UNITED RENTALS NORTH AMERICA INC

Form 10-K/A June 24, 2003 Table of Contents

(Mark One)

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Amendment No. 1

on

# **FORM 10-K/A**

FOR ANNUAL AND TRANSITION REPORTS

PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 13 OR 15(d) OF THE

**SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934** 

X	ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For	the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002.
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 193-
For	the transition period from to

Commission File Number 1-14387

United Rentals, Inc.

Commission File Number 1-13663

United Rentals (North America), Inc.

(Exact Names of Registrants as Specified in Their Charters)

Delaware 06-1522496

Delaware 06-1493538 State or Other Jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

Incorporation or Organization Identification Nos.)

Five Greenwich Office Park,

Greenwich, Connecticut 06830 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip code)

Registrants telephone number, including area code: (203) 622-3131

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Name of Each Exchange on

**Title of Each Class**Common Stock, \$.01 par value, of United Rentals, Inc.

Which Registered
New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes "No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant s knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). x Yes "No

As of June 30, 2002, there were 76,531,071 shares of United Rentals, Inc. common stock outstanding. The aggregate market value of such common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant at June 30, 2002 was approximately \$1,579.7 million. Such aggregate market value was calculated by using the closing price of such common stock as of such date on the New York Stock Exchange of \$21.80.

As of June 16, 2003, there were 76,572,735 shares of United Rentals, Inc. common stock outstanding. There is no market for the common stock of United Rentals (North America), Inc., all outstanding shares of which are owned by United Rentals, Inc.

Documents incorporated by reference: Certain sections of the Proxy Statement of United Rentals, Inc. to be filed pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 within 120 days of the registrant s fiscal year are incorporated by reference into Part III of this Form 10-K.

This combined Form 10-K is separately filed by (i) United Rentals, Inc. and (ii) United Rentals (North America), Inc. (which is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Rentals, Inc.). United Rentals (North America), Inc. meets the conditions set forth in general instruction (I)(1) (a) and (b) of Form 10-K and is therefore filing this form with the reduced disclosure format permitted by such instruction.

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### Reason for Filing Amendment to 10-K

In August 1998, a subsidiary trust of United Rentals, Inc. sold six million shares of  $6^{1}/2\%$  Convertible Quarterly Income Preferred Securities. During the first and fourth quarters of 2002, we repurchased a total of 1,469,000 of these shares for aggregate consideration of approximately \$38.1 million, which represented a discount of approximately 48% relative to the aggregate liquidation preference of these shares.

In the original Form 10-K that we filed, we appropriately reflected these repurchase transactions on our consolidated statement of stockholders equity. However, we did not reflect the gain associated with these transactions in our calculation of earnings (loss) per share. We have recently become aware that applicable accounting standards require that such gain be included in our earnings (loss) per share calculation and, accordingly, have restated our financial statements to do so. This restatement has a positive \$0.47 per share impact on our earnings (loss) per share calculation for 2002.

Other than the change to our earnings (loss) per share calculation, there are no changes to our consolidated statement of operations, consolidated balance sheet, consolidated statement of stockholders equity or consolidated statement of cash flows.

For additional information concerning our earnings per share calculation, see Note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Report.

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### Item 6. Selected Financial Data

You should read the following data together with our Consolidated Financial Statements and related Notes included elsewhere in this Report and Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

We completed a number of acquisitions during the periods presented below. We accounted for certain of these acquisitions as poolings-of-interests. This means that, for accounting and financial reporting purposes, the acquired company is treated as having been combined with us at all times since the inception of the acquired company. Accordingly, we have restated our accounts to include the accounts of the businesses that we acquired in these pooling-of-interests transactions, except in one case where the transaction was not material. We accounted for our other acquisitions as purchases. This means that the results of operations of the acquired company are included in our financial statements only from the date of acquisition. We believe that our results for the periods presented below are not directly comparable because of the impact of the acquisitions accounted for as purchases. For additional information, see Note 3 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Report.

Voor	Ended	December	21

	199	98		1999		2000		2001		2002
In commendation and distant				(in thousa	nds, e	except per s	hare	data)		
Income statement data: Total revenues	\$ 1,220	1 202	¢ 2	,233,628	<b>6</b> 7	2,918,861	¢.	2,886,605	¢ 2	,820,989
Total cost of revenues		5,834		,408,710		1,830,291		1,847,135		,934,712
Total cost of revenues	790	3,634		,406,710		1,630,291		1,047,133		,934,712
Gross profit	423	3,448		824,918	1	,088,570		1,039,470		886,277
Selling, general and administrative expenses	19:	5,620		352,595		454,330		441,751		438,918
Goodwill impairment										247,913
Restructuring charge								28,922		28,262
Merger-related expenses	4	7,178								
Non-rental depreciation and amortization	33	5,248		62,867	_	86,301	_	106,763		59,301
Operating income	14:	5,402		409,456		547,939		462,034		111,883
Interest expense	64	4,157		139,828		228,779		221,563		195,961
Preferred dividends of a subsidiary trust	•	7,854		19,500		19,500		19,500		18,206
Other (income) expense, net	(4	4,906)		8,321	_	(1,836)	_	6,421		(900)
Income (loss) before provision for income taxes, extraordinary items and										
cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		8,297		241,807		301,496		214,550		(101,384)
Provision for income taxes	43	3,499		99,141		125,121	_	91,977		8,102
Income (loss) before extraordinary items and cumulative effect of change										
in accounting principle	34	4,798		142,666		176,375		122,573		(109,486)
Extraordinary items, net (1)	2	1,337						11,317		
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle, net (2)										(288,339)
Net income (loss)	\$ 13	3,461	\$	142,666	\$	176,375	\$	111,256	\$	(397,825)
Pro forma provision for income taxes before extraordinary items (3)	\$ 44	4,386								
Pro forma income before extraordinary items (3)	33	3,911								
Basic earnings (loss) available to common stockholders before extraordinary items and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle										
per share (8)	\$	0.53	\$	2.00	\$	2.48	\$	1.70	\$	(0.98)

Diluted earnings (loss) available to common stockholders before									
extraordinary items and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle									
per share (8)	\$	0.48	\$	1.53	\$	1.89	\$ 1.30	\$	(0.98)
Basic earnings (loss) available to common stockholders per share (4)(5)(8)	\$	0.20	\$	2.00	\$	2.48	\$ 1.54	\$	(4.78)
Diluted earnings (loss) available to common stockholders per share									
(4)(5)(8)	\$	0.18	\$	1.53	\$	1.89	\$ 1.18	\$	(4.78)
Other financial data:									
Depreciation and amortization	\$	211,158	\$	343,508	\$	414,432	\$ 427,726	\$	384,849
Dividends on common stock									

D	ece	m	he	r	3

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
		(d			
Balance sheet data:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,410	\$ 23,811	\$ 34,384	\$ 27,326	\$ 19,231
Rental equipment, net	1,143,006	1,659,733	1,732,835	1,747,182	1,845,675
Goodwill, net (6)	922,065	1,853,279	2,215,532	2,199,774	1,705,191
Total assets	2,634,663	4,497,738	5,123,933	5,061,516	4,690,557
Total debt	1,314,574	2,266,148	2,675,367	2,459,522	2,512,798
Company-obligated mandatorily redeemable convertible					
preferred securities of a subsidiary trust	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000	226,550
Series A and B preferred stock (7)		430,800	430,800		
Stockholders equity	726,230	966,686	1,115,143	1,625,510	1,331,505

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- (1) The charge in 1998 resulted from the early extinguishment of certain debt and primarily reflected prepayment penalties. The charge in 2001 resulted from the refinancing of certain debt and primarily reflected the write-off of deferred financing fees.
- (2) The cumulative effect of change in accounting principle in 2002 resulted from a goodwill impairment charge recognized upon the adoption of a new accounting standard. See Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Changes in Accounting Treatment for Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Note 4 to the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Report.
- (3) A company that we acquired in a pooling-of-interests transaction was taxed as a Subchapter S Corporation until being acquired by us in 1998. In general, the income or loss of a Subchapter S Corporation is passed through to its owners rather than being subjected to taxes at the entity level. Pro forma provision for income taxes before extraordinary items and pro forma income before extraordinary items reflect a provision for income taxes as if such company was liable for federal and state income taxes as a taxable corporate entity for all periods presented.
- (4) During 2002, we repurchased a portion of the preferred securities issued in 1998 by a subsidiary trust of United Rentals, Inc., at a repurchase price that was below the aggregate liquidation preference of the repurchased securities. See Managements Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Certain Information Concerning Trust Preferred Securities. In accordance with applicable accounting standards, the gain associated with these repurchase transactions is reflected in our earnings (loss) per share calculation, but is not otherwise reflected on our statement of operations. The gain associated with these repurchase transactions caused the amount of our net loss per share in 2002 to be \$0.47 less than it would have been had this gain not been included in our earnings (loss) per share calculation. For additional information concerning our earnings (loss) per share calculation, see Note 14 to the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Report.
- (5) Our earnings during 1998 were impacted by merger-related expenses of \$47.2 million (\$33.2 million net of tax or \$0.45 per diluted share), a \$4.8 million (\$0.07 per diluted share) charge to recognize deferred tax liabilities of a company acquired in a pooling-of-interests transaction and an extraordinary item (net of tax) of \$21.3 million (\$0.30 per diluted share). Our earnings during 1999 were impacted by \$18.2 million (\$10.8 million net of tax or \$0.12 per diluted share) of expenses incurred related to a terminated tender offer. Our earnings during 2001 were impacted by a restructuring charge of \$28.9 million (\$19.2 million net of tax or \$0.20 per diluted share), a \$7.8 million (\$5.2 million net of tax or \$0.06 per diluted share) charge, recorded in other expense, relating to refinancing costs of a synthetic lease and an extraordinary item (net of tax) of \$11.3 million (\$0.12 per diluted share). Our earnings during 2002 were impacted by a restructuring charge of \$28.3 million (\$17.3 million net of tax or \$0.23 per share), a \$247.9 million goodwill impairment charge (\$198.8 million net of tax or \$2.62 per share), a \$1.6 million charge (\$0.9 million net of tax or \$0.01 per share) recorded in other expense relating to refinancing costs, and a cumulative effect of change in accounting principle (net of tax) of \$288.3 million (\$3.80 per share).
- (6) Goodwill is defined as the excess of cost over the fair value of identifiable net assets of businesses acquired. Until January 1, 2002, goodwill was being amortized on a straight-line basis over forty years. Beginning January 1, 2002, in accordance with the adoption of a new accounting standard, goodwill was no longer amortized. See Item 7 Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Changes in Accounting Treatment for Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Note 4 to the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Report.
- (7) We issued series A and B perpetual convertible preferred stock in 1999 and included such preferred stock in stockholders equity. In July 2001, the SEC issued guidance to all public companies as to when redeemable preferred stock may be classified as stockholders equity. Under this guidance, the series A and B preferred would not be included in stockholders equity because this stock would be subject to mandatory redemption on a hostile change of control. On September 28, 2001, we entered into an agreement effecting the exchange of new series C and D perpetual convertible preferred stock for the series A and B preferred. The series C and D preferred is not subject to mandatory redemption on a hostile change of control, and is included in stockholders equity under the recent SEC guidance. The effect of the foregoing is that our perpetual convertible preferred stock is included in stockholders equity as of September 28, 2001 and thereafter, but is outside of stockholders equity for earlier dates.
- (8) The 2002 per share amounts have been restated. For additional information concerning our earnings (loss) per share calculation, see Note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Report.

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### Item 7. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

#### General

We are the largest equipment rental company in the world. Our revenues are divided into three categories:

*Equipment rentals* This category includes our revenues from renting equipment. This category also includes related revenues such as the fees we charge for equipment delivery, fuel, repair of rental equipment and damage waivers.

Sales of rental equipment This category includes our revenues from the sale of used rental equipment.

Sales of equipment and merchandise and other revenues This category principally includes our revenues from the following sources: (i) the sale of new equipment, (ii) the sale of supplies and merchandise, (iii) repair services and the sale of parts for equipment owned by customers, and (iv) the operations of our subsidiary that develops and markets software for use by equipment rental companies in managing and operating multiple branch locations.

Our cost of operations consists primarily of: (i) depreciation costs relating to the rental equipment that we own and lease payments for the rental equipment that we hold under operating leases, (ii) the cost of repairing and maintaining rental equipment, (iii) the cost of the items that we sell including new and used equipment and related parts, merchandise and supplies and (iv) personnel costs, occupancy costs and supply costs.

We record rental equipment expenditures at cost and depreciate equipment using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life (which ranges from two to ten years), after giving effect to an estimated salvage value of 0% to 10% of cost.

Selling, general and administrative expenses primarily include sales commissions, bad debt expense, advertising and marketing expenses, management salaries, and clerical and administrative overhead.

Non-rental depreciation and amortization includes (i) depreciation expense associated with equipment that is not offered for rent (such as vehicles, computers and office equipment) and amortization expense associated with leasehold improvements, (ii) the amortization of deferred financing costs and (iii) the amortization of other intangible assets. Our other intangible assets consist of non-compete agreements. As described below, effective January 1, 2002, we no longer amortize goodwill.

We completed acquisitions in each of 2000, 2001 and 2002. See Note 3 to the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Report. In view of the fact that our operating results for these years were affected by acquisitions, we believe that our results for these periods are not directly comparable.

### Change in Accounting Treatment for Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Effective January 1, 2002, we adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets issued by the Financial Accountants Standards Board (FASB). Under this standard, our goodwill, which we previously amortized over 40 years, is no longer amortized. We amortized approximately \$58.4 million of goodwill in 2001. Our approximately \$17.0 million of other intangible assets will continue to be amortized over their estimated useful lives. Under the new accounting standard, we are required to periodically review our goodwill for impairment. In general, this means that we must determine whether the fair value of the goodwill, calculated in accordance with applicable accounting standards, is at least equal to the recorded value shown on our balance sheet. If the fair value of the goodwill is less than the recorded value, we are required to write off the excess goodwill as an expense.

We completed our initial impairment analysis in the first quarter of 2002 and recorded a non-cash charge of approximately \$348.9 million (\$288.3 million, net of tax). We completed a subsequent impairment analysis in the fourth quarter of 2002 and recorded an additional non-cash impairment charge of approximately

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\$247.9 million (\$198.8 million, net of tax). The first impairment charge, net of tax benefit, was recorded on our statement of operations as a Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle. This charge appears below the operating income line and, accordingly, does not impact operating income. The second impairment charge was recorded on our statement of operations as goodwill impairment. This charge appears above the operating income line and, accordingly, does impact operating income. Our stockholders equity was reduced by the amount of both charges.

We will be required to review our goodwill for further impairment at least annually. Any future goodwill impairment charge would be recorded on our statement of operations as goodwill impairment and would reduce operating income.

We test for goodwill impairment on a branch-by-branch basis rather than on an aggregate basis. This means that a goodwill write-off is required even if only one or a limited number of our branches has impairment and even if there is no impairment for all our branches on an aggregate basis. Factors that may cause future impairment at a particular branch, in addition to macroeconomic factors that affect all our branches, include changes in local demand and local competitive conditions. The fact that we test for impairment on a branch-by-branch basis increases the likelihood that we will be required to take additional non-cash goodwill write-offs in the future, although we cannot quantify at this time the magnitude of any future write-offs.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

We prepare our financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. A summary of our significant accounting policies is contained in Note 2 to the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Report. In applying many accounting principles, we need to make assumptions, estimates and/or judgments. These assumptions, estimates and judgments are often subjective and may change based on changing circumstances or changes in our analysis. Material changes in these assumptions, estimates and judgments have the potential to materially alter our results of operations. We have identified below those of our accounting policies that we believe could potentially produce materially different results were we to change underlying assumptions, estimates and judgments.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts. We maintain allowances for doubtful accounts. These allowances reflect our estimate of the amount of our receivables that we will be unable to collect. Our estimate could require change based on changing circumstances, including changes in the economy or in the particular circumstances of individual customers. Accordingly, we may be required to increase or decrease our allowance.

Useful Lives of Rental Equipment and Property and Equipment. We depreciate rental equipment and property and equipment over their estimated useful lives, after giving effect to an estimated salvage value of 0% to 10% of cost. The useful life of an asset is determined based on our estimate of the period the asset will generate revenues, and the salvage value is determined based on our estimate of the minimum value we could realize from the asset after such period. We may be required to change these estimates based on changes in our industry or other changing circumstances. If these estimates change in the future, we may be required to recognize increased or decreased depreciation expense for these assets.

Impairment of Goodwill. As described above, we must periodically determine whether the fair value of our goodwill is at least equal to the recorded value shown on our balance sheet. See Change in Accounting Treatment for Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. We must make estimates and assumptions in evaluating the fair value of goodwill. We may be required to change these estimates and assumptions based on changes in economic conditions, changes in our business prospects or other changing circumstances. If these estimates change in the future, we may be required to record additional impairment charges for goodwill.

*Impairment of Long-Lived Assets.* We review the valuation of our long-lived assets on an ongoing basis and assess the carrying value of such assets if facts and circumstances suggest they may be impaired. If this

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review indicates that the carrying value of these assets may not be recoverable, then the carrying value is reduced to its estimated fair value. The determination of recoverability is based upon a nondiscounted cash flow analysis over the asset s remaining useful life. We must make estimates and assumptions when applying the nondiscounted cash flow analysis. These estimates and assumptions may prove to be inaccurate due to factors such as changes in economic conditions, changes in our business prospects or other changing circumstances. If these estimates change in the future, we may be required to recognize write-downs on our long-lived assets.

*Restructuring.* During 2002 and 2001, we recorded reserves in connection with the restructuring plans described below. These reserves include estimates pertaining to workforce reduction costs and costs of vacating facilities and related settlements of contractual obligations. Although we do not anticipate significant changes, the actual costs may differ from these estimates and we may be required to record additional expense not previously recorded.

### Restructuring Plans in 2001 and 2002

We adopted a restructuring plan in April 2001 and a second restructuring plan in October 2002 as described below. These plans were adopted in response to adverse changes in economic conditions and in branch performance in certain of our markets. In connection with these plans, we recorded a restructuring charge of \$28.9 million in 2001 (including a non-cash component of approximately \$10.9 million) and \$28.3 million in the fourth quarter of 2002 (including a non-cash component of approximately \$2.5 million).

The 2001 plan involved the following principal elements: (i) 31 underperforming branches and five administrative offices were closed or consolidated with other locations, (ii) the reduction of our workforce by 489 through the termination of branch and administrative personnel, and (iii) certain information technology hardware and software was no longer used.

The 2002 plan involved the following key elements: (i) 42 underperforming branches and five administrative offices will be closed or consolidated with other locations (including 26 closed or consolidated as of December 31, 2002); (ii) our workforce will be reduced by 412 (including 232 terminated as of December 31, 2002), and (iii) a certain information technology project was abandoned. We expect to close or consolidate the remainder of the branches and complete the workforce reduction during 2003.

The aggregate annual revenues from the 42 branches that are being eliminated as part of the 2002 restructuring amounted to approximately \$80 million. We estimate that we will retain a substantial portion of these revenues because we expect to: (i) redeploy most of the rental equipment of the eliminated branches to other branches that we project will be able to use this equipment to increase revenues and (ii) shift a portion of the customer base of the eliminated branches to other locations. We cannot, however, be certain that redeployed equipment will generate increased revenues in line with our projections or that we will not lose more customers than we expect. Assuming that the retained revenues are in line with our estimate, we project that the net savings from the 2002 restructuring will increase our annual operating income by about \$20 million.

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The table below provides certain information concerning our restructuring charges. For additional information, see Note 5 to the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere herein.

Components of	Balance					_	
Restructuring Charge	December 31, 2001(1)	Amount	of 2002 Charge	Activit	y in 2002(2)	_	Balance er 31, 2002(3)
			(in th	nousands)			
Costs to vacate facilities(4)	\$ 3,538	\$	24,569	\$	5,849	\$	22,258
Workforce reduction costs(5)	2,055		2,776		1,369		3,462
Information technology costs(6)	1,417		917		939		1,395
Total	\$ 7,010	\$	28,262	\$	8,157	\$	27,115

- (1) Represents the cash component of the 2001 charge that had not been paid as of December 31, 2001.
- (2) Represents (i) the non-cash component of the 2002 charge that relates to the elements of the 2002 restructuring plan that were implemented through the end of 2002 and (ii) the cash components of the 2001 and 2002 charges that were paid in 2002.
- (3) Represents (i) the non-cash component of the 2002 charge that relates to the elements of the 2002 restructuring plan that will be implemented after 2002 and (ii) the cash components of the 2001 and 2002 charges that were not paid as of December 31, 2002.
- (4) These costs primarily represent (i) payment of obligations under leases offset by estimated sublease opportunities, (ii) the write-off of capital improvements made to such facilities and (iii) the write-off of related goodwill (only in 2001).
- (5) These costs primarily represent severance.
- (6) These costs primarily represent the abandonment of certain information technology projects and the payment of obligations under equipment leases relating to such projects.

As indicated in table above, the aggregate balance of the 2001 and 2002 charges was \$27.1 million as of December 31, 2002. We estimate that approximately \$13.4 million of the remaining 2001 and 2002 charges will be incurred by December 31, 2003 (comprised of approximately \$12.4 million of the cash component and approximately \$1.0 million of the non-cash component) and approximately \$13.7 million in future periods. These payments will not affect our future earnings because the charges associated with these payments have already been recorded in our 2002 or 2001 results. We expect to make these payments with cash from our operations.

### **Debt Refinancings and Extraordinary Item**

We refinanced approximately \$199.4 million of indebtedness in December 2002. In connection with this transaction, we recorded a \$1.6 million charge (\$0.9 million, net of tax) for the write-off of deferred financing fees attributable to the debt that was refinanced. For additional information concerning this transaction, see Liquidity and Capital Resources Financing Transaction in 2002.

We refinanced an aggregate of \$1,695.7 million of indebtedness and other obligations in April 2001. In connection with this transaction, we recorded the following charges: (i) a pre-tax extraordinary charge of \$18.1 million (\$11.3 million, net of tax) that relates to the refinancing of indebtedness and primarily reflects the write-off of deferred financing fees attributable to the debt that was refinanced and (ii) a pre-tax charge of \$7.8 million (\$5.2 million, net of tax) that is recorded in other (income) expense, net, and relates to the refinancing of a synthetic lease.

### **Results of Operations**

## Overview of 2002 Results

Our results in 2002 were hurt by the \$505.4 million of after-tax charges for non-cash goodwill write-offs and restructuring and refinancing costs described above. These charges are the reason that we ended the year with a net loss of \$397.8 million.

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If you exclude the charges described above in both 2002 and 2001, then we would have had income, as adjusted, of \$107.6 million in 2002, representing a 26.8% decrease from \$147.0 million in 2001. The table below reconciles our net income (loss) to our income, as adjusted, to exclude specified charges. We provide this as adjusted data because we believe that an analysis of such data, in conjunction with an analysis of the GAAP data, may be useful to investors in understanding our 2002 results.

	2002	2001
	(in thou	ısands)
Net income (loss)	\$ (397,825)	\$ 111,256
Plus:		
Restructuring charge, net of tax	17,343	19,233
Goodwill impairment charge, net of tax	198,826	
Refinancing costs, net of tax	932	5,204
Extraordinary item, net of tax		11,317
Cumulative effect of accounting change (related to goodwill impairment), net of tax	288,339	
Income, as adjusted	\$ 107,615	\$ 147,010

Private non-residential construction declined by 16% in 2002, according to Department of Commerce data. This reduced demand for our equipment and put downward pressure on rental rates and on used equipment prices. Our rental rates were down 4.8% and 5.2% for full-year and fourth-quarter 2002, respectively, on a year-over-year basis. The decrease in rental rates was partially offset by a 2.1% increase in the volume of rental transactions at locations open more than one year and by revenues attributable to new locations, partially offset by locations closed or consolidated. The net effect was that our total revenues for the year decreased 2.2% to \$2,821.0 million and our same-store rental revenues decreased 2.7%.

The decrease in rental rates and used equipment prices and, to a lesser extent, increases in certain operating costs hurt our gross profit margins. Our gross profit margin from rentals decreased to 32.1% in 2002 from 37.9% in 2001, and our gross profit margin from sales of used rental equipment decreased to 33.7% in 2002 from 39.7% in 2001. On an overall basis our gross profit margin declined to 31.4% in 2002 from 36.0% in 2001.

Our lower revenues and gross profit margins in 2002 are the principal factors that caused income, as adjusted, to decrease to \$107.6 in 2002 from \$147.0 in 2001. These negative factors were partially offset by the elimination of goodwill amortization in 2002 as described above, which added approximately \$36.6 million to our 2002 income, as adjusted.

While income was down in 2002, we maintained ample liquidity. We generated cash flow of \$694.1 million, which included \$517.9 million from operations and the balance from the sale of used rental equipment. We used \$492.3 million of this cash to invest in our rental fleet. At year-end, we had \$45.3 million drawn under our revolving credit facility, leaving us with \$493.1 million of available borrowing capacity on this facility after taking into account letters of credit.

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#### **Additional Information**

Years Ended December 31, 2002 and 2001

*Revenues.* We had total revenues of \$2,821.0 million in 2002, representing a decrease of 2.2% from total revenues of \$2,886.6 million in 2001. The different components of our revenues are discussed below:

1. *Equipment Rentals*. Our revenues from equipment rentals were \$2,154.7 million in 2002, representing a decrease of 2.6% from \$2,212.9 million in 2001. These revenues accounted for 76.4% of our total revenues in 2002 compared with 76.7% of our total revenues in 2001. The decrease in rental revenues principally reflected the following:

Our rental revenues from locations open more than one year, or same store rental revenues, decreased by approximately 2.7%. This decrease reflected a decrease in rental rates, which was partially offset by a 2.1% increase in the volume of rental transactions. The decrease in rental rates was 4.8% for full year 2002 and 5.2% for the fourth quarter of 2002 on a year-over-year basis. The decrease in rental rates principally reflected continued weakness in non-residential construction spending.

The decrease in same store rental revenues was partially offset by additional revenues attributable to new locations that we acquired or opened. These additional revenues, net of revenues lost due to locations sold or closed, caused our overall decline in rental revenues to be 0.1 percentage points less than it would otherwise have been.

- 2. Sales of Rental Equipment. Our revenues from the sale of rental equipment were \$176.2 million in 2002, representing an increase of 19.8% from \$147.1 million in 2001. These revenues accounted for 6.2% of our total revenues in 2002 compared with 5.1% of our total revenues in 2001. The increase in these revenues in 2002 reflected an increase in volume partially offset by weaker pricing.
- 3. Sales of Equipment and Merchandise and Other Revenues. Our revenues from sale of equipment and merchandise and other revenues were \$490.1 million in 2002, representing a decrease of 6.9% from \$526.6 million in 2001. These revenues accounted for 17.4% of our total revenues in 2002 compared with 18.2% of our total revenues in 2001. The decrease in these revenues in 2002 principally reflected a decrease in the volume of new equipment sales.

*Gross Profit.* Gross profit decreased to \$886.3 million in 2002 from \$1,039.5 million in 2001. This decrease reflected the decrease in total revenues discussed above, as well as the decrease in gross profit margin described below from equipment rental and the sale of rental equipment. Information concerning our gross profit margin by source of revenue is set forth below:

1. *Equipment Rentals.* Our gross profit margin from equipment rental revenues was 32.1% in 2002 and 37.9% in 2001. The decrease in 2002 principally reflected the decrease in rental rates described above and, to a lesser extent, higher costs related to employee benefits, fleet maintenance and delivery, and facilities.

- 2. *Sales of Rental Equipment.* Our gross profit margin from sales of rental equipment was 33.7% in 2002 and 39.7% in 2001. The decrease in 2002 primarily reflected continued price weakness in the used equipment market.
- 3. Sales of Equipment and Merchandise and Other Revenues. Our gross profit margin from sales of equipment and merchandise and other revenues was 27.6% in 2002 and 27.1% in 2001. The increase in the gross profit margin in 2002 primarily reflected better margins for our service revenue.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) were \$438.9 million, or 15.6% of total revenues, during 2002 and \$441.8 million, or 15.3% of total revenues,

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during 2001. Our bad debt expense, which is a component of SG&A, was approximately \$9.5 million higher in 2002 than in 2001, primarily reflecting an increase in our allowance for doubtful accounts. Without this increase in bad debt expense, our SG&A as a percentage of revenues would have decreased to 15.2% of total revenues in 2002 from 15.6% in 2001. This decrease in SG&A, excluding the change in bad debt expense, primarily reflected our ongoing efforts at cutting costs, including reducing the number of administrative personnel, reducing discretionary expenditures and consolidating certain credit and collection facilities.

Goodwill Impairment. We recorded a goodwill impairment charge of \$247.9 million in the fourth quarter of 2002. See Change in Accounting Treatment for Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets for additional information.

Restructuring Charge. We recorded a restructuring charge of \$28.3 million in 2002 and \$28.9 million in 2001. See Restructuring Plans in 2002 and 2001 for additional information.

Non-rental Depreciation and Amortization. Non-rental depreciation and amortization was \$59.3 million, or 2.1% of total revenues, in 2002 and \$106.8 million, or 3.7% of total revenues, in 2001. This decrease was primarily attributable to a new accounting standard (discussed above under Change in Accounting Treatment For Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets ) which eliminated the amortization of goodwill effective January 1, 2002. If goodwill amortization had been eliminated in 2001, then non-rental depreciation and amortization would have been \$48.5 million, or 1.7% of total revenues, in 2001. The increase in non-rental depreciation and amortization in 2002 as compared to the amount in 2001, after eliminating goodwill amortization, primarily reflected an increase in our non-rental assets such as facilities and transportation equipment.

*Operating Income.* We recorded operating income of \$111.9 million in 2002 compared with operating income of \$462.0 million in 2001. The principal reason for the decrease in 2002 was the \$247.9 million non-cash goodwill impairment charge that we recorded in 2002. However, after excluding that charge our operating income was still lower by approximately \$102.2 million from the 2001 level. The principal reason for this decrease was the declines in revenues and gross profit described above. The adverse effects of these factors were partially offset by the decrease in non-rental depreciation and amortization described above.

Interest Expense. Interest expense decreased to \$196.0 million in 2002 from \$221.6 million in 2001. This decrease primarily reflected lower interest rates on our variable rate debt.

Preferred Dividends of a Subsidiary Trust. Preferred dividends of a subsidiary trust were \$18.2 million during 2002 as compared to \$19.5 million during 2001. The decrease in 2002 reflects our repurchase of a portion of our outstanding trust preferred securities.

Other (Income) Expense. Other income was \$0.9 million in 2002 compared with other expense of \$6.4 million in 2001. The other income in 2002 was primarily attributable to the favorable settlement of a lawsuit for net proceeds of \$4.0 million, partially offset by other charges including the write-off of \$1.6 million of deferred financing fees as described above. The other expense in 2001 was primarily attributable to a \$7.8 million charge relating to the refinancing of a synthetic lease as described above. See Debt Refinancings and Extraordinary Item.

*Income Taxes*. Income taxes were \$8.1 million in 2002 compared with \$92.0 million in 2001. Although we had a loss in 2002, we recorded income tax expense because a portion of our \$247.9 million goodwill impairment charge was not deductible for federal income tax purposes. If you exclude the goodwill impairment charge in calculating our income, then our effective tax rate in 2002 would have been 39.0% compared with 42.9% in 2001. The decrease in such effective rate in 2002 reflects the elimination of goodwill amortization in 2002 and the

non-deductibility for income tax purposes of certain costs included in the 2001 restructuring charge.

*Income (Loss) Before Extraordinary Item and Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle.* We had a loss before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle of \$109.5 million in

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2002 compared with income before extraordinary item of \$122.6 million in 2001. The loss in 2002 principally reflects the decrease in operating income described above.

Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle. As described under Change in Accounting Treatment for Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, we recorded an amount of \$288.3 million, net of tax, for impairment of goodwill as part of our transitional impairment test upon the adoption of SFAS No. 142.

### Years Ended December 31, 2001 and 2000

*Revenues*. We had total revenues of \$2,886.6 million in 2001, representing a decrease of 1.1% from total revenues of \$2,918.9 million in 2000. The different components of our revenues are discussed below:

1. *Equipment Rentals.* Our revenues from equipment rentals were \$2,212.9 million 2001, representing an increase of 7.6% from \$2,056.7 million in 2000. These revenues accounted for 76.7% of our total revenues in 2001 compared with 70.5% of our total revenues in 2000. The increase in rental revenues reflected the following:

We increased our revenues at locations open more than one year. This increase accounted for approximately 5.6 percentage points of the total increase of 7.6%. The increase in revenues at these locations was due to an increase in the volume of transactions, which was more than sufficient to offset a decline in rental rates. Rental rates for 2001 were down 0.8% compared to 2000.

We also had additional revenues because we added new rental locations through start-ups and acquisitions. These additional revenues, net of revenues lost due to locations sold or closed, accounted for approximately 2.0 percentage points of the total increase of 7.6%.

- 2. Sales of Rental Equipment. Our revenues from the sale of rental equipment were \$147.1 million in 2001, representing a decrease of 57.7% from \$347.7 million in 2000. These revenues accounted for 5.1% of our total revenues in 2001 compared with 11.9% of our total revenues in 2000. This decrease principally reflected our decision to slow investment in new equipment and hold existing equipment longer during a recessionary environment.
- 3. Sales of Equipment and Merchandise and Other Revenues. Our revenues from sale of equipment and merchandise and other revenues were \$526.6 million in 2001, representing an increase of 2.4% from \$514.5 million in 2000. These revenues accounted for 18.2% of our total revenues in 2001 compared with 17.6% of our total revenues in 2000. The 2.4% increase in sales of equipment and merchandise and other revenues was attributable to the increase in the volume of transactions.

*Gross Profit.* Gross profit decreased to \$1,039.5 million in 2001 from \$1,088.6 million in 2000. This decrease reflected the decrease in total revenues discussed above, as well as the decrease in gross profit margin described below from equipment rental and the sales of rental equipment. Information concerning our gross profit margin by source of revenue is set forth below:

- 1. *Equipment Rentals*. Our gross profit margin from equipment rental revenues was 37.9% in 2001 and 39.9% in 2000. The decrease in 2001 principally reflected: (i) an increase in our cost of equipment rental, which was principally attributable to an increase in the amount of equipment that we hold under operating leases rather than owning, and (ii) the decrease in rental rates described above.
- 2. Sales of Rental Equipment. Our gross profit margin from the sales of rental equipment was 39.7% in 2001 and 40.1% in 2000. This decrease was primarily the result of modest price declines in some geographic areas.
- 3. Sales of Equipment and Merchandise and Other Revenues. Our gross profit margin from sales of equipment and merchandise and other revenues was 27.1% in 2001 and 24.9% in 2000. The increase in the gross profit margin in 2001 primarily reflected: (i) lower costs resulting from our ongoing efforts to consolidate

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our suppliers and further capitalize on our purchasing power and (ii) a shift in mix which resulted in more of our sales being attributable to higher margin areas such as providing services and merchandise sales.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. SG&A was \$441.8 million, or 15.3% of total revenues, during 2001 and \$454.3 million, or 15.6% of total revenues, during 2000. The decrease in SG&A in 2001 primarily reflected cost-cutting measures that we have taken, including reducing the number of administrative personnel, reducing discretionary expenditures and consolidating certain credit and collection facilities.

Restructuring Charge. We recorded a restructuring charge of \$28.9 million in 2001. See Restructuring Plans in 2001 and 2002 for additional information.

*Non-rental Depreciation and Amortization.* Non-rental depreciation and amortization was \$106.8 million, or 3.7% of total revenues, in 2001 and \$86.3 million, or 3.0% of total revenues, in 2000. The increase in the dollar amount of non-rental depreciation and amortization in 2001 primarily reflected (i) the amortization of goodwill attributable to acquisitions completed during 2000 and (ii) additional non-rental vehicles which generally have shorter useful lives.

*Operating Income.* We recorded operating income of \$462.0 million in 2001 compared with operating income of \$547.9 million in 2000. The principal reason for the decrease in 2001 was the \$28.9 million restructuring charge and the decrease in revenues from the sale of rental equipment described above.

Interest Expense. Interest expense decreased to \$221.6 million in 2001 from \$228.8 million in 2000. This decrease primarily reflected lower interest rates on our variable rate debt.

Preferred Dividends of a Subsidiary Trust. During 2001 and 2000, preferred dividends of a subsidiary trust were \$19.5 million.

Other (Income) Expense. Other expense was \$6.4 million in 2001 compared with other income of \$1.8 million in 2000. The increase in other expense in 2001 was primarily attributable to the \$7.8 million charge we incurred relating to the refinancing costs of a synthetic lease as described under

Debt Refinancings and Extraordinary Item.

*Income Taxes.* Income taxes were \$92.0 million, or an effective rate of 42.9%, in 2001 compared to \$125.1 million, or an effective rate of 41.5%, in 2000. The increase in the effective rate in 2001 was primarily attributable to the non-deductibility for income tax purposes of certain costs included in the restructuring charge.

*Income Before Extraordinary Item.* We had income before extraordinary item of \$122.6 million in 2001 compared with income before extraordinary item of \$176.4 million in 2000. The decrease in 2001 principally reflected the decrease in operating income and the \$6.4 million of other expense described above.

Extraordinary Item. We recorded an extraordinary charge of \$18.1 million (\$11.3 million, net of tax) in 2001. See Debt Refinancings and Extraordinary Item for additional information.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources** 

Financing Transaction in 2002

In December 2002, we sold \$210.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 10 ¾% Senior Notes Due 2008. The gross proceeds to us from the sale of the notes were approximately \$203.8 million and the net proceeds were approximately \$199.4 million (after deducting the initial purchasers discount and offering expenses). These new notes are unsecured and were issued by United Rentals (North America), Inc. (URI), a wholly owned subsidiary of United Rentals, Inc. (Holdings) and are guaranteed by Holdings and, subject to limited exceptions, our domestic subsidiaries. We used the net proceeds to (i) permanently repay approximately

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\$99.7 million of outstanding indebtedness under our existing term loan and (ii) repay approximately \$99.7 million of outstanding borrowings under our revolving credit facility. For additional information concerning this transaction, see note 9 to our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this report.

In connection with the offering of the notes, we amended the agreement governing our existing term loan and revolving credit facility to, among other things, (i) provide us with greater flexibility in maintaining or satisfying certain financial ratios and tests required thereunder through the end of 2004 and (ii) reduce the maximum borrowing available under our revolving credit facility from \$750 million to \$650 million.

### Certain Balance Sheet Changes

The decrease in goodwill at December 31, 2002 as compared to December 31, 2001 was primarily attributable to the write-offs of goodwill as a result of the adoption of SFAS No. 142 as further described under. Change in Accounting Treatment for Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. The decrease in deferred taxes at December 31, 2002 as compared to December 31, 2001 was primarily attributable to the tax effects of the goodwill write-off and the exercise of stock options in 2002. The decrease in retained earnings and stockholders equity at December 31, 2002 as compared to December 31, 2001, reflects our net loss in 2002. The increase in additional paid-in capital at December 31, 2002 as compared to December 31, 2001 was primarily attributable to: (i) the issuance of additional shares upon the exercise of stock options and restricted stock, partially offset by common stock repurchased and retired, and (ii) the repurchase of 1,469,000 shares of our Company-obligated mandatorily redeemable convertible preferred securities at a price less than their liquidation preference.

### Sources and Uses of Cash

During 2002, we (i) generated cash from operations of \$517.9 million, (ii) generated cash from the sale of rental equipment of \$176.2 million, (iii) received cash of \$63.8 million from the issuance of common stock for the exercise of stock options and (iv) obtained cash from borrowings, net of repayments, of approximately \$16.6 million. We used cash during this period principally to (i) pay consideration for acquisitions (\$172.6 million), (ii) purchase rental equipment (\$492.3 million), (iii) purchase other property and equipment (\$38.6 million), (iv) purchase and retire shares of our outstanding common stock (\$26.7 million), and (v) repurchase and retire shares of our convertible preferred securities (\$38.1 million).

#### Certain Information Concerning Our Credit Facility

Our revolving credit facility enables United Rentals (North America), Inc. (URI), our wholly owned subsidiary, to borrow up to \$650 million on a revolving basis and enables one of URI s Canadian subsidiaries to borrow up to \$50 million (provided that the aggregate borrowings of URI and the Canadian subsidiary may not exceed \$650 million). Up to \$175 million of the revolving credit facility is available in the form of letters of credit. The revolving credit facility will mature and terminate on October 20, 2006.

As of December 31, 2002, borrowings under the revolving credit facility by URI accrue interest, at our option, at either (A) the ABR Rate (which is equal to the greater of (i) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.5% or (ii) the Chase Manhattan Bank s prime rate) plus a margin of 1.50% or (B) an adjusted LIBOR rate plus a margin of 2.50%. The above interest rate margins are adjusted quarterly based on our financial leverage ratio, up to maximum margins of 1.75% and 2.75%, for revolving loans based on the ABR rate and the adjusted LIBOR rate, respectively, and down to minimum margins of 0.75% and 1.75%, for revolving loans based on the ABR rate and the adjusted LIBOR rate, respectively. If at any time

an event of default exists, the interest rate applicable to each loan will increase by 2% per annum. We are also required to pay the lenders a commitment fee equal to 0.5% per annum in respect of undrawn commitments under the revolving credit facility.

### Certain Information Concerning Receivables Securitization

We have an accounts receivable securitization facility under which one of our subsidiaries can borrow up to \$250 million against a collateral pool of accounts receivable. The borrowings under the facility and the

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receivables in the collateral pool are included in the liabilities and assets, respectively, reflected on our consolidated balance sheet. Key terms of this facility include:

borrowings may be made only to the extent that the face amount of the receivables in the collateral pool exceeds the outstanding loans by a specified amount;

the facility is structured so that the receivables in the collateral pool are the lenders only source of repayment;

prior to expiration or early termination of the facility, amounts collected on the receivables may, subject to certain conditions, be retained by the borrower, provided that the remaining receivables in the collateral pool are sufficient to secure the then outstanding borrowings; and

after expiration or early termination of the facility, we will repay the borrowings

As of December 31, 2002, (i) the outstanding borrowings under the facility were approximately \$160.5 million and (ii) the aggregate face amount of the receivables in the collateral pool was approximately \$346.8 million. The agreement governing this facility, which was amended in June 2001, contemplates that the term of the facility may extend for up to three years from the date of the amended facility. However, on each anniversary of such date, the consent of the lender is required for the facility to renew for the next year. The next anniversary date is in June 2003. We plan to seek the lenders approval for renewal or, alternatively, seek to obtain a new facility. The lenders under this facility may, at their option, terminate the facility in the event that our long-term senior secured debt securities are at any time rated B+ or below by Standard & Poor s Rating Services or B1 or below by Moody s Investor Service.

### Cash Requirements Related to Operations

Our principal existing sources of cash are cash generated from operations and from the sale of rental equipment and borrowings available under our revolving credit facility. As of March 11, 2003, we had \$459.1 million of borrowing capacity available under our \$650 million revolving credit facility (reflecting outstanding loans of approximately \$48.1 million and outstanding letters of credit in the amount of approximately \$142.8 million). We believe that our existing sources of cash will be sufficient to support our existing operations over the next 12 months.

We expect that our principal needs for cash relating to our existing operations over the next 12 months will be to fund (i) operating activities and working capital, (ii) the purchase of rental equipment and inventory items offered for sale, (iii) payments due under operating leases, (iv) debt service, and (v) costs relating to our restructuring plans. We plan to fund such cash requirements relating to our existing operations from our existing sources of cash described above. In addition, we plan to seek additional financing through the securitization of some of our equipment. For information on the scheduled principal payments coming due on our outstanding debt and on the payments coming due under our existing operating leases, see Certain Information Concerning Contractual Obligations.

The amount of our future capital expenditures will depend on a number of factors, including general economic conditions and growth prospects. Based on current conditions, we estimate that capital expenditures for the year 2003 will be approximately \$350 million for our existing operations. These expenditures are comprised of approximately \$300 million of expenditures to replace rental equipment sold and \$50 million of expenditures for the purchase of non-rental equipment. We expect that we will fund such expenditures from proceeds from the sale of used equipment, cash generated from operations and, if required, borrowings available under our revolving credit facility.

We plan to increase the weighted average age of our fleet, which is approximately 36 months, to 42 months by the end of 2003. Over the longer term we may further increase the average age of our fleet to about 45 months. This plan reflects our belief that the optimum age of our fleet is somewhat higher than where it is today. In estimating the optimum age of our fleet, we have taken into account a number of factors, including our current estimates regarding the relationship between age and reliability and maintenance costs and the capital

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expenditures required to maintain the fleet at a particular age. We will continue to evaluate these factors and, if our estimates prove inaccurate, may modify our plan.

While emphasizing internal growth, we may also continue to expand through a disciplined acquisition program. We will consider potential transactions of varying size and may, on a selective basis, pursue acquisition or consolidation opportunities involving other public companies or large privately-held companies. We expect to pay for future acquisitions using cash, capital stock, notes and/or assumption of indebtedness. To the extent that our existing sources of cash described above are not sufficient to fund such future acquisitions, we will require additional debt or equity financing and, consequently, our indebtedness may increase or the ownership of existing stockholders may be diluted as we implement our growth strategy.

#### **Certain Information Concerning Contractual Obligations**

The table below provides certain information concerning the payments coming due under certain categories of our existing contractual obligations:

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Thereafter	Total (2)
				(in thousands)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Debt excluding capital leases (1)	\$ 163,300(2)	\$ 6,904	\$ 220	\$ 152,802	\$ 531,563	\$ 1,612,392	\$ 2,467,181
Capital leases (1)	20,119	19,650	5,848				45,617
Operating leases(1):							
Real estate	68,068	63,613	55,650	50,574	46,383	108,093	392,381
Rental equipment	110,642	88,189	82,325	246,719	39,927		567,802
Other equipment	21,873	15,847	5,239	2,063	1,072	357	46,451
Purchase obligations							
Other long-term liabilities							
Total	\$ 384,002	\$ 194,203	\$ 149,282	\$ 452,158	\$ 618,945	\$ 1,720,842	\$ 3,519,432

<sup>(1)</sup> The payments due with respect to a period represent (i) in the case of debt and capital leases, the scheduled principal payments due in such period, and (ii) in the case of operating leases, the minimum lease payments due in such period under non-cancelable operating leases.

### **Certain Information Concerning Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

Restricted Stock. We have granted to employees other than executive officers and directors approximately 1,165,000 shares of restricted stock that contain the following provisions. The shares vest in 2004, 2005 or 2006 or earlier upon a change in control of the Company, death, disability, retirement or certain terminations of employment, and are subject to forfeiture prior to vesting on certain other terminations of employment, the violation of non-compete provisions and certain other events. The grants provide that we will pay to employees who vest in their restricted stock, and who sell their restricted stock within five trading days after vesting, a maximum aggregate amount for all these

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes \$160.5 million that is payable should our accounts receivable securitization facility terminate in 2003. As described under Certain Information Concerning Receivables Securitization, subject to the lenders consent being obtained, the term of this facility may be extended. Extension of the facility in 2003 would reduce the debt payable in 2003 from \$163.3 million to \$2.8 million and increase by a corresponding amount the debt payable in the year during which the extended facility terminates.

employees of: (i) approximately \$300,000 for each dollar by which the per share proceeds of these sales are less than \$27.26 but more than \$15.17; (ii) a maximum aggregate amount for all these employees of approximately \$500,000 for each dollar by which the per share proceeds of these sales

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are less than \$15.17 but more than \$9.18; and (iii) a maximum aggregate amount for all these employees of approximately \$1,165,000 for each dollar by which the per share proceeds of these sales are less than \$9.18.

Operating Leases. We lease real estate, rental equipment and non-rental equipment under operating leases as a regular business activity. As part of many of our equipment operating leases, we guarantee that the value of the equipment at the end of the term will not be less than a specified projected residual value. The use of these guarantees helps to lower our monthly operating lease payments. We believe that the projected residual values are reasonable and, accordingly, that we are not likely to incur material obligations pursuant to such guarantees. However, we cannot be certain that the actual residual values will not turn out to be significantly below the projected values that we guaranteed. Our maximum potential liability under these guarantees is \$231.6 million, which represents the aggregate amount that we would be required to pay if the residual value was zero for all equipment subject to such guarantees. In conformity with applicable accounting standards, this potential liability is not recorded on our balance sheet. For additional information concerning lease payment obligations under our operating leases, see

Certain Information Concerning Contractual Obligations and note 15 to our consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Report.

#### **Certain Information Concerning Trust Preferred Securities**

In August 1998, a subsidiary trust of United Rentals, Inc. sold six million shares of 6½% Convertible Quarterly Income Preferred Securities (Trust Preferred Securities) for aggregate consideration of \$300 million. During 2002, we repurchased 1,469,000 of these shares for aggregate consideration of approximately \$38.1 million, which represents a discount of approximately 48% relative to the aggregate liquidation preference of approximately \$73.5 million. In accordance with applicable accounting standards, the gain associated with these repurchase transactions is reflected in our earnings (loss) per share calculation, but is not otherwise reflected on our statement of operations. The gain associated with these repurchase transactions caused the amount of our net loss per share in 2002 to be \$0.47 less than it would have been had this gain not been included in our earnings (loss) per share calculation. For additional information concerning our earnings (loss) per share calculation, see Note 14 to the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Report.

### Relationship Between Holdings and URI

United Rentals, Inc. (Holdings) is principally a holding company and primarily conducts its operations through its wholly owned subsidiary United Rentals (North America), Inc. (URI) and subsidiaries of URI. Holdings provides certain services to URI in connection with its operations. These services principally include: (i) senior management services, (ii) finance related services and support, (iii) information technology systems and support, and (iv) acquisition related services. In addition, Holdings leases certain equipment and real property that are made available for use by URI and its subsidiaries. URI has made, and expects to continue to make, certain payments to Holdings in respect of the services provided by Holdings to URI. The expenses relating to URI is payments to Holdings are reflected on URI is financial statements as selling, general and administrative expenses. In addition, although not legally obligated to do so, URI has in the past, and expects that it will in the future, make distributions to Holdings to, among other things, enable Holdings to pay dividends on the Trust Preferred Securities that were issued by a subsidiary trust of Holdings as described above.

The Trust Preferred Securities are the obligation of a subsidiary trust of Holdings and are not the obligation of URI. As a result, the dividends payable on these securities are reflected as an expense on the consolidated financial statements of Holdings, but are not reflected as an expense on the consolidated financial statements of URI. This is the principal reason why the net income reported on the consolidated financial statements of URI is higher than the net income reported on the consolidated financial statements of Holdings.

### Fluctuations in Operating Results

We expect that our revenues and operating results may fluctuate from quarter to quarter or over the longer term. Certain of the general factors that may cause such fluctuations are discussed under Factors that May Influence Future Results and Accuracy of Forward Looking Statements Fluctuations of Operating Results.

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### **Accounting For Certain Expenses Relating to Potential Acquisitions**

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, we capitalize certain direct out-of-pocket expenditures (such as legal and accounting fees) relating to potential or pending acquisitions. Indirect acquisition costs, such as executive salaries, general corporate overhead, public affairs and other corporate services, are expensed as incurred. Our policy is to charge against earnings any capitalized expenditures relating to any potential or pending acquisition that we determine will not be consummated. There can be no assurance that in future periods we will not be required to incur a charge against earnings in accordance with such policy, which charge, depending upon the magnitude thereof, could adversely affect our results of operations.

#### Seasonality

Our business is seasonal with demand for our rental equipment tending to be lower in the winter months. The seasonality of our business is heightened because we offer for rent traffic control equipment. Branches that rent a significant amount of this type of equipment tend to generate most of their revenues and profits in the second and third quarters of the year, slow down during the fourth quarter and operate at a loss during the first quarter.

#### Inflation

Although we cannot accurately anticipate the effect of inflation on our operations, we believe that inflation has not had, and is not likely in the foreseeable future to have, a material impact on our results of operations.

### **Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Standards**

We adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, effective January 1, 2002. This standard addresses financial accounting and reporting for acquired goodwill and other intangible assets and supersedes APB Opinion No. 17, Intangible Assets. Under this standard, goodwill and other intangible assets deemed to have indefinite lives are no longer amortized but are subject to annual impairment tests on a reporting unit level. For additional information, see -Change in Accounting Treatment For Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. Other intangible assets are being amortized over their estimated useful lives.

In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets . This standard addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets and supersedes SFAS No. 121, Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of . We adopted this standard on January 1, 2002. The adoption of SFAS No. 144 did not have an impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In April 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 145, Rescission of FASB Statements No. 4, 44, and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13, and Technical Corrections . This standard rescinds SFAS No. 4, Reporting Gains and Losses from Extinguishment of Debt , and an amendment of that

Statement, SFAS No. 64, Extinguishments of Debt Made to Satisfy Sinking-Fund Requirements . This standard also rescinds SFAS No. 44, Accounting for Intangible Assets of Motor Carriers . This standard amends SFAS No. 13, Accounting for Leases , to eliminate an inconsistency related to the required accounting for sale-leaseback transactions and certain lease modifications. This standard also amends other existing authoritative pronouncements to make various technical corrections, clarify meanings, or describe their applicability under changed conditions. We adopted this standard on January 1, 2003, and we will reclassify a pre-tax extraordinary loss of approximately \$18.1 million recognized during the second quarter of 2001 to operating income. The adoption of the remaining provisions of SFAS No. 145 did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

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In June 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146, Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities . This standard addresses financial accounting and reporting for costs associated with exit or disposal activities and requires companies to recognize costs associated with exit or disposal activities when they are incurred rather than at the date of a commitment to an exit or disposal plan. This standard nullifies EITF Issue No. 94-3, Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring) . This standard is effective for exit or disposal activities initiated after December 31, 2002.

In November 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 45, Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others. This interpretation requires certain guarantees entered into after December 31, 2002 to be initially recognized and recorded at fair value and also requires new disclosures related to guarantees even if the likelihood of a guarantor having to make payments under the guarantees is remote. We adopted this interpretation as of December 31, 2002 and such adoption did not have an impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure. This standard provides alternative methods of transition to the fair value method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation under SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, but does not require us to use the fair value method. This standard also amends certain disclosure requirements related to stock-based employee compensation. We adopted the disclosure portion of this standard as of December 31, 2002 and such adoption is reflected in Note 2 to the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Factors that May Influence Future Results and Accuracy of Forward-Looking Statements

Sensitivity to Changes in Construction and Industrial Activities

Our equipment is principally used in connection with construction and industrial activities. Consequently, decreases in construction or industrial activity due to a recession or other reasons may lead to a decrease in the demand for our equipment or the prices that we can charge. Any such decrease could adversely affect our revenues and operating results. For example, as discussed above, our 2002 revenues, pricing and operating results were adversely affected by a significant decline in non-residential construction activity.

We have identified below certain factors that may cause a further downturn in construction and industrial activity, either temporarily or long-term:

a continuation or a worsening of the current recessionary environment;

an increase in interest rates;

adverse weather conditions which may temporarily affect a particular region; or

terrorism or hostilities involving the United States.

In addition, demand for our equipment may not reach projected levels in the event that funding for highway and other construction projects under government programs is reduced.

## Fluctuations of Operating Results

We expect that our revenues and operating results may fluctuate from quarter to quarter or over the longer term due to a number of factors. These factors include:

seasonal rental patterns of our customers, with rental activity tending to be lower in the winter;

completion of acquisitions;

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changes in the amount of revenue relating to renting traffic control equipment, since revenues from this equipment category tend to be more seasonal than the rest of our business:

changes in the size of our rental fleet or in the rate at which we sell our used equipment;

changes in demand for our equipment or the prices therefor due to changes in economic conditions, competition or other factors;

changes in the interest rates applicable to our floating rate debt;

increases in the cost of fuel due to the current military conflict or other factors;

if we determine that a potential acquisition will not be consummated, the need to charge against earnings any expenditures relating to such transaction (such as financing commitment fees, merger and acquisition advisory fees and professional fees) previously capitalized;

the possible need, from time to time, to take goodwill write-offs as described below or other write-offs or special charges due to a variety of occurrences such as the adoption of new accounting standards, store consolidations or closings or the refinancing of existing indebtedness.

## Substantial Goodwill

At December 31, 2002, we had on our balance sheet net goodwill in the amount of \$1,705.2 million, which represented approximately 36.4% of our total assets at such date. This goodwill is an intangible asset and represents the excess of the purchase price that we paid for acquired businesses over the estimated fair value of the net assets of those businesses. We are required to test our goodwill for impairment at least annually. In general, this means that we must determine whether the fair value of the goodwill, calculated in accordance with applicable accounting standards, is at least equal to the recorded value shown on our balance sheet. If the fair value of the goodwill is less than the recorded value, we are required to write off the excess goodwill as an expense. Any write-off would adversely affect our results, as was the case in 2002 as described above.

We test for goodwill impairment on a branch-by-branch basis rather than on an aggregate basis. This means that a goodwill write-off is required even if only one or a limited number of our branches has impairment and even if there is no impairment for all our branches on an aggregate basis. Factors that may cause future impairment at a particular branch, in addition to macro economic factors that affect all our branches, include changes in local demand and local competitive conditions. The fact that we test for impairment on a branch-by-branch basis increases the likelihood that we will be required to take additional non-cash goodwill write-offs in the future, although we cannot quantify at this time the magnitude of any future write-off.

## Substantial Indebtedness

At December 31, 2002, our total indebtedness was approximately \$2,512.8 million. Our substantial indebtedness has the potential to affect us adversely in a number of ways. For example, it will or could:

require us to devote a substantial portion of our cash flow to debt service, reducing the funds available for other purposes;

constrain our ability to obtain additional financing, particularly since substantially all of our assets are subject to security interests relating to existing indebtedness; or

make it difficult for us to cope with a downturn in our business or a decrease in our cash flow.

Furthermore, if we are unable to service our indebtedness and fund our business, we will be forced to adopt an alternative strategy that may include:

reducing or delaying capital expenditures;

limiting our growth;

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seeking additional capital;
selling assets; or
restructuring or refinancing our indebtedness.

We cannot be sure that any of these strategies could be effected on favorable terms or at all.

A portion of our indebtedness bears interest at variable rates that are linked to changing market interest rates. As a result, an increase in market interest rates would increase our interest expense and our debt service obligations. At December 31, 2002, we had \$844.9 million of variable rate indebtedness.

#### Need to Satisfy Financial and Other Covenants in Debt Agreements

Under the agreements governing our credit facility and our term loan, we are required to, among other things, satisfy certain financial tests relating to: (a) minimum interest coverage ratio, (b) the ratio of funded debt to cash flow, (c) the ratio of senior debt to tangible assets and (d) the ratio of senior debt to cash flow. If we are unable to satisfy any of these covenants, the lenders could elect to terminate the credit facility and require us to repay the outstanding borrowings under the credit facility and our term loan. In such event, unless we are able to refinance the indebtedness coming due and replace the revolving credit facility, we would likely not have sufficient liquidity for our business needs and be forced to adopt an alternative strategy as described above. We cannot be sure that any alternative strategy could be effected on favorable terms or at all.

We are also subject to various other covenants under the agreements governing our credit facility, term loan and other indebtedness. These covenants limit or prohibit, among other things, our ability to incur indebtedness, make prepayments of certain indebtedness, pay dividends, make investments, create liens, make acquisitions, sell assets and engage in mergers and acquisitions. These covenants could adversely affect our business by significantly limiting our operating and financial flexibility.

## Dependence on Additional Capital

If the cash that we generate from our business, together with cash that we may borrow under our credit facility, is not sufficient to fund our capital requirements, we will require additional debt and/or equity financing. We cannot, however, be certain that any additional financing will be available or, if available, will be available on terms that are satisfactory to us. If we are unable to obtain sufficient additional capital in the future, we may be unable to fund the capital outlays required for the success of our business, including those relating to purchasing equipment, making acquisitions, opening new rental locations and refinancing existing indebtedness.

## Certain Risks Relating to Acquisitions

We have grown in part through acquisitions and may continue to do so. The making of acquisitions entails certain risks, including:

unrecorded liabilities of acquired companies that we fail to discover during our due diligence investigations;

difficulty in assimilating the operations and personnel of the acquired company with our existing operations or in maintaining uniform standards; and

loss of key employees of the acquired company.

We cannot guarantee that we will realize the expected benefits from our acquisitions or that our existing operations will not be harmed as a result of acquisitions.

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## Dependence on Management

Our success is highly dependent on the experience and skills of our senior management team. If we lose the services of any member of this team and are unable to find a suitable replacement, we may not have the depth of senior management resources required to efficiently manage our business and execute our strategy. We do not maintain key man life insurance on the lives of members of senior management.

## Competition

The equipment rental industry is highly fragmented and competitive. Our competitors primarily include small, independent businesses with one or two rental locations, regional competitors which operate in one or more states, public companies or divisions of public companies, and equipment vendors and dealers who both sell and rent equipment directly to customers. We may in the future encounter increased competition from our existing competitors or from new companies. Competitive pressures could adversely affect our revenues and operating results by decreasing our market share or depressing the prices that we can charge.

## Dependence on Information Technology Systems

Our information technology systems facilitate our ability to monitor and control our operations and adjust to changing market conditions. Any disruptions in these systems or the failure of these systems to operate as expected could, depending on the magnitude of the problem, adversely affect our operating results by limiting our capacity to effectively monitor and control our operations and adjust to changing market conditions.

## Liability and Insurance

We are exposed to various possible claims relating to our business. These possible claims include those relating to (1) personal injury or death caused by equipment rented or sold by us, (2) motor vehicle accidents involving our delivery and service personnel and (3) employment related claims. We carry a broad range of insurance for the protection of our assets and operations. However, such insurance may not fully protect us for a number of reasons, including:

our coverage is subject to deductibles of \$2 million for general liability and \$3 million for automobile liability and limited to a maximum of \$100 million per occurrence;

we do not maintain coverage for environmental liability (other than legally required fuel storage tank coverage), since we believe that the cost for such coverage is high relative to the benefit that it provides; and

certain types of claims, such as claims for punitive damages or for damages arising from intentional misconduct, which are often alleged in third party lawsuits, might not be covered by our insurance.

If we are found liable for any significant claims that are not covered by insurance, our operating results could be adversely affected. We cannot be certain that insurance will continue to be available to us on economically reasonable terms, if at all.

## **Environmental and Safety Regulations**

Our operations are subject to numerous laws governing environmental protection and occupational health and safety matters. These laws regulate such issues as wastewater, stormwater, solid and hazardous wastes and materials, and air quality. Under these laws, we may be liable for, among other things, (1) the costs of investigating and remediating contamination at our sites as well as sites to which we sent hazardous wastes for disposal or treatment regardless of fault and (2) fines and penalties for non-compliance. Our operations generally do not raise significant environmental risks, but we use hazardous materials to clean and maintain equipment, and dispose of solid and hazardous waste and wastewater from equipment washing, and store and dispense petroleum products from underground and above-ground storage tanks located at certain of our locations.

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Based on the conditions currently known to us, we do not believe that any pending or likely remediation and compliance costs will have a material adverse effect on our business. We cannot be certain, however, as to the potential financial impact on our business if new adverse environmental conditions are discovered or environmental and safety requirements become more stringent. If we are required to incur environmental compliance or remediation costs that are not currently anticipated by us, our business could be adversely affected depending on the magnitude of the cost.

#### Labor Matters

We have 1,063 employees that are represented by unions and covered by collective bargaining agreements. If we should experience a prolonged labor dispute involving a significant number of our employees, our ability to serve our customers could be adversely affected. Furthermore, our labor costs could increase as a result of the settlement of actual or threatened labor disputes.

## Operations Outside the United States

Our operations in Canada and Mexico are subject to the risks normally associated with international operations. These include (1) the need to convert currencies, which could result in a gain or loss depending on fluctuations in exchange rates, (2) the need to comply with foreign laws and (3) the possibility of political or economic instability in foreign countries.

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# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Board of Directors
United Rentals, Inc.
We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of United Rentals, Inc. as of December 31, 2002 and 2001 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders—equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2002. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the management of United Rentals, Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.
We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of United Rentals, Inc. at December 31, 2002 and 2001, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2002 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.
As discussed in Notes 2 and 4 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, effective January 1, 2002.
As discussed in Note 14, the Company has restated its loss per share for the year ended December 31, 2002.
/s/ Ernst & Young LLP
MetroPark, New Jersey
February 20, 2003
(except for Note 14, as to
which the date is June 23, 2003)

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# UNITED RENTALS, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	Decem	iber 31
	2002	2001
ASSETS	`	usands, are data)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,231	\$ 27,326
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$48,542 in 2002 and \$47,744 in 2001	466,196	450,273
Inventory	91,798	85,764
Prepaid expenses and other assets	131,293	133,217
Rental equipment, net	1,845,675	1,747,182
Property and equipment, net	425,352	410,053
Goodwill, net	1,705,191	2,199,774
Other intangible assets, net	5,821	7,927
	\$ 4,690,557	\$ 5,061,516
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 207,038	\$ 204,773
Debt Debt	2,512,798	2,459,522
Deferred taxes	225,587	297,024
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	187,079	174,687
Total liabilities	3,132,502	3,136,006
Commitments and contingencies		
Company-obligated mandatorily redeemable convertible preferred securities of a subsidiary trust Stockholders equity:	226,550	300,000
Preferred stock \$.01 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized:		
Series C perpetual convertible preferred stock \$300,000 liquidation preference, 300,000 shares issued and outstanding	3	3
Series D perpetual convertible preferred stock \$150,000 liquidation preference, 150,000 shares issued and	3	3
outstanding	2	2
Common stock \$.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized, 76,657,521 shares issued and outstanding in 2002 and 73,361,407 in 2001	765	734
Additional paid-in capital	1,341,290	1,243,586
Deferred compensation	(52,988)	(55,794)
Retained earnings	69,281	467,106
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(26,848)	(30,127)
Total stockholders equity	1,331,505	1,625,510
Total stockholders equity	1,551,505	1,023,310
	\$ 4,690,557	\$ 5,061,516

See accompanying notes.

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# UNITED RENTALS, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Year Ended December 31				
	2002	2001	2000		
	(In thousan	amounts)			
Revenues:					
Equipment rentals	\$ 2,154,681	\$ 2,212,900	\$ 2,056,683		
Sales of rental equipment	176,179	147,101	347,678		
Sales of equipment and merchandise and other revenues	490,129	526,604	514,500		
Total revenues	2,820,989	2,886,605	2,918,861		
Cost of revenues:					
Cost of equipment rentals, excluding depreciation	1,137,609	1,053,635	907,477		
Depreciation of rental equipment	325,548	320,963	328,131		
Cost of rental equipment sales	116,821	88,742	208,182		
Cost of equipment and merchandise sales and other operating costs	354,734	383,795	386,501		
Total cost of revenues	1,934,712	1,847,135	1,830,291		
Gross profit	886,277	1,039,470	1,088,570		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	438,918	441,751	454,330		
Goodwill impairment	247,913				
Restructuring charge	28,262	28,922			
Non-rental depreciation and amortization	59,301	106,763	86,301		
Operating income	111,883	462,034	547,939		
Interest expense	195,961	221,563	228,779		
Preferred dividends of a subsidiary trust	18,206	19,500	19,500		
Other (income) expense, net	(900)	6,421	(1,836)		
Income (loss) before provision for income taxes, extraordinary item and cumulative					
effect of change in accounting principle	(101,384)	214,550	301,496		
Provision for income taxes	8,102	91,977	125,121		
Income (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of change in accounting	(100, 406)	100.570	176 275		
principle	(109,486)	122,573	176,375		
Extraordinary item, net of tax benefit of \$6,759	(200 220)	11,317			
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle, net of tax benefit of \$60,529	(288,339)				
Net income (loss)	\$ (397,825)	\$ 111,256	\$ 176,375		
Earnings (loss) per share basic (2002 Restated):					
Income (loss) available to common stockholders before extraordinary item and					
cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	\$ (0.98)	\$ 1.70	\$ 2.48		
Extraordinary item, net		0.16			
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle, net	(3.80)				

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Income (loss) available to common stockholders	\$	(4.78)	\$ 1.54	\$ 2.48
	_			
Earnings (loss) per share diluted (2002 Restated):				
Income (loss) available to common stockholders before extraordinary item and				
cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	\$	(0.98)	\$ 1.30	\$ 1.89
Extraordinary item, net			0.12	
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle, net		(3.80)		
	-		 	 
Income (loss) available to common stockholders	\$	(4.78)	\$ 1.18	\$ 1.89

See accompanying notes.

# UNITED RENTALS, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

## Common Stock

Perpetual   Perp										
Balance, December 3, 1,1999 72,051 \$721 \$786,173 \$179,475 \$317. Comprehensive income:  Net income 176,375 \$176,375		Perpetual Convertible Preferred	Convertible Preferred		Amount	Paid-in				Other Comprehensive
31,199 72,051 8721 8786,173 \$179,475 \$317 Comprehensive income: Net income						(In thou	ısands)			
Comprehensive income: Net income Net income Other Comprehensive income: Foreign currency translation adjustments  Comprehensive income  Station  Comprehensive income  Comprehensive income  Comprehensive income  Station  Comprehensive income  Station  Stat				72.051	\$721	\$ 786 173		\$170.475		\$ 317
Net income 176,375 \$ 176,375 Other comprehensive income:				72,031	\$121	\$ 700,173		\$179,473		Ф 317
Other comprehensive income:         Foreign currency translation adjustments         (7,264)										
comprehensive income: Foreign currency translation adjustments (7,264) (7,264)  Comprehensive income \$169,111  Issuance of common stock 774 8 9,867 Exercise of common stock 916 421 Shares repurchased and retired (1,785) (18) (30,932)  Balance, December 31, 2000 71,066 711 765,529 355,850 (6,947) Comprehensive income: Net income 111,256 \$111,256 Other comprehensive income: Foreign currency translation adjustments (16,137) (16,137) Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS (2,516) (2,516) Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527) (4,527)								176,375	\$ 176,375	
income: Foreign currency translation adjustments  Comprehensive income  Saunce of common stock 774 8 9.867 Exercise of common stock 9thick (1.785) (18) (30.932)  Balance, December 31, 2000 71,066 711 765,529 355,850 (6.947) Comprehensive income:  Net income  111,256 \$111,256  Other comprehensive income: Foreign currency translation adjustments  (16,137) (16,137) Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS 13, act of tax (2,516) (2,516) Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527) (4,527)										
Foreign currency translation adjustments (7,264) (7,264)  Comprehensive income \$169,111  Sauance of common stock 774 8 9,867  Exercise of common stock 0,000	•									
translation adjustments (7,264) (7,264)  Comprehensive income \$ \$169,111   Susuance of common stock 774 8 9,867  Exercise of common stock 0,000										
Adjustments   (7.264) (7.264)										
Comprehensive income \$ 169,111  Issuance of common stock 774 8 9,867 Exercise of common stock options 26 421 Shares repurchased and retired (1,785) (18) (30,932)  Balance, December 31, 2000 71,066 711 765,529 355,850 (6,947) Comprehensive income: Net income 111,256 \$111,256 Other comprehensive income: Foreign currency translation adjustments (16,137) (16,137) Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS 131, net of tax (2,516) (2,516) Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527) (4,527)									(7.264)	(7.264)
Suance of common stock	adjustificitis								(7,204)	(7,204)
Issuance of common stock   774   8   9,867	Comprehensive									
common stock	income								\$ 169,111	
common stock										
Exercise of common stock options 26 421 Shares repurchased and retired (1,785) (18) (30,932)  Balance, December 31, 2000 71,066 711 765,529 355,850 (6,947) Comprehensive income:  Net income 111,256 \$111,256 Other comprehensive income: Foreign currency translation adjustments (16,137) (16,137) Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS 133, net of tax (2,516) (2,516) Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527) (4,527)	Issuance of									
common stock options 26 421  Shares repurchased and retired (1,785) (18) (30,932)  Balance, December 31, 2000 71,066 711 765,529 355,850 (6,947)  Comprehensive income:  Net income 111,256 \$111,256  Other comprehensive income:  Foreign currency translation adjustments (16,137) (16,137)  Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS 133, net of tax (2,516) (2,516)  Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527) (4,527)	common stock			774	8	9,867				
options 26 421 Shares repurchased and retired (1,785) (18) (30,932)  Balance, December 31, 2000 71,066 711 765,529 355,850 (6,947) Comprehensive income: Net income 111,256 \$111,256 Other comprehensive income: Foreign currency translation adjustments (16,137) (16,137) Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS 133, net of tax (2,516) (2,516) Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527) (4,527)	Exercise of									
Shares repurchased and retired (1,785) (18) (30,932)  Balance, December 31, 2000 71,066 711 765,529 355,850 (6,947)  Comprehensive income:  Net income 111,256 \$111,256  Other comprehensive income:  Foreign currency translation adjustments (16,137) (16,137)  Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS 133, net of tax (2,516) (2,516)  Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527) (4,527)	common stock									
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Balance, December 31, 2000 71,066 711 765,529 355,850 (6,947) Comprehensive income: Net income 1111,256 \$111,256 Other comprehensive income: Foreign currency translation adjustments (16,137) (16,137) Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS 133, net of tax (2,516) (2,516) Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527) (4,527)										
31, 2000 71,066 711 765,529 355,850 (6,947)  Comprehensive income:  Net income 111,256 \$111,256  Other comprehensive income:  Foreign currency translation adjustments (16,137) (16,137)  Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS 133, net of tax (2,516) (2,516)  Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527) (4,527)	and retired			(1,785)	(18)	(30,932)				
31, 2000 71,066 711 765,529 355,850 (6,947)  Comprehensive income:  Net income 111,256 \$111,256  Other comprehensive income:  Foreign currency translation adjustments (16,137) (16,137)  Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS 133, net of tax (2,516) Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527) (4,527)  Comprehensive										
Comprehensive income:  Net income										
income: Net income  Net income  Other  comprehensive income: Foreign currency translation adjustments  Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS  133, net of tax  Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax  Comprehensive    National line   111,256   111,256     National line				71,066	711	765,529		355,850		(6,947)
Net income 111,256 \$111,256  Other comprehensive income: Foreign currency translation adjustments (16,137) (16,137)  Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS 133, net of tax (2,516) (2,516)  Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527)  Comprehensive										
Other comprehensive income: Foreign currency translation adjustments (16,137) (16,137)  Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS (2,516) (2,516)  Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527) (4,527)  Comprehensive								111.056	Ø111 056	
comprehensive income:  Foreign currency translation adjustments (16,137) (16,137)  Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS 133, net of tax (2,516) (2,516)  Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527) (4,527)								111,256	\$111,236	
income: Foreign currency translation adjustments  Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS 133, net of tax  Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax  Comprehensive  (16,137) (										
Foreign currency translation adjustments (16,137) (16,137)  Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS (2,516) (2,516)  Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527) (4,527)	•									
translation adjustments (16,137) (16,137)  Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS (2,516) (2,516)  Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527) (4,527)										
adjustments (16,137) (16,137)  Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS 133, net of tax (2,516) (2,516)  Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527) (4,527)										
Cumulative effect on equity of adopting SFAS 133, net of tax 135, net of tax 136, net of tax 137, net of tax 138, net of tax 139, net of tax 139, net of tax 14,527) 15,516 16,527 17,516 18,527 18,52	adjustments								(16,137)	(16,137)
adopting SFAS  133, net of tax  Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax  Comprehensive  (2,516) (2,516) (4,527) (4,527)	Cumulative effect									
133, net of tax (2,516) (2,516)  Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax (4,527) (4,527)  Comprehensive										
Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax  (4,527)  Comprehensive	adopting SFAS									
qualifying as hedges, net of tax  (4,527)  Comprehensive									(2,516)	(2,516)
hedges, net of tax  (4,527)  Comprehensive										
Comprehensive									(4.507)	(4.507)
	neages, net of tax								(4,327)	(4,327)
	C 1 :									
11 totale 5 88,076	-								\$ 99.076	
	mcome								\$ 88,076	

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Issuance of								
common stock								
under deferred								
compensation plans			2,928	29	61,941	\$(61,970)		
Amortization of			•		·	, , ,		
deferred								
compensation						6,176		
Issuance of Series								
C perpetual								
convertible								
preferred stock	\$3				286,734			
Issuance of Series								
D perpetual								
convertible								
preferred stock		\$2			143,667			
Issuance of								
common stock			3		50			
Exercise of								
common stock			715	0	10.400			
options			715	8	10,409			
Shares repurchased			(1.251)	(1.4)	(04.744)			
and retired			(1,351)	(14)	(24,744)			

# UNITED RENTALS, INC.

# ${\bf CONSOLIDATED\,STATEMENTS\,OF\,STOCKHOLDERS\quad EQUITY\,(Continued)}$

					Common	Stock						
	Seri C Perpe Conver Prefer	etual rtib <b>le</b> rred	onve	etual rtible rred	Number of Shares	Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Deferred Compensation	Retained Earnings	Cor	mprehensive Income (Loss)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Balance, December 31, 2001		3		2	73,361	734	1,243,586	(55,794)	467,106			(30,127)
Comprehensive income (loss):												
Net loss									(397,825)	\$	(397,825)	
Other comprehensive income:												
Foreign currency translation adjustments											2,484	2,484
Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net of tax											795	795
Comprehensive loss:										\$	(394,546)	
Issuance of common stock under deferred compensation plans Amortization of deferred compensation					469	3	8,634	(8,637) 11,443				
Exercise of common stock options					3,736	37	77,768					
Common stock repurchased and retired					(1,066)	(11)	(26,715)					
Convertible debt converted to common stock					157	2	2,678					
Liquidation preference in excess of amounts paid for Company-obligated mandatorily redeemable convertible preferred securities of a subsidiary trust							35,339					
Balance December 31, 2002	\$	3	\$	2	76,657	\$ 765	\$ 1,341,290	\$ (52,988)	\$ 69,281			\$ (26,848)

See accompanying notes.

# UNITED RENTALS, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year Ended December 31				
	2002	2001	2000		
		(In thousands)			
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	¢ (207.925)	¢ 111.256	¢ 176 275		
Net income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ (397,825)	\$ 111,256	\$ 176,375		
Depreciation and amortization	384,850	427,726	414.432		
Gain on sales of rental equipment	(59,359)	(58,359)	(139,496)		
Gain on sales of businesses	(39,339)	(30,337)	(4,084)		
Amortization of deferred compensation	11,443	6,176	(4,004)		
Restructuring charge	2,497	10,893			
Goodwill impairment	247,913	10,073			
Extraordinary item	247,713	18,076			
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle, net of tax	288,339	10,070			
Deferred taxes	5,871	100,683	109,280		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	3,071	100,003	105,200		
Accounts receivable	(6,949)	24,888	8,613		
Inventory	21,189	87,084	69,706		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	8,353	8,148	(29,848)		
Accounts payable	2,252	(58,713)	(16,091)		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	9,335	18,852	(76,166)		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Net cash provided by operating activities	517,909	696,710	512,721		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:					
Purchases of rental equipment	(492,259)	(449,770)	(808,204)		
Purchases of property and equipment	(38,599)	(47,548)	(153,770)		
Proceeds from sales of rental equipment	176,179	147,101	347,678		
Proceeds from sales of businesses			19,246		
Purchases of other companies	(172,583)	(54,838)	(347,337)		
Payments of contingent purchase price		(2,103)	(16,266)		
In-process acquisition costs	(4,342)	(2,485)	(4,285)		
Deposits on rental equipment purchases	(4,644)				
Net cash used in investing activities	(536,248)	(409,643)	(962,938)		
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:					
Proceeds from debt	508,316	2,053,467	456,202		
Payments on debt	(491,728)	(2,300,507)	(134,599)		
Proceeds from sale-leaseback		12,435	193,478		
Payments of financing costs	(6,197)	(29,042)	(16,408)		
Proceeds from the exercise of common stock options	63,755	10,417	331		
Shares repurchased and retired	(26,726)	(24,758)	(30,950)		
Company-obligated mandatorily redeemable convertible preferred securities of a subsidiary trust repurchased and retired	(38,111)				

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Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	9,309	(277,988)	468,054
Effect of foreign exchange rates	935	(16,137)	(7,264)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(8,095)	(7,058)	10,573
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	27,326	34,384	23,811
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 19,231	\$ 27,326	\$ 34,384

See accompanying notes.

# UNITED RENTALS, INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

	Year Ended December 31			
	2002	2001	2000	
		(In thousands)		
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		, ,		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 212,199	\$ 230,385	\$ 248,763	
Cash paid for taxes, net of refunds	\$ (1,454)	\$ (30,799)	\$ 23,746	
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing activities	Ф 21 451			
Conversion of operating leases to capital leases	\$ 31,451			
Conversion of convertible debt to common stock	\$ 2,680			
The Company acquired the net assets and assumed certain liabilities of other companies as follows:				
Assets, net of cash acquired	\$ 172,222	\$ 21,465	\$ 529,204	
Liabilities assumed	(4,705)	(4,612)	(133,120)	
Less:				
Amounts paid in common stock			(10,000)	
Amounts paid through issuance of debt		(600)	(65,500)	
	167,517	16,253	320,584	
Due to seller and other payments	5,066	38,585	26,753	
Net cash paid	\$ 172,583	\$ 54,838	\$ 347,337	

See accompanying notes.

## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

United Rentals, Inc. (Holdings) is principally a holding company and conducts its operations primarily through its wholly owned subsidiary United Rentals (North America), Inc. (URI) and subsidiaries of URI. Holdings was incorporated in July 1998 and became the parent of URI on August 5, 1998, pursuant to the reorganization of the legal structure of URI. Prior to such reorganization, the name of URI was United Rentals, Inc. References herein to the Company refer to Holdings and its subsidiaries, with respect to periods following the reorganization, and to URI and its subsidiaries, with respect to periods prior to the reorganization. As a result of the reorganization, Holdings primary asset is its sole ownership of all issued and outstanding shares of common stock of URI. URI s various credit agreements and debt instruments place restrictions on its ability to transfer funds to its shareholder.

The Company rents a broad array of equipment to a diverse customer base that includes construction and industrial companies, manufacturers, utilities, municipalities, homeowners and others in the United States, Canada and Mexico. In addition to renting equipment, the Company sells used rental equipment, acts as a dealer for new equipment and sells related merchandise, parts and service. The nature of the Company s business is such that short-term obligations are typically met by cash flow generated from long-term assets. Therefore, the accompanying balance sheets are presented on an unclassified basis.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, giving retroactive effect for the reorganization for all periods presented. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# **Cash Equivalents**

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts. This allowance reflects the Company s estimate of the amount of its receivables that it will be unable to collect.

# Inventory

Inventory consists of equipment, tools, parts, fuel and related supply items. Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market and is net of a reserve for obsolescence and shrinkage of \$6.5 million and \$9.4 million at December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Cost is determined on either a weighted average or first-in, first-out method.

## **Rental Equipment**

Rental equipment is recorded at cost and depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the equipment using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives for rental equipment is two to ten years. Rental equipment is depreciated to a salvage value of zero to ten percent of cost. Ordinary repair and maintenance costs are charged to operations as incurred.

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## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives for property and equipment is two to thirty-nine years. Ordinary repair and maintenance costs are charged to operations as incurred. Leasehold improvements are amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives or the remaining life of the lease, whichever is shorter.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill consists of the excess of cost over the fair value of identifiable net assets of businesses acquired and is amortized on a straight-line basis over forty years. Beginning January 1, 2002, goodwill is no longer amortized, but is tested on at least an annual basis for impairment, see Note 4.

## Other Intangible Assets

Other intangible assets consists of non-compete agreements. The non-compete agreements are being amortized on a straight-line basis for periods ranging from three to eight years.

# **Long-Lived Assets**

Long-lived assets are recorded at the lower of amortized cost or fair value. As part of an ongoing review of the valuation of long-lived assets, the Company assesses the carrying value of such assets if facts and circumstances suggest they may be impaired. If this review indicates that the carrying value of these assets may not be recoverable, as determined by a nondiscounted cash flow analysis over the remaining useful life, the carrying value would be reduced to its estimated fair value. There have been no material impairments recognized in these financial statements.

#### **Derivative Financial Instruments**

Under SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities , all derivatives are required to be recorded as assets or liabilities and measured at fair value. Gains or losses resulting from changes in the values of derivatives are recognized immediately or deferred, depending on the use of the derivative and whether or not it qualifies as a hedge. Derivative financial instruments are periodically used by the Company in the management of its interest rate and foreign currency exposures. Derivative financial instruments are not used for trading purposes.

# **Translation of Foreign Currency**

Assets and liabilities of the Company subsidiaries operating outside the United States which account in a functional currency other than U.S. dollars are translated into U.S. dollars using exchange rates at the end of the year. Revenues and expenses are translated at average exchange rates effective during the year. Foreign currency translation gains and losses are included as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss within shareholders equity.

## **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheets for accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued expenses and other liabilities approximate fair value due to the immediate to short-term maturity of these financial instruments. The fair values of the revolving credit facility, term loan, and receivables securitization are determined using current interest rates for similar instruments as of December 31, 2002 and 2001 and approximate the carrying value of these financial instruments due to the fact that the underlying instruments

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## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

include provisions to adjust interest rates to approximate fair market value. The estimated fair value of the Company s other financial instruments at December 31, 2002 and 2001 are based upon available market information and are as follows:

	2	002	2001	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
		(In tho	usands)	
Redeemable convertible preferred securities	\$ 226,550	\$ 126,324	\$ 300,000	\$ 204,480
Senior and senior subordinated notes	1,605,947	1,454,113	1,401,653	1,427,850
Other debt	61,984	57,041	40,717	40,717

#### Preferred Stock

The Company issued Series A Perpetual Convertible Preferred Stock (Series A Preferred) and Series B Perpetual Convertible Preferred Stock (Series B Preferred) in 1999 and included such preferred stock in stockholders equity. In July 2001, the SEC issued guidance to all public companies as to when redeemable preferred stock may be classified as stockholders equity. This guidance indicates that preferred stock that would be subject to redemption on the occurrence of an event outside the control of the issuer may not be classified as equity and that the probability of the event occurring is not a factor to be considered. Under this guidance, the Series A Preferred and Series B Preferred would not be included in stockholders equity because this stock would be subject to mandatory redemption on a hostile change of control. On September 28, 2001, the Company entered into an agreement effecting the exchange of new Series C Perpetual Convertible Preferred Stock (Series C Preferred) for the Series A Preferred and new Series D Perpetual Convertible Preferred Stock (Series B Preferred (see Note 11). The Series C Preferred and Series D Preferred stock is not subject to mandatory redemption on a hostile change of control, and is classified as stockholders equity under the recently issued SEC guidance.

The effect of the foregoing is that the Company s perpetual convertible preferred stock is classified as stockholders—equity as of September 28, 2001 and thereafter, but is classified outside of stockholders—equity for earlier dates. Accordingly, the Company has restated the 2000 balance sheet to show its \$430.8 million of perpetual convertible preferred stock under—Series A and B Preferred Stock—rather than under—Stockholders Equity. The Company has also made a corresponding change to the related Consolidated Statements of Stockholders—Equity. In all other respects, the financial statements remain unchanged, including total assets and liabilities, revenues, operating income, net income and earnings per share.

## **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue related to the sale of equipment and merchandise is recognized at the time of delivery to, or pick-up by, the customer. Revenue related to rental equipment is recognized over the contract term.

# **Advertising Expense**

The Company advertises primarily through trade publications and Yellow Pages. Advertising expense is recognized over the period of related benefit. Advertising expense was \$7.8 million, \$11.9 million and \$23.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

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## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### **Income Taxes**

The Company uses the liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that are expected to be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. Recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to amounts considered by management to be more likely than not realized in future periods.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Significant estimates include restructuring charges, allowance for doubtful accounts, useful lives for depreciation, goodwill and other asset impairments, loss contingencies and fair values of financial instruments. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Concentrations of Credit Risk**

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash investments and accounts receivable. The Company maintains cash and cash equivalents with high quality financial institutions. Concentration of credit risk with respect to accounts receivable is limited because a large number of geographically diverse customers make up the Company s customer base. The Company s largest customer in 2002 represented approximately 1% of total revenues and no single customer represented greater than 1% of total accounts receivable. The Company controls credit risk through credit approvals, credit limits, and monitoring procedures.

## **Stock-Based Compensation**

The Company accounts for its stock-based compensation arrangements using the intrinsic value method under the provisions of Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees. At December 31, 2002, the Company had six stock-based compensation plans (see Note 12). Since stock options are granted by the Company with exercise prices at or greater than the fair value of the shares at the date of grant, no compensation expense is recognized. Restricted stock awards granted by the Company are recognized as deferred compensation. The Company recognizes compensation expense related to these restricted stock awards over their vesting periods. The following table provides additional information related to the Company s stock-based compensation arrangements for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000 (in thousands):

		December 31					
	2002	2001	2000				
Net income (loss), as reported	\$ (397,825)	\$ 111,256	\$ 176,375				
Plus: Stock-based compensation expense included							
in reported net income (loss), net of tax	6,980	3,613					
Less: Stock-based compensation expense determined							
using the fair value method, net of tax	(11,402)	(11,798)	(20,000)				
Pro forma net income (loss)	\$ (402,247)	\$ 103,071	\$ 156,375				
Basic earnings (loss) per share (2002 restated):							
As reported	\$ (4.78)	\$ 1.54	\$ 2.48				
Pro forma	\$ (4.84)	\$ 1.43	\$ 2.20				
Diluted earnings (loss) per share (2002 restated):							
As reported	\$ (4.78)	\$ 1.18	\$ 1.89				
Pro forma	\$ (4.84)	\$ 1.09	\$ 1.69				

## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The weighted average fair value of options granted was \$5.57, \$7.34 and \$7.70 during 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively. The fair value is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model which uses subjective assumptions which can materially affect fair value estimates and, therefore, does not necessarily provide a single measure of fair value of options. The Company used a risk-free interest rate average of 2.01%, 3.74% and 5.15% in 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively, a volatility factor for the market price of the Company s common stock of 66%, 49% and 69% in 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively, and a weighted-average expected life of options of approximately three years in 2002, 2001 and 2000. For purposes of these pro forma disclosures, the estimated fair value of options is amortized over the options vesting period. Since the number of options granted and their fair value may vary significantly from year to year, the pro forma compensation expense in future years may be materially different.

#### Insurance

The Company is insured for general liability, automobile liability, workers compensation, and group medical claims up to a specified claim and aggregate amounts (subject to deductibles of two million dollars for general liability and three million dollars for automobile liability). Insured losses subject to this deductible are accrued based upon the aggregate liability for reported claims incurred and an estimated liability for claims incurred but not reported. These liabilities are not discounted.

## Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Standards

The Company adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement of Financial Accounting Standard (SFAS) No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, effective January 1, 2002. This standard addresses financial accounting and reporting for acquired goodwill and other intangible assets and supersedes APB Opinion No. 17, Intangible Assets. Under this standard, goodwill and other intangible assets deemed to have indefinite lives are no longer amortized but are subject to annual impairment tests on a reporting unit level. For additional information see Note 4. Other intangible assets are being amortized over their estimated useful lives.

In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets . This standard addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets and supersedes SFAS No. 121, Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of . The Company adopted this standard on January 1, 2002 and such adoption did not have an impact on its consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In April 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 145, Rescission of FASB Statements No. 4, 44, and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13, and Technical Corrections. This standard rescinds SFAS No. 4, Reporting Gains and Losses from Extinguishment of Debt., and an amendment of that Statement, SFAS No. 64, Extinguishments of Debt Made to Satisfy Sinking-Fund Requirements. This standard also rescinds SFAS No. 44, Accounting for Intangible Assets of Motor Carriers. This standard amends SFAS No. 13, Accounting for Leases, to eliminate an inconsistency related to the required accounting for sale-leaseback transactions and certain lease modifications. This standard also amends other existing authoritative pronouncements to make various technical corrections, clarify meanings, or describe their applicability under changed conditions. The Company adopted this standard on January 1, 2003, and will reclassify a pre-tax extraordinary loss of approximately \$18.1 million

recognized during the second quarter of 2001 to operating income. The adoption of the remaining provisions of SFAS No. 145 did not have a material effect on the Company s consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In June 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146, Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities . This standard addresses financial accounting and reporting for costs associated with exit or disposal

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## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

activities and requires companies to recognize costs associated with exit or disposal activities when they are incurred rather than at the date of a commitment to an exit or disposal plan. This standard nullifies EITF Issue No. 94-3, Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring) . The restructuring charge in 2002 was recorded in accordance with EITF Issue No. 94-3. SFAS No. 146 is effective for exit or disposal activities initiated after December 31, 2002.

In November 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 45, Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others. This interpretation requires certain guarantees entered into after December 31, 2002 to be initially recognized and recorded at fair value and also requires new disclosures related to guarantees even if the likelihood of a guarantor having to make payments under the guarantees is remote. The Company adopted this interpretation as of December 31, 2002 and such adoption did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure. This standard provides alternative methods of transition to the fair value method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation under SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, but does not require the Company to use the fair value method. This standard also amends certain disclosure requirements related to stock-based employee compensation. The Company adopted the disclosure portion of this standard as of December 31, 2002 and such adoption is reflected under Stock-Based Compensation above.

## Reclassifications

Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to conform to the 2002 presentation.

# 3. Acquisitions

The acquisitions completed during the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000 include 2, 3 and 53 acquisitions, respectively, that were accounted for as purchases. The results of operations of the businesses acquired in these acquisitions have been included in the Company s results of operations from their respective acquisition dates.

On June 30, 2002, the Company acquired 35 rental locations from National Equipment Services, Inc. for initial consideration of approximately \$111.6 million in cash, which was determined based primarily on the number of locations acquired and their financial performance. The acquisition of these rental locations was made to complement the Company s existing network of rental locations. The results of operations of the acquisitions are included in the Company s statement of operations as of the date of acquisition. The initial consideration paid by the Company for the other 2002 acquisition was approximately \$45.9 million in cash. The Company estimates that approximately \$93.1 million of goodwill related to the 2002 acquisitions will be deductible for tax purposes.

The aggregate initial consideration paid by the Company for 2001 acquisitions that were accounted for as purchases was approximately \$12.1 million and consisted of approximately \$11.5 million in cash and \$0.6 million in seller notes. In addition, the Company repaid or assumed outstanding indebtedness in the aggregate amount of approximately \$4.9 million.

During 2000, the Company purchased the outstanding stock and certain assets of (i) Liddell Brothers Inc., in February, (ii) Safety Lites Sales and Leasing, Inc., in March, (iii) Durante Equipment Corp., Inc., in June, (iv) Horizon High Reach, Inc., in September, and (v) Wiese Planning & Engineering Inc., in December. The aggregate initial consideration paid for these five acquisitions that were accounted for as purchases was

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## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

approximately \$153.1 million and consisted of \$83.8 million in cash and 761,905 shares of common stock and \$59.3 million in seller notes. In addition, the Company repaid or assumed outstanding indebtedness of these companies acquired in the aggregate amount of approximately \$5.5 million.

The aggregate initial consideration paid by the Company for other 2000 acquisitions that were accounted for as purchases was \$210.2 million and consisted of approximately \$184.6 million in cash and \$6.2 million in seller notes. In addition, the Company repaid or assumed outstanding indebtedness of the companies acquired in the other 2000 acquisitions in the aggregate amount of \$77.5 million.

The purchase prices for all acquisitions accounted for as purchases have been allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their respective fair values at their respective acquisition dates. However, the Company has not completed its valuation of all of its purchases and, accordingly, the purchase price allocations are subject to change when additional information concerning asset and liability valuations are completed. The preliminary purchase price allocations that are subject to change primarily consist of rental and non-rental equipment valuations. These allocations are finalized within 12 months of the acquisition date and are not expected to result in significant differences between the preliminary and final allocations.

The following table summarizes, on an unaudited pro forma basis, the combined results of operations of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 as though each acquisition described above was made on January 1, 2001 (in thousands, except per share data).

		2002	2	2001
	Φ.2	051.050	Φ 2.6	200 106
Revenues	\$ 2,	,851,853	\$ 3,0	000,196
Income (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(	(108,871)	1	125,340
Basic earnings (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle per				
share (2002 restated)	\$	(0.97)	\$	1.74
	_			
Diluted earnings (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle				
per share (2002 restated)	\$	(0.97)	\$	1.33

The unaudited pro forma results are based upon certain assumptions and estimates which are subject to change. These results are not necessarily indicative of the actual results of operations that might have occurred, nor are they necessarily indicative of expected results in the future.

## 4. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Changes in the Company  $\,$  s carrying amount of goodwill for 2002 are as follows (in thousands):

Balance at December 31, 2001	\$ 2,199,774
Impairment charges	(596,781)
Foreign currency translation and other adjustments	945
Goodwill related to acquisitions	101,253
Balance at December 31, 2002	\$ 1,705,191

The Company adopted SFAS No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets issued by the Financial Accountants Standards Board (FASB). Under this standard, goodwill, which was previously amortized over 40 years, is no longer amortized. The Company amortized approximately \$58.4 million of goodwill in 2001. The

## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Company s approximately \$5.8 million of other intangible assets, will continue to be amortized over their estimated useful lives. Under the new accounting standard, the Company is required to periodically review its goodwill for impairment. In general, this means that the Company must determine whether the fair value of the goodwill, calculated in accordance with applicable accounting standards, is at least equal to the recorded value shown on its balance sheet. If the fair value of the goodwill is less than the recorded value, the Company is required to write off the excess goodwill as an expense.

The Company completed its initial impairment analysis in the first quarter of 2002 and recorded a non-cash charge of approximately \$348.9 million (\$288.3 million, net of tax). The Company completed a subsequent impairment analysis in the fourth quarter of 2002 and recorded an additional non-cash impairment charge of approximately \$247.9 million. The first impairment charge, net of tax, was recorded on the statement of operations as a Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle. The second impairment charge was recorded on the statement of operations as goodwill impairment. The Company s stockholders equity was reduced by the amount of both charges.

The impairment charges recognized in 2002 related to certain branches that decreased in value. The factors that negatively affected the value of these branches included the following: (i) continued weakness in non-residential construction spending which negatively affected the earnings of the Company s branches and (ii) to a lesser extent, operational weakness at some branches and increased competition for some branches. Fair values used in impairment testing were based upon valuation techniques using multiples of earnings and revenues.

The Company is required to review its goodwill for further impairment at least annually. Any future goodwill impairment charge would be recorded on the statement of operations as goodwill impairment and would reduce operating income.

The Company tests for goodwill impairment on a branch-by-branch basis rather than on an aggregate basis. This means that a goodwill write-off is required even if only one or a limited number of the Company s branches has impairment and even if there is no impairment for all its branches on an aggregate basis. Factors that may cause future impairment at a particular branch, in addition to macroeconomic factors that affect all the Company s branches, include changes in local demand and local competitive conditions. Since the Company tests for impairment on a branch-by-branch basis, the Company believes that it may be required to take additional non-cash goodwill write-offs in the future, although it cannot quantify at this time the magnitude of any future write-offs.

# UNITED RENTALS, INC.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The reconciliation of previously reported net income and earnings per share to adjusted net income and earnings per share excluding goodwill amortization is as follows for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000 (in thousands, except per share data):

	2002	2001	2000
Income (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle Goodwill amortization expense, net of tax	\$ (109,486)	\$ 122,573 47,046	\$ 176,375 46,203
Adjusted income (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	\$ (109,486)	\$ 169,619	\$ 222,578
	Φ (207, 025)	Ф.111.056	Ф. 17.6. 27.5
Net income (loss) Goodwill amortization expense, net of tax	\$ (397,825)	\$ 111,256 47,046	\$ 176,375 46,203
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$ (397,825)	\$ 158,302	\$ 222,578
Earnings (loss) per share basic (2002 restated):			
Income (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle Goodwill amortization expense, net of tax	\$ (0.98)	\$ 1.70 0.65	\$ 2.48 0.65
Adjusted income (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	\$ (0.98)	\$ 2.35	\$ 3.13
Net income (loss) Goodwill amortization expense, net of tax	\$ (4.78)	\$ 1.54 0.65	\$ 2.48 0.65
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$ (4.78)	\$ 2.19	\$ 3.13
Earnings (loss) per share diluted (2002 restated):			
Income (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle Goodwill amortization expense, net of tax	\$ (0.98)	\$ 1.30 0.49	\$ 1.89 0.47
Adjusted income (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	\$ (0.98)	\$ 1.79	\$ 2.36
	<b>*</b> (4.50)	<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>
Net income (loss) Goodwill amortization expense, net of tax	\$ (4.78)	\$ 1.18 0.49	\$ 1.89 0.47
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$ (4.78)	\$ 1.67	\$ 2.36

Other intangible assets consist of non-compete agreements and are amortized over periods ranging from three to eight years. The cost of other intangible assets and the related accumulated amortization as of December 31, 2002 were \$17.0 million and \$11.2 million, respectively, and as of December 31, 2001 were \$15.8 million and \$7.9 million, respectively. Amortization expense of other intangible assets was \$3.5 million, \$3.2 million and \$3.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of December 31, 2002, estimated amortization expense of other intangible assets for each of the next five years is as follows (in thousands):

2003	\$ 3,040
2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 Thereafter	1,637
2005	574
2006	293
2007	170
Thereafter	107
	\$ 5,821

#### 5. Restructuring Charges

The Company adopted a restructuring plan in 2001 and a second restructuring plan in the fourth quarter of 2002 as described below. In connection with these plans, the Company recorded a restructuring charge of \$28.9 million in 2001 (including a non-cash component of approximately \$10.9 million) and \$28.3 million in the fourth quarter of 2002 (including a non-cash component of approximately \$2.5 million).

The 2001 plan involved the following principal elements: (i) 31 underperforming branches were closed or consolidated with other locations, (ii) five administrative offices were closed or consolidated with other locations, (iii) the reduction of the Company s workforce by 489 through the termination of branch and administrative personnel, and (iv) certain information technology hardware and software was no longer used.

The 2002 plan involved the following key elements: (i) 42 underperforming branches and five administrative offices will be closed or consolidated with other locations (including 26 closed or consolidated as of December 31, 2002); (ii) the Company s workforce will be reduced by 412 (including 232 terminated as of December 31, 2002), and (iii) a certain information technology project was abandoned.

The costs to vacate facilities primarily represent the payment of obligations under leases offset by estimated sublease opportunities, the write-off of capital improvements made to such facilities and the write-off of related goodwill (only in 2001). The workforce reduction costs primarily represent severance. The information technology costs represent the payment of obligations under equipment leases relating to the abandonment of certain information technology projects.

The aggregate balance of the 2001 and 2002 charges was \$27.1 million as of December 31, 2002. The Company estimates that approximately \$13.4 million of this amount will be incurred by December 31, 2003 (comprised of approximately \$12.4 million of the cash component and approximately \$1.0 million of the non-cash component) and approximately \$13.7 million will be paid in future periods.

Components of the restructuring charges are as follows:

	Balance December 31,	Charges in 2002	Activity in 2002	Balance ember 31,
		(In t	housands)	
Costs to vacate facilities	\$ 3,538	\$ 24,569	\$ 5,849	\$ 22,258
Workforce reduction costs	2,055	2,776	1,369	3,462
Information technology costs	1,417	917	939	1,395
	\$ 7,010	\$ 28,262	\$ 8,157	\$ 27,115

## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## 6. Rental Equipment

Rental equipment consists of the following:

	Dece	December 31	
	2002	2001	
	——————————————————————————————————————	ousands)	
Rental equipment	\$ 2,682,258	\$ 2,485,573	
Less accumulated depreciation	(836,583)	(738,391)	
Rental equipment, net	\$ 1,845,675	\$ 1,747,182	

## 7. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consist of the following:

	Decem	December 31	
	2002	2001	
	(In tho	usands)	
Land	\$ 46,623	\$ 45,050	
Buildings	94,842	91,097	
Transportation equipment	278,853	247,548	
Machinery and equipment	45,086	47,672	
Furniture and fixtures	73,722	61,573	
Leasehold improvements	70,545	61,194	
	609,671	554,134	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(184,319)	(144,081)	

\$ 425,352

\$ 410,053

## 8. Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities

Accrued expenses and other liabilities consist of the following:

	Decen	December 31	
	2002	2001	
	(In tho	ousands)	
Accrued incentive compensation	\$ 30,397	\$ 40,412	
Accrued insurance	22,226	18,559	
Accrued interest	49,639	47,671	
Restructuring accrual	27,115	7,010	
Other	57,702	61,035	
	\$ 187,079	\$ 174,687	

### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 9. Debt

Debt consists of the following:

	December 31	
	2002	2001
	(In th	nousands)
Credit Facility, interest payable at a weighted average rate of 5.3% and 4.5% at December 31, 2002 and 2001,		
respectively	\$ 45,332	\$ 71,259
Term Loan, interest payable at 4.8% and at 5.3% at December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively	639,033	744,375
9 1/2% Senior Subordinated Notes, interest payable semi-annually	200,000	200,000
8.8% Senior Subordinated Notes, interest payable semi-annually	202,153	201,653
9 1/4% Senior Subordinated Notes, interest payable semi-annually	300,000	300,000
9% Senior Subordinated Notes, interest payable semi-annually	250,000	250,000
10 <sup>3</sup> /4% Senior Notes, interest payable semi-annually	653,795	450,000
Receivables securitization, interest payable at 2.2% and 2.6% at December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively	160,501	201,518
Other debt, including capital leases, interest payable at various rates ranging from 5.5% to 10% and 5.3% to		
10% at December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, due through 2005	61,984	40,717
	\$ 2,512,798	\$ 2,459,522

Refinancing Transaction in 2002. On December 24, 2002, URI issued an additional \$210.0 million aggregate principal amount of its 10³/4% Senior Notes (the new 10⁴/4% Notes) which are due April 15, 2008 for approximately \$203.8 million. The net proceeds from the sale of the new 10³/4% Notes were approximately \$199.4 million (after deducting the initial purchasers discount and offering expenses). The new 10⁴/4% Notes are unsecured and are guaranteed by Holdings and, subject to limited exceptions, URI s domestic subsidiaries. The new 10⁴/4% Notes mature on April 15, 2008 and may be redeemed by URI on or after April 15, 2005, at specified redemption prices that range from 105.375% in 2005 to 100.0% in 2007 and thereafter. In addition, on or prior to April 15, 2004, URI may, at its option, use the proceeds of a public equity offering to redeem up to 35% of the outstanding new 10³/4% Notes at a redemption price of 110.75%. The indenture governing the new 10³/4% Notes contains certain restrictive covenants, including limitations on (i) additional indebtedness, (ii) restricted payments, (iii) liens, (iv) dividends and other payments, (v) preferred stock of certain subsidiaries, (vi) transactions with affiliates, (vii) the disposition of proceeds of asset sales and (viii) the Company s ability to consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of its assets. The Company used the net proceeds from the new 10³/4% Notes to (i) permanently repay approximately \$99.7 million of outstanding indebtedness under the Company s existing term loan and (ii) repay approximately \$99.7 million of outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility. As a result of the refinancing, the Company recorded in other (income) expense a charge of approximately \$1.6 million (\$0.9 million, net of tax) related to the write-off of financing fees.

In September and December 2002, the Company entered into amendments to the agreement governing its revolving credit facility and term loan. These amendments, among other things, (i) increased the aggregate amount of the credit facility that is available in the form of letters of credit,

(ii) reduced the minimum interest coverage ratio that the Company is required to maintain for the period July 1, 2002 through December 31, 2004, (iii) changed certain definitions for purposes of measuring the Company s compliance with its financial covenants under the credit agreement and (iv) reduced the maximum borrowings available under the Company s revolving credit facility by \$100.0 million.

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### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Refinancing Transaction in 2001. In April 2001, the Company obtained a new senior secured credit facility and issued \$450.0 million in 10<sup>3</sup>/4% senior notes. The senior secured credit facility is comprised of a revolving credit facility and a term loan. The proceeds from the senior secured credit facility and senior notes were used to refinance outstanding secured indebtedness of approximately \$1,664.5 million and obligations under a synthetic lease of \$31.2 million. As a result of the refinancing, the Company recorded an extraordinary charge of approximately \$18.1 million (\$11.3 million, net of tax), primarily related to the write-off of financing fees, and a charge of approximately \$7.8 million recorded in other (income) expense, net related to refinancing costs of the synthetic lease.

Revolving Credit Facility. The revolving credit facility enables URI to borrow up to \$650 million on a revolving basis and enables one of its Canadian subsidiaries to borrow up to \$50 million (provided that the aggregate borrowings of URI and the Canadian subsidiary may not exceed \$650 million). Up to \$175 million of the revolving credit facility is available in the form of letters of credit (\$111.6 million outstanding as of December 31, 2002). The revolving credit facility will mature and terminate on October 20, 2006.

As of December 31, 2002, borrowings under the revolving credit facility accrue interest, at the Company s option, at either (A) the ABR Rate (which is equal to the greater of (i) the Federal Funds Rate *plus* 0.5% or (ii) the Chase Manhattan Bank s prime rate) plus a margin of 1.50% or (B) an adjusted LIBOR rate plus a margin of 2.50%. The above interest rate margins are adjusted quarterly based on the Company s financial leverage ratio, up to maximum margins of 1.75% and 2.75%, for revolving loans based on the ABR rate and the adjusted LIBOR rate, respectively, and down to minimum margins of 0.75% and 1.75%, for revolving loans based on the ABR rate and the adjusted LIBOR rate, respectively.

As of December 31, 2002, borrowings by the Canadian subsidiary under the revolving credit facility accrue interest, at such subsidiary s option, at either (X) the Prime rate (which is equal to the Chase Manhattan Bank of Canada s prime rate) plus a margin of 1.50% or (Y) the B/A rate (which is equal to the Chase Manhattan Bank of Canada s B/A rate) plus a margin of 2.50%. The above interest rate margins are adjusted quarterly based on the Company s financial leverage ratio, up to maximum margins of 1.75% and 2.75%, for revolving loans based on the Prime rate and the B/A rate, respectively, and down to minimum margins of 0.75% and 1.75%, for revolving loans based on the Prime rate and the B/A rate, respectively. If at any time an event of default exists, the interest rate applicable to each loan will increase by 2% per annum.

The Company is also required to pay the lenders a commitment fee equal to 0.5% per annum in respect of undrawn commitments under the revolving credit facility.

*Term Loan.* On April 20, 2001, URI obtained a \$750 million term loan. Amounts repaid in respect of the term loan may not be reborrowed. URI must repay the principal of the term loan in installments. After giving effect to the prepayment of approximately \$99.7 million of the term loan described above, remaining principal installments are: (i) on December 31, 2006, URI must repay approximately \$107.5 million and (ii) on the last day of each calendar quarter thereafter up to and including September 30, 2007, URI must repay approximately \$177.2 million.

Borrowings under the term loan accrue interest, at URI s option, at either (a) the ABR rate (which is equal to the greater of (i) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.5% or (ii) the Chase Manhattan Bank s prime rate) plus a margin of 2.0%, or (b) an adjusted LIBOR rate plus a margin of 3.0%.

Covenants. The agreements governing the senior secured credit facility contain certain covenants that require the Company to, among other things, satisfy certain financial tests relating to: (a) the ratio of senior debt

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### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

to cash flow, (b) minimum interest coverage ratio, (c) the ratio of funded debt to cash flow, and (d) the ratio of senior debt to tangible assets. These agreements also contain various other covenants that restrict the Company s ability to, among other things, (i) incur additional indebtedness, (ii) permit liens to attach to its assets, (iii) pay dividends or make other restricted payments on its common stock and certain other securities, and (iv) make acquisitions unless certain financial conditions are satisfied.

Guarantees and Security. URI s obligations under the senior secured facility are, subject to limited exceptions, (i) guaranteed by Holdings and URI s United States subsidiaries and (ii) secured by substantially all of URI s assets, the stock of URI and the stock of Holding s other United States subsidiaries and a portion of the stock of Holding s Canadian subsidiaries. The obligations of the Canadian subsidiary that may borrow under the revolving credit facility are guaranteed by the Company s other Canadian subsidiaries and are secured by substantially all of the assets of this Canadian subsidiary and the stock of its subsidiaries.

10³/4% Senior Notes. In April 2001, URI issued \$450 million aggregate principal amount of 10³/4% Senior Notes (the 10⁴/4% Notes) which are due April 15, 2008. The net proceeds from the sale of the 10³/4% Notes were approximately \$439.9 million (after deducting the initial purchasers discount and offering expenses). The 10⁴/4% Notes are unsecured and are guaranteed by Holdings and, subject to limited exceptions, URI s domestic subsidiaries. The 10⁴/4% Notes mature on April 15, 2008 and may be redeemed by URI on or after April 15, 2005, at specified redemption prices that range from 105.375% in 2005 to 100.0% in 2007 and thereafter. In addition, on or prior to April 15, 2004, URI may, at its option, use the proceeds of a public equity offering to redeem up to 35% of the outstanding 10³/4% Notes at a redemption price of 110.75%. The indenture governing the 10³/4% Notes contains certain restrictive covenants, including limitations on (i) additional indebtedness, (ii) restricted payments, (iii) liens, (iv) dividends and other payments, (v) preferred stock of certain subsidiaries, (vi) transactions with affiliates, (vii) the disposition of proceeds of asset sales and (viii) the Company s ability to consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of its assets. The amounts shown for the 10³/4% Notes in the debt table above include the amount outstanding from the issuance of the new 10³/4% Notes.

Senior Subordinated Notes. The senior subordinated notes shown in the debt table above were issued by URI, are unsecured, and are guaranteed by, subject to limited exceptions, URI s domestic subsidiaries. The \$\frac{9}{2}\% Senior Subordinated Notes mature on June 1, 2008 and may be redeemed by URI on or after June 1, 2003, at specified redemption prices that range from 104.75% in 2003 to 100.0% in 2006 and thereafter. The 8.80% Senior Subordinated Notes mature on August 15, 2008 and may be redeemed by URI on or after August 15, 2003, at specified redemption prices that range from 104.4% in 2003 to 100.0% in 2006 and thereafter. The 9 \(^1/4\%\) Senior Subordinated Notes mature on January 15, 2009 and may be redeemed by URI on or after June 15, 2004, at specified redemption prices that range from 104.625% in 2004 to 100.0% in 2007 and thereafter. The 9% Senior Subordinated Notes mature on April 1, 2009 and may be redeemed by URI on or after April 1, 2004, at specified redemption prices that range from 104.5% in 2004 to 100.0% in 2007 and thereafter.

The indentures governing URI s senior subordinated notes contain certain restrictive covenants, including limitations on (i) additional indebtedness, (ii) restricted payments, (iii) liens, (iv) dividends and other payments, (v) preferred stock of certain subsidiaries, (vi) transactions with affiliates, (vii) the disposition of proceeds of asset sales, and (viii) the Company s ability to consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of its assets.

Receivables Securitization. The Company has an accounts receivable securitization facility under which one of its subsidiaries can borrow up to \$250 million against a collateral pool of accounts receivable. The borrowings under the facility and the receivables in the collateral pool are

included in the liabilities and assets, respectively, reflected on the Company s consolidated balance sheet. Key terms of this facility include: (i) borrowings may be made only to the extent that the face amount of the receivables in the collateral pool exceeds the outstanding loans by a specified amount, (ii) the facility is structured so that the receivables in the collateral

### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

pool are the lenders only source of repayment, (iii) prior to expiration or early termination of the facility, amounts collected on the receivables may, subject to certain conditions, be retained by the borrower, provided that the remaining receivables in the collateral pool are sufficient to secure the then outstanding borrowings, and (iv) after expiration or early termination of the facility, the Company will repay the borrowings.

As of December 31, 2002, (i) the outstanding borrowings under the facility were approximately \$160.5 million and (ii) the aggregate face amount of the receivables in the collateral pool was approximately \$346.8 million. The agreement governing this facility, which was amended in June 2001, contemplates that the term of the facility may extend for up to three years from the date of the amended facility. However, on each anniversary of such date, the consent of the lender is required for the facility to renew for the next year. The next anniversary date is in June 2003. The Company plans to seek the lenders approval for renewal. However, the Company cannot be certain it will be able to obtain such renewal with comparable terms or at all.

Interest Rate Swap Agreements. As of December 31, 2002, the Company had outstanding interest rate swap agreements that convert \$200 million of its variable rate term loan to a fixed rate instrument through 2003. These swap agreements are designated as cash flow hedges. Changes in the fair values of the Company s cash flow hedges are recorded in other comprehensive income and reclassified into earnings in the same periods during which the hedged transactions affect earnings. The Company also had outstanding interest rate swap agreements that convert \$300 million of its fixed rate 9 1/4% Notes to a floating rate instrument through 2009. These swap agreements are designated as fair value hedges. Changes in the fair values of the Company s fair value hedges, as well as the offsetting fair value changes in the hedged items, are recorded on the statement of operations. The Company estimates the amount that will be reclassified into earnings in 2003 is approximately \$2.1 million. There is no ineffectiveness related to the Company s hedges.

Maturities. Maturities of the Company s debt for each of the next five years at December 31, 2002 are as follows (in thousands):

2003	\$ 183,419
2004	26,554
2005	6,068
2006	152,802
2007	531,563
Thereafter	1,612,392

The maturities in 2003 are comprised primarily of amounts outstanding under the accounts receivable securitization facility. As described above, the annual renewal of the Company s accounts receivable securitization facility requires the lenders consent. If the Company does not obtain this consent, then the facility will terminate in June 2003 and the Company will repay the borrowings thereunder.

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## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## 10. Income Taxes

The provision for federal, state and provincial income taxes is as follows:

	Year ended December 31		
	2002	2001	2000
		(In thousands)	
Domestic federal:			
Current			\$ 10,419
Deferred	\$ 3,963	\$ 81,507	97,756
	3,963	81,507	108,175
Domestic state:	,	,	ĺ
Current	1,057	1,978	3,587
Deferred	(1,825)	4,570	6,815
	(768)	6,548	10,402
Total domestic	3,195	88,055	118,577
Foreign federal:			
Current	1,529	1,626	1,061
Deferred	2,109	1,603	3,590
	3,638	3,229	4,651
Foreign provincial:			
Current			774
Deferred	1,269	693	1,119
	1,269	693	1,893
Total foreign	4,907	3,922	6,544
	\$ 8,102	\$ 91,977	\$ 125,121

A reconciliation of the provision for income taxes and the amount computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate of 35% to income before provision for income taxes and extraordinary item is as follows:

Year	ended	December	3

	2002	2001	2000
		(In thousands)	
Computed tax at statutory tax rate	\$ (35,483)	\$ 75,064	\$ 105,524
State income taxes, net of federal tax benefit	(499)	4,256	6,762
Non-deductible expenses	41,871	13,072	9,992
Other	2,213	(415)	2,843
	\$ 8,102	\$ 91,977	\$ 125,121

### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The components of deferred income tax assets (liabilities) are as follows:

	Decem	December 31	
	2002	2001	
	(In tho	usands)	
Property and equipment	\$ (539,431)	\$ (431,515)	
Intangibles	32,799	(48,163)	
Reserves and allowances	57,057	38,767	
Net operating loss and credit carryforwards	221,905	140,455	
Other	2,083	3,432	
	\$ (225,587)	\$ (297,024)	

The current and deferred tax assets and liabilities at December 31, 2002 include the effects of certain reclassifications related to differences between the income tax provisions and tax returns for prior years. These reclassifications had no effect on net income.

For financial reporting purposes, income before income taxes and extraordinary items for the Company s foreign subsidiaries was \$9.2 million, \$8.6 million and \$15.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively. At December 31, 2002 and 2001, unremitted earnings (deficit) of foreign subsidiaries were approximately \$(1.7) million and \$27.6 million, respectively. Since it is the Company s intention to indefinitely reinvest these earnings, no United States taxes have been provided. Determination of the amount of unrecognized deferred tax liability on these unremitted taxes is not practicable.

The Company has net operating loss carryforwards (NOL s) of \$564.2 million for federal income tax purposes that expire through 2022.

# 11. Company-Obligated Mandatorily Redeemable Convertible Preferred Securities of a Subsidiary Trust and Series A, B, C and D Preferred Stock

Trust Securities. In August 1998, a subsidiary trust (the Trust ) of Holdings issued and sold in a private offering (the Preferred Securities Offering ) \$300.0 million of 30 year, \$\forall 2\%\$ Convertible Quarterly Income Preferred Securities (the Preferred Securities ). The Trust used the proceeds from the Preferred Securities Offering to purchase 6 \(^{1}/2\%\$ convertible subordinated debentures due 2028 (the Debentures ) from Holdings which resulted in Holdings receiving all of the net proceeds of the Preferred Securities Offering. Holdings in turn contributed the net proceeds of the Preferred Securities Offering to URI. The Preferred Securities are non-voting securities, carry a liquidation value of \$50 per security and are convertible into the Company s common stock at an initial rate of 1.146 shares per security (equivalent to an initial conversion price of \$43.63 per share). They are convertible at any time at the holders option and are redeemable, at the Company s option, after three years,

subject to certain conditions.

Holders of the Preferred Securities are entitled to preferential cumulative cash distributions from the Trust at an annual rate of  $6^{1}/2\%$  of the liquidation value, accruing from the original issue date and payable quarterly in arrears beginning February 1, 1999. The distribution rate and dates correspond to the interest rate and payment dates on the Debentures. Holdings may defer interest payments on the Debentures for up to twenty consecutive quarters, but not beyond the maturity date of the Debentures. If interest payments on the Debentures are deferred, so are the payments on the Preferred Securities. Under this circumstance, Holdings will be prohibited from paying dividends on any of its capital stock or making payments with respect to its debt that rank pari passu with or junior to the Debentures.

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### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Holdings has executed a guarantee with regard to payment of the Preferred Securities to the extent that the Trust has sufficient funds to make the required payments.

Series A Preferred and Series B Preferred. The Company sold 300,000 shares of its Series A Preferred on January 7, 1999 and sold 150,000 shares of its Series B Preferred on September 30, 1999. On September 28, 2001, the Company entered into an agreement effecting (a) the exchange of the outstanding Series A Preferred for an equal number of shares of Series C Preferred and (b) the exchange of the outstanding Series B Preferred for an equal number of shares of Series D Preferred.

Series C Preferred and Series D Preferred. There are 300,000 shares of the Company s Series C Preferred outstanding and 150,000 shares of the Company s Series D Preferred outstanding. The Series D Preferred includes 105,252 shares designated as Class D-1 and 44,748 shares designated as Class D-2. The rights of the two classes of Series D Preferred are substantially the same, except that only the Class D-1 has the voting rights described below.

Principal terms of the Series C Preferred and Series D Preferred include the following (subject to the special provisions described below that will apply in the event of certain Non-Approved Change of Control transactions): (i) each share is entitled to a liquidation preference of \$1,000 per share; (ii) at holder s option, each share of Series C Preferred is convertible into 40 shares of common stock subject to adjustment (representing a conversion price of \$25 per share based on the liquidation preference) and each share of Series D Preferred is convertible into 33 1/3 shares of common stock subject to adjustment (representing a conversion price of \$30 per share based on the liquidation preference); (iii) the holders of the Series C Preferred and Series D Preferred (on an as converted basis) and the holders of the common stock vote together as a single class on all matters (except that the Series C Preferred may vote as a separate class as described in the next clause); (iv) the holders of the Series C Preferred, voting separately as a single class, may elect two directors (subject to reduction to one, if the shares of Series C Preferred owned by specified holders cease to represent, on an as converted basis, at least eight million shares of common stock, and reduction to zero, if such shares of Series C Preferred cease to represent at least four million shares of common stock), (v) there are no stated dividends on the Series C Preferred or Series D Preferred, but the Series C Preferred and Series D Preferred, on an as converted basis, will participate in any dividends declared on the common stock, (vi) upon the occurrence of specified change of control transactions, other than a Non-Approved Change of Control (as defined below), the Company must offer to redeem the Series C Preferred and Series D Preferred at a price per share equal to the liquidation preference plus an amount equal to 6.25% of the liquidation preference compounded annually from the date of the issuance of the Series A Preferred, in the case of the Series C Preferred, and the date of the issuance of the Series B Preferred, in the case of the Series D Preferred, to the redemption date, (vii) if the Company issues for cash common stock (or a series of preferred stock convertible into common stock) and the price for the common stock is below the conversion price of the Series C Preferred, then the Company must offer to repurchase a specified portion of the outstanding Series C Preferred at the price per share set forth in the preceding clause, and (viii) if the Company issues for cash common stock (or a series of preferred stock convertible into common stock) for a price for the common stock below the conversion price of the Series D Preferred, then the Company must offer to repurchase a specified portion of the outstanding Series D Preferred at the price per share specified in the second preceding clause.

Special Rights of Series C Preferred and Series D Preferred Upon Non-Approved Change of Control. In general, a Non-Approved Change of Control transaction is a change of control transaction that the Board of Directors (the Board ) has disapproved and which the Board has not facilitated by such actions as weakening or eliminating the Company s Stockholder Rights Plan. If a Non-Approved Change of Control occurs, and the Board does not offer the holders of the Series C Preferred and Series D Preferred essentially the same redemption

### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

rights that apply to an Approved Change of Control transaction: (i) the holders of the Series C Preferred would elect a majority of the Board for a specified period, (ii) the holders of the Series C Preferred and Series D Preferred would be entitled to an additional 6.25% return on the liquidation preference, compounded annually from January 1999 for the Series C Preferred and from September 1999 for the Series D Preferred, (iii) after the holders of the common stock receive an amount equivalent to the liquidation preference, the holders of the Series C Preferred and Series D Preferred would share with the holders of the common stock, on an as converted basis, in any remaining amounts available for distribution, and (iv) the Series C Preferred and Series D Preferred would accrue dividends at a maximum annual rate, compounded annually, equal to 18% of the liquidation preference.

### 12. Capital Stock

*Warrants*. As of December 31, 2002 there are outstanding warrants to purchase an aggregate of 7,144,298 shares of common stock. The weighted average exercise price of the warrants is \$11.76 per share. The warrants may be exercised through 2011 and there were 7,116,930 warrants exercisable as of December 31, 2002.

Common Stock. The Company has a share repurchase program to acquire up to \$200 million of its issued and outstanding common stock. Share repurchases under the program may be made from time to time, subject to certain restrictions under the Company s credit agreements, continuing through May 2003. The Company repurchased and retired 1,066,641 and 1,350,600 shares of common stock during 2002 and 2001, respectively.

2001 Senior Stock Plan. In June 2001, the Company s shareholders approved the adoption of the 2001 Senior Stock Plan. This plan provides for the awarding of common stock and other equity-linked awards to our officers and directors. The maximum number of shares of common stock that can be issued under the plan is 4,000,000. The Company records each share that is awarded under this plan at an amount not less than 100% of the fair market value per share at the date of the award. No shares may be awarded under this plan after June 5, 2011. As of December 31, 2002, 2,026,592 shares had been awarded under this plan at a weighted-average price of \$23.79 per share with vesting periods up to ten years. Determinations concerning the persons to receive awards, the form, amount and timing of such awards and terms and provisions of such awards are made by the Board (or a committee appointed by the Board).

2001 Stock Plan. In March 2001, the Company adopted the 2001 Stock Plan. This plan provides for the awarding of common stock and other equity-linked awards to certain employees (other than officers and directors) and others who render services to the Company. The maximum number of shares of common stock that can be issued under the plan is 2,000,000. The Company records each share that is awarded under this plan at an amount not less than 100% of the fair market value per share at the date of the award. No shares may be awarded under this plan after March 23, 2011. As of December 31, 2002, 1,370,837 shares had been awarded under this plan at a weighted-average price of \$17.14 per share with vesting periods up to three years. Determinations concerning the persons to receive awards, the form, amount and timing of such awards and terms and provisions of such awards are made by the Board (or a committee appointed by the Board).

The Company records the issuance of common shares at the quoted market price on the date of the grants. Amortization of deferred compensation is then recognized on a straight-line basis over the related vesting period. Amortization expense recognized for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 for the awards of the above stock plans was approximately \$11.4 million and \$6.2 million, respectively.

1997 Stock Option Plan. The Company s 1997 Stock Option Plan provides for the granting of options to purchase not more than an aggregate of 5,000,000 shares of common stock. Some or all of such options may be incentive stock options within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code. All officers, directors and employees

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### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

of the Company and other persons who perform services on behalf of the Company are eligible to participate in this plan. Each option granted pursuant to this plan must provide for an exercise price per share that is at least equal to the fair market value per share of common stock on the date of grant. No options may be granted under this plan after August 31, 2007. As of December 31, 2002 and 2001, options to purchase an aggregate of 4,033,030 shares and 4,845,783 shares of common stock, respectively, were outstanding under this plan. The exercise price of each option, the period during which each option may be exercised and other terms and conditions of each option are determined by the Board (or by a committee appointed by the Board).

1998 Stock Option Plan. The Company s 1998 Stock Option Plan provides for the granting of options to purchase not more than an aggregate of 4,200,000 shares of common stock. Some or all of the options issued under the 1998 Stock Option Plan may be incentive stock options within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code. All officers and directors of the Company and its subsidiaries are eligible to participate in the 1998 Stock Option Plan. Each option granted pursuant to the 1998 Stock Option Plan must provide for an exercise price per share that is at least equal to the fair market value per share of common stock on the date of grant. No options may be granted under the 1998 Stock Option Plan after August 20, 2008. As of December 31, 2002 and 2001, options to purchase an aggregate of 2,250,000 shares and 3,686,667 shares of common stock, respectively, were outstanding pursuant to this plan to executive officers and directors. The exercise price of each option, the period during which each option may be exercised and other terms and conditions of each option are determined by the Board (or by a committee appointed by the Board).

1998 Supplemental Stock Option Plan. The Company has adopted a stock option plan pursuant to which options, for up to an aggregate of 5,600,000 shares of common stock, may be granted to employees who are not officers or directors and to consultants and independent contractors who perform services for the Company or its subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2002 and 2001, options to purchase an aggregate of 4,752,565 shares and 5,342,097 shares of common stock, respectively, were outstanding pursuant to this plan. The exercise price of each option, the period during which each option may be exercised and other terms and conditions of each option are determined by the Board (or by a committee appointed by the Board).

1997 Performance Award Plan. Effective February 20, 1997, U.S. Rentals adopted the 1997 Performance Award Plan under which stock options and other awards could be granted to key employees and directors at prices and terms established by U.S. Rentals at the date of grant. The options expire in 2007. As a result of the merger, all outstanding options to purchase shares of U.S. Rentals common stock became fully vested and were converted into options to purchase the Company s common stock. As of December 31, 2002 and 2001, options to purchase an aggregate of 1,561,123 shares and 2,547,467 shares of common stock, respectively, were outstanding pursuant to this plan.

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## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

A summary of the transactions within the Company s stock option plans follows:

	Shares	U	ed Average cise Price
Outstanding at December 31, 1999	15,653,242		20.86
Granted	1,921,125		16.56
Exercised	(26,307)		16.91
Canceled	(451,965)		27.03
Outstanding at December 31, 2000	17,096,095		20.23
Granted	633,400		19.78
Exercised	(715,143)		14.24
Canceled	(592,338)		23.94
Outstanding at December 31, 2001	16,422,014		20.22
Granted	722,550		11.94
Exercised	(3,735,666)		17.32
Canceled	(812,180)		25.03
Outstanding at December 31, 2002	12,596,718	\$	20.20
Exercisable at December 31, 2002	10,693,526	\$	21.02

		Options Outstanding				Options Exercisable			
Range of Exercise Prices	Amount Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Amount Exercisable	Ü	ed Average			
\$10.00-\$15.00	3,237,029	6.6 years	\$ 12.17	2,490,731	\$	12.49			
15.01-20.00	1,807,765	7.4 years	16.38	999,953		16.68			
20.01-25.00	5,285,578	5.3 years	21.78	5,023,161		21.73			
25.01-30.00	1,176,597	6.3 years	27.35	1,089,932		27.27			
30.01-50.00	1,089,749	5.7 years	34.97	1,089,749		34.97			
		·							
	12,596,718	6.1 years	20.20	10,693,526		21.02			

At December 31, 2002 there are (i) 7,144,298 shares of common stock reserved for the exercise of warrants, (ii) 12,596,718 shares of common stock reserved for issuance pursuant to options granted and that may be granted in the future under the Company s stock option plans, (iii) 5,192,526 shares of common stock reserved for the issuance of outstanding preferred securities of a subsidiary trust, (iv) 17,000,000 shares of common stock reserved for the issuance of Series C and Series D preferred stock, and (v) 203,495 shares of common stock reserved for the conversion of convertible debt.

Stockholders Rights Plan. The Company adopted a Stockholders Rights Plan on September 28, 2001 (with a record date of October 19, 2001). This plan and other provisions of the Company s charter and bylaws may have the effect of deferring hostile takeovers or delaying or preventing changes in control or management of the Company, including transactions in which the shareholders of the Company might otherwise receive a premium for their shares over then current market prices. The rights expire on September 27, 2011.

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## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## 13. Comprehensive Income

The following table sets forth the components of the Company s accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):

Foreign	Accumulated	
Currency	Derivatives	Other
Translation	Qualifying	Comprehensive
Adjustments	as Hedges	Income/(Loss)
\$ 317		\$ 317
(7,264)		(7,264)
(6,947)		(6,947)
(16,137)	\$ (7,043)	(23,180)
(23,084)	(7,043)	(30,127)
2,484	795	3,279
\$ (20,600)	\$ (6,248)	\$ (26,848)
	Currency Translation  Adjustments  \$ 317	Currency Derivatives  Translation Qualifying  Adjustments as Hedges  \$ 317 (7,264)  (6,947) (16,137) \$ (7,043)  (23,084) (7,043) 2,484 795

## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## 14. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Year Ended December 31					
	(F	Restated)				
		2002		2001		2000
		(In th	nousands	s, except share	and	
			per sl	hare data)		
Numerator:						
Income (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of change in						
accounting principle	\$	(109,486)	\$	122,573	\$	176,375
Plus:						
Preferred dividends of a subsidiary trust, net of taxes						11,406
Liquidation preference in excess of amounts paid for convertible preferred						
securities		35,339				
Income (loss) available to common stockholders	\$	(74,147)	\$	122,573	\$	187,781
	_		_		_	
Denominator:						
Denominator:  Denominator for basic earnings per share-weighted-average shares	7.	5,787,693	70	2,141,128	7	1,069,174
Effect of dilutive securities:	/.	3,767,093	12	2,141,126	,	1,009,174
Employee stock options		1,162,530	1	1,507,820		1,517,015
Warrants		2,780,047		3,738,239		2,791,387
Series A Preferred		2,700,047		5,750,257		2,000,000
Series B Preferred						5,000,000
Series C Preferred	1′	2,000,000	10	2,000,000		3,000,000
Series D Preferred		5,000,000		5,000,000		
Company-obligated mandatorily redeemable convertible preferred securities of a		3,000,000	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
subsidiary trust						6,876,003
Denominator for dilutive earnings per share adjusted weighted-average shares	Q	6,730,270	0/	1,387,187	0	9,253,579
Denominator for undrive earnings per share adjusted weighted-average shares		0,730,270	<i></i>	+,567,167		9,233,319
Earnings (loss) per share-basic:						
Income (loss) available to common stockholders before extraordinary item and						
cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	\$	(0.98)	\$	1.70	\$	2.48
Extraordinary item, net				0.16		

Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle, net	(3.80)			
Income (loss) available to common stockholders	\$ (4.78)	\$ 1.54	\$	2.48
			_	
Earnings (loss) per share-diluted:				
Income (loss) available to common stockholders before extraordinary item and				
cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	\$ (0.98)	\$ 1.30	\$	1.89
Extraordinary item, net		0.12		
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle, net	(3.80)			
Income (loss) available to common stockholders	\$ (4.78)	\$ 1.18	\$	1.89

During the first and fourth quarters of 2002, the Company repurchased a total of 1,469,000 shares of its  $6^{1}/2\%$  Convertible Quarterly Income Preferred Securities for aggregate consideration of approximately \$38.1 million. These transactions resulted in an aggregate gain of approximately \$35.3 million. In the Company s

### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

original Form 10-K, the repurchase transactions were appropriately reflected on the consolidated statement of stockholders equity. However, the Company did not reflect the gain associated with these transactions in the earnings (loss) per share calculation. The Company has recently become aware that applicable accounting standards require that such gain be reflected in the calculation of earnings (loss) per share and, accordingly, the Company has restated its consolidated financial statements to do so. This restatement reduced the Company s 2002 loss per share by \$0.47 from \$5.25 to \$4.78. Other than the change to the earnings (loss) per share calculation, there are no other changes to the Company s consolidated statement of operations, consolidated balance sheet, consolidated statement of stockholders equity or consolidated statement of cash flows.

The diluted share base for years where the numerator represents a loss excludes incremental weighted shares for the above-captioned -Effect of dilutive securities due to their antidilutive effect.

#### 15. Commitments and Contingencies

## **Operating Leases**

The Company leases rental equipment, real estate and certain office equipment under operating leases. Certain real estate leases require the Company to pay maintenance, insurance, taxes and certain other expenses in addition to the stated rentals. Future minimum lease payments, by year and in the aggregate, for non-cancelable operating leases with initial or remaining terms of one year or more are as follows at December 31, 2002:

	Real Estate Leases	Rental Equipment Leases	Other Equipment Leases
		(In thousands)	
2003	\$ 68,068	\$ 110,642	\$ 21,873
2004	63,613	88,189	15,847
2005	55,650	82,325	5,239
2006	50,574	246,719	2,063
2007	46,383	39,927	1,072
Thereafter	108,093		357
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	\$ 392,381	\$ 567,802	\$ 46,451

As part of certain of its equipment operating leases, the Company guarantees that the value of the equipment at the end of the lease term will not be less than a specified projected residual value. The use of these guarantees helps to lower the Company s monthly operating lease payments. The Company believes that the projected residual values are reasonable and, accordingly, that it is not likely to incur material obligations pursuant to such guarantees. However, the Company cannot be certain that the actual residual values will not turn out to be significantly below the projected values that the Company guaranteed. The Company s maximum potential liability under these guarantees is \$231.6 million, which represents the aggregate amount that it would be required to pay if the residual value was zero for all equipment subject to such guarantees. In conformity with applicable accounting standards, this potential liability is not recorded on the Company s balance sheet.

The Company was the seller-lessee in sale-leaseback transactions with unrelated third parties in which it sold rental equipment for aggregate proceeds of \$3.4 million in 2002, rental equipment and real estate for aggregate proceeds of \$51.0 million in 2001, and rental equipment for aggregate proceeds of \$218.8 million in 2000. For the 2002 transactions, the Company leased back the rental equipment for a minor period of one to eight months. For the 2001 transactions, the Company leased back the real estate over a 10-year period and the rental equipment for a minor period of one to eight months. For the 2000 transactions, the Company leased back a portion of the rental equipment for a minor period of one to eight months, and the balance over a five-year period. The total gains related to these transactions in 2002, 2001, and 2000 were, respectively, approximately \$1.5 million of which none was deferred, \$21.6 million of which \$1.4 million was deferred, and approximately

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### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

\$16.5 million of which \$4.0 million was deferred. The deferred gains are amortized over the respective lease periods on a straight-line basis.

Rent expense under all non-cancelable real estate, rental equipment and other equipment operating leases totaled \$185.0 million, \$170.9 million, and \$137.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively. The Company s real estate leases provide for varying terms, including leases subject to customary escalation clauses, and include 43 leases that are on a month-to-month basis and 36 leases that provide for a remaining term of less than one year and do not provide a renewal option.

### **Restricted Stock Awards**

The Company has granted to employees other than executive officers and directors approximately 1,165,000 shares of restricted stock that contain the following provisions. The shares vest in 2004, 2005 or 2006 or earlier upon a change in control of the Company, death, disability, retirement or certain terminations of employment, and are subject to forfeiture prior to vesting on certain other terminations of employment, the violation of non-compete provisions and certain other events. The grants provide that the Company will pay to employees who vest in their restricted stock, and who sell their restricted stock within five trading days after vesting, a maximum aggregate amount for all these employees of approximately \$300,000 for each dollar by which the per share proceeds of these sales are less than \$27.26 but more than \$15.17, a maximum aggregate amount for all these employees of approximately \$500,000 for each dollar by which the per share proceeds of these sales are less than \$15.17 but more than \$9.18, and a maximum aggregate amount for all these employees of approximately \$1,165,000 for each dollar by which the per share proceeds of these sales are less than \$9.18.

### **Employee Benefit Plans**

The Company currently sponsors one defined contribution 401(k) retirement plan which is subject to the provisions of ERISA. The Company also sponsors a deferred profit sharing plan for the benefit of the full-time employees of its Canadian subsidiaries. Under these plans, the Company matches a percentage of the participants contributions up to a specified amount. Company contributions to the plans were \$5.2 million, \$6.0 million, and \$6.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively.

### **Legal and Insurance Matters**

The Company is party to legal proceedings and potential claims arising in the ordinary course of its business. In the opinion of management, the Company has adequate legal defenses, reserves, or insurance coverage with respect to these matters so that the ultimate resolution will not have a material adverse effect on the Company s financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. The Company had accrued \$22.2 million and \$28.3 million at December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively, to cover the uninsured portion of estimated costs arising from these pending claims and other potential unasserted claims.

### **Environmental Matters**

The Company and its operations are subject to various laws and related regulations governing environmental matters. Under such laws, an owner or lessee of real estate may be liable for the costs of removal or remediation of certain hazardous or toxic substances located on or in, or emanating from, such property, as well as investigation of property damage. The Company incurs ongoing expenses associated with the removal of underground storage tanks and the performance of appropriate remediation at certain of its locations. The Company believes that such removal and remediation will not have a material adverse effect on the Company s financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

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### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 16. Segment Information

Each of the Company s branch locations is an operating segment which consists of the rental and sales of equipment and related merchandise and parts. Certain of the Company s branches also provide specialty traffic control services as a product line. Of the total revenues for these branches, the amount of revenue attributable to such traffic control services was \$291.6 million, \$272.2 million, and \$245.0 million during the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000, respectively. All of the Company s branches have been aggregated into one reportable segment because they offer similar products and services in similar markets and the factors determining strategic decisions are comparable.

The Company operates in the United States, Canada and Mexico. Revenues are attributable to countries based upon the location of the customers. Geographic area information for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000 is as follows:

	Ye	Year ended December 31			
	2002	2001	2000		
		(In thousands)			
Revenues from external customers					
Domestic	\$ 2,658,969	\$ 2,740,694	\$ 2,753,266		
Foreign	162,020	145,911	165,595		
Total revenues from external customers	\$ 2,820,989	\$ 2,886,605	\$ 2,918,861		
Total revenues from external customers	\$ 2,020,989	\$ 2,880,003	\$ 2,918,801		
Rental equipment, net					
Domestic	\$ 1,713,406	\$ 1,630,411	\$ 1,604,191		
Foreign	132,269	116,771	128,644		
Total consolidated rental equipment, net	\$ 1,845,675	\$ 1,747,182	\$ 1,732,835		
Total consolidated fental equipment, net	Ψ 1,0 13,073	Ψ 1,7 17,102	ψ 1,732,033		
Property and equipment, net					
Domestic	\$ 409,785	\$ 393,541	\$ 405,873		
Foreign	15,567	16,512	16,366		
Total consolidated property and equipment, net	\$ 425,352	\$ 410,053	\$ 422,239		
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net					
Domestic	\$ 1,588,066	\$ 2,086,481	\$ 2,092,882		

Foreign	122,946	121,220	134,126
Total consolidated goodwill and other intangible assets, net	\$ 1,711,012	\$ 2,207,701	\$ 2,227,008

### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 17. Quarterly Financial Information (Unaudited)

### **Selected Financial Data**

The following table of quarterly financial information has been prepared from unaudited financial statements of the Company, and reflects adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the interim periods presented.

	First Quarter	Second Quarter	ond Quarter Third Quarter	
		(In thousands, ex	cept per share data)	
For the year ended December 31, 2002:				
Total revenues	\$ 598,965	\$ 744,759	\$ 783,103	\$ 694,162
Gross profit	179,208	253,262	245,747	208,060
Goodwill impairment				247,913
Restructuring charge				28,262
Income (loss) before cumulative effect of change in				
accounting principle	7,584	51,114	40,767	(208,951)
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(288,339)			
Net income (loss)	(280,755)	51,114	40,767	(208,951)
Basic earnings (loss) before cumulative effect of				
change in accounting principle per share	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.53	\$ (2.33)
Diluted earnings (loss) before cumulative effect of				
change in accounting principle per share	0.13	0.51	0.43	(2.33)

The Company has restated its first quarter and fourth quarter of 2002 earnings (loss) per share calculation to reflect the gain recorded on the repurchase of its  $6^{1/2}\%$  Convertible Quarterly Income Preferred Securities. The Company s 2002 first quarter diluted earnings per share increased by \$0.05 from earnings of \$0.08 to earnings of \$0.13 and the Company s 2002 fourth quarter loss per share was reduced by \$0.40 from a loss of \$2.73 to a loss of \$2.33. For additional information concerning these repurchases and the earnings (loss) per share calculation, see Note 14.

	First Quarter	Second Quarter Third Quarter		Fourth Quarter		
		(1	In thousands, ex			
For the year ended December 31, 2001:						
Total revenues	\$ 619,104	\$	768,013	\$ 795,483	\$	704,005
Gross profit	202,567		286,063	305,242		245,598
Restructuring charge			28,922			

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Income before extraordinary item	3,412	24,935	62,052	32,174
Extraordinary item		11,317		
Net income	3,412	13,618	62,052	32,174
Basic earnings before extraordinary item per share	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.85	\$ 0.45
Diluted earnings before extraordinary item per share	0.04	0.26	0.63	0.34

### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 18. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information of Guarantor Subsidiaries

Certain indebtedness of URI, a wholly owned subsidiary of Holdings (the Parent ), is guaranteed by URI s United States subsidiaries (the guarantor subsidiaries ) and, in certain cases, also by Parent. However, this indebtedness is not guaranteed by URI s foreign subsidiaries (the non-guarantor subsidiaries ). The guarantor subsidiaries are all wholly-owned and the guarantees are made on a joint and several basis and are full and unconditional (subject to subordination provisions and subject to a standard limitation which provides that the maximum amount guaranteed by each guarantor will not exceed the maximum amount that can be guaranteed without making the guarantee void under fraudulent conveyance laws). Separate consolidated financial statements of the guarantor subsidiaries have not been presented because management believes that such information would not be material to investors. However, condensed consolidating financial information as of December 31, 2002 and 2001, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2002, are presented. The condensed consolidating financial information of the Company and its subsidiaries are as follows:

#### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET

### December 31, 2002

			Guarantor	Non-Guarantor	Other and	Consolidated
	Parent	URI	Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Total
			(In t	housands)		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents			\$ 16,908	\$ 2,323		\$ 19,231
Accounts receivable, net		\$ 7,354	426,733	32,109		466,196
Intercompany receivable (payable)		604,962	(422,624)	(182,338)		
Inventory		36,602	50,450	4,746		91,798
Prepaid expenses and other assets		42,158	79,323	1,326	\$ 8,486	131,293
Rental equipment, net		1,003,791	709,615	132,269		1,845,675
Property and equipment, net	\$ 25,765	137,713	246,307	15,567		425,352
Investment in subsidiaries	1,532,290	2,216,629			(3,748,919)	
Intangible assets, net		243,529	1,344,537	122,946		1,711,012
	\$ 1,558,055	\$ 4,292,738	\$ 2,451,249	\$ 128,948	\$ (3,740,433)	\$ 4,690,557
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER S						
EQUITY						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		\$ 50,931	\$ 139,922	\$ 16,185		\$ 207,038
Debt	\$ 226,550	2,454,119	711	57,968	\$ (226,550)	2,512,798
Deferred taxes		226,392	(805)			225,587
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		58,968	115,430	8,699	3,982	187,079

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Total liabilities	226,550	2,790,410	255,258	82,852	(222,568)	3,132,502
Commitments and contingencies		_,,,,,,,,		0_,000_	(===,===)	-,,
Company-obligated mandatorily redeemable						
convertible preferred securities of a subsidiary						
trust					226,550	226,550
Stockholders equity:						
Preferred stock	5					5
Common stock	765					765
Additional paid-in capital	1,341,290	1,562,410	1,901,936	68,395	(3,532,741)	1,341,290
Deferred compensation	(52,988)					(52,988)
Retained earnings	69,281	(53,830)	294,055	(1,703)	(238,522)	69,281
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(26,848)	(6,252)		(20,596)	26,848	(26,848)
Total stockholders equity	1,331,505	1,502,328	2,195,991	46,096	\$ (3,744,415)	1,331,505
	-					
	\$ 1,558,055	\$ 4,292,738	\$ 2,451,249	\$ 128,948	\$ (3,740,433)	\$ 4,690,557

## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET

## December 31, 2001

	Parent	URI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other and Eliminations	Consolidated Total
		(In thousands)				
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 6,385	\$ 19,798	\$ 1,143		\$ 27,326
Accounts receivable, net		7,142	418,260	24,871		450,273
Intercompany receivable (payable)		89,612	39,548	(129,160)		
Inventory		36,335	46,410	3,019		85,764
Prepaid expenses and other assets		57,764	64,699	1,935	\$ 8,819	133,217
Rental equipment, net		885,442	744,969	116,771		1,747,182
Property and equipment, net	\$ 26,793	135,240	231,508	16,512		410,053
Investment in subsidiaries	1,904,000	2,414,710			(4,318,710)	
Intangible assets, net		855,360	1,231,121	121,220		2,207,701
	\$ 1,930,793	\$ 4,487,990	\$ 2,796,313	\$ 156,311	\$ (4,309,891)	\$ 5,061,516
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		\$ 38,436	\$ 155,029	\$ 11,308		\$ 204,773
Debt	\$ 300,000	2,193,380	203,896	62,246	\$ (300,000)	2,459,522
Deferred income taxes		296,974	50	,	+ (,)	297,024
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	5,283	57,108	96,793	12,253	3,250	174,687
Total liabilities	305,283	2,585,898	455,768	85.807	(296,750)	3.136.006
Commitments and contingencies	303,203	2,505,070	155,700	03,007	(270,750)	3,130,000
Company-obligated mandatorily redeemable convertible preferred securities of a subsidiary trust					300,000	300.000
Stockholders equity:					500,000	500,000
Preferred stock	5					5
Common stock	734					734
Additional paid-in capital	1,243,586	1,498,655	1,840,604	65,970	(3,405,229)	1,243,586
Deferred compensation	(55,794)	1,1,0,000	1,010,001	00,770	(8,108,22)	(55,794)
Retained earnings	467,106	410,480	499,941	27,618	(938,039)	467,106
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(30,127)	(7,043)		(23,084)	30,127	(30,127)
Total stockholders equity	1,625,510	1,902,092	2,340,545	70,504	(4,313,141)	1,625,510
	\$ 1,930,793	\$ 4,487,990	\$ 2,796,313	\$ 156,311	\$ (4,309,891)	\$ 5,061,516

### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

	Parent	URI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other and Eliminations	Consolidated Total
Revenues:						
Equipment rentals		\$ 905,752	\$ 1,133,860	\$ 115,069		\$ 2,154,681
Sales of rental equipment		98,156	61,577	16,446		176,179
Sales of equipment and merchandise and						
other revenues		237,603	222,021	30,505		490,129
Total revenues		1,241,511	1,417,458	162,020		2,820,989
Cost of revenues:						
Cost of equipment rentals, excluding						
depreciation		419,854	661,794	55,961		1,137,609
Depreciation of rental equipment		152,163	151,619	21,766		325,548
Cost of rental equipment sales Cost of equipment and merchandise sales		62,689	44,037	10,095		116,821
and other operating costs		174,721	157,379	22,634		354,734
Total cost of revenues		809,427	1,014,829	110,456		1,934,712
Gross profit Selling, general and administrative		432,084	402,629	51,564		886,277
expenses		191,584	222,437	24,897		438,918
Goodwill impairment		81,494	159,802	6,617		247,913
Restructuring charge		8,362	17,962	1,938		28,262
Non-rental depreciation and amortization	\$ 8,938	25,716	21,909	2,738		59,301
Operating income (loss)	(8,938)	124,928	(19,481)	15.374		111,883
Interest expense	18,206	183,882	7,567	4,512	\$ (18,206)	195,961
Preferred dividends of a subsidiary trust		,	. ,	,-	18,206	18,206
Other (income) expense, net		12,874	(15,435)	1,661		(900)
Income (loss) before provision (benefit) for income taxes and cumulative effect of						
change in accounting principle	(27,144)	(71,828)	(11,613)	9,201		(101,384)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(10,586)	(12,366)	26,195	4,859		8,102
Income (loss) before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle and equity						
in net earnings of subsidiaries	(16,558)	(59,462)	(37,808)	4,342		(109,486)
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		(86,598)	(168,078)	(33,663)		(288,339)

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(16,558)	(146,060)	(205,886)	(29,321)		(397,825)
(381,267)	(235,207)			616,474	
\$ (397,825)	\$ (381,267)	\$ (205,886)	\$ (29,321)	\$ 616,474	\$ (397,825)
	(381,267)	(381,267) (235,207)	(381,267) (235,207)	(381,267) (235,207)	(381,267) (235,207) 616,474

### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	Parent	URI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other and Eliminations	Consolidated Total
			(In t	thousands)		
Revenues:						
Equipment rentals		\$ 907,070	\$ 1,201,439	\$ 104,391		\$ 2,212,900
Sales of rental equipment		63,612	70,331	13,158		147,101
Sales of equipment and merchandise and						
other revenues		244,020	254,222	28,362		526,604
Total revenues		1,214,702	1,525,992	145,911		2,886,605
Cost of revenues:						
Cost of equipment rentals, excluding						
depreciation		376,634	626,867	50,134		1,053,635
Depreciation of rental equipment		150,619	149,868	20,476		320,963
Cost of rental equipment sales		38,702	42,088	7,952		88,742
Cost of equipment and merchandise sales						
and other operating costs		177,659	185,223	20,913		383,795
Tr. ( )		742 614	1.004.046	00.475		1 047 125
Total cost of revenues		743,614	1,004,046	99,475		1,847,135
Gross profit		471.088	521,946	46.436		1,039,470
Selling, general and administrative expenses		192,640	224,707	24,404		441,751
Restructuring charge		8,877	17,096	2,949		28,922
Non-rental depreciation and amortization	\$ 7,862	42,012	51,014	5,875		106,763
Operating income (loss)	(7,862)	227,559	229,129	13,208		462,034
Interest expense	19,500	211,220	7,834	2,509	\$ (19,500)	221,563
Preferred dividends of a subsidiary trust					19,500	19,500
Other (income) expense, net		25,586	(21,202)	2,037		6,421
Income (loss) before provision (benefit) for						
income taxes and extraordinary item	(27,362)	(9,247)	242,497	8,662		214,550
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(11,355)	(1,226)	100,636	3,922		91,977
Income (loss) before extraordinary item and						
equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	(16,007)	(8,021)	141,861	4,740		122,573
Extraordinary item		11,317	<u> </u>			11,317
Income (loss) before equity in net earnings						
of subsidiaries	(16,007)	(19,338)	141,861	4,740		111,256

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Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	127,263	146,601			(273,864)	
Net income	\$ 111,256	\$ 127,263	\$ 141,861	\$ 4,740	\$ (273,864)	\$ 111,256
				<u> </u>		

### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	Parent	URI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other and Eliminations	Consolidated Total
			(In	thousands)		
Revenues:						
Equipment rentals		\$ 851,541	\$ 1,094,613	\$ 110,529		\$ 2,056,683
Sales of rental equipment		145,519	178,576	23,583		347,678
Sales of equipment and merchandise and						
other revenues		253,798	229,219	31,483		514,500
Total revenues		1,250,858	1,502,408	165,595		2,918,861
Cost of revenues:						
Cost of revenues.  Cost of equipment rentals, excluding						
depreciation		364,047	494,350	49.080		907,477
Depreciation of rental equipment		152,640	155,239	20,252		328,131
Cost of rental equipment sales		87,161	106,617	14,404		208,182
Cost of equipment and merchandise sales		01,202	200,021	- 1,10		
and other operating costs		197,190	164,186	25,125		386,501
Total cost of revenues		801,038	920,392	108,861		1,830,291
Gross profit		449,820	582,016	56,734		1,088,570
Selling, general and administrative expenses		184,135	245,431	24,764		454,330
Non-rental depreciation and amortization	\$ 7,718	33,692	39,618	5,273		86,301
Operating income (loss)	(7,718)	231,993	296,967	26,697		547,939
Interest expense	19,500	217,904	135	10,740	\$ (19,500)	228,779
Preferred dividends of a subsidiary trust					19,500	19,500
Other (income) expense, net		2,129	(4,285)	320		(1,836)
Income (loss) before provision (benefit) for						
income taxes	(27,218)	11,960	301,117	15,637		301,496
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(11,295)	4,908	124,964	6,544		125,121
Income (loss) before equity in net earnings						
of subsidiaries	(15,923)	7,052	176,153	9,093		176,375
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	192,298	185,246			\$ (377,544)	
Net income	\$ 176,375	\$ 192,298	\$ 176,153	\$ 9,093	\$ (377,544)	\$ 176,375

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### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING CASH FLOW INFORMATION

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

	Parent	URI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other and Eliminations	Consolidated
			(In	thousands)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (13,231)	\$ 387,190	\$ 111,072	\$ 28,536	\$ 4,342	\$ 517,909
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Purchases of rental equipment		(302,417)	(150,864)	(38,978)		(492,259)
Purchases of property and equipment	(4,975)	(9,088)	(23,054)	(1,482)		(38,599)
Proceeds from sales of rental equipment		98,156	61,577	16,446		176,179
Capital contributed to subsidiary	(63,755)				63,755	
Purchases of other companies		(172,583)				(172,583)
Deposits on rental equipment purchases		(4,644)				(4,644)
In-process acquisition costs					(4,342)	(4,342)
Net cash used in investing activities	(68,730)	(390,576)	(112,341)	(24,014)	59,413	(536,248)
Cash flows from financing activities:		. , ,	, , ,	· / /	,	
Proceeds from debt		505,567	82	2,667		508,316
Payments of debt	(38,111)	(483,081)	(1,703)	(6,944)	38,111	(491,728)
Proceeds from sale-leaseback	(==,==)	(100,000)	(=,, ==)	(*,)		(1, 1,, 10)
Payments of financing costs		(6,197)				(6,197)
Capital contributions by parent		63,755			(63,755)	(0,1>7)
Dividend distributions to parent		(83,043)			83,043	
Shares repurchased and retired	(26,726)	(03,043)			05,045	(26,726)
Proceeds from the exercise of common	(20,720)					(20,720)
stock options	63,755					63,755
Company-obligated mandatorily redeemable convertible preferred securities	03,733					03,733
of a subsidiary trust repurchased and						
retired					(38,111)	(38,111)
Proceeds from dividends from subsidiary	83,043				(83,043)	(36,111)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	81,961	(2,999)	(1,621)	(4,277)	(63,755)	9,309
Effect of foreign exchange rates				935		935
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(6,385)	(2,890)	1,180		(8,095)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		6,385	19,798	1,143		27,326
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period			\$ 16,908	\$ 2,323		\$ 19,231

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Supplemental disclosure of cash flow							
information:							
Cash paid for interest	\$ 18,946	\$ 181,045	\$	1,232	\$ 10,976	\$	212,199
Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds		\$ (3,115)			\$ 1,661	\$	(1,454)
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:							
Conversion of operating leases to capital							
leases		\$ 31,451				\$	31,451
The Company acquired the net assets and assumed certain liabilities of other companies as follows:							
Assets, net of cash acquired		\$ 172,222				\$	172,222
Liabilities assumed		(4,705)					(4,705)
		167,517					167,517
Due to seller and other payments		5,066					5,066
			-		 	 	
Net cash paid		\$ 172,583				\$	172,583

### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING CASH FLOW INFORMATION

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	Parent	URI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other and Eliminations	Consolidated	
			(In t	housands)			
Net cash provided by (used in)			`	,			
operating activities	\$ (16,826)	\$ 622,289	\$ 97,695	\$ (8,933)	\$ 2,485	\$ 696,710	
Cash flows from investing							
activities:		(255,022)	(1.10.105)	(0.1.610)		(440.770)	
Purchases of rental equipment		(277,032)	(148,125)	(24,613)		(449,770)	
Purchases of property and	(2 (7.1)	(12.150)	(20.214)	(2.501)		(47.540)	
equipment Proceeds from sales of rental	(2,674)	(13,159)	(28,214)	(3,501)		(47,548)	
		(2.(12	70.221	12 150		1.47.101	
equipment	(10.417)	63,612	70,331	13,158	10 417	147,101	
Capital contributed to subsidiary Purchases of other companies	(10,417)	(53,565)		(1,273)	10,417	(54,838)	
Payments of contingent purchase		(33,303)		(1,273)		(34,030)	
price		(2,103)				(2,103)	
In-process acquisition costs		(2,103)			(2,485)	(2,485)	
in process acquisition costs	<u> </u>				(2,403)	(2,403)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(13,091)	(282,247)	(106,008)	(16,229)	7,932	(409,643)	
Cash flows from financing							
activities:		2 000 644		44.750		2.052.467	
Proceeds from debt		2,008,644	65	44,758		2,053,467	
Payments of debt		(2,292,186)	(1,687)	(6,634)		(2,300,507)	
Proceeds from sale-leaseback Payments of financing costs		12,435 (28,709)		(333)		12,435 (29,042)	
Capital contributions by parent		10,417		(333)	(10,417)	(29,042)	
Dividend distributions to parent		(44,258)			44,258		
Shares repurchased and retired	(24,758)	(44,236)			44,236	(24,758)	
Proceeds from the exercise of	(24,736)					(24,736)	
common stock options	10,417					10,417	
Proceeds from dividends from	10,117					10,117	
subsidiary	44,258				(44,258)		
					(11,200)		
Not each museided by (yeard in)							
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	29,917	(333,657)	(1,622)	37,791	(10,417)	(277,988)	
Effect of foreign exchange rates	29,917	(333,037)	(1,022)	(16,137)	(10,417)	(16,137)	
Effect of foreign exchange rates				(10,137)		(10,137)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and							
cash equivalents		6,385	(9,935)	(3,508)		(7,058)	
Cash and cash equivalents at							
beginning of period			29,733	4,651		34,384	

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Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	6,385	\$	19,798	\$	1,143	\$	27,326
		_		_		_		_	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:									
Cash paid for interest	\$ 19,500	\$	197,315	\$	10,561	\$	3,009	\$	230,385
Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds		\$	(31,122)			\$	323	\$	(30,799)
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:									
The Company acquired the net assets and assumed certain liabilities of other companies as follows:									
Assets, net of cash acquired		\$	20,264			\$	1,201	\$	21,465
Liabilities assumed			(4,468)				(144)		(4,612)
Less:									
Amounts paid through issuance of debt			(600)						(600)
		_							
			15,196				1,057		16,253
Due to seller and other payments			38,369				216	 	38,585
Net cash paid		\$	53,565			\$	1,273	\$	54,838

### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING CASH FLOW INFORMATION

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	Parent	URI		Guarantor Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries Subsidiaries			Other and Eliminations		Consolidate Total	
				(In	thousan	ds)				
Net cash provided by (used in) operating										
activities	\$ (6,429)	\$ 243,759	\$ 227,8	355	\$	43,066	\$	4,470	\$	512,721
Cash flows from investing activities:										
Purchases of rental equipment		(489,259)	(283,4	- 1		(35,457)				(808,204)
Purchases of property and equipment	(13,071)	(34,477)	(102,5			(3,712)				(153,770)
Proceeds from sales of rental equipment		145,519	178,5			23,583				347,678
Proceeds from sale of businesses		16,246	3,0	000						19,246
Payments of contingent purchase price		(3,030)	(13,2	236)						(16,266)
Purchases of other companies		(337,257)				(10,080)				(347,337)
Capital contributed to subsidiary	(331)							331		
In-process acquisition costs								(4,285)		(4,285)
Net cash used in investing activities	(13,402)	(702,258)	(217,6	(58)		(25,666)		(3,954)		(962,938)
Cash flows from financing activities:	(13,102)	(702,230)	(217,0	,50)		(23,000)		(3,751)		(702,750)
Shares repurchased and retired	(30,950)									(30,950)
Dividend distributions to parent	(30,730)	(50,450)						50,450		(30,730)
Proceeds from debt		452,912	2.7	290				30,430		456,202
Repayments of debt		(125,238)		.68)		(9,193)				(134,599)
Proceeds from sale-leaseback			(1	.00)		(9,193)				
		193,478						(105)		193,478
Payments of financing costs		(16,223)						(185)		(16,408)
Capital contributions by parent		331						(331)		
Proceeds from the exercise of stock	221									221
options	331							(50.450)		331
Proceeds from dividends from subsidiary	50,450							(50,450)		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing										
activities	19,831	454,810	3,1	22		(9,193)		(516)		468,054
Effect of foreign exchange rates						(7,264)				(7,264)
N							_		_	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(3,689)	13,3	319		943				10,573
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		3,689	16,4	14		3,708				23,811
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	\$ 29,7	33	\$	4,651			\$	34,384
				_			_		_	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:										
Cash paid for interest	\$ 19,500	\$ 218,346	\$ 1	35	\$	10,782			\$	248,763
Cash paid for income taxes		\$ 19,833			\$	3,913			\$	23,746
		, ,								, , ,

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Supplemental disclosure of non-cash			
investing and financing activities:			
The Company acquired the net assets and			
assumed certain liabilities of other			
companies as follows:			
Assets, net of cash acquired	\$ 518,167	\$ 11,037	\$ 529,204
Liabilities assumed	(132,163)	(957)	(133,120)
Less:			
Amounts paid in common stock of parent	(10,000)		(10,000)
Amounts paid through issuance of debt	(65,500)		(65,500)
		· — —	
	310,504	10,080	320,584
Due to seller and other payments	26,753		26,753
		<u> </u>	
Net cash paid	\$ 337,257	\$ 10,080	\$ 347,337

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Board	of Directors					
United	Rentals, Inc.	Parent Company	of United Rentals	(North Am	erica),	Inc.)

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of United Rentals (North America), Inc. as of December 31, 2002 and 2001 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholder s equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2002. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the management of United Rentals (North America), Inc. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of United Rentals (North America), Inc. at December 31, 2002 and 2001, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2002 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

As discussed in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, effective January 1, 2002.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

MetroPark, New Jersey

February 20, 2003

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# UNITED RENTALS (NORTH AMERICA), INC.

### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	Decem	nber 31
	2002	2001
	,	usands, aare data)
Assets	Ф. 10.221	Φ 27.226
Cash and cash equivalents  Accounts receive blance for doubtful accounts of \$48,542 and \$47,744 in 2002 and 2001	\$ 19,231	\$ 27,326
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$48,542 and \$47,744 in 2002 and 2001,	466,196	450,273
respectively Inventory	91,798	85,764
Prepaid expenses and other assets	122,807	124,398
Rental equipment, net	1,845,675	1,747,182
Property and equipment, net	399,587	383,260
Goodwill, net	1,705,191	2,199,774
Other intangible assets, net	5,821	7,927
outer manageore account, net		
	\$ 4,656,306	\$ 5,025,904
	\$ <del>4</del> ,030,300	\$ 5,025,904
Liabilities and Stockholder s Equity		
Liabilities:	e 207.029	¢ 204.772
Accounts payable	\$ 207,038	\$ 204,773
Debt Deferred taxes	2,512,798	2,459,522
	225,587 209,728	297,024 166,154
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	209,728	100,134
Total liabilities	3,155,151	3,127,473
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholder s equity:		
Common stock \$.01 par value, 3,000 shares authorized, 1,000 shares issued and outstanding	1 501 022	1.510.070
Additional paid-in capital	1,581,833	1,518,078
Retained earnings	(53,830)	410,480
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(26,848)	(30,127)
Total stockholder s equity	1,501,155	1,898,431
	\$ 4,656,306	\$ 5,025,904
	\$ 4,030,300	\$ 3,023,90 <del>4</del>

See accompanying notes.

# UNITED RENTALS (NORTH AMERICA), INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Year Ended December 31		
	2002	2001	2000
		(In thousands)	
Revenues:			
Equipment rentals	\$ 2,154,681	\$ 2,212,900	\$ 2,056,683
Sales of rental equipment	176,179	147,101	347,678
Sales of equipment and merchandise and other revenues	490,129	526,604	514,500
Total revenues	2,820,989	2,886,605	2,918,861
Cost of revenues:			
Cost of equipment rentals, excluding depreciation	1,137,609	1,053,635	907,477
Depreciation of rental equipment	325,548	320,963	328,131
Cost of rental equipment sales	116,821	88,742	208,182
Cost of equipment and merchandise sales and other operating costs	354,734	383,795	386,501
Total cost of revenues	1,934,712	1,847,135	1,830,291
Gross profit	886,277	1,039,470	1,088,570
Selling, general and administrative expenses	438,918	441,751	454,330
Goodwill impairment	247,913		
Restructuring charge	28,262	28,922	
Non-rental depreciation and amortization	50,363	98,901	78,583
Operating income	120,821	469,896	555,657
Interest expense	195,961	221,563	228,779
Other (income) expense, net	(900)	6,421	(1,836)
Income (loss) before provision for income taxes, extraordinary item and cumulative effect of			
change in accounting principle	(74,240)	241,912	328,714
Provision for income taxes	18,688	103,332	136,416
Income (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(92,928)	138,580	192,298
Extraordinary item, net of tax benefit Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	(288,339)	11,317	172,270
Net income (loss)	\$ (381,267)	\$ 127,263	\$ 192,298

See accompanying notes.

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# UNITED RENTALS (NORTH AMERICA), INC.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDER S EQUITY

	Commo	n Stock						cumulated Other
	Number		Additional Paid-in	Retained	Cor	nprehensive	Con	nprehensive (Loss)
	of Shares	Amount	Capital	Earnings		come (Loss)		Income
					_	-	_	
Balance, December 31, 1999	1,000		\$ 1,507,330	ls except share amo \$ 185,627	ounts)		\$	317
Comprehensive income:	1,000		Ψ 1,507,550	Ψ 103,027			Ψ	517
Net income				192,298	\$	192,298		
Other comprehensive income:				1,2,2,0	Ψ	1,2,2,0		
Foreign currency translation								
adjustments						(7,264)		(7,264)
,						(,,== 1)		(1,=01)
Comprehensive income					\$	185,034		
comprehensive meome					Ψ	103,031		
Contributed capital from parent			331					
Dividend distributions to parent			331	(50,450)				
Dividend distributions to purem				(30,130)				
Balance, December 31, 2000	1,000		1,507,661	327,475				(6,947)
Comprehensive income:	1,000		1,507,001	327,173				(0,717)
Net income				127,263	\$	127,263		
Other comprehensive income:				127,203	Ψ	127,203		
Foreign currency translation								
adjustments						(16,137)		(16,137)
Cumulative effect on equity of						(10,101)		(-0,-0)
adopting FAS 133, net of tax of \$1,784						(2,516)		(2,516)
Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net						( ) /		( )= -)
of tax \$3,212						(4,527)		(4,527)
Comprehensive income					\$	104,083		
comprehensive meeting					Ψ.	101,000		
Contributed capital from parent			10,417					
Dividend distributions to parent			10,417	(44,258)				
Dividend distributions to parent				(++,250)			_	
Balance, December 31, 2001	1,000		\$ 1,518,078	\$ 410,480			\$	(30,127)
Comprehensive loss:	1,000		ψ 1,510,070	Ψ +10,+00			Ψ	(30,127)
Net loss				(381,267)	\$	(381,267)		
Other comprehensive income				(501,207)	Ψ	(301,207)		
Foreign currency translation								
adjustments						2,484		2,484
Derivatives qualifying as hedges, net						_,		_,
of tax						795		795
Comprehensive loss					\$	(377,988)		
Comprehensive 1055					Ψ	(377,700)		
Cantaillanta di annita 1 C			(2.755					
Contributed capital from parent			63,755					

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Dividend distributions to parent			(83,043)	
Balance, December 31, 2002	1,000	\$ 1,581,833	\$ (53,830)	\$ (26,848)

See accompanying notes.

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# UNITED RENTALS (NORTH AMERICA), INC.

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year Ended December 31		
	2002	2001	2000
		(In thousands)	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	Φ (201.2(7)	ф. 107.0 <i>C</i> 2	ф. 102.200
Net income (loss)	\$ (381,267)	\$ 127,263	\$ 192,298
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	276 244	410.064	406.714
Depreciation and amortization	376,244	419,864	406,714
Gain on sales of rental equipment	(59,359)	(58,359)	(139,496)
Gain on sale of businesses	2.407	10.002	(4,084)
Restructuring charge	2,497	10,893	
Goodwill impairment	247,913	10.07/	
Extraordinary item	200.220	18,076	
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle, net	288,339	100.602	100.000
Deferred taxes	5,871	100,683	109,280
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	(6,949)	24,888	8,613
Inventory	21,189	87,084	69,706
Prepaid expenses and other assets	3,601	11,657	(77,579)
Accounts payable	2,252	(58,713)	14,290
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	26,467	27,715	(65,062)
Net cash provided by operating activities	526,798	711,051	514,680
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:			
Purchases of rental equipment	(492,259)	(449,770)	(808,204)
Purchases of property and equipment	(33,624)	(44,874)	(140,699)
Proceeds from sales of rental equipment	176,179	147,101	347,678
Proceeds from sale of businesses	170,179	147,101	19,246
Purchases of other companies	(172 592)	(54,838)	(347,337)
Payments of contingent purchase price	(172,583)	(2,103)	(16,266)
	(1 611)	(2,103)	(10,200)
Deposits on rental equipment purchases	(4,644)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(526,931)	(404,484)	(945,582)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:	<del></del>	' <u></u>	
Capital contributions by Parent	63,755	10,417	331
Proceeds from debt	508,316	2,053,467	456,202
Payments on debt	(491,728)	(2,300,507)	(134,599)
Proceeds from sale-leaseback	(171,720)	12,435	193,478
Dividend distributions to Parent	(83,043)	(44,258)	(50,450)
Payments of financing costs	(6,197)	(29,042)	(16,223)
	(0.007)	(207, 400)	440.700
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(8,897)	(297,488)	448,739
Effect of foreign exchange rates	935	(16,137)	(7,264)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(8,095)	(7,058)	10,573
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	27,326	34,384	23,811
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 19,231	\$ 27,326	\$ 34,384

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Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Cash paid for interest	\$ 193,253	\$ 210,885	\$ 229,263
Cash paid for taxes, net of refunds	\$ (1,454)	\$ (30,799)	\$ 23,746
Supplemental schedule of non cash investing and financing activities:			
Conversion of operating leases to capital leases	\$ 31,451		
The Company acquired the net assets and assumed certain liabilities of other companies as follows:			
Assets, net of cash acquired	\$ 172,222	\$ 21,465	\$ 529,204
Liabilities assumed	(4,705)	(4,612)	(133,120)
Less:			
Amounts paid in common stock of the parent			(10,000)
Amounts paid through issuance of debt		(600)	(65,500)
	167,517	16,253	320,584
Due to seller and other payments	5,066	38,585	26,753
Net cash paid	\$ 172,583	\$ 54,838	\$ 347,337

See accompanying notes.

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### UNITED RENTALS (NORTH AMERICA), INC.

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

United Rentals (North America), Inc., ( URI ) and subsidiaries is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Rentals, Inc., which is principally a holding company ( Holdings or Parent ). Holdings was incorporated in July 1998 and became the parent of URI on August 5, 1998, pursuant to the reorganization of the legal structure of URI. Prior to such reorganization, the name of URI was United Rentals, Inc. References herein to the Company refer to URI and its subsidiaries.

Certain footnotes are not provided for the accompanying financial statements as the information in Notes 1 through 10, 12, 13 and 15 through 17 to the consolidated financial statements of United Rentals, Inc. included elsewhere in this report is substantially equivalent to that required for the consolidated financial statements of URI and its subsidiaries. Earnings per share data is not provided for the operating results of URI and subsidiaries, as they are wholly owned subsidiaries of Holdings. URI s various credit agreements and debt instruments place restrictions on its ability to transfer funds to its shareholder.

Holdings provides certain services to URI in connection with its operations. These services principally include: (i) senior management services, (ii) finance related services and support, (iii) information technology systems and support and (iv) acquisition related services. In addition, Holdings leases certain equipment and real property that are made available for use by URI and its subsidiaries. URI has made, and expects to continue to make, certain payments to Holdings in respect of the services provided by Holdings to the Company. The expenses relating to URI s payments to Holdings are reflected on URI s financial statements as selling, general and administrative expenses. In addition, although not legally obligated to do so, URI has in the past made, and expects that it will in the future make, distributions to Holdings for, among other things, enabling Holdings to pay dividends on its preferred securities.

### 2. Capital Stock and Contributions

At December 31, 2002, the Company had authorized 3,000 shares of its \$0.01 par value common stock of which 1,000 shares were issued and outstanding. All of the issued and outstanding common shares of URI are owned by its Parent.

Pursuant to the reorganization described in Note 1, the net proceeds from the Company s initial public offering completed in December 1997 and the public offering completed in March 1998 have been reflected as Contributed Capital from the Parent in the accompanying statement of stockholder s equity. Holdings also contributed the net proceeds from the issuance of redeemable convertible preferred securities in August 1998 to URI. During 1999, Holdings contributed the net proceeds from the issuance of common stock in a public offering and the net proceeds from the issuance of perpetual convertible preferred stock to URI.

### 3. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information of Guarantor Subsidiaries

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Certain indebtedness of URI is guaranteed by URI s United States subsidiaries (the guarantor subsidiaries) but is not guaranteed by URI s foreign subsidiaries (the non-guarantor subsidiaries). The guarantor subsidiaries are all wholly-owned and the guarantees are made on a joint and several basis and are full and unconditional (subject to subordination provisions and subject to a standard limitation which provides that the maximum amount guaranteed by each guarantor will not exceed the maximum amount that can be guaranteed without making the guarantee void under fraudulent conveyance laws). Separate consolidated financial statements of the guarantor subsidiaries have not been presented because management believes that such

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### UNITED RENTALS (NORTH AMERICA), INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

information would not be material to investors. However, condensed consolidating financial information as of December 31, 2002 and 2001, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2002, are presented. The condensed consolidating financial information of URI and its subsidiaries are as follows:

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET

### December 31, 2002

	URI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated Total
ASSETS			(In thousands)		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 16.908	\$ 2,323		\$ 19.231
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 7,354	426,733	32,109		466,196
Intercompany receivable (payable)	604,962	(422,624)	(182,338)		
Inventory	36,602	50,450	4,746		91,798
Prepaid expenses and other assets	42,158	79,323	1,326		122,807
Rental equipment, net	1,003,791	709,615	132,269		1,845,675
Property and equipment, net	137,713	246,307	15,567		399,587
Investment in subsidiaries	2,216,629			\$ (2,216,629)	
Intangible assets, net	243,529	1,344,537	122,946		1,711,012
	\$ 4,292,738	\$ 2,451,249	\$ 128,948	\$ (2,216,629)	\$ 4,656,306
	. , ,		. ,		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER S EQU	JITY				
Accounts payable	\$ 50,931	\$ 139,922	\$ 16,185		\$ 207,038
Debt	2,454,119	711	57,968		2,512,798
Deferred taxes	226,392	(805)	37,900		225,587
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	58,968	115,430	8,699	\$ 26,631	209,728
Actual expenses and other madmittes	36,906	113,430	0,077	φ 20,031	209,728
Total liabilities	2,790,410	255,258	82,852	26,631	3,155,151
Commitments and contingencies	2,790,410	233,236	02,032	20,031	3,133,131
Stockholder s equity:					
Common stock					
Additional paid-in capital	1,562,410	1,901,936	68,395	(1,950,908)	1,581,833
Retained earnings	(53,830)	294,055	(1,703)	(292,352)	(53,830)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(6,252)	277,033	(20,596)	(2)2,332)	(26,848)
recumulated other comprehensive loss	(0,232)		(20,370)		(20,040)

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Total stockholder s equity	1,502,328	2,195,991	46,096	(2,243,260)	1,501,155
	\$ 4,292,738	\$ 2,451,249	\$ 128,948	\$ (2,216,629)	\$ 4,656,306

# UNITED RENTALS (NORTH AMERICA), INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET

# **December 31, 2001**

	URI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated Total
			(In thousands)		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,385	\$ 19,798	\$ 1,143		\$ 27,326
Accounts receivable, net	7,142	418,260	24,871		450,273
Intercompany receivable (payable)	89,612	39,548	(129,160)		
Inventory	36,335	46,410	3,019		85,764
Prepaid expenses and other assets	57,764	64,699	1,935		124,398
Rental equipment, net	885,442	744,969	116,771		1,747,182
Property and equipment, net	135,240	231,508	16,512		383,260
Investment in subsidiaries	2,414,710			\$ (2,414,710)	
Intangible assets, net	855,360	1,231,121	121,220		2,207,701
	\$ 4,487,990	\$ 2,796,313	\$ 156,311	\$ (2,414,710)	\$ 5,025,904
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER S EQUITY	<i>l</i>				
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 38,436	\$ 155,029	\$ 11,308		\$ 204,773
Debt	2,193,380	203,896	62,246		2,459,522
Deferred taxes	296,974	50			297,024
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	57,108	96,793	12,253		166,154
Total liabilities	2,585,898	455,768	85,807		3,127,473
Commitments and contingencies Stockholder s equity:					
Common stock					
Additional paid-in capital	1,498,655	1,840,604	65,970	\$ (1,887,151)	1,518,078
Retained earnings	410,480	499,941	27,618	(527,559)	410,480
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(7,043)		(23,084)		(30,127)
Total stockholder s equity	1,902,092	2,340,545	70,504	(2,414,710)	1,898,431
	\$ 4,487,990	\$ 2,796,313	\$ 156,311	\$ (2,414,710)	\$ 5,025,904

# UNITED RENTALS (NORTH AMERICA), INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

	URI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other and Eliminations	Consolidated Total
			(In thousands)		
Revenues:					
Equipment rentals	\$ 905,752	\$ 1,133,860	\$ 115,069		\$ 2,154,681
Sales of rental equipment	98,156	61,577	16,446		176,179
Sales of equipment and merchandise and other revenues	237,603	222,021	30,505		490,129
Total revenues	1,241,511	1,417,458	162,020		2,820,989
Cost of revenues:	1,2 11,0 11	1,117,100	102,020		2,020,203
Cost of equipment rentals, excluding					
depreciation	419,854	661,794	55,961		1,137,609
Depreciation of rental equipment	152,163	151,619	21,766		325,548
Cost of rental equipment sales	62,689	44,037	10,095		116,821
Cost of equipment and merchandise sales and					
other operating costs	174,721	157,379	22,634		354,734
Total cost of revenues	809,427	1,014,829	110,456		1,934,712
Gross profit	432,084	402,629	51,564		886,277
Selling, general and administrative expenses	191,584	222,437	24,897		438,918
Goodwill impairment	81,494	159,802	6,617		247,913
Restructuring charge	8,362	17,962	1,938		28,262
Non-rental depreciation and amortization	25,716	21,909	2,738		50,363
Operating income	124,928	(19,481)	15,374		120,821
Interest expense	183,882	7,567	4,512		195,961
Other (income) expense, net	12,874	(15,435)	1,661		(900)
Income (loss) before provision (benefit) for income taxes and cumulative effect of change in accounting principle Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(71,828) (12,366)	(11,613) 26,195	9,201 4,859		(74,240) 18,688
	(12,500)				10,000
Income (loss) before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle and equity in					
net earnings of subsidiaries	(59,462)	(37,808)	4,342		(92,928)
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle, net of tax	(86,598)	(168,078)	(33,663)		(288,339)

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Income (loss) before equity in net earnings of					
subsidiaries	(146,060)	(205,886)	(29,321)		(381,267)
Equity in net loss of subsidiaries	(235,207)			\$ 235,207	
Net income (loss)	\$ (381,267)	\$ (205,886)	\$ (29,321)	\$ 235,207	\$ (381,267)

# UNITED RENTALS (NORTH AMERICA), INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

	URI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Other and Eliminations	Consolidated Total
			(In thousands)		
Revenues:					
Equipment rentals	\$ 907,070	\$ 1,201,439	\$ 104,391		\$ 2,212,900
Sales of rental equipment	63,612	70,331	13,158		147,101
Sales of equipment and merchandise and other					
revenues	244,020	254,222	28,362		526,604
Total revenues	1,214,702	1,525,992	145,911		2,886,605
Cost of revenues:					
Cost of equipment rentals, excluding					
depreciation	376,634	626,867	50,134		1,053,635
Depreciation of rental equipment	150,619	149,868	20,476		320,963
Cost of rental equipment sales	38,702	42,088	7,952		88,742
Cost of equipment and merchandise sales and					
other operating costs	177,659	185,223	20,913		383,795
Total cost of revenues	743,614	1,004,046	99,475		1,847,135
Gross profit	471,088	521,946	46,436		1,039,470
Selling, general and administrative expenses	192,640	224,707	24,404		441,751
Restructuring charge	8,877	17,096	2,949		28,922
Non-rental depreciation and amortization	42,012	51,014	5,875		98,901
Operating income	227,559	229,129	13,208		469,896
Interest expense	211,220	7,834	2,509		221,563
Other (income) expense, net	25,586	(21,202)	2,037		6,421
•					
Income (loss) before provision (benefit) for					
income taxes and extraordinary item	(9,247)	242,497	8,662		241,912
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(1,226)	100,636	3,922		103,332
Trovision (concin, for moonic tanes	(1,220)				
Income (loss) before extraordinary item and					
equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	(8,021)	141,861	4,740		138,580
Extraordinary item	11,317				11,317
Income (loss) before equity in net earnings of					
subsidiaries	(19,338)	141,861	4,740		127,263
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	146,601			\$ (146,601)	

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Net income	\$ 127,263	\$ 141,861	\$ 4,740	\$ (146,601)	\$ 127,263

# UNITED RENTALS (NORTH AMERICA), INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	URI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated Total
			(In thousands)		
Revenues:					
Equipment rentals	\$ 851,541	\$ 1,094,613	\$ 110,529		\$ 2,056,683
Sales of rental equipment	145,519	178,576	23,583		347,678
Sales of equipment and merchandise and other					
revenues	253,798	229,219	31,483		514,500
Total revenues	1,250,858	1,502,408	165,595		2,918,861
Cost of revenues:					
Cost of equipment rentals, excluding					
depreciation	364,047	494,350	49,080		907,477
Depreciation of rental equipment	152,640	155,239	20,252		328,131
Cost of rental equipment sales	87,161	106,617	14,404		208,182
Cost of equipment and merchandise sales and					
other operating costs	197,190	164,186	25,125		386,501
Total cost of revenues	801,038	920,392	108,861		1,830,291
Gross profit	449,820	582,016	56,734		1,088,570
Selling, general and administrative expenses	184,135	245,431	24,764		454,330
Non-rental depreciation and amortization	33,692	39,618	5,273		78,583
•					
Operating income	231,993	296,967	26.697		555,657
Interest expense	217,904	135	10,740		228,779
Other (income) expense, net	2,129	(4,285)	320		(1,836)
Income before provision for income taxes	11,960	301,117	15,637		328,714
Provision for income taxes	4,908	124,964	6,544		136,416
Trovision for moonio tanto					
Income before equity in net earnings of					
subsidiaries	7,052	176,153	9,093		192,298
Equity in net earnings of subsidiaries	185,246	0,100		\$ (185,246)	->2,2>0
1				- ()	
Net income	\$ 192,298	\$ 176,153	\$ 9.093	\$ (185,246)	\$ 192,298
The medical	Ψ 172,270	Ψ 170,133	Ψ 2,023	ψ (105,210)	ψ 1 <i>72,27</i> 0

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# UNITED RENTALS (NORTH AMERICA), INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING CASH FLOW INFORMATION

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

	URI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Con	nsolidated Total
		<u> </u>	(In thousands)			
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 387,190	\$ 111,072	\$ 28,536		\$	526,798
Cash flows from investing activities:	Ψ 307,170	Ψ 111,072	Ψ 20,550		Ψ	320,770
Purchases of rental equipment	(302,417)	(150,864)	(38,978)			(492,259)
Purchases of property and equipment	(9,088)	(23,054)	(1,482)			(33,624)
Proceeds from sales of rental equipment	98,156	61,577	16,446			176,179
Purchases of other companies	(172,583)					(172,583)
Deposits on rental equipment purchases	(4,644)					(4,644)
Net cash used in investing activities	(390,576)	(112,341)	(24,014)			(526,931)
Cash flows from financing activities:	(2)0,270)	(112,011)	(2.,01.)			(020,501)
Dividend distributions to parent	(83,043)					(83,043)
Proceeds from debt	505,567	82	2,667			508,316
Repayments of debt	(483,081)	(1,703)	(6,944)			(491,728)
Payments of financing costs	(6,197)	, , ,				(6,197)
Capital contributions by parent	63,755					63,755
					_	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(2,999)	(1,621)	(4,277)			(8,897)
Effect of foreign exchange rates	(=,,,,,	(-,)	935			935
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash						
equivalents	(6,385)	(2,890)	1,180			(8,095)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	6,385	19,798	1,143			27,326
cush and cush equivalents at beginning of period	0,303	17,770	1,113			27,320
Chdhilttd -fid		¢ 16,000	\$ 2,323		¢	10.221
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$ 16,908	\$ 2,323		Þ	19,231
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:						
Cash paid for interest	\$ 181,045	\$ 1,232	\$ 10,976		\$	193,253
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ (3,115)		\$ 1,661		\$	(1,454)
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and						
financing activities:	ф 21.451				Ф	21 451
Conversion of operating leases to capital leases	\$ 31,451				\$	31,451
The Company acquired the net assets and assumed						
certain liabilities of other companies as follows: Assets, net of cash acquired	\$ 172,222				\$	172,222
Liabilities assumed	(4,705)				Ф	(4,705)
Liaminies assumed	(4,703)					(4,703)

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Due to seller and other payments	167,517 5,066	167,517 5,066
Net cash paid	\$ 172,583	\$ 172,583

# UNITED RENTALS (NORTH AMERICA), INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING CASH FLOW INFORMATION

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2001

		URI	_	uarantor bsidiaries		-Guarantor bsidiaries	Eliminations	Со	nsolidated Total
					(In	thousands)			
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	622,289	\$	97,695	\$	(8,933)		\$	711,051
Cash flows from investing activities:									
Purchases of rental equipment		(277,032)		(148,125)		(24,613)			(449,770)
Purchases of property and equipment		(13,159)		(28,214)		(3,501)			(44,874)
Proceeds from sales of rental equipment		63,612		70,331		13,158			147,101
Payments of contingent purchase price		(2,103)							(2,103)
Purchases of other companies		(53,565)				(1,273)			(54,838)
Net cash used in investing activities		(282,247)		(106,008)		(16,229)			(404,484)
Cash flows from financing activities:		(202,217)		(100,000)		(10,22)			(101,101)
Dividend distributions to parent		(44,258)							(44,258)
Proceeds from debt	2	2,008,644		65		44,758			2,053,467
Repayments of debt		2,292,186)		(1,687)		(6,634)			2,300,507)
Proceeds from sale-leaseback		12,435		( ))		(-,,			12,435
Payments of financing costs		(28,709)				(333)			(29,042)
Capital contributions by parent		10,417				(3.2.2)			10,417
Net cash provided by (used in) financing									
activities		(333,657)		(1,622)		37,791			(297,488)
Effect of foreign exchange rates						(16,137)			(16,137)
	_		_		-				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash									
equivalents		6,385		(9,935)		(3,508)			(7,058)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of									
period				29,733		4,651			34,384
			_		-				
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	6,385	\$	19,798	\$	1,143		\$	27,326
	_	·	_		_			_	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow									
information:									
Cash paid for interest	\$	197,315	\$	10,561	\$	3,009		\$	210,885
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	(31,122)			\$	323		\$	(30,799)
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash									
investing and financing activities:									
The Company acquired the net assets and									
assumed certain liabilities of other companies									
as follows:									

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Assets, net of cash acquired	\$ 20,264	\$ 1,201	\$ 21,465
Liabilities assumed	(4,468)	(144)	(4,612)
Less:			
Amounts paid through issuance of debt	(600)		(600)
		<del></del>	
	15,196	1,057	16,253
Due to seller and other payments	38,369	216	38,585
		<del></del>	
Net cash paid	\$ 53,565	\$ 1,273	\$ 54,838
			_

## UNITED RENTALS (NORTH AMERICA), INC.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING CASH FLOW INFORMATION

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2000

	URI	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated Total
			(In thousands)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 243,759	\$ 227,855	\$ 43,066		\$ 514,680
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchases of rental equipment	(489,259)	(283,488)	(35,457)		(808,204)
Purchases of property and equipment	(34,477)	(102,510)	(3,712)		(140,699)
Proceeds from sales of rental equipment	145,519	178,576	23,583		347,678
Proceeds from sale of businesses	16,246	3,000			19,246
Payments of contingent purchase price	(3,030)	(13,236)			(16,266)
Purchases of other companies	(337,257)		(10,080)		(347,337)
•			<u> </u>		
Net cash used in investing activities	(702,258)	(217,658)	(25,666)		(945,582)
Cash flows from financing activities:	(702,230)	(217,030)	(23,000)		(743,302)
Dividend distributions to parent	(50,450)				(50,450)
Proceeds from debt	452,912	3,290			456,202
Repayments of debt	(125,238)	(168)	(9,193)		(134,599)
Proceeds from sale-leaseback	193,478	(100)	(5,155)		193,478
Payments of financing costs	(16,223)				(16,223)
Capital contributions by parent	331				331
capital contributions by parent					
Not each provided by (used in) financing					
Net cash provided by (used in) financing	454.010	2 122	(0.102)		449.720
activities	454,810	3,122	(9,193)		448,739
Effect of foreign exchange rates			(7,264)		(7,264)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash					
equivalents	(3,689)	13,319	943		10,573
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of					
period	3,689	16,414	3,708		23,811
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	\$ 29,733	\$ 4,651		\$ 34,384
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow					
information:					
Cash paid for interest	\$ 218,346	\$ 135	\$ 10,782		\$ 229,263
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 19,833	Ψ 133	\$ 3,913		\$ 23,746
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing	Ψ 17,033		φ 5,715		Ψ 25,740
and financing activities:					
The Company acquired the net assets and					
assumed certain liabilities of other companies					
assumed committees of other companies					

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as follows:			
Assets, net of cash acquired	\$ 518,167	\$ 11,037	\$ 529,204
Liabilities assumed	(132,163)	(957)	(133,120)
Less:			
Amounts paid in common stock of parent	(10,000)		(10,000)
Amounts paid through issuance of debt	(65,500)		(65,500)
	310,504	10,080	320,584
Due to seller and other payments	26,753		26,753
Net cash paid	\$ 337,257	\$ 10,080	\$ 347,337

## REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

Board of Directors
United Rentals, Inc.
We have audited the consolidated financial statements of United Rentals, Inc. as of December 31, 2002 and 2001, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2003, included elsewhere in this Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A. Our audits also included the financial statement schedules listed in Item 15(a)(2). These schedules are the responsibility of the Company s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion based on our audits.
In our opinion, the financial statement schedules referred to above, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, present fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.
/s/ Ernst & Young LLP
MetroPark, New Jersey
February 20, 2003
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## SCHEDULE I CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF REGISTRANT

## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

## CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET

	Decem	December 31	
	2002	2001	
	(in thou	usands)	
ASSETS	ф 25.7 <i>(</i> 5	¢ 26.702	
Property and equipment, net Investment in and advances to subsidiaries	\$ 25,765	\$ 26,793 1,904,000	
investment in and advances to subsidiaries	1,532,290	1,904,000	
	\$ 1,558,055	\$ 1,930,793	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY			
Liabilities:			
Debt	\$ 226,550	\$ 300,000	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		5,283	
Total liabilities	226,550	305,283	
Commitments and contingencies			
Stockholders equity:			
Preferred stock	5	5	
Common stock	765	734	
Additional paid-in capital	1,341,290	1,243,586	
Deferred compensation	(52,988)	(55,794)	
Retained earnings	69,281	467,106	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(26,848)	(30,127)	
Total stockholders equity	1,331,505	1,625,510	
	\$ 1,558,055	\$ 1,930,793	

See accompanying notes.

## SCHEDULE I CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF REGISTRANT

## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

## CONDENSED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	Yea	Year Ended December 31		
	2002	2001	2000	
		(In thousands)		
Non-rental depreciation and amortization	\$ 8,938	\$ 7,862	\$ 7,718	
Operating loss	(8,938)	(7,862)	(7,718)	
Interest expense	18,206	19,500	19,500	
Loss before benefit for income taxes	(27,144)	(27,362)	(27,218)	
Benefit for income taxes	10,586	11,355	11,295	
Net loss before equity in earnings of subsidiaries	(16,558)	(16,007)	(15,923)	
Equity in earnings (loss) of subsidiaries	(381,267)	127,263	192,298	
Net income (loss)	\$ (397,825)	\$ 111,256	\$ 176,375	

See accompanying notes.

## SCHEDULE I CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF REGISTRANT

## UNITED RENTALS, INC.

## CONDENSED CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	Year Ended December 31,			
	2002	2001	2000	
		(In thousands)		
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (13,231)	\$ (16,826)	\$ (6,429)	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchase of property and equipment	(4,975)	(2,674)	(13,071)	
Capital contributed to subsidiary	(63,755)	(10,417)	(331)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(68,730)	(13,091)	(13,402)	
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Payments of debt	(38,111)			
Shares repurchased and retired	(26,726)	(24,758)	(30,950)	
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	63,755	10,417	331	
Proceeds from dividends from subsidiary	83,043	44,258	50,450	
Net cash provided by financing activities	81,961	29,917	19,831	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents				
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period				
		-		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period				

See accompanying notes.

#### SCHEDULE I CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF REGISTRANT

#### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

United Rentals, Inc. is principally a holding company ( Holdings ) and conducts its operations primarily through its wholly owned subsidiary United Rentals (North America), Inc. ( URI ) and subsidiaries. In the parent company-only financial statements, Holdings investment in subsidiaries is stated at cost plus equity in undistributed earnings of subsidiaries since the date of acquisition. Holdings share of net income of its unconsolidated subsidiaries is included in consolidated income using the equity method. The parent company-only financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company s consolidated financial statements.

#### 2. Debt

See Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for information concerning debt.

#### 3. Guarantee

See Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for information concerning the guarantee.

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## SCHEDULE II VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

#### UNITED RENTALS, INC.

		Addit	ions		
	Balance at Beginning	Charged to Costs and			Balance at End
Description	of Period	Expenses	Other	Deductions	of Period
<del></del>			(In thousands)		
Year ended December 31, 2002:					
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 47,744	\$ 36,791	\$ (1,378)(a)	\$ 34,615(d)	\$ 48,542
Reserve for inventory obsolescence and shrinkage	9,395	10,586	910(b)	14,433(e)	6,458
Insurance reserves	18,559	105,957	6,232(c)	108,522(f)	22,226
Year ended December 31, 2001:					
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 55,624	\$ 31,194	\$ 906(a)	\$ 39,980(d)	\$ 47,744
Reserve for inventory obsolescence and shrinkage	15,461	9,229	544(b)	15,839(e)	9,395
Insurance reserves	15,428	87,238		84,107(f)	18,559
Year ended December 31, 2000:					
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 58,376	\$ 38,431	\$ 14,791(a)	\$ 55,974(d)	\$ 55,624
Reserve for inventory obsolescence and shrinkage	16,782	9,124	11,302(b)	21,747(e)	15,461
Insurance reserves	22,750	63,728		71,050(f)	15,428

<sup>(</sup>a) Represents allowance for doubtful accounts established through acquisitions offset, in the case of 2002, for reductions to the allowance through purchase accounting.

<sup>(</sup>b) Represents reserve for inventory obsolescence and shrinkage assumed through acquisitions.

<sup>(</sup>c) Represents reclassification to other assets of receivable claims.

<sup>(</sup>d) Represents write-offs of accounts, net of recoveries.

<sup>(</sup>e) Represents write-offs of inventory items.

<sup>(</sup>f) Represents payments.

## PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K
(a)(1) Consolidated Financial Statements:
Report of Independent Auditors
United Rentals, Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2002 and 2001
United Rentals, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000
United Rentals, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Stockholders Equity for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000
United Rentals, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
Report of Independent Auditors
United Rentals (North America), Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2002 and 2001
United Rentals (North America), Inc. Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000
United Rentals (North America), Inc. Consolidated Statements of Stockholder s Equity for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000
United Rentals (North America), Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001, and 2000

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	
(a)(2) Financial Statement Schedules:	
Report of Independent Auditors on Financial Statement Schedules	
Schedule I Condensed Financial Information of Registrant	
Schedule II Valuation and Qualifying Accounts	
Schedules other than those listed are omitted as they are not applicable or the required or equivalent information has been included financial statements or notes thereto.	in the
(a)(3) Exhibits	
The list of exhibits included in the original 10-K is not being modified. However, the following additional exhibits are being filed warmendment.	rith this
23 Consent of Ernst & Young LLP	
99(a) Certification by Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	n 906 of the
99(b) Certification by Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	1 906 of the
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- (b) Reports on Form 8-K:
  - 1. Form 8-K filed on October 1, 2002 (earliest event reported September 30, 2002); Item 5 was reported.
  - 2. Form 8-K filed on December 9, 2002 (earliest event reported December 9, 2002); Item 5 was reported.
  - 3. Form 8-K filed on December 10, 2002 (earliest event reported December 10, 2002); Item 5 was reported.
  - 4. Form 8-K filed on December 17, 2002 (earliest event reported December 17, 2002); Item 5 was reported.
  - 5. Form 8-K filed on December 26, 2002 (earliest event reported December 17, 2002); Item 5 was reported.

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#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this amended report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

UNITED RENTALS, INC.

Date: June 23, 2003 By: /s/ John N. Milne

John N. Milne

**President and Chief Financial Officer** 

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## **Table of Contents**

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this amended report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

UNITED RENTALS (NORTH AMERICA), INC.

Date: June 23, 2003 By: /s/ John N. Milne

John N. Milne

**President and Chief Financial Officer** 

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#### **CERTIFICATIONS**

- I, Bradley S. Jacobs, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report\* on Form 10-K of United Rentals, Inc. and United Rentals (North America), Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrants as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report;
- 4. The registrants—other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrants and have:
  - designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrants, including its
    consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual
    report is being prepared;
  - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrants disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this annual report (the Evaluation Date ); and
  - c) presented in this annual report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- 5. The registrants other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrants auditors and the audit committee of registrants boards of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
  - a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrants ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrants auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrants internal controls; and
- 6. The registrants—other certifying officers and I have indicated in this annual report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

June 23, 2003

## /s/ Bradley S. Jacobs

Bradley S. Jacobs

Chief Executive Officer

\*All references to this annual report refer to the original annual report filed on Form 10-K, as amended by this Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A.

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#### **CERTIFICATIONS**

- I, John N. Milne, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report\* on Form 10-K of United Rentals, Inc. and United Rentals (North America), Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrants as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report;
- 4. The registrants—other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrants and have:
  - designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrants, including its
    consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual
    report is being prepared;
  - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrants disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this annual report (the Evaluation Date ); and
  - presented in this annual report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- 5. The registrants other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrants auditors and the audit committee of registrants boards of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
  - a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrants ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrants auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrants internal controls; and
- 6. The registrants—other certifying officers and I have indicated in this annual report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

June 23, 2003

## /s/ JOHN N. MILNE

John N. Milne

President and Chief Financial Officer

\*All references to this annual report refer to the original annual report filed on Form 10-K, as amended by this Amendment No. 1 on Form 10-K/A.

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