BGR CORP Form 10QSB November 14, 2003

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB

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[X] QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For quarterly period ended September 30, 2003

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_

Commission file number: 000-26887

 $$\operatorname{BGR}$  Corporation (exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

98-0353403 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

7263 E. San Alfredo, Scottsdale, AZ (Address of principal executive offices)

85258 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (480) 596-4014

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

The number of shares of the Registrant's Common Stock, as of November 12, 2003: 22,013,800.

BGR CORPORATION
FORM 10-QSB, QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 Financial Statements

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BGR CORPORATION (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY) BALANCE SHEET AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 (UNAUDITED)	
ASSETS	
CURRENT ASSETS  Cash Prepaid expenses Advance to affiliate	\$ 702 24,963 1,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 26,665 ======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:	
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Accounts payable	\$ 4,534
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,534
STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT: Common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 25,000,000 shares authorized, 34,973,800 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Deficit accumulated during the development stage  Total stockholders' deficit	3,497 228,319 (209,685)  22,131
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	\$ 26,665 ======

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BGR CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

	Sl	FOR THE HREE MONTHS ENDED EPTEMBER 30, 2003	THE SEE	FOR THE REE MONTHS ENDED PTEMBER 30, 2002	INC SE	,
INCOME	\$		\$	175	\$	2,693
COSTS AND EXPENSES:  General and administrative expense		132,810		22,879		212,378
Total		32,810		22 <b>,</b> 879		212,378
INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS		(132,810)		(22,704)		(209,685)
INCOME TAXES						
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(132,810)		(22,704)		(209,685)
NET INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE Basic		*	\$	*	\$	(0.01)
Diluted	\$	*	\$	* *	\$	(0.01)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING (BASIC AND DILUTED)		34,625,974 		1,573,800 ======		32,906,055 ======

<sup>\* -</sup> less than \$0.01 per share

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# BGR CORPORATION (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY) STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003	FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2002
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net (loss)	\$(132,810)	\$ (22,704)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Common stock issued as consderation for services	99,966	
Write-off of Loan from Shareholder		(2,330)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses	(24,963)	(24,963)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,509	(34,430)

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Net cash used in operating activities	(53,298)	(57,134)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Advances to affiliate	(1,000)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Repayment of advances from shareholder Proceeds from advances from shareholder Common stock issued for cash	  55,000	  
	55 <b>,</b> 000	
INCREASE IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS	702	(57,134)
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		73 <b>,</b> 772
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 702 ======	\$ 16,638 ======
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Interest paid	\$ =======	\$ =======
Income taxes paid	\$ =======	\$ =======

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# BGR CORPORATION (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and the instructions for Form 10-QSB and Regulation S-B. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. All adjustments that, in the opinion of management are necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations for the interim periods have been made and are of a recurring nature unless otherwise disclosed herein. The results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2003 are not necessarily indicative of the results that will be realized for the entire fiscal year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended June 30, 2003.

BGR Corporation (the "Company") a Nevada corporation, was incorporated on July 6, 2001. The Company is a development stage enterprise with a fiscal year ending June 30. The Company was formerly named Cortex Systems, Inc. The Company intends to develop and franchise casual dining restaurants. The Company is seeking to acquire assets within this industry and has begun negotiations with at least one target. To date, the Company has had no revenues associated with these activities.

The Company faces many operating and industry challenges. There is no meaningful operating history to evaluate the Company's prospects for successful operations. Future losses for the Company are anticipated. The

proposed plan of operations would include seeking an operating entity with which to merge. Even if successful, a merger may not result in cash flow sufficient to finance the continued expansion of a business.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As mentioned above, the Company intends to seek a merger candidate but has not yet identified possible candidates nor has the Company obtained capital needed to achieve management's plans and support its operations and there is no assurance that the Company will be able to raise such financing. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from this uncertainty.

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BGR CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 (CONT.)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS – Cash and cash equivalents include all short-term liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have original maturities of three months or less.

INCOME TAXES - The Company provides for income taxes based on the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, ACCOUNTING FOR INCOME TAXES, which among other things, requires that recognition of deferred income taxes be measured by the provisions of enacted tax laws in effect at the date of financial statements.

USE OF ESTIMATES - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE - Basic income per share is computed using the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. The Company has a simple capital structure and therefore there is no presentation for diluted loss per share.

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS -

In October 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations," which requires companies to record the fair value of a liability for asset retirement obligations in the period in which they are incurred. The statement applies to a company's legal obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible long-lived asset that results from the acquisition, construction, and development or through the normal operation of a long-lived asset. When a liability is initially recorded, the company would capitalize the cost, thereby increasing the carrying amount of the related asset. The capitalized asset retirement cost is depreciated over the life of the respective asset while the liability is accreted to its present value. Upon settlement of the liability, the obligation is settled at its recorded amount or the company incurs a gain or loss. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2002. The Company does not expect the

adoption to have a material impact to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In October 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets". Statement 144 addresses the accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. The statement provides a single accounting model for long-lived assets to be disposed of. New criteria must be met to classify the asset as an asset held-for-sale. This statement also focuses on reporting the effects of a disposal of a segment of a business. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The Company does not expect the adoption to have a material impact to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In July 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated With Exit or Disposal Activities". This Standard requires costs associated with exit or disposal activities to be recognized when they are incurred. The requirements of SFAS No. 146 apply prospectively after December 31, 2002, and as such, the Company cannot reasonably estimate the impact of adopting these new rules.

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BGR CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003 (CONT.)

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transaction and Disclosure, which provides alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation as prescribed in SFAS 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation. Additionally, SFAS No. 148 requires more prominent and more frequent disclosures in financial statements about the effects of stock-based compensation. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2002, with early application permitted in certain circumstances.

In November 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 45 ("FIN 45"), Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others. FIN 45 requires a company, at the time it issues a guarantee, to recognize an initial liability for the fair value of obligations assumed under the guarantees and elaborates on existing disclosure requirements related to guarantees and warranties. The initial recognition requirements are effective for the Company during the third quarter ending March 31, 2003. The adoption of FIN 45 did not have an impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In January 2003, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 46 ("FIN 46"), Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an Interpretation of ARB No. 51. FIN 46 requires certain variable interest entities to be consolidated by the primary beneficiary of the entity if the equity investors in the entity do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties. FIN 46 is effective for all new variable interest entities created or acquired after January 31, 2003. For variable interest entities created or acquired prior to February 1, 2003, the provisions of FIN 46 must be applied for the first interim or annual period beginning after June 15, 2003. The adoption of FIN 46 did not have an impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

#### 3. CAPITAL STOCK

The Company declared a 6 for 1 stock split during the year ended June 30, 2003. The number of shares presented in these financial statements has been retroactively restated for all periods to reflect this reverse stock split.

During the three months ended September 30, 2003, the Company sold 125,000 shares of its common stock for \$55,000. Also during the three months ended September 30, 2003, the Company granted 275,000 shares of its common stock to consultants as consideration for services rendered. The shares were valued at the trading price of the common shares aggregating to \$99,966.

#### 4. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to September 30, 2003, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire all of the outstanding voting shares of Deville, Inc., a developer of "LUCKY LOU'S" restaurants, offering to the public steaks, hamburgers, sandwiches, pasta, beverages, including alcohol, french fries and other limited-menu casual food restaurant items. The terms of the purchase agreement, require the issuance of 1,000,000 of the Company's common shares and a note payable for \$400,000. The terms also call for an ongoing payment to the seller based on royalty revenues generated from "LUCKY LOU'S" restaurants.

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#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND PLAN OF OPERATION

#### FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report contains forward-looking statements about the Company's business, financial condition and prospects that reflect its assumptions and beliefs based on information currently available. The Company can give no assurance that the expectations indicated by such forward-looking statements will be realized. If any of the Company's assumptions should prove incorrect, or if any of the risks and uncertainties underlying such expectations should materialize, its actual results may differ materially from those indicated by the forward-looking statements.

The key factors that are not within the Company's control and that may have a direct bearing on operating results include, but are not limited to, The availability of a suitable merger candidate, the acceptance of the Company's or services when they have been identified, its ability to raise capital in the future, and the retention of key employees.

There may be other risks and circumstances that the Company may be unable to predict. When used in this Quarterly Report, words such as, "believes," "expects," "intends," "plans," "anticipates," "estimates" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although there may be certain forward-looking statements not accompanied by such expressions. All forward-looking statements are intended to be covered by the safe harbor created by Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

#### GENERAL

The Company was formed as a Nevada corporation on July 6, 2001 under the name Cortex Systems, Inc. They were originally a development stage company that intended to establish memory clinics in several different locations in North America. Unfortunately, the Company was unable to successfully execute its business plan. In July of 2003, the Company changed its name to BGR Corporation.

Along with the name change, came a new management and ownership team. The intention of management is to acquire new innovative fast-casual restaurant

concepts, develop them into a profitable working design, and franchise them across the country. The Corporation is currently developing a team of principles that have extensive experience in the industry that consist of professional restaurant designers, franchisers, and professionals in restaurant management.

#### PLAN OF OPERATION

On October 7th of this year, the Company entered into an agreement with Iceberg Food Systems Corp. As per the agreement, the Company acquired a controlling interest of all the issued and outstanding shares of Iceberg Food Systems Corp. In exchange the Company will provide up to one million one hundred and thirty thousand dollars that Iceberg Food Systems Corp is currently seeking for the acquisition of a fast-casual restaurant concept. As part of the agreement, Iceberg Food Systems Corp cancelled fifteen million five hundred and thirty-five thousand shares of BGR Corporation common stock that was controlled by Iceberg Food Systems Corp.

On November 1st of this year, the Company acquired Deville, Inc. and its Lucky Lou's concept. Lucky Lou's is a new fast casual restaurant concept with its first restaurant opening in January of 2004. Current plans are to open four more within the next fourteen months. Lucky Lou's will sport a Las Vegas style decor with polished concrete floors, dark wood, an open horseshoe bar, plenty of televisions for viewing sporting events, a comfortable sound system for music, and a beautiful roulette wheel behind the bar that will provide a bustling atmosphere for all to enjoy. In addition, an open kitchen along the back end of the bar will allow the customer to see the quality that goes into preparing each and every meal. Their quality menu will consist of hand-cut steaks, homemade soups, fresh sandwiches, burgers, and onion rings, cut and battered fresh daily. Dr. Collin Campbell, CFO for BGR Corporation, is a controlling share holder of Deville, Inc.

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On November 4th of this year the Company acquired Fathom Business Systems. Fathom Business Systems is a company specializing in restaurant point of sales equipment. This equipment is designed for the restaurant staff in mind and is very user friendly. In addition, the equipment can easily be networked so all receipts can be monitored from one central location. Fathom generates additional revenue by providing its customers with the supplies and service needed for the equipment.

In addition to the acquisitions, the Company has appointed several new members as officers and to the Board of Directors who have substantial backgrounds in the restaurant and franchise industry. They include Dr. Colin Campbell as CFO. Dr. Campbell is the founder and President of Campbell and Company Financial Group Inc., an accounting and financial consulting firm in Scottsdale, Arizona. He has spent years in developing business plans, structuring business financial operations, administering budgets and carrying out all aspects of accounting and audits for a broad range of clients. His firms' primary emphasis has become corporate turn arounds with a special focus on clients in the restaurant and bar business.

Dr. Campbell was formerly an Institutional Bond trader with Prudential Bache Securities and is currently an adjunct professor of finance and accounting at the University of Phoenix.

Dr. Campbell has a Bachelor of Arts Degree in Economics from the University of Calgary, a Masters of Business Administration from the University of Miami (FL.) and a Doctorate of Business Administration from California Coast University.

Appointed to the Board of Directors was Louis Lukens and James M. Medeiros. Mr. Lukens has over twenty years experience in the restaurant and franchise

industries. Over fourteen years with Carlson Restaurants Worldwide Inc. Carlson Restaurants is an 875 Million dollar company with over 700 restaurants worldwide including Pick-up Stix and casual restaurant giant TGI Fridays. Mr. Lukens has extensive experience in restaurant operations and training, menu development, financial budgeting, facility design, restaurant layouts, workflow design, and inventory control. Areas of special expertise include building operating systems, team building, and management. Mr. Lukens has been a driving force in the restaurant and bar industry in the Phoenix metro area for the past twenty years.

Mr. Medeiros has over twenty-five years experience in the restaurant industry. He has work in many capacities including general manager, bar manager, assistant manager, and corporate trainer for restaurant chains Pizza Hut, Roy's Restaurants, and Huggo's Restaurant to name a few. Mr. Medeiros is the founder and president of Fathom Business Systems. Fathom Business Systems sells equipment for the restaurant industry.

The Company had no revenue for the three months ending September 30, 2003.

Total general and administrative operating expenses for the three months ending September 30, 2003 were \$132,810. This increase from the prior quarter was due to a significant increase in consulting fees, which were primarily paid through the issuance of the Company's common stock..

The Company recorded a net loss for the three months ending September 30, 2003 of \$132,810.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company experienced a cash outflow of \$53,298 from continuing operations during the three months ending September 30, 2003, as compared to a net of \$22,704 during the three months ending September 30, 2002. The Company did not purchase assets with cash during the three months ending September 30, 2003.

The Company received cash proceeds of \$55,000 from the issuance of common stock during the three months ended September 30, 2003. The Company will continue to attempt to raise additional equity capital to fund the operations of the businesses it has recently acquired.

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#### GOING CONCERN

For the next three months, the Company expects to incur greater overhead that may be attributable to hiring additional employees, as necessary, and higher related office expenses. The Company also expects to increase investments, which may strain its cash position. The Company does not have sufficient financial resources to support an increased level of operations for the next 3 months if it does not generate sufficient revenues and/or if it fails to raise equity capital as appropriate. Based on current information on hand and the Company's latest expectation of its operations for the next 3 months, there is a potential going concern issue.

The Company cannot give assurance that it can generate the cash it needs for the next 3 months. There may be a shortfall in cash if the Company fails to do so. The Company may need to obtain additional financing in the event that it is unable to realize sufficient revenue. Furthermore, the Company's ability to satisfy the redemption of future debt obligations that it may enter into will be primarily dependent upon the future financial and operating performance of the Company. Such performance is dependent upon financial, business and other general economic factors, many of which are beyond the Company's control. If the Company is unable to generate sufficient cash flow to meet its future debt

service obligations or provide adequate long-term liquidity, the Company will have to pursue one or more alternatives, such as reducing or delaying capital expenditures, refinancing debt, selling assets or operations or raising equity capital. There can be no assurance that such alternatives can be accomplished on satisfactory terms, if at all, or in a timely manner. If the Company does not have sufficient cash resources when needed, the Company will not be able to continue operations as a going concern.

#### ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Registrants principal executive officer, Jerry Brown, and principal financial officer, Dr. Colin Campbell, after reviewing and evaluating Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures within 90 days prior to the filing of this report have concluded that the Registrant's disclosures and procedures contained no significant deficiencies or material weakness. There have been no significant changes in internal controls that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation, including corrective actions.

PART II -- OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None

ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES

None

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

#### Exhibit. Number Name and/or Identification of Exhibit Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to the Securities 31.1 Exchange Act of 1934, Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section

1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of

2002

Date Filed		Items Disclosed in Report on Form 8-K and 8-K/A
07/02/2003		1 - Changes in Control of Registrant 5- Other Events
08/22/2003	Item	<ul><li>4 - Change in Registrant's Certifying Account</li><li>5 - Other Events</li><li>7 - Financial Statements and Exhibits</li></ul>
09/10/2003	Item	5 - Other Events
09/12/2003	Item	4 - Change in Registrant's Certifying Account
11/04/2003	Item Item	<ul> <li>2 - Acquisition or Disposition of Assets</li> <li>5 - Other Events</li> <li>6 - Resignation of Registrant's Directors</li> <li>7 - Financial Statements and Exhibits</li> </ul>

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#### SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or  $15\,(d)$  of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BGR Corporation
 (Registrant)

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Colin Campbell	Chief Financial Officer	November 13, 2003
Colin Campbell		

In accordance with the Exchange Act, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Jerry Brown	President	November 13, 2003
Jerry Brown		
/s/ Edward C. Heisler	Secretary	November 13, 2003
Edward C. Heisler		
/s/ Colin Campbell	Treasurer	November 13, 2003
Colin Campbell		