information.

You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. We have not authorized anyone to provide you with additional or different information from that contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. The information contained in this prospectus is accurate only as of the date on the front cover of this prospectus and any information we have incorporated by reference is accurate only as of the date of the document incorporated by reference, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus. Our business, results of operations and prospects may have changed since those dates. You should not consider this prospectus to be an offer or solicitation relating to the securities in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized. Furthermore, you should not consider this prospectus to be an offer or solicitation relating to the securities if the person making the offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so, or if it is unlawful for you to receive such a solicitation.

SUMMARY

This summary highlights information about us and the common stock being offered by this prospectus. This summary is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you should consider prior to investing in our common stock. You should carefully read the entire document, including the risk factors, the financial statements and the documents incorporated by reference. References in this prospectus to: “China BAK,” “the Company,” “we,” “us” and “our” refer to China BAK Battery, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Overview

We are one of the largest manufacturers of rechargeable lithium-based battery cells in the world, as measured by production output. We produce battery cells that are the principal component of rechargeable batteries commonly used to power the following applications:

- cellular phones—customer segments include original equipment manufacturing, or OEM, customers and replacement battery manufacturers;
- notebook computers;
- portable consumer electronics, such as digital cameras, portable media players, portable gaming devices and personal digital assistants, or PDAs; and
- cordless power tools and other applications, such as miner’s lamps, electric bicycles and hybrid electric vehicles.

Our products are packed into batteries by third-party battery pack manufacturers in accordance with the specifications of manufacturers of portable electronic applications. We believe that our proprietary technologies allow us to offer battery cells that are flexibly configured, lightweight, powerful and safe. We conduct all of our operations in China, in close proximity to China’s electronics manufacturing base and its rapidly growing market. Our access to China’s supply of low-cost skilled labor, raw materials, machinery and facilities enables us to price our products competitively in an increasingly price-sensitive market. In addition, we have automated key stages of our manufacturing process to be able to produce high-quality battery cells that consistently meet the stringent requirements of our customers.

Historically, we have primarily manufactured prismatic lithium-ion cells for the cellular phone replacement battery market and OEM market. Our prismatic cells are targeted at the PRC replacement market, where cellular phone batteries produced by independent battery manufacturers are purchased for use in second-hand cellular phones or as back-up batteries, and are primarily comprised of steel-case cells. We also operate in the cellular phone battery OEM market, where we sell aluminum-steel cells for incorporation into branded batteries that are included in new cellular phones or are sold as replacement batteries. We have successfully established ourselves as a major competitor in the PRC domestic OEM market and leading brand names such as Lenovo, Ningbo Bird, Konka and Haier have designated us as a cell provider for their branded batteries. At the request of customers that order prismatic battery packs, we also engage pack battery manufacturers to assemble our prismatic cells into batteries for a fee and then sell battery packs to these customers both for the replacement and OEM markets. We intend to leverage the strong technological capabilities we have developed over the years to continue our growth and expand our reach to the global cellular phone OEM market, and have been actively pursuing OEM qualifications from international brand names, such as Nokia and Motorola.

To meet the growing demand for our products and to capture new opportunities, we have expanded our product offerings by adding three new product lines:

- Lithium polymer cells for use in ultra-portable electronic devices, such as high-end cellular phones, Bluetooth headsets, digital medial players and digital audio players. We began commercial production of lithium polymer cells in September 2005.

- Cylindrical lithium-ion cells for use in notebook computers. We began commercial production of cylindrical cells for notebook computers in June 2006 using our new semi-automated production lines. In March 2007, our cylindrical lithium-ion cells met the safety standards for use in mining lamps set by the Quality Supervision and Testing Center of the Chemical and Physical Power Sources of the Ministry of Information Industry. In August 2007, we signed a non-binding letter of intent with Hewlett-Packard Company (“HP”) (NYSE: HPQ), under which both parties have undertaken to work together in a set timeframe to reach a definitive agreement for us to supply cylindrical lithium-ion battery cells to HP or HP’s designated battery pack manufacturers for notebook computer batteries to be used in notebook computers manufactured by HP.

- High-power, lithium-phosphate cells for use in cordless power tools and other applications. We began commercial production of lithium-phosphate cells in October 2005 for use in cordless power tools. Currently, we are actively seeking new market opportunities for our lithium-phosphate cells, such as miner's lamps, electric bicycles and hybrid electric vehicles.

Our operations have grown since our inception in August 2001. We generated revenues of \$101.9 million, \$143.8 million and \$145.9 million in the years ended September 30, 2005, 2006 and 2007, respectively, and net income of \$13.5 million, \$20.2 million and \$483,000 during the same periods, respectively.

Our Industry

The lithium-ion battery was first introduced by Sony Corporation in 1992 and has since become the battery of choice for a wide range of portable consumer electronic applications because of its high energy density, high voltage, compact size, light weight and excellent energy retention characteristics. The advantages of lithium-based battery over the traditional nickel cadmium and nickel metal hydride batteries have resulted in a significant increase of its share in the global rechargeable battery market. Demand for lithium-based batteries grows in tandem with consumer electronics products powered by lithium-based batteries, such as cellular phones, notebook computers and other portable electronic devices. In addition, as a result of technological advancements in recent years, the lithium-based battery is being used in increasingly more powerful and diverse applications. Lithium-based batteries are now being used in emerging industrial applications such as cordless power tools, miner's lamps, electric bicycles, and hybrid electric vehicles. The lithium-based battery market is dominated by manufacturers located in Japan, South Korea and China. China's battery industry continues to grow and capture market share in the global battery manufacturing industry as both domestic and international battery manufacturers increase their manufacturing presence in the PRC. China has a number of key advantages in battery manufacturing that are expected to continue to drive this growth, including low costs, proximity to the consumer electronics supply chain, proximity to end-users and a developing R&D infrastructure. Chinese manufacturers are becoming increasingly competitive as they have significantly benefited and will continue to benefit from these advantages.

Our Competitive Strengths

We believe that the following competitive strengths enable us to compete effectively in, and to capitalize on the growth of, the global lithium-ion battery market:

- Strong focus on lithium-based batteries and core competency in lithium-ion battery technology;
- Strong R&D capabilities;
- Economies of scale;
- China-based, low-cost manufacturing model;
- Optimal use of automation in production process; and
- Experienced management team with proven technology and operational record.

Our Strategy

We believe we are well positioned to take advantage of the opportunities presented by growing market demand for rechargeable lithium-based batteries. Our goal is to build on our existing strengths to become a global leader in the development and manufacturing of lithium-based battery cells for leading end-application manufacturers. We intend

to achieve this objective by pursuing the following strategies:

- Enhance leading-edge technology through continual innovation.

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- Continue our cost leadership through yield improvements and refining our manufacturing process.
- Expand our customer base and develop new application markets.
- Increase manufacturing capacity by leveraging our existing infrastructure, access to low-cost local resources and proximity to supply chain and electronics manufacturing base.

Our Challenges

We believe that the following are some of the major risks and uncertainties that may materially affect us:

- our anticipated growth strategies and our ability to manage the expansion of our business operations effectively;
- our future business development, results of operations and financial condition;
- our ability to fund our operations and manage our substantial short-term indebtedness;
- our ability to maintain or increase our market share in the competitive markets in which we do business;
- our limited operating history in developing, manufacturing and selling of lithium-based rechargeable battery cells;
- our ability to keep up with rapidly changing technologies and evolving industry standards, including our ability to achieve technological advances;
- our dependence on the growth in demand for the portable electronic devices that are powered by our products;
- our ability to diversify our product offering and capture new market opportunities;
- our ability to obtain OEM qualifications from brand names;
- our ability to source our needs for skilled labor, machinery and raw materials economically;
- our ability to secure raw materials in the future and to manage the costs of raw materials or to secure alternative or substitute raw materials;
- uncertainties with respect to the PRC legal and regulatory environment;
- our ability to remediate any material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting;
- our ability to maintain cost leadership; and
- our ability to acquire land use rights to our facilities.

Our Corporate Structure and Principal Executive Offices

We were incorporated in Nevada on October 4, 1999. On January 20, 2005, we completed a share exchange with the stockholders of BAK International, a Hong Kong company, pursuant to which we acquired 100% of BAK International and in exchange, issued our common stock to these stockholders representing 97.2% of our then

post-issuance share capital. BAK International was a holding company that owned a 100% PRC operating subsidiary, Shenzhen BAK. On February 14, 2005, we merged with our wholly-owned subsidiary, China BAK Battery, Inc., which was incorporated on February 1, 2005. We are the surviving entity of this merger. On that date we also changed our name from “Medina Coffee, Inc.” to our current name, “China BAK Battery, Inc.” We accounted for this share exchange as a reverse acquisition and succeeded to and are considered to be a continuation of Shenzhen BAK’s operations and financial statements. We conduct our current business through the following three wholly-owned operating subsidiaries in China that we own through BAK International:

- Shenzhen BAK, located in Shenzhen, China, incorporated in August 2001, which focuses on the development and manufacture of three types of cells: prismatic cells, cylindrical cells and high-power lithium-phosphate cells;

- BAK Electronics located in Shenzhen, China, incorporated in August 2005, which focuses on the development and manufacture of lithium polymer cells; and
- BAK Tianjin, located in Tianjin, China, incorporated in December 2006, which focuses on the manufacture of advanced lithium-ion batteries for use in light electric vehicles and uninterruptible power supply units.

In addition, BAK Canada, a wholly-owned subsidiary of BAK International, was incorporated in Canada in December 2006 to advance our research and development of lithium-ion batteries, and in October 2007, Shenzhen BAK obtained the Approval Certificate of Overseas Investments of Chinese Enterprises to invest in a wholly-owned subsidiary in Germany, BAK Europe GmbH, which will focus on the sales and after-sales services of lithium-ion battery cells.

Our principal executive offices are located at BAK Industrial Park, No. 1 BAK Street, Kuichong Town, Longgang District, Shenzhen, 518119, People's Republic of China. Our telephone number there is (86-755) 8977-0093.

All inquiries should be directed to us at the address and telephone number of our principal executive offices set forth above. Our website address is www.bak.com.cn. The information contained on our website does not form part of this Report.

Certain Transactions to Be Reflected in Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity

On January 20, 2005, Xiangqian Li, our president and chief executive officer and chairman of our board, entered into an Escrow Agreement pursuant to which he placed 2,179,550 shares of fully paid common stock that he owned into escrow in connection with the private placement completed by us on that date. Pursuant to the Escrow Agreement, in the event that we failed to satisfy certain "performance thresholds" (as defined in the Escrow Agreement) for 2005 and 2006, such shares would be released to the investors in the private placement. However, if we achieved the performance thresholds, the shares would be released to Mr. Li. Because the number of shares outstanding was not affected and ultimate disposition was uncertain, no entry on our books was made for these shares at the time the escrow was established.

While it was originally determined that the performance threshold would be met for 2005 and 50% of the shares were released to Mr. Li, upon consideration of a charge required by U.S. GAAP upon the release to Mr. Li, it was determined that the 2005 performance threshold would not be met. In August 2006, Mr. Li reaffirmed his commitment to return the shares related to the 2005 performance threshold to escrow in order for such shares to be distributed to the investors in the private placement. The shares were not returned to escrow, but instead in October 2007, Mr. Li and we entered into a Delivery of Make Good Shares, Settlement and Release Agreement pursuant to which Mr. Li transferred the shares related to 2005 performance threshold to us, and we commenced negotiations with the investors in the private placement relating to settlement of the share distribution

It was determined that the 2006 performance threshold was not met and 50% of the escrowed shares were released to the investors. At the time shares were transferred in fiscal year 2007, we should have recognized a credit to donated shares and a debit to additional paid-in capital, both elements of shareholders' equity. This change is not material because total ordinary shares issued and outstanding, total shareholders' equity, and total assets do not change; nor is there any impact on income or earnings per share. Therefore, previously filed consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007 will not be restated, but future financial reports will reflect these transactions in our Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the year ended September 30, 2007 and in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, as appropriate.

The Offering

Common stock offered by the selling stockholders	3,500,000 outstanding shares
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Common stock outstanding immediately after this offering 52,954,603 shares

Nasdaq Global Market symbol "CBAK"

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RISK FACTORS

An investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks described below, together with the other information contained in this prospectus, including the risk factors set forth in our most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K and our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, before making a decision to invest in our common stock. The risks described below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial may also materially and adversely affect our business operations. If any of the following risks actually occurs, our business, results of operations and financial condition could suffer. In that case, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

Risks Relating to China BAK

Please see the risk factors set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2007, and in the other documents incorporated by reference herein for a description of the risks relating to us and our business.

Risks Related to Our Common Stock

The market price for our common stock may be volatile.

The market price for our common stock may be highly volatile and could be subject to wide fluctuations in response to a variety of factors, some of which may be beyond our control. Factors affecting the trading price of our common stock include:

- the lack of depth and liquidity of the market for our common stock;
- actual or anticipated fluctuations in our quarterly operating results;
- announcements of new products or services by us or our competitors;
- changes in financial estimates by securities analysts;
- market conditions in our industry;
- changes in operations or market valuations of other companies in our industry;
- our sales of common stock;
- investor perceptions of us and our business;
- changes in the estimates of the future size and growth rate of our markets;
- market conditions in industries of our customers;
- announcements by our competitors of significant acquisitions;
- strategic partnerships, joint ventures or capital commitments;
- recruitment or departures of key personnel;
- potential litigation;

- any material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting; and
- the overall economy, geopolitical events, terrorist activities, or threats of terrorism.

In addition, the stock market in general has experienced significant price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated or disproportionate to the performance of listed companies. These broad market and industry factors may seriously harm the market price of our common stock, regardless of our operating performance. For example, the trading price of our common stock could decline in reaction to events that negatively affect other companies in our industry even if these events do not directly affect us at all.

In the past, many companies that have experienced volatility in the market price of their stock have been subject to securities class action litigation. We may be a target of this type of litigation in the future. Securities litigation against us could result in substantial costs and divert our management's attention from other business concerns, which could seriously harm our business.

Our directors and executive officers, collectively, own approximately 39.7% of our outstanding common stock and may be able to control our management and affairs.

As of September 30, 2007, Mr. Xiangqian Li, our president and chief executive officer and chairman of our board, and our other executive officers and directors beneficially owned an aggregate of 39.7% of our outstanding common stock. As a result, our directors and executive officers, acting together, may be able to control our management and affairs, including the election of directors and approval of significant corporate transactions, such as mergers, consolidation, and sale of all or substantially all of our assets. Consequently, this concentration of ownership may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change of control, including a merger, consolidation or other business combination involving us, even if such a change of control would benefit our stockholders.

Provisions in our articles of incorporation and bylaws could entrench our board of directors and prevent a change in control.

Our articles of incorporation provide that at the request of at least 10% of our shares entitled to vote, we need to call a special meeting of stockholders. In addition, our bylaws (i) allow vacancies in the board of directors to be filled by a majority of the remaining directors, though less than a quorum, (ii) provide that no contract or transaction between us and one or more of our directors or officers is void if certain criteria are met, and (iii) provide that our bylaws may be amended or repealed at any meeting of the board of directors at which a quorum is present, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors present at such meeting. Collectively, these provisions may have the effect of entrenching our existing board members, discouraging or preventing a transaction including a change in control transaction where such transaction would be beneficial to our stockholders.

We are obligated to indemnify our officers and directors for certain losses they suffer.

To the fullest extent permitted by Chapter 78 of the Nevada Revised Statutes, we may, if and to the extent authorized by our board of directors, indemnify our officers and any other persons who we have power to indemnify against liability, reasonable expense or other matter whatsoever. If we are required to indemnify any persons under this policy, we may have to pay indemnity in a substantial amount which we may be unable to recover at all.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-3 under the Securities Act that registers the common stock to be sold by the selling stockholders. This prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement and the exhibits filed as part of the registration statement. For further information with respect to us and our common stock, we refer you to the registration statement and the exhibits filed as a part of the registration statement. Statements contained in this prospectus concerning the contents of any contract or any other document are not necessarily complete. If a contract or document has been filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, we refer you to the copy of the contract or document that has been filed. Each statement in this prospectus relating to a contract or document filed as an exhibit is qualified in all respects by the filed exhibit.

In addition, we file annual, quarterly and current reports, prospectuses and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy any materials that we file with the SEC at the SEC's public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for more information about the operation of the public reference rooms. The SEC also maintains an internet website, at <http://www.sec.gov>, that contains our filed reports,

proxy and information statements and other information that we file electronically with the SEC. Additionally, we make these filings available, free of charge, on our website at www.bak.com.cn as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such materials with, or furnish them to, the SEC. The information on our website, other than these filings, is not, and should not be, considered part of this prospectus and is not incorporated by reference into this document.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

The SEC allows us to “incorporate by reference” in this prospectus the information in our documents that we file with the SEC, which means that we disclose important information to you by referring you to documents that we have previously filed with the SEC or documents that we will file with the SEC in the future. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus, and information in documents that we file later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede information in this prospectus. We incorporate by reference into this prospectus the documents listed below and any future filings made by us with the SEC under Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act until the offering is completed:

- our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, filed with the SEC on December 19, 2007;

- our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended December 31, 2007, filed with the SEC on February 6, 2008;
- our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on March 31, 2008 ; and
- the description of our common stock set forth in a registration statement on Form 8-A, filed on June 6, 2006, pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, including any amendment or report updating such description.

Any statement contained in a document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference in this prospectus is modified or superseded for purposes of this prospectus to the extent that a statement contained in this prospectus or in any other subsequently filed document which also is or is deemed to be incorporated by reference herein modifies or supersedes such statement. Any statement so modified or superseded does not, except as so modified or superseded, constitute a part of this prospectus.

You may request a copy of these filings, at no cost, by written or oral request made to us at the following address or telephone number:

BAK Industrial Park, No. 1 BAK Street
Kuichong Town, Longgang District
Shenzhen, 518119
People's Republic of China
(86-755) 8977-0093
Attention: Corporate Secretary

If you request a copy of any or all of the documents incorporated by reference, we will send to you the copies you request. However, we will not send exhibits to the documents, unless the exhibits are specifically incorporated by reference in the documents.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements contained in this Report include “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of such term in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which could cause actual financial or operating results, performances or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements not to occur or be realized. Forward-looking statements made in this Report generally are based on our best estimates of future results, performances or achievements, predicated upon current conditions and the most recent results of the companies involved and their respective industries. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as “may,” “will,” “could,” “should,” “project,” “expect,” “believe,” “estimate,” “anticipate,” “continue,” “potential,” “opportunity” or similar terms, variations of those terms or the negative of those terms or other variations of those terms or comparable words or expressions.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the shares by the selling stockholders. The selling stockholders will be responsible for the payment of any underwriting discounts and commissions and transfer taxes, if any, attributable to the sale of any of the shares covered by this prospectus.

PRIVATE PLACEMENT OF COMMON SHARES

This prospectus relates to the resale by the selling stockholders named below from time to time of up to a total of 3,500,000 shares of our common stock that were issued to the selling stockholders pursuant to a private placement that occurred on November 9, 2007, in reliance upon the exemption from securities registration afforded by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 and Rule 506 of Regulation D as promulgated by the Commission under the Securities Act of 1933. As part of this private placement, the selling stockholders received certain registration rights. All of the common stock offered by this prospectus is being offered by the selling stockholders for their own accounts.

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SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

The shares of common stock being offered by the selling stockholders are those previously issued to the Selling Stockholders. For additional information regarding the issuances of common stock, see "Private Placement of Common Shares" above. We are registering the shares of common stock in order to permit the selling stockholders to offer the shares for resale from time to time. Except for the ownership of the shares of common stock, the selling stockholders have not had any material relationship with us within the past three years.

The table below lists the selling stockholders and other information regarding the beneficial ownership of the shares of common stock by each of the selling stockholders. The second column lists the number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by each selling shareholder, based on its ownership of the shares of common stock, as of May 2, 2008.

The fourth column lists the shares of common stock being offered by this prospectus by the selling stockholders.

In accordance with the terms of registration rights agreements with the holders of the shares of common stock, this prospectus generally covers the resale of the number of shares of common stock issued as of the trading day immediately preceding the date this registration statement was initially filed with the SEC. The fifth column assumes the sale of all of the shares offered by the selling stockholders pursuant to this prospectus. The selling stockholders may sell all, some or none of their shares in this offering. See "Plan of Distribution."

Selling Stockholders	Shares of Common Stock Beneficially Owned ⁽²⁾	Percent of Common Stock ^{(1) (3)}	Shares of Common Stock to be Registered	Percent of Common Stock After Completion of Offering ⁽³⁾
Hudson Bay Fund, LP ⁽⁴⁾	537,500	1.0%	537,500	0
Hudson Bay Overseas Fund, Ltd. ⁽⁵⁾	712,500	1.3%	712,500	0
Enable Growth Partners LP ⁽⁶⁾	1,062,500	2.0%	1,062,500	0
Enable Opportunity Partners LP ⁽⁷⁾	125,000	*	125,000	0
Pierce Diversified Strategy Master Fund LLC, Ena ⁽⁸⁾	62,500	*	62,500	0
Xingpeng Chen	1,000,000	1.9%	1,000,000	0

* Denotes less than 1% of the outstanding shares of common stock.

(1) Based upon 53,227,387 shares of common stock issued and outstanding as of May 2, 2008.

(2) Under applicable SEC rules, a person is deemed to be the "beneficial owner" of a security with regard to which the person directly or indirectly, has or shares (a) the voting power, which includes the power to vote or direct the voting of the security, or (b) the investment power, which includes the power to dispose, or direct the disposition, of the security, in each case irrespective of the person's economic interest in the security. None of the selling stockholders who are not natural persons are reporting companies under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

(3)

In determining the percent of common stock owned by a person on May 2, 2008, the numerator is the number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by the person, and the denominator is the 53,227,387 shares in the aggregate of common stock outstanding on May 2, 2008. For purposes of this selling stockholders table, the calculation for determining the percent of common stock owned by a person after completion of the offering is the same, and assumes that no new shares of common stock will be issued by us prior to the completion of the offering. Assumes all of the common stock offered pursuant to this prospectus is sold.

- (4) Sander Gerber, Yoav Roth and John Doscas share voting and investment power over these securities. Each of Sander Gerber, Yoav Roth and John Doscas disclaim beneficial ownership over the securities held by Hudson Bay Fund LP. The selling stockholder acquired the securities offered for its own account in the ordinary course of business, and at the time it acquired the securities, it had no agreements, plans or understandings, directly or indirectly to distribute the securities.
- (5) Sander Gerber, Yoav Roth and John Doscas share voting and investment power over these securities. Each of Sander Gerber, Yoav Roth and John Doscas disclaim beneficial ownership over the securities held by Hudson Bay Overseas Fund LTD. The selling stockholder acquired the securities offered for its own account in the ordinary course of business, and at the time it acquired the securities, it had no agreements, plans or understandings, directly or indirectly to distribute the securities.
- (6) Mitch Levine is the managing partner of Enable Growth Partners LP and has voting and investment control over the securities held by Enable Growth Partners LP.
- (7) Mitch Levine is the managing partner of Enable Opportunity Partners LP and has voting and investment control over the securities held by Enable Opportunity Partners LP.
- (8) Mitch Levine is the managing partner of Pierce Diversified Strategy Master Fund LLC, Ena and has voting and investment control over the securities held by Pierce Diversified Strategy Master Fund LLC, Ena.

None of the selling stockholders has held any position or office with us or any of our subsidiaries within the past three years.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We are registering the shares of common stock previously issued to permit the resale of these shares of common stock by the holders of the common stock from time to time after the date of this prospectus. We will not receive any of the proceeds from the sale by the selling stockholders of the shares of common stock. We will bear all fees and expenses incident to our obligation to register the shares of common stock.

The selling stockholders may sell all or a portion of the shares of common stock beneficially owned by them and offered hereby from time to time directly or through one or more underwriters, broker-dealers or agents. If the shares of common stock are sold through underwriters or broker-dealers, the selling stockholders will be responsible for underwriting discounts or commissions or agent's commissions. The shares of common stock may be sold in one or more transactions at fixed prices, at prevailing market prices at the time of the sale, at varying prices determined at the time of sale, or at negotiated prices. These sales may be effected in transactions, which may involve crosses or block transactions,

- on any national securities exchange or quotation service on which the securities may be listed or quoted at the time of sale;
- in the over-the-counter market;
- in transactions otherwise than on these exchanges or systems or in the over-the-counter market;
- through the writing of options, whether such options are listed on an options exchange or otherwise;
- ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker-dealer solicits purchasers;

- block trades in which the broker-dealer will attempt to sell the shares as agent but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction;
- purchases by a broker-dealer as principal and resale by the broker-dealer for its account;
- an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of the applicable exchange;

- privately negotiated transactions;
- short sales;
- sales pursuant to Rule 144;
- broker-dealers may agree with the selling securityholders to sell a specified number of such shares at a stipulated price per share;
- a combination of any such methods of sale; and
- any other method permitted pursuant to applicable law.

If the selling stockholders effect such transactions by selling shares of common stock to or through underwriters, broker-dealers or agents, such underwriters, broker-dealers or agents may receive commissions in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the selling stockholders or commissions from purchasers of the shares of common stock for whom they may act as agent or to whom they may sell as principal (which discounts, concessions or commissions as to particular underwriters, broker-dealers or agents may be in excess of those customary in the types of transactions involved). In connection with sales of the shares of common stock or otherwise, the selling stockholders may enter into hedging transactions with broker-dealers, which may in turn engage in short sales of the shares of common stock in the course of hedging in positions they assume. The selling stockholders may also sell shares of common stock short and deliver shares of common stock covered by this prospectus to close out short positions and to return borrowed shares in connection with such short sales. The selling stockholders may also loan or pledge shares of common stock to broker-dealers that in turn may sell such shares.

The selling stockholders may pledge or grant a security interest in some or all of the shares of common stock owned by them and, if they default in the performance of their secured obligations, the pledgees or secured parties may offer and sell the shares of common stock from time to time pursuant to this prospectus or any amendment to this prospectus under Rule 424(b)(3) or other applicable provision of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, amending, if necessary, the list of selling stockholders to include the pledgee, transferee or other successors in interest as selling stockholders under this prospectus. The selling stockholders also may transfer and donate the shares of common stock in other circumstances in which case the transferees, donees, pledgees or other successors in interest will be the selling beneficial owners for purposes of this prospectus.

The selling stockholders and any broker-dealer participating in the distribution of the shares of common stock may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act, and any commission paid, or any discounts or concessions allowed to, any such broker-dealer may be deemed to be underwriting commissions or discounts under the Securities Act. At the time a particular offering of the shares of common stock is made, a prospectus supplement, if required, will be distributed which will set forth the aggregate amount of shares of common stock being offered and the terms of the offering, including the name or names of any broker-dealers or agents, any discounts, commissions and other terms constituting compensation from the selling stockholders and any discounts, commissions or concessions allowed or reallocated or paid to broker-dealers.

Under the securities laws of some states, the shares of common stock may be sold in such states only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers. In addition, in some states the shares of common stock may not be sold unless such shares have been registered or qualified for sale in such state or an exemption from registration or qualification is available and is complied with.

There can be no assurance that any selling stockholder will sell any or all of the shares of common stock registered pursuant to the shelf registration statement, of which this prospectus forms a part.

The selling stockholders and any other person participating in such distribution will be subject to applicable provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder, including, without limitation, Regulation M of the Exchange Act, which may limit the timing of purchases and sales of any of the shares of common stock by the selling stockholders and any other participating person. Regulation M may also restrict the ability of any person engaged in the distribution of the shares of common stock to engage in market-making activities with respect to the shares of common stock. All of the foregoing may affect the marketability of the shares of common stock and the ability of any person or entity to engage in market-making activities with respect to the shares of common stock.

We will pay all expenses of the registration of the shares of common stock pursuant to the registration rights agreement, estimated to be \$468.48 in total, including, without limitation, Securities and Exchange Commission filing fees and expenses of compliance with state securities or "blue sky" laws; provided, however, that a selling stockholder will pay all underwriting discounts and selling commissions, if any. We will indemnify the selling stockholders against liabilities, including some liabilities under the Securities Act, in accordance with the registration rights agreements, or the selling stockholders will be entitled to contribution. We may be indemnified by the selling stockholders against civil liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, that may arise from any written information furnished to us by the selling stockholder specifically for use in this prospectus, in accordance with the related registration rights agreements, or we may be entitled to contribution.

Once sold under the shelf registration statement, of which this prospectus forms a part, the shares of common stock will be freely tradable in the hands of persons other than our affiliates.

MARKET PRICE INFORMATION FOR OUR COMMON STOCK

Since May 31, 2006, our common stock has been listed on the Nasdaq Global Market under the symbol "CBAK." Prior to that date, our common stock had been quoted on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol "CBBT." On May 2, 2008, the last reported sales price of our common stock on the Nasdaq Global Market was \$3.83 per share.

The following table sets forth, for the quarters indicated, the range of closing high and low bid prices of our common stock as reported by the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board and the Nasdaq Global Market, as adjusted for all previously effected stock splits. These prices do not include retail markup, markdown or commission and may not represent actual transactions.

In reviewing the foregoing table, it should be noted that the exchange of stock by which we acquired our current operations occurred on January 20, 2005.

Quarter Ended	Common Stock	
	High	Low
Fiscal 2006		
December 31, 2005	\$ 11.10	\$ 5.60
March 31, 2006	\$ 12.50	\$ 7.80
June 30, 2006	\$ 10.75	\$ 8.18
September 30, 2006	\$ 8.80	\$ 4.24
Fiscal 2007		
December 31, 2006	\$ 7.99	\$ 5.81
March 31, 2007	\$ 6.49	\$ 3.25
June 30, 2007	\$ 4.42	\$ 3.05
September 30, 2007	\$ 8.82	\$ 3.36
Fiscal 2008		
December 31, 2007	\$ 9.24	\$ 3.38
March 31, 2008	\$ 5.88	\$ 3.16
June 30, 2008 (through May 2, 2008)	\$ 4.16	\$ 3.60

DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

Common Stock

Our authorized capital stock consists of 100,000,000 shares of our common stock, with a par value of \$0.001 per share. As of May 2, 2008, we had 53,227,387 shares of common stock outstanding, excluding the common stock

issuable upon exercise of our outstanding warrants and options. As of May 2, 2008, we had approximately 109 record holders of our capital stock. Each outstanding share of common stock entitles the holder thereof to one vote per share on all matters coming before the stockholders for a vote. Our articles of incorporation do not permit cumulative voting for the election of directors, which means that the holders of more than 50% of such outstanding shares voting for the election of directors can elect all of the directors to be elected, if they so choose; in such event, the holders of the remaining shares will not be able to elect any of our directors. Likewise, our articles of incorporation do not vary the size of the vote necessary for the stockholders to act on various matters from the size of the vote required by Nevada law, which requires an action by the stockholders on a matter other than the election of directors to be approved if the number of votes cast in favor of the action exceeds the number of votes cast in opposition to the action. The directors of a Nevada corporation are elected at the annual meeting of the stockholders by a plurality of the votes cast at the election. Stockholders do not have preemptive rights to purchase shares in any future issuance of our common stock.

The holders of shares of our common stock are entitled to dividends out of funds legally available when and as declared by our board of directors. Our board of directors has never declared a dividend or otherwise authorized any cash or other distribution with respect to the shares of our common stock and does not anticipate declaring a dividend in the foreseeable future. Should we decide in the future to pay dividends, as a holding company, our ability to do so and meet other obligations depends upon the receipt of dividends or other payments from our operating subsidiaries and other holdings and investments. In addition, our operating subsidiaries, from time to time, may be subject to restrictions on their ability to make distributions to us, including as a result of restrictive covenants in loan agreements, restrictions on the conversion of local currency into dollars or other hard currency and other regulatory restrictions. In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, holders of our common stock are entitled to receive, ratably, the net assets available to stockholders after payment of all creditors. All of the issued and outstanding shares of our common stock are duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable. To the extent that additional shares of our common stock are issued, the relative interests of existing stockholders will be diluted.

Anti-takeover Effects of Our Articles of Incorporation and By-laws

Our articles of incorporation and by-laws contain certain provisions that may have the effect of entrenching our existing board members, delaying, deferring or preventing a future takeover or change in control of the company unless such takeover or change in control is approved by the board of directors.

These provisions include:

Special Meetings of Shareholders

Our articles of incorporation provide that special meetings of the stockholders can only be called by our president, or the board of directors, or the president or secretary at the written request of our stockholders holding not less than 10% of all the issued and outstanding stock.

Advance Notice Procedures

Our by-laws establish an advance notice procedure for stockholder proposals to be brought before an annual meeting of our stockholders. At an annual meeting, our stockholders elect a board of directors and transact such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting. By contrast, at a special meeting, our stockholders may transact only the business for the purposes specified in the notice of the meeting unless all of our stockholders entitled to vote are present at the special meeting and consent.

Contracts and Transactions with Interested Directors

We may enter into a contract or a transaction with an entity in which our directors have a financial interest only if (a) such relationship has been disclosed to our board of directors or the committee, and our board of directors or the committee in good faith authorizes the contract or the transaction by the affirmative vote of a majority of the disinterested directors; (b) such relationship has been disclosed to our stockholders, and our stockholders have approved in good faith the contract or the transaction; or (c) the contract or transaction was fair to us at the time it was entered into and is later duly authorized, approved or ratified by our board of directors, the committee or stockholders.

Amendment of By-laws

Our by-laws may be amended by our board of directors alone.

Authorized but Unissued Shares

Our board of directors may cause us to issue our authorized but unissued shares of common stock in the future without stockholders' approval. These additional shares may be utilized for a variety of corporate purposes, including future public offerings to raise additional capital, corporate acquisitions and employee benefit plans. The existence of authorized but unissued shares of common stock could render more difficult or discourage an attempt to obtain control of a majority of our common stock by means of a proxy contest, tender offer, merger or otherwise.

Anti-Takeover Effects of Nevada Law

We are subject to the "business combination" provisions of Sections 78.411 to 78.444 of Nevada's Combinations with Interested Stockholders statute. In general, such provisions prohibit a Nevada corporation with at least 200 stockholders from engaging in various "combination" transactions with any interested stockholder:

- for a period of three years after the date of the transaction in which the person became an interested stockholder, unless the transaction is approved by the board of directors prior to the date the interested stockholder obtained such status; or
- after the expiration of the three-year period, unless:
- the transaction is approved by the board of directors or a majority of the voting power held by disinterested stockholders, or
- if the consideration to be paid by the interested stockholder is at least equal to the highest of: (a) the highest price per share paid by the interested stockholder within the three years immediately preceding the date of the announcement of the combination or in the transaction in which it became an interested stockholder, whichever is higher, (b) the market value per share of common stock on the date of announcement of the combination and the date the interested stockholder acquired the shares, whichever is higher, or (c) for holders of preferred stock, the highest liquidation value of the preferred stock, if it is higher.

A "combination" is defined to include mergers or consolidations or any sale, lease exchange, mortgage, pledge, transfer or other disposition, in one transaction or a series of transactions, with an "interested stockholder" having: (a) an aggregate market value equal to 5% or more of the aggregate market value of the assets of the corporation, (b) an aggregate market value equal to 5% or more of the aggregate market value of all outstanding shares of the corporation, or (c) 10% or more of the earning power or net income of the corporation.

In general, an "interested stockholder" is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, owns (or within three years, did own) 10% or more of a corporation's voting stock. The statute could prohibit or delay mergers or other takeover or change in control attempts and, accordingly, may discourage attempts to acquire our company even though such a transaction may offer our stockholders the opportunity to sell their stock at a price above the prevailing market price.

Nevada's Acquisition of Controlling Interest statute (NRS Sections 78.378-78.3793) applies only to Nevada corporations with at least 200 stockholders, including at least 100 stockholders of record who are Nevada residents, and which conduct business directly or indirectly in Nevada. As of the date of this prospectus, we do not believe we have 100 stockholders of record who are residents of Nevada, although there can be no assurance that in the future the

Acquisition of Controlling Interest statute will not apply to us.

The Acquisition of Controlling Interest statute prohibits an acquiror, under certain circumstances, from voting its shares of a target corporation's stock after crossing certain ownership threshold percentages, unless the acquiror obtains approval of the target corporation's disinterested stockholders. The statute specifies three thresholds: one-fifth or more but less than one-third, one-third but less than a majority, and a majority or more, of the outstanding voting power. Once an acquiror crosses one of the above thresholds, those shares in an offer or acquisition and acquired within 90 days thereof become "control shares" and such Control Shares are deprived of the right to vote until disinterested stockholders restore the right. The Acquisition of Controlling Interest statute also provides that if control shares are accorded full voting rights and the acquiring person has acquired a majority or more of all voting power, all other stockholders who do not vote in favor of authorizing voting rights to the control shares are entitled to demand payment for the fair value of their shares in accordance with statutory procedures established for dissenters' rights.

Transfer Agent

Our transfer agent is Securities Transfer Corporation, 2591 Dallas Parkway, Suite 102, Frisco, Texas 75034.

MATERIAL UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following summary describes material federal income tax consequences arising from the purchase, ownership and disposition of our common stock acquired in this offering. This discussion does not cover all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to each such holder due to the particular circumstances of such holder or address estate and gift tax consequences, state, local or other tax consequences or non-U.S. tax laws. This summary is based on the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), final, temporary and proposed United States Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, and the administrative and judicial interpretations thereof, all as in effect as of the date of this prospectus and all of which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. In particular, this summary does not address the considerations that may be applicable to (a) particular classes of taxpayers, including financial institutions, insurance companies, small business investment companies, mutual funds, partnerships or other pass-through entities or investors in such entities, expatriates, broker-dealers and tax-exempt organizations, (b) holders with a “functional currency” other than the U.S. dollar or (c) holders of 10% or more of the total combined voting power of the Company’s shares. This summary deals only with the tax treatment of holders who own our common stock as “capital assets” as defined in Section 1221 of the Code.

THE SUMMARY OF U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS SET FORTH BELOW IS FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ONLY AND DOES NOT CONSTITUTE TAX ADVICE. ALL PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE PARTICULAR TAX CONSEQUENCES TO THEM OF THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP, SALE OR OTHER DISPOSITION OF SECURITIES INCLUDING THE EFFECTS OF APPLICABLE STATE, LOCAL, NON-U.S. OR OTHER TAX LAWS, POSSIBLE CHANGES IN THE TAX LAWS AND THE POSSIBLE APPLICABILITY OF INCOME TAX TREATIES.

As used herein, the term “U.S. Holder” means a beneficial owner of our common stock that is for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

- a U.S. citizen or individual resident in the United States;
- a corporation, or other entity treated as a corporation created or organized under the laws of the United States or any political subdivision thereof;
- an estate the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or
- a trust (i) if a U.S. court can exercise primary supervision over the administration of such trust and one or more U.S. fiduciaries have the authority to control all of the substantial interests of such trust or (ii) that has a valid election in effect under applicable U.S. Treasury regulations to be treated as a United States person.

Except as provided below in the discussion of estate tax, the term “Non-U.S. Holder” is a beneficial owner of our common stock that is, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, a nonresident alien individual or a corporation, trust or estate that is not a U.S. Holder.

If a partnership, including any entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes, is a holder of our common stock, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will generally depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. If you are a partnership, or a partner in such a partnership, you should consult your own tax advisor regarding the tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of our common

stock.

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Dividends

U.S. Holders. If distributions are paid on shares of our common stock, such distributions will constitute dividends for U.S. federal income tax purposes to the extent paid from our current or accumulated earnings and profits, as determined under U.S. federal income tax principles. If a distribution exceeds our current and accumulated earnings and profits, it will constitute a return of capital that is applied against and reduces, but not below zero, a holder's adjusted tax basis in our common stock. Any remainder will constitute gain as if from the sale of the common stock. See “- Dispositions.”

Non-U.S. Holders. Any dividends on our common stock paid to a Non-U.S. Holder generally will be subject to withholding of U.S. federal income tax at a 30% rate on the gross amount of the dividend or such lower rate as may be provided by an applicable income tax treaty. Dividends that are effectively connected with a Non-U.S. Holder's conduct of a trade or business in the United States and, if a tax treaty applies, attributable to a permanent establishment (or, under certain treaties, a fixed base) in the United States, known as “U.S. trade or business income,” are generally not subject to the 30% withholding tax if the Non-U.S. Holder files the appropriate U.S. Internal Revenue Service form with the payor. However, such U.S. trade or business income, net of specified deductions and credits, generally is taxed at the same rates as applicable to U.S. persons. Any U.S. trade or business income received by a Non-U.S. Holder that is a corporation may also, under certain circumstances, be subject to an additional “branch profits tax” at a 30% rate or such lower rate as specified by an applicable income tax treaty.

A Non-U.S. Holder that claims the benefit of an applicable income tax treaty generally will be required to satisfy applicable certification and other requirements prior to the distribution date. Non-U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors regarding their entitlement to benefits under a relevant income tax treaty.

A Non-U.S. Holder that is eligible for a reduced rate of U.S. federal withholding tax or other exclusion from withholding under an income tax treaty but that did not timely provide required certifications or other requirements, or that has received a distribution subject to withholding in excess of the amount properly treated as a dividend, may obtain a refund or credit of any excess amounts withheld by timely filing an appropriate claim for refund with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service.

Dispositions

U.S. Holders. A U.S. Holder will recognize gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes upon the sale or other disposition of our common stock in an amount equal to the difference between the amount realized and the U.S. Holder's adjusted tax basis for such stock. Such gain or loss will be capital gain or loss and will be long-term capital gain or loss if the stock had been held for more than one year. If the U.S. Holder's holding period on the date of the sale or exchange is one year or less, such gain or loss will be short-term capital gain or loss. However, if a U.S. Holder has received a dividend to which the special reduced rate of tax, discussed above, applies, and which exceeds 10% of the U.S. Holder's basis for the stock (taking into account certain rules that aggregate dividends for this purpose), any loss on sale or other disposition generally will be a long-term capital loss to the extent of that dividend, regardless of the U.S. Holder's actual holding period. Any gain or loss recognized on the sale or other disposition of our common stock will generally be U.S. source income. Any capital loss realized upon sale, exchange or other disposition of our common stock is generally deductible only against capital gains and not against ordinary income, except that in the case of noncorporate taxpayers, a capital loss may be deductible to the extent of capital gains plus ordinary income of up to \$3,000.

A U.S. Holder's tax basis for its shares of our common stock will generally be the purchase price paid therefor by such U.S. Holder (reduced by amounts of any distributions, in excess of earnings and profits of the Company, received by such U.S. Holder). The holding period of each share of our common stock owned by a U.S. Holder will commence on the day following the date of the U.S. Holder's purchase of such share and will include the day on which the share is

sold by such U.S. Holder.

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Non-U.S. Holders. A Non-U.S. Holder generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax (or withholding thereof) on gain recognized on a disposition of our common stock unless:

- the gain is U.S. trade or business income, in which case such gain generally will be taxed in the same manner as gains of U.S. persons, and such gains may also be subject to the branch profits tax in the case of a corporate Non-U.S. Holder;
- the Non-U.S. Holder is an individual who is present in the United States for more than 182 days in the taxable year of the disposition and who meets certain other requirements, in which case such holder generally will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at a rate of 30% (or a reduced rate under an applicable treaty) on the amount by which capital gains allocable to U.S. sources (including gains from the sale, exchange, retirement or other disposition of the common stock) exceed capital losses allocable to U.S. sources; or
- we are or have been a “U.S. real property holding corporation” for U.S. federal income tax purposes at any time during the shorter of the five-year period ending on the date of disposition or the period that the Non-U.S. Holder held our common stock (the “applicable period”).

Generally, a corporation is a “U.S. real property holding corporation” if the fair market value of its “U.S. real property interests” equals or exceeds 50% of the sum of the fair market value of its worldwide real property interests plus its other assets used or held for use in a trade or business. The tax relating to stock in a “U.S. real property holding corporation” generally will not apply to a Non-U.S. Holder whose holdings, actual or constructive, at all times during the applicable period, constituted 5% or less of our common stock, provided that our common stock was regularly traded on an established securities market. We believe we have never been, are not currently and are not likely to become a U.S. real property holding corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes in the future.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

We must report annually to the U.S. Internal Revenue Service and to each holder the amount of dividends paid to that holder and the tax withheld with respect to those dividends. Copies of the information returns reporting those dividends and the amount of tax withheld may also be made available to the tax authorities in the country in which a Non-U.S. Holder is a resident under the provisions of an applicable income tax treaty.

Backup withholding may apply to payments of dividends paid by us. If you are a U.S. Holder, backup withholding will apply if you fail to provide an accurate taxpayer identification number or certification of exempt status or fail to report all interest and dividends required to be shown on your federal income tax returns. Certain U.S. Holders (including, among others, corporations) are not subject to backup withholding.

If you are a Non-U.S. Holder, backup withholding will apply to dividend payments if you fail to provide us with the required certification that you are not a U.S. person.

Payments of the proceeds from a disposition (including a redemption) effected outside the United States by or through a non-U.S. broker generally will not be subject to information reporting or backup withholding. However, information reporting, but generally not backup withholding, will apply to such a payment if the broker has certain connections with the United States unless the broker has documentary evidence in its records that the beneficial owner of the disposed stock is a Non-U.S. Holder and either specified conditions are met or an exemption is otherwise established. Backup withholding and information reporting will apply to dispositions made by or through a U.S. office of any broker (U.S. or foreign).

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld from a payment to you that result in an overpayment of taxes generally will be refunded, or credited against your U.S. federal income tax liability, if any, provided that the required information is timely furnished to the U.S. Internal Revenue Service.

Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding application of backup withholding in their particular circumstance and the availability of, and procedure for obtaining, an exemption from backup withholding under current U.S. Treasury regulations.

LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the common stock offered pursuant to this prospectus will have been passed upon by Thelen Reid Brown Raysman & Steiner LLP.

EXPERTS

The financial statements as of September 30, 2007, and for the year ended September 30, 2007, and management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2007 (which is included in Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting) incorporated in this prospectus by reference to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2007 have been so incorporated in reliance on the reports of PKF, independent registered public accounting firms, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

The consolidated financial statements of China BAK Battery, Inc. as of September 30, 2006, and for each of the years in the two-year period ended September 30, 2006, have been incorporated herein by reference in reliance upon the report of KPMG, independent registered public accounting firm, dated December 8, 2006, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

The report of KPMG dated December 8, 2006, covering the consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2006, and for each of the years in the two-year period ended September 30, 2006, refers to a change in the method of accounting for stock-based compensation.

INDEMNIFICATION

Under Sections 78.751 and 78.752 of the Nevada Revised Statutes, we have broad powers to indemnify and insure our directors and officers against liabilities they may incur in their capacities as such. Our Amended and Restated Bylaws implement the indemnification and insurance provisions permitted by Chapter 78 of the Nevada Revised Statutes by providing that:

- We must indemnify our directors to the fullest extent permitted by Chapter 78 of the Nevada Revised Statutes and may, if and to the extent authorized by our board of directors, so indemnify our officers and any other person whom we have power to indemnify against liability, reasonable expense or other matter whatsoever.
- We may at the discretion of its board of director purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of our company and any person whom we have power to indemnify pursuant to law, our articles of incorporation, our bylaws or otherwise.

These indemnification provisions may be sufficiently broad to permit indemnification of our directors and officers for liabilities (including reimbursement of expenses incurred) arising under the Securities Act. We also have entered into indemnification agreements with our executive officers and directors and provide indemnity insurance pursuant to which directors and officers are indemnified or insured against liability or loss under certain circumstances that may include liability, or related loss under the Securities Act and the Exchange Act. Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to directors, officers, or persons controlling the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, we have been informed that in the opinion of the SEC such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore unenforceable.

The indemnity provisions may discourage stockholders from bringing a lawsuit against our directors for breach of their fiduciary duty. These provisions may also have the effect of reducing the likelihood of derivative litigation against directors and officers, even though such an action, if successful, might otherwise benefit us and our stockholders. Furthermore, a stockholder's investment may be adversely affected to the extent we pay the costs of settlement and damage awards against directors and officers pursuant to these indemnification provisions. We believe that these provisions, the indemnification agreements and the insurance are necessary to attract and retain talented and experienced directors and officers.

At present, there is no pending litigation or proceeding involving any of our directors or officers where indemnification will be required or permitted. We are not aware of any threatened litigation or proceeding that might result in a claim for such indemnification.