Spectrum Brands, Inc. Form 10-Q May 12, 2006 Index to Financial Statements

# **UNITED STATES**

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

•	Washington, D.C. 20549	
	FORM 10-Q	

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended April 2, 2006

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

to

Commission File Number 001-13615

# Spectrum Brands, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Wisconsin (State or other jurisdiction of

22-2423556 (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization)

**Identification Number**)

Six Concourse Parkway,

30328

Suite 3300, Atlanta, Georgia (Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(770) 829-6200

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes x No "

The number of shares outstanding of the Registrant s common stock, \$.01 par value, as of May 5, 2006, was 51,795,667.

# SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

# **QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q**

# FOR QUARTER ENDED APRIL 2, 2006

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# PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### **Item 1. Financial Statements**

# SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

# **Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets**

# **April 2, 2006 and September 30, 2005**

#### (Unaudited)

# (Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

A COLUMN	April 2, 2006	Septe	mber 30, 2005
-ASSETS-			
Current assets:	<b>4</b> 14.606	Φ.	20.052
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,606	\$	29,852
Receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$20,767 and \$20,262, respectively	415,015		373,395
Inventories	485,609		451,553
Assets held for sale	3,189		108,174
Prepaid expenses and other	88,606		84,993
Total current assets	1,007,025		1,047,967
Property, plant and equipment, net	305,970		304,323
Goodwill	1,458,493		1,429,017
Intangible assets, net	1,144,702		1,154,397
Deferred charges and other	53,885		47,375
Debt issuance costs	37,456		39,012
Deet issuance costs	37,130		37,012
Total assets	\$ 4,007,531	\$	4,022,091
-LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY-			
Current liabilities:			
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 44,539	\$	39,308
Accounts payable	305,967		281,954
Liabilities held for sale			22,294
Accrued liabilities	252,898		213,820
Total current liabilities	603,404		557,376
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	2,238,116		2,268,025
Employee benefit obligations, net of current portion	79,893		78,510
Other	225,822		275,450
Total liabilities	3,147,235		3,179,361
Shareholders equity:			
Common stock, \$.01 par value, authorized 150,000 shares; issued 67,563 and 66,625 shares,			
respectively; outstanding 51,633 and 50,797 shares, respectively	675		666
Additional paid-in capital	643,822		635,309
Retained earnings	270,196		267,315
Accumulated other comprehensive income	18,672		10,260

	933,365	913,550
Less treasury stock, at cost, 15,930 and 15,828 shares, respectively	(73,069)	(70,820)
Total shareholders equity	860,296	842,730
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 4,007,531 \$	4,022,091

See accompanying notes which are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

# SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

# **Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations**

# For the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006 and April 3, 2005

# (Unaudited)

# (Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

		THREE N 2006	1ON	THS 2005		SIX MC 2006	ONTH	S 2005
Net sales	\$6	25,121	\$ :	520,965	\$ 1	,245,080	\$ 1	,011,734
Cost of goods sold	3	90,995	3	335,423		766,429		627,835
Restructuring and related charges		431				1,727		
Gross profit	2	33,695		185,542		476,924		383,899
Selling	1	34,511		106,258		265,430		206,578
General and administrative		46,766		38,984		94,233		69,649
Research and development		7,617		7,082		15,039		13,220
Restructuring and related charges		6,145		157		11,283		157
Total operating expenses	1	95.039		152,481		385,985		289,604
	_	, , , , , ,						
Operating income		38,656		33,061		90,939		94,295
Interest expense		42,854		38,966		84,312		55,922
Other income, net		(7,426)		(131)		(5,939)		(167)
						, , ,		, ,
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes		3,228		(5,774)		12,566		38,540
Income tax expense (benefit)		1,137		(2,174)		4,405		14,211
Income (loss) from continuing operations		2,091		(3,600)		8,161		24,329
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, net of tax		(1,528)		1,669		(5,280)		1,669
Net income (loss)	\$	563	\$	(1,931)	\$	2,881	\$	25,998
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Basic earnings per share:								
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding		49,453		43,222		49,458		38,709
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	0.04	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.17	\$	0.63
(Loss) income from discontinued operations		(0.03)		0.04	·	(0.11)		0.04
Net income (loss)	\$	0.01	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.06	\$	0.67
Tee meetine (1988)	Ψ	0.01	Ψ	(0.01)	Ψ	0.00	Ψ	0.07
Diluted earnings per share:								
Weighted average shares and equivalents outstanding		50,974		43,222		50,811		40,318
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	0.04	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.16	\$	0.60
(Loss) income from discontinued operations	Ψ	(0.03)	Ψ	0.04	Ψ	(0.10)	Ψ	0.04
(		(0.00)		0.01		(0.10)		3.01
Net income (loss)	\$	0.01	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.06	\$	0.64
net meonic (1005)	Ψ	0.01	Ψ	(0.04)	Ψ	0.00	Ψ	0.04

See accompanying notes which are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

(unaudited).

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# SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

# **Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

# For the six month periods ended April 2, 2006 and April 3, 2005

# (Unaudited)

# (Amounts in thousands)

	,	SIX N 2006	ONTHS	S 2005
Cash flows from operating activities:	4	2000		2005
Net income	\$	2,881	\$	25,998
Non-cash adjustments to net income:	Ψ	2,001	Ψ	23,770
Gain on sale of assets		(8,876)		
Depreciation Depreciation		24,393		20,253
Amortization		11,759		3,013
Amortization of debt issuance costs		3,260		2,424
Loss on debt extinguishment		-,		12,033
Inventory valuation purchase accounting charge		204		27,695
Other non-cash adjustments		21,497		(12,257)
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and discontinued operations		04,849)		(73,449)
Operating cash flows of discontinued operations	(-	5,280		(1,669)
I was grown and I was a second		-,		( ) )
Net cash (used) provided by continuing operating activities	(	(44,451)		4,041
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(	(30,290)		(20,233)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and investments	,	5,343		(20,233)
Proceeds from sale of assets held for sale		10,641		
Payment for acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(7,363)	(	1,042,891)
Investing cash flows of discontinued operations		84,432	(	(487)
investing easi nows of discontinued operations		01,132		(107)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		62,763	(	1,063,611)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Reduction of debt	(4	166,315)		(693,220)
Proceeds from debt financing		134,027		1,781,630
Debt issuance costs		(1,703)		(28,026)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		326		17,101
Stock option income tax benefit		73		8,889
Cash repayment of notes receivable from officers/shareholders				2,650
Net cash (used) provided by financing activities	(	(33,592)		1,089,024
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		34		841
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(	(15,246)		30,295
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		29,852		13,971
1		- , <b>-</b>		,> , -
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	14,606	\$	44,266

See accompanying notes which are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

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#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)** 

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

#### 1 DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Spectrum Brands, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the Company ) is a global branded consumer products company with leading market positions in seven major product categories: consumer batteries; lawn and garden; pet supplies; electric shaving and grooming; household insect control; electric personal care products; and portable lighting. The Company is a leading worldwide manufacturer and marketer of alkaline, zinc carbon and hearing aid batteries, as well as aquariums and aquatic health supplies, a leading worldwide designer and marketer of rechargeable batteries and battery-powered lighting products and a leading worldwide designer and marketer of electric shavers and accessories, grooming products and hair care appliances. The Company is also a leading North American manufacturer and marketer of lawn fertilizers, herbicides, pet supplies and specialty food products and insecticides and repellents.

The Company sells its products in approximately 120 countries through a variety of trade channels, including retailers, wholesalers and distributors, hearing aid professionals, industrial distributors and original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) and enjoys strong name recognition in its markets under the Rayovac, VARTA and Remington brands, each of which has been in existence for more than 80 years, and under the Spectracide, Cutter, Tetra, 8-in-1 and various other brands. The Company has manufacturing and product development facilities located in the United States, Europe, China and Latin America. The Company s operating results for the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year ended September 30, 2006, due to business seasonality.

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation: These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) and, in the opinion of the Company, include all adjustments (which are normal and recurring in nature) necessary to present fairly the financial position of the Company at April 2, 2006, and the results of operations and cash flows for the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006 and April 3, 2005. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such SEC rules and regulations. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

**Significant Accounting Policies and Practices:** The condensed consolidated financial statements include the condensed consolidated financial statements of Spectrum Brands, Inc. and its subsidiaries and are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated. The Company s fiscal year ends September 30. References herein to 2006 and 2005 refer to the fiscal years ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The Company s Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) presented herein include the results of operations for Jungle Laboratories Corporation ( Jungle Labs ) subsequent to the September 1, 2005

#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

date of acquisition, the results of operations for Tetra Holding GmbH ( Tetra ) subsequent to the April 29, 2005 date of acquisition and the results of operations for United Industries Corporation ( United ) subsequent to the February 7, 2005 date of acquisition. (See footnote 10, Acquisitions, for additional information on the Jungle Labs, Tetra and United acquisitions).

**Discontinued Operations:** On November 22, 2005, the Company announced the sale of its fertilizer technology and Canadian professional fertilizer products businesses to Agrium Inc., a leading agricultural retailer and wholesale producer and marketer of agricultural nutrients and industrial products. The sale, which was completed on January 25, 2006, included two divisions of Spectrum Brands Nu-Gro subsidiary, representing fiscal 2005 revenue of approximately \$80,000 from sales of high-end specialty controlled-release nitrogen fertilizer and other products to professional turf markets and specialty wholesale fertilizer customers. Proceeds from the sale, currently \$84,432, are expected to total approximately \$83,000 after finalization of selling expenses and contractual working capital adjustments.

The Company has reflected the fertilizer technology and Canadian professional fertilizer products operations of Nu-Gro as discontinued operations. The Company discontinued these operations effective September 30, 2005 as part of the United integration initiatives. See footnote 11, Restructuring and Related Charges, for additional discussion of United integration initiatives. The following amounts have been segregated from continuing operations and are reflected as discontinued operations for the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006 and April 3, 2005, respectively:

	Three Months		Six M	onths
	2006 <sup>(A)</sup>	2005(B)	2006(A)	$2005^{(B)}$
Net sales	\$ 4,242	\$ 13,546	\$ 16,314	\$ 13,546
(Loss) income from discontinued operations before income taxes	\$ (1,586)	\$ 2,649	\$ (6,106)	\$ 2,649
Provision for income taxes	58	(980)	826	(980)
(Loss) income from discontinued operations (including estimated loss on disposal of				
\$1,340 and \$3,788, respectively, in 2006), net of tax	\$ (1,528)	\$ 1,669	\$ (5,280)	\$ 1,669

<sup>(</sup>A) The three month period ended April 2, 2006 represents results for the discontinued operations for January 2006. The six month period ended April 2, 2006 represents results for the discontinued operations for October 2005 through January 2006.

Shipping and Handling Costs: The Company incurred shipping and handling costs of \$55,804 and \$98,132 for the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006, respectively, and \$39,828 and \$61,540 the three and six month periods ended April 3, 2005, respectively. These costs are included in Selling expenses. Shipping and handling costs include costs incurred with third-party carriers to transport products to customers as well as salaries and overhead costs related to activities to prepare the Company s products for shipment from its distribution facilities.

**Concentrations of Credit Risk:** Trade receivables subject the Company to credit risk. The Company extends credit to its customers based upon an evaluation of the customer s financial condition and credit history,

<sup>(</sup>B) The three and six month periods ended April 3, 2005 represent results for the discontinued operations for February and March 2005. The remaining balance in Assets held for sale consists primarily of a distribution facility in the Dominican Republic and a manufacturing facility in France.

#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

but generally does not require collateral. The Company monitors its customers—credit and financial condition based on changing economic conditions and will make adjustments to credit policies as required. Provisions for losses on uncollectible trade receivables are determined principally on the basis of past collection experience applied to ongoing evaluations of the Company—s receivables and evaluations of the risks of nonpayment for a given customer.

The Company has a broad range of customers including many large retail outlet chains, one of which accounts for a significant percentage of its sales volume. This customer represented approximately 15% and 19% of the Company s Net sales during the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006, respectively, and 14% and 17% of its Net sales during the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2005, respectively. This major customer also represented approximately 10% and 12% of the Company s trade accounts receivable, net as of April 2, 2006 and September 30, 2005, respectively.

Approximately 44% of the Company s sales during the six month period ended April 2, 2006 occurred outside the United States. These sales and related receivables are subject to varying degrees of credit, currency, political and economic risk. The Company monitors these risks and makes appropriate provisions for collectibility based on an assessment of the risks present.

**Stock-Based Compensation:** On October 1, 2005 the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123 (Revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment* (SFAS 123(R)) requiring the Company to recognize expense related to the fair value of its employee stock option awards. The Company recognizes the cost of all share-based awards on a straight-line basis over the vesting period of the award. Total stock compensation expense associated with both stock options and restricted stock awards recognized by the Company during the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006 was \$4,384 and \$8,124, respectively, or \$2,850 and \$5,281, net of taxes, respectively. These amounts are included in General and administrative expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited). The Company expects that total stock compensation expense for 2006 will be approximately \$17,000 before the effect of income taxes. As of April 2, 2006 there was \$44,450 of unrecognized compensation cost related to restricted stock that is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 3 years.

The Company uses or has used two forms of stock based compensation. Shares of restricted stock have been awarded to certain employees and members of management since fiscal 2001. Restricted stock is now the only form of stock based compensation used by the Company. Prior to the fourth quarter of fiscal 2004, the Company also issued stock options to employees, some of which remained unvested at the adoption date of SFAS 123(R).

Stock options previously awarded generally vest under a combination of time-based and performance-based vesting criteria. Under the time-based vesting, the stock options become exercisable primarily in equal increments over a three year period, while under the performance-based vesting such options become exercisable over the same time period or one year after, if certain performance criteria are not met. The exercise period for all stock options does not exceed ten years from the date of grant.

Restricted stock shares granted prior to the third quarter of fiscal 2006 generally have vesting periods of three to five years. Approximately 50% of the restricted stock shares vest on a pro rata basis over either a three or four year vesting period and the remaining 50% vest over the same time period or one year after, if certain performance criteria are not met.

#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

Effective the third quarter of fiscal 2006, the only stock-based compensation to be awarded will be performance-based restricted stock or stock options. In this regard, vesting of such restricted stock will occur only upon achievement of certain performance goals established by the Board of Directors of the Company.

The Company currently has two active incentive plans under which additional shares may be issued. In 1997, the Board adopted the 1997 Rayovac Incentive Plan (1997 Plan). Up to 5,000 shares of Common stock may be issued under the 1997 Plan, which expires in August 2007. As of April 2, 2006, there were options with respect to 1,555 shares of common stock outstanding under the 1997 Plan. In 2004, the Board adopted the 2004 Rayovac Incentive Plan (2004 Plan). The 2004 Plan supplements the 1997 Plan. Up to 3,500 shares of common stock may be issued under the 2004 Plan, which expires in July 2014. As of April 2, 2006, 2,194 restricted shares had been granted under the 2004 Plan. No options have been granted under the 2004 Plan. The 2004 Plan expires on July 31, 2014.

The fair value of restricted stock is determined based on the market price of the Company s shares on the grant date. A summary of the status of the Company s nonvested restricted stock as of September 30, 2005, and changes during the six month period ended April 2, 2006, is as follows:

		Weighted Average Grant Date	
Restricted Stock	Shares	Fair Value	Fair Value
Restricted stock at September 30, 2005	1,783	\$ 26.87	\$ 47,910
Granted	953	19.59	18,666
Vested	(503)	16.53	(8,315)
Forfeited	(39)	28.90	(1,127)
Restricted stock at April 2, 2006	2,194	\$ 26.04	\$ 57,134

Prior to October 1, 2005, the Company accounted for its stock option plans under the recognition and measurement provisions of Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees (APB 25) and related Interpretations, as permitted by SFAS 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation (SFAS 123). No stock option-based employee compensation cost was recognized in the income statement prior to that date, as all stock options granted under those plans had an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. Effective October 1, 2005, the Company adopted the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123(R), using the modified-prospective transition method. Under that transition method, compensation cost recognized in fiscal 2006 includes:

(a) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted prior to, but not yet vested as of October 1, 2005, based on the grant date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of SFAS 123, and (b) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted subsequent to October 1, 2005, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123(R). Results for prior periods have not been restated. As a result of adopting SFAS 123(R) on October 1, 2005, the Company s income from continuing operations before income taxes and net income for the three month period ended April 2, 2006, was \$178 and \$116 lower, respectively, and for the six month period ended April 2, 2006, was \$381 and \$248 lower, respectively, than if the Company had continued to account for share-based compensation under APB 25.

Prior to the adoption of SFAS 123(R), the Company presented all tax benefits of deductions resulting from the exercise of stock options as operating cash flows in the statement of cash flows. Beginning on October 1, 2005, the Company changed its cash flow presentation in accordance with SFAS 123(R) and FASB Staff

#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)

#### (Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

Position (FSP) FAS 123(R)-3, Transition Election Related to Accounting for Tax Effects of Share-Based Payment Awards (FSP FAS 123(R)-3) which require the cash flows resulting from the tax benefits for these options to be classified as financing cash flows. The Company also elected to calculate its initial pool of excess tax benefits under the alternative transition method described in FSP FAS 123(R)-3.

The Company estimated the fair value of its previously granted option awards using the Black-Scholes option-pricing formula. The Black-Scholes option pricing model was used with the following weighted-average assumptions for grants made in the following years:

Black-Scholes Option Valuation Assumptions	2005	2004	2003
Fair value of options granted during the period	\$	\$ 7.79	\$ 5.99
Expected term (in years)		6	8
Expected volatility		41.4%	40.3%
Expected dividend yield			
Risk free rate		3.79%	3.36%

The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123(R) to options granted under the Company s stock option plans during the six month period ended April 3, 2005. For purposes of this pro forma disclosure, the value of the options is amortized to expense on a straight-line basis over a three year vesting period and forfeitures are recognized as they occur. The Company s pro forma information follows for the six month period ended April 3, 2005:

	Six	Months
		2005
Net income, as reported	\$	25,998
Add: Stock-based compensation expense included in reported net income, net of tax		2,746
Deduct: Total stock-based compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all		
awards, net of tax		(3,675)
Pro forma net income	\$	25,069
Basic earnings per share as reported	\$	0.67
Basic earnings per share pro forma	\$	0.65
Diluted earnings per share as reported	\$	0.64
Diluted earnings per share pro forma	\$	0.62

Civ Months

#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

The following table summarizes the stock option transactions for the six month period ended April 2, 2006:

Stock Options	Shares	Weighted Average Price	-	ggregate nsic Value
Outstanding at September 30, 2005	1,988	\$ 14.64	\$	16,938
Granted				
Exercised	(25)	13.06		212
Forfeited	(21)	15.10		135
Outstanding at April 2, 2006	1,942	\$ 14.66	\$	13,342
Exercisable at April 2, 2006	1,657	\$ 14.74	\$	11,251

The following table summarizes information about options outstanding and options outstanding and exercisable as of April 2, 2006:

Range of	Number of	Options Outstanding Weighted- Average Remaining	Weighted- Average Exercise	Options Outs Exerci Number of	8
Exercise Prices	Shares	Contractual Life	Price	Shares	Price
\$4.39	149	0.45 years	\$ 4.39	149	\$ 4.39
\$11.32 \$15.00	1,296	6.17	13.42	1,042	13.50
\$16.19 \$21.50	221	2.76	18.82	204	18.70
\$21.63 \$28.70	276	3.30	22.75	262	22.49
	1,942	4.93	\$ 14.66	1,657	\$ 14.74

**Derivative Financial Instruments:** Derivative financial instruments are used by the Company principally in the management of its interest rate, foreign currency and raw material price exposures. The Company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes.

The Company uses interest rate swaps to manage its interest rate risk. The swaps are designated as cash flow hedges with the changes in fair value recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) and as a derivative hedge asset or liability, as applicable. The swaps settle periodically in arrears with the related amounts for the current settlement period payable to, or receivable from, the counter-parties included in accrued liabilities or receivables and recognized in earnings as an adjustment to interest expense from the underlying debt to which the swap is designated. Pretax derivative losses from such hedges recorded as an adjustment to Interest expense were \$78 and \$165 during the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006, respectively, and \$600 and \$1,426 during the three and six month periods ended April 3, 2005, respectively. The pretax adjustment to Interest expense for ineffectiveness from such hedges included in the amounts above, was a gain of \$0 and \$431 during the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006, respectively, and losses of \$11 and \$109 during the three and six month periods ended April 3, 2005, respectively. At April 2, 2006, the Company had a portfolio of USD-denominated interest rate swaps outstanding which effectively fixes the interest rates on floating rate debt at rates as follows: 4.81% for a notional principal amount of \$100,000 through April 2007, 4.15% for a notional principal amount of \$170,000 through October 2008. In addition, the Company had a portfolio of EUR-denominated interest rate swaps outstanding which effectively fixes the

interest rates on floating rate debt at rates as follows: 2.68% for a notional

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#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)** 

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

principal amount of 60,000 through September 2007 and 2.68% for a notional principal amount of 220,000 through September 2008. At April 2, 2006 and September 30, 2005, \$785,564 and \$445,000, respectively, of such swap contracts were outstanding. The derivative net gain on these contracts recorded in AOCI at April 2, 2006 was \$7,273, net of tax expense of \$4,457. At April 2, 2006, the portion of derivative net gains estimated to be reclassified from AOCI into earnings over the next 12 months is \$2,240, net of tax.

The Company periodically enters into forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge the risk from forecasted foreign denominated third party and intercompany payments. These obligations generally require the Company to exchange foreign currencies for U.S. Dollars, Euros, Pounds Sterling, Australian Dollars, Brazilian Reals or Canadian Dollars. These foreign exchange contracts are cash flow hedges of fluctuating foreign exchange rates related to product or raw material purchases. Until the purchase is recognized, the fair value of the related hedges is recorded in AOCI and as a derivative hedge asset or liability, as applicable. At the time the purchase is recognized, the fair value of the related hedge is reclassified as an adjustment to purchase price variance in Cost of goods sold. Pretax derivative gains from such hedges recorded as an adjustment to Cost of good sold were \$120 and \$163 during the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006, respectively, and pretax derivative losses were \$69 during both the three and six month periods ended April 3, 2005, respectively. Following the purchase, subsequent changes in the fair value of the derivative hedge contracts are recorded as a gain or loss in earnings as an offset to the change in value of the related liability recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet (unaudited). Pretax derivative gains from such hedges recorded as an adjustment to earnings in Other income, net were \$34 and \$74 during the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006, respectively, and pretax derivative losses were \$89 during both the three and six month periods ended April 3, 2005, respectively. The pretax derivative adjustment to earnings for ineffectiveness from these contracts was \$0 for the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006 and April 3, 2005, respectively. At April 2, 2006 and September 30, 2005, respectively, the Company had \$28,300 and \$0 of such foreign exchange derivative contracts outstanding. The derivative net gain on these contracts recorded in AOCI at April 2, 2006 was \$189, net of tax expense of \$80. At April 2, 2006, the portion of derivative net gains estimated to be reclassified from AOCI into earnings over the next 12 months is \$189, net of tax.

The Company periodically enters into forward and swap foreign exchange contracts to hedge the risk from third party and intercompany payments resulting from existing obligations. These obligations generally require the Company to exchange foreign currencies for U.S. Dollars, Euros, Pounds Sterling, Brazilian Reals or Canadian Dollars. These foreign exchange contracts are fair value hedges of a related liability or asset recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet (unaudited). The gain or loss on the derivative hedge contracts is recorded in earnings as an offset to the change in value of the related liability or asset. Pretax derivative losses from such hedges recorded as an adjustment to earnings in Other income, net were \$353 and \$611 during the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006, respectively, and \$466 and \$528 during the three and six month periods ended April 3, 2005, respectively. The pretax derivative adjustment to earnings for ineffectiveness from these contracts was \$0 for the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006 and April 3, 2005, respectively. At April 2, 2006 and September 30, 2005, \$89,112 and \$0, respectively, of such foreign exchange derivative contracts were outstanding.

The Company is exposed to risk from fluctuating prices for raw materials, including zinc, urea and di-ammonium phosphates used in its manufacturing processes. The Company hedges a portion of the risk associated with these materials through the use of commodity call options and swaps. The hedge contracts are designated as cash flow hedges with the fair value changes recorded in AOCI and as a hedge asset or liability, as applicable. The unrecognized changes in fair value of the swaps are reclassified from AOCI into earnings when the hedged purchase of raw materials also affects earnings. The call options effectively cap the floating price on a specified quantity of

#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

# Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

raw materials through a specified date. The swaps effectively fix the floating price on a specified quantity of raw materials through a specified date. Pretax derivative losses and gains recorded as an adjustment to Cost of goods sold for swap contracts settled at maturity were losses of \$393 and gains of \$79 during the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006, respectively, and gains of \$1,173 and \$1,379 during the three and six month periods ended April 3, 2005, respectively. The hedges are generally highly effective, however, pretax derivative losses recorded as an adjustment to Cost of goods sold for ineffectiveness were \$0 and \$24 during the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006, respectively, and \$75 during both the three and six month periods ended April 3, 2005, respectively. At April 2, 2006 and September 30, 2005, \$39,253 and \$5,591, respectively, of such commodity contracts were outstanding. The derivative net gain on these contracts recorded in AOCI at April 2, 2006 was \$736, net of tax expense of \$422. At April 2, 2006, the portion of derivative net gains estimated to be reclassified from AOCI into earnings over the next 12 months is \$736, net of tax.

# 3 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Comprehensive income and the components of other comprehensive income, net of tax, for the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006 and April 3, 2005, respectively, are as follows:

Three	Months	Six Months		
2006	2005	2006	2005	
\$ 563	\$ (1,931)	\$ 2,881	\$ 25,998	
10,978	(10,160)	2,204	13,209	
(174)	110	(11)	1,188	
3,863	(396)	6,219	1,099	
14,667	(10,446)	8,412	15,496	
\$ 15,230	\$ (12,377)	\$ 11,293	\$ 41,494	
	2006 \$ 563 10,978 (174) 3,863 14,667	\$ 563 \$ (1,931) 10,978 (10,160) (174) 110 3,863 (396) 14,667 (10,446)	2006         2005         2006           \$ 563         \$ (1,931)         \$ 2,881           10,978         (10,160)         2,204           (174)         110         (11)           3,863         (396)         6,219           14,667         (10,446)         8,412	

Net exchange gains or losses resulting from the translation of assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries are accumulated in the AOCI section of Shareholders equity. Also included are the effects of exchange rate changes on intercompany balances of a long-term nature and transactions designated as hedges of net foreign investments. The changes in accumulated foreign currency translation for the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006 and April 3, 2005 were primarily attributable to the impact of translation of the net assets of the Company s European operations, primarily denominated in Euros and Pounds Sterling.

#### 4 WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING

Net income per common share for the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006 and April 3, 2005, respectively, is calculated based upon the following number of shares:

	Three Mo	Three Months		onths
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Basic	49,453	43,222	49,458	38,709
Effect of restricted stock and assumed conversion of options	1,521		1,353	1,609

Diluted 50,974 43,222 50,811 40,318

# SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

# Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

For the three month period ended April 3, 2005, the Company did not assume the exercise of common stock equivalents as the impact would have been antidilutive.

#### 5 INVENTORIES

Inventories, which are stated at lower of cost or market, consist of the following:

	April 2, 2006	September 30, 2005
Raw materials	\$ 124,458	\$ 117,175
Work-in-process	42,365	37,931
Finished goods	318,786	296,447
	\$ 485,609	\$ 451,553

# 6 GOODWILL AND ACQUIRED INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill and intangible assets consist of the following:

	North		Latin			
	America	Eu	rope/ROW	America Global Pet		Total
Goodwill:						
Balance as of September 30, 2005	\$ 1,113,397	\$	104,324	\$ 111,572	\$ 99,724	\$ 1,429,017
Purchase price allocation during period	2,878		(147)	3,345	16,303	22,379
Effect of translation	978		1,046	714	4,359	7,097
Balance as of April 2, 2006	\$ 1,117,253	\$	105,223	\$ 115,631	\$ 120,386	\$ 1,458,493
Intangible Assets:						
Trade names Not Subject to Amortization						
Balance as of September 30, 2005	\$ 305,100	\$	156,390	\$ 113,142	\$ 332,863	\$ 907,495
Additions	9					9
Effect of translation	(16)		1,729	326	(96)	1,943
Balance as of April 2, 2006	\$ 305,093	\$	158,119	\$ 113,468	\$ 332,767	\$ 909,447
Intangible Assets Subject to Amortization						
Balance as of September 30, 2005, gross	\$ 95,553	\$	13,681	\$	\$ 150,006	\$ 259,240
Less: Accumulated amortization	(6,888)		(1,940)		(6,702)	(15,530)
Balance as of September 30, 2005, net	88,665		11,741		143,304	243,710
Additions					65	65
Amortization during period	(4,760)		(446)		(6,553)	(11,759)
Effect of translation	(141)		162		247	268

Balance as of April 2, 2006, net	\$ 83,764	\$ 11,457	\$	\$ 137,063	\$ 232,284
Pension Intangibles					
Balance as of April 2, 2006	\$ 2,971	\$	\$	\$	\$ 2,971
Total Intangible Assets, net	\$ 391,828	\$ 169,576	\$ 113,468	\$ 469,830	\$ 1,144,702

Intangible assets subject to amortization include technology assets, trade names and customer lists. The carrying value of technology assets was \$38,630, net of accumulated amortization of \$5,312 at April 2, 2006 and \$40,082, net of accumulated amortization of \$3,524 at September 30, 2005. The trade names subject to

#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

#### **Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

amortization relate to United. The carrying value of these trade names was \$7,252, net of accumulated amortization of \$3,651 at April 2, 2006 and \$9,064, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,886 at September 30, 2005. Remaining intangible assets subject to amortization include customer relationship intangibles. Of the intangible assets acquired in the United and Jungle Labs acquisitions, customer relationships and technology assets have been assigned a life of approximately 12 years and other intangibles have been assigned lives of 1 year to 4 years. Of the intangible assets acquired in the Tetra acquisition, customer relationships have been assigned a life of approximately 12 years and technology assets have been assigned a 6 year life. The pension intangible asset totaled \$3,191 at September 30, 2005.

The purchase price allocations for the Tetra and Jungle Labs acquisitions are based on preliminary estimates and are pending finalization of the valuation of property, plant and equipment, inventory and intangibles. Future allocations of the Tetra and Jungle Labs purchase prices may impact the amount and segment allocation of goodwill.

Amortization expense for the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006 and April 3, 2005, respectively, is as follows:

	Three I	Months	Six Months	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Proprietary technology amortization	\$ 890	\$ 719	\$ 1,788	\$ 904
Customer relationships amortization	4,134	1,677	8,206	1,735
Trade names amortization	882	374	1,765	374
	\$ 5,906	\$ 2,770	\$ 11,759	\$ 3,013

The Company estimates annual amortization expense for the next five fiscal years will approximate \$22,500 per year.

#### 7 DEBT

Debt consists of the following:

	April 2, 2	<b>September 30, 2005</b>		
	Amount	Rate(A)	Amount	Rate(A)
Senior Subordinated Notes, due February 1, 2015	\$ 700,000	7.4%	\$ 700,000	7.4%
Senior Subordinated Notes, due October 1, 2013	350,000	8.5%	350,000	8.5%
Term Loan, U.S. Dollar, expiring February 6, 2012	604,827	7.2%	651,725	5.8%
Term Loan, Euro, expiring February 6, 2012	129,004	5.4%	137,142	4.7%
Term Loan, Euro Tranche B, expiring February 6, 2012	318,213	4.8%	338,288	4.4%
Term Loan, Canadian Dollar, expiring February 6, 2012	69,480	6.4%	74,081	4.9%
Revolving Credit Facility, expiring February 6, 2011	52,500			
Other notes and obligations	45,061		38,701	
Capitalized lease obligations	13,570		17,396	
	2,282,655		2,307,333	
Less current maturities	44,539		39,308	
Long-term debt	\$ 2,238,116		\$ 2,268,025	

<sup>(</sup>A) Interest rates on senior credit facilities represent the period-end weighted average rates on balances outstanding.

#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

The Company s senior credit facilities (the Senior Credit Facilities ) include aggregate facilities of \$1,421,524 consisting of a \$604,827 U.S. Dollar Term Loan, a 114,000 Term Loan (USD \$129,004 at April 2, 2006), a Tranche B 281,202 Term Loan (USD \$318,213 at April 2, 2006), a Canadian Dollar 87,012 Term Loan (USD \$69,480 at April 2, 2006), and a revolving credit facility of \$300,000 (the Revolving Credit Facility ). There was \$52,500 outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility at April 2, 2006. The Revolving Credit Facility includes foreign currency sublimits equal to the U.S. Dollar equivalent of 25,000 for borrowings in Euros and the U.S. Dollar equivalent of £10,000 for borrowings in Pounds Sterling, and the equivalent of borrowings in Chinese Yuan of \$35,000.

Approximately \$213,086 remains available under the Revolving Credit Facility as of April 2, 2006, net of approximately \$34,414 of outstanding letters of credit.

Based on anticipated results for the three month period ended April 2, 2006 and concern as to the Company's compliance with certain debt covenants required under its Senior Credit Facilities, the Company entered into discussions with its senior lenders, and reached agreement on May 9, 2006, to amend the consolidated leverage ratio and consolidated interest coverage ratio covenants effective for the period ended April 2, 2006 and subsequent periods. Under the amendment, the limits imposed by such ratios become more restrictive over time. As a result of this amendment, interest costs on the Company's existing Euro term loan increased by 25 basis points as the spread between the market rate and the Company's rate increased from 2.75% to 3.00%. Interest costs on the Company's rate increased from 2.50% to 3.00%. Interest costs on the Company's existing Revolver increased by 75 basis points as the spread between the market rate and the Company's rate increased from 2.25% to 3.00%. In connection with the amendment, the Company incurred \$3,494 of fees which are being amortized over the remaining term of the Senior Credit Facilities. As a result of the amendment, the Company is in compliance with its various covenants, as amended, under its debt agreements.

#### 8 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company has various defined benefit pension plans covering some of its employees in the United States and certain employees in other countries, primarily the United Kingdom and Germany. Plans generally provide benefits of stated amounts for each year of service. The Company funds its U.S. pension plans at a level to maintain, within established guidelines, the IRS-defined 90 percent current liability funded status. At January 1, 2005, the date of the most recent calculation, all U.S. funded defined benefit pension plans reflected a current liability funded status equal to or greater than 90 percent. Additionally, in compliance with the Company s funding policy, annual contributions to non-U.S. defined benefit plans are equal to the actuarial recommendations or statutory requirements in other countries.

The Company also has various nonqualified deferred compensation agreements with certain of its employees. Under certain of these agreements, the Company has agreed to pay certain amounts annually for the first 15 years subsequent to retirement or to a designated beneficiary upon death. It is management s intent that life insurance contracts owned by the Company will fund these agreements. Under the remaining agreements, the Company has agreed to pay such deferred amounts in up to 15 annual installments beginning on a date specified by the employee, subsequent to retirement or disability, or to a designated beneficiary upon death. The Company established a rabbi trust to fund these agreements.

#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

The Company s results of operations for the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006 and April 3, 2005, respectively, reflect the following pension and deferred compensation benefit costs:

	Three I	Months	Six Months		
Components of net periodic pension benefit and deferred compensation benefit cost	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Service cost	\$ 1,076	\$ 353	\$ 2,142	\$ 758	
Interest cost	1,382	1,104	2,749	2,142	
Expected return on assets	(968)	(573)	(1,927)	(1,095)	
Amortization of prior service cost	96	48	192	137	
Amortization of transition obligation	9	11	17	22	
Amortization of net actuarial loss	327	142	655	288	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 1,922	\$ 1,085	\$ 3,828	\$ 2,252	

	Three Months		Six Mo	onths
Pension and deferred compensation contributions	2006	2005	2006	2005
Contributions made during period	\$ 993	\$ 216	\$ 1,996	\$ 479

The Company also sponsors or participates in a number of other non-U.S. pension arrangements, including various retirement and termination benefit plans, some of which are covered by local law or coordinated with government-sponsored plans, which are not significant in the aggregate and are therefore not included in the information presented above.

The Company provides certain health care and life insurance benefits to eligible retired employees. Participants earn retiree health care benefits after reaching age 45 over the next 10 succeeding years of service and remain eligible until reaching age 65. The plan is contributory; retiree contributions have been established as a flat dollar amount with contribution rates expected to increase at the active medical trend rate. The plan is unfunded. The Company is amortizing the transition obligation over a 20-year period.

The Company sponsors a defined contribution pension plan for its domestic salaried employees, which allows participants to make contributions by salary reduction pursuant to Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Company contributes annually from 3% to 6% of participants compensation based on age or service, and may make additional discretionary contributions. The Company also sponsors defined contribution pension plans for employees of certain foreign subsidiaries. Company contributions charged to operations, including discretionary amounts, for the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006 were \$1,852 and \$3,334, respectively.

### 9 SEGMENT RESULTS

Effective October 1, 2005, the Company began managing operations in four reportable segments: (i) North America, which consists of the legacy businesses (battery, shaving and grooming, personal care and portable lighting) in the United States and Canada and the acquired United lawn and garden and household insect control businesses ( North America ); (ii) Latin America, which consists of the legacy businesses in Mexico, Central America, South America and the Caribbean ( Latin America ); (iii) Europe/Rest of World, which consists of the legacy businesses in the United Kingdom, continental Europe, China, Australia and all other countries in which the Company conducts legacy businesses ( Europe/ROW ); and (iv) Global Pet, which consists of the acquired United Pet Group, global Tetra and Jungle Labs businesses ( Global Pet ).

#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)** 

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

Global and geographic strategic initiatives and financial objectives are determined at the corporate level. Each reportable segment is responsible for implementing defined strategic initiatives and achieving certain financial objectives. Each reportable segment has a general manager responsible for all the sales and marketing initiatives for all product lines within that segment plus the financial results of that segment.

Net sales and Cost of goods sold to other segments have been eliminated. The gross contribution of intersegment sales is included in the segment selling the product to the external customer. Segment net sales are based upon the segment from which the product is shipped.

The reportable segment profits do not include interest expense, interest income, and income tax expense. Also not included in the reportable segments are corporate expenses including purchasing expense, corporate general and administrative expense, certain research and development expense, and restructuring and related charges. All depreciation and amortization included in Operating income is related to reportable segments or corporate. Costs are identified to reportable segments or corporate, according to the function of each cost center.

All capital expenditures are related to reportable segments. Variable allocations of assets are not made for segment reporting.

# SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

# Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

Segment information for the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006 and April 3, 2005, respectively, and at April 2, 2006 and September 30, 2005 is as follows:

	Three 1	Three Months		onths
	2006	2006 2005		2005
Net sales from external customers				
North America	\$ 315,809	\$ 280,601	\$ 560,406	\$ 496,414
Europe/ROW	117,167	144,290	299,840	366,563
Latin America	54,282	49,624	114,269	102,307
Global Pet	137,863	46,450	270,565	46,450
Total segments	\$ 625,121	\$ 520,965	\$ 1,245,080	\$ 1,011,734
	Three	Three Months		onthe

	Three l	Months	Six M	onths
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Intersegment net sales				
North America	\$ 12,065	\$ 10,886	\$ 23,023	\$ 21,427
Europe/ROW	4,762	3,250	8,402	7,774
Latin America	605	1,355	1,280	1,386
Global Pet				
Total segments	\$ 17,432	\$ 15,491	\$ 32,705	\$ 30,587

	Three M	Months	Six Months		
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Segment profit					
North America <sup>(A)</sup>	\$ 39,388	\$ 33,658	\$ 64,228	\$ 74,940	
Europe/ROW	6,618	19,409	37,186	55,369	
Latin America	3,315	3,594	9,966	9,355	
Global Pet	21,641	(91)	41,842	(91)	
Total segments	70,962	56,570	153,222	139,573	
Corporate expense	25,730	23,352	49,273	45,121	
Restructuring and related charges	6,576	157	13,010	157	
Interest expense <sup>(B)</sup>	42,854	38,966	84,312	55,922	
Other income, net	(7,426)	(131)	(5,939)	(167)	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ 3,228	\$ (5,774)	\$ 12,566	\$ 38,540	

<sup>(</sup>A) The three and six month periods ended April 3, 2005 include a charge to Cost of goods sold of \$27,695 related to the fair value adjustment, required under generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, that was applied to United sacquired inventory.

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The three and six month periods ended April 3, 2005 include \$12,033 in debt issuance costs written off in connection with the debt refinancing that occurred at the time of the United acquisition.

#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)

#### (Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

	April 2, 2006	Septe	ember 30, 2005
Segment assets		_	
North America	\$ 2,219,807	\$	2,246,381
Europe/ROW	508,861		556,534
Latin America	375,818		368,499
Global Pet	825,836		790,902
Total segments	3,930,322		3,962,316
Corporate	77,209		59,775
Total assets at period end	\$ 4.007.531	\$	4.022.091

#### 10 ACQUISITIONS

#### **Acquisition of Jungle Labs**

On September 1, 2005, the Company acquired Jungle Labs for approximately \$29,000, which included \$26,000 cash consideration at closing, \$1,000 paid after closing, acquisition related expenditures of \$200 and \$2,000 of non-compete arrangements to be earned and paid through August 31, 2007. Cash acquired totaled approximately \$600. The purchase agreement also contains a provision for contingent earnout payments not to exceed \$3,500. The total earnout calculation is based upon net sales of Jungle Labs products through August 31, 2007. Such amounts to be paid, if any, will be recorded as additional acquisition consideration. Based in San Antonio, Texas, Jungle Labs is a leading manufacturer and marketer of premium water and fish care products, including water conditioners, plant and fish foods, fish medications and other products designed to maintain an optimal environment in aquariums or ponds. Jungle Labs generates annual revenues of approximately \$14,000. The financial results of Jungle Labs are included in the Global Pet business segment within the Company s condensed consolidated results. The Company is currently finalizing the valuation of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment acquired which may impact the estimates of the fair value of net assets acquired in the transaction. None of the goodwill acquired in this transaction is expected to be deductible in the determination of income taxes.

#### **Acquisition of Tetra**

On April 29, 2005, the Company acquired all of the outstanding equity interests of Tetra for a purchase price of approximately \$550,000, net of cash acquired of approximately \$13,000 and inclusive of a final working capital payment of \$2,400, made in July 2005. The aggregate purchase price also included acquisition related expenditures of approximately \$16,100. Tetra manufactures, distributes and markets a comprehensive line of foods, equipment and care products for fish and reptiles, along with accessories for home aquariums and ponds. Tetra operates in over 90 countries and holds leading market positions in Europe, North America and Japan. The financial results of Tetra are included in the Global Pet business segment within the Company s condensed consolidated results. The Company is currently finalizing the valuation of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment acquired which may impact the estimates of the fair value of net assets acquired in the transaction. None of the goodwill acquired in this transaction is expected to be deductible in the determination of income taxes.

#### **Acquisition of United**

On February 7, 2005, the Company completed the acquisition of all of the outstanding equity interests of United, a leading manufacturer and marketer of products for the consumer lawn and garden care and household

#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

insect control markets in North America and a leading supplier of quality products to the pet supply industry in the United States. The financial results of the acquired lawn and garden and household insect control businesses of United are included in the North America business segment, and the financial results of the United Pet Group of United are included in the Global Pet segment within the Company s condensed consolidated results.

The aggregate purchase price was approximately \$1,490,000, net of cash acquired of approximately \$14,000. The purchase price consisted of cash consideration of approximately \$1,051,000 and common stock of the Company totaling approximately \$439,000. The aggregate purchase price included acquisition related expenditures of approximately \$22,000. Approximately \$433,000 of the total goodwill acquired in this transaction is expected to be deductible in the determination of income taxes.

#### 11 RESTRUCTURING AND RELATED CHARGES

The Company reports restructuring and related charges associated with manufacturing and related initiatives in Cost of goods sold. Restructuring and related charges reflected in Cost of goods sold include, but are not limited to, termination and related costs associated with manufacturing employees, asset impairments relating to manufacturing initiatives, and other costs directly related to the restructuring or integration initiatives implemented.

The Company reports restructuring and related charges relating to administrative functions in Operating expenses, such as initiatives impacting sales, marketing, distribution, or other non-manufacturing related functions. Restructuring and related charges reflected in Operating expenses include, but are not limited to, termination and related costs, any asset impairments relating to the functional areas described above, and other costs directly related to the initiatives implemented.

The following table summarizes restructuring and related charges incurred by segment for the three and six month periods ended April 2, 2006 and April 3, 2005, respectively:

		Three Months		Six Months	
Cost of goods sold:	2006	2005	2006	2005	
North America	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Europe/ROW	12		794	Ť	
Latin America					
Global Pet	419		933		
Total restructuring and related charges in cost of goods sold	431		1,727		
Operating expenses:					
North America	2,742	157	6,710	157	
Europe/ROW	3,101		3,615		
Latin America					
Global Pet	302		958		
Total restructuring and related charges in operating expenses	6,145	157	11,283	157	
Total restructuring and related charges	\$ 6,576	\$ 157	\$ 13,010	\$ 157	

#### 2006 Restructuring Initiatives

The Company has implemented a series of initiatives in Europe to reduce operating costs and rationalize the Company s operating structure. These initiatives include the closure of the Ellwangen, Germany packaging

#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

center and the relocation of operations to the Dischingen, Germany battery plant, the transfer of private label battery production at the Company s Dischingen, Germany battery plant to the Company s manufacturing facility in China, and the previously announced resizing and restructuring of sales, marketing and support functions. As a result of these measures, headcount in Europe will be reduced by approximately 350, or 24%. The Company incurred \$4,205 of pretax restructuring and related charges during the six month period ended April 2, 2006 in connection with these actions. Total costs associated with these initiatives, expected to be incurred through June 2007, relate primarily to severance and are projected to total approximately \$27,000, the majority of which will be cash costs.

The following table summarizes the accrual balance and activity that occurred during the six month period ended April 2, 2006 associated with the 2006 Restructuring Initiatives:

#### 2006 Restructuring Initiatives Summary

	mination enefits	Other Costs	Total
Accrual balance at September 30, 2005	\$	\$	\$
Provisions	3,531		3,531
Cash expenditures	(1,196)		(1,196)
Accrual balance at April 2, 2006	\$ 2,335	\$	\$ 2,335
Expensed as incurred	\$ 674	\$	\$ 674

#### 2005 Restructuring Initiatives

In April 2005, the Company announced the closure of its Breitenbach, France zinc carbon manufacturing facility. Costs associated with this initiative are expected to total approximately \$11,000. The Company incurred \$204 of pretax restructuring and related charges during the six month period ended April 2, 2006 in connection with this closure. Approximately \$500 is expected to be incurred during the remainder of fiscal 2006.

In connection with the acquisitions of United and Tetra in 2005, the Company announced a series of initiatives to optimize the global resources of the combined United and Spectrum companies. These initiatives include: integrating all of United s Home & Garden administrative services, sales, and customer service functions into the Company s North America headquarters in Madison, Wisconsin; converting all information systems to SAP; consolidating United s manufacturing and distribution locations in North America; rationalizing the North America supply chain; and consolidating United Pet Group s and Tetra s administrative and manufacturing and distribution facilities. These restructuring initiatives are ongoing and are expected to continue through at least fiscal 2007.

As part of this reorganization, Spectrum s and United s sales management, field sales operations and marketing teams (including customer teams located in Atlanta, Bentonville, and Charlotte) were merged into a single North American sales and marketing organization reporting to Spectrum s North American management team located in Madison, Wisconsin. United s accounting, information services, customer service and other administrative functions were combined with existing counterpart organizations in Madison. Legal and certain corporate finance functions were combined directly into Spectrum s global headquarters in Atlanta. Canadian Consumer Product sales and marketing teams have been merged as well and report to a single country manager. Purchasing and sourcing have been completely integrated on a global basis, with an expanded product sourcing office in Asia serving all parts of the Company. In addition, as the Company begins to optimize its pet

#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

#### Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

operations, two pet supplies facilities in Brea, California and Hazleton, California were closed in 2005 as part of the restructuring plan.

The Company incurred \$8,601 of pretax restructuring and related charges during the six month period ended April 2, 2006 in connection with its integration of businesses acquired in 2005. The Company s integration activities related to the United and Tetra acquisitions are ongoing and are expected to continue through at least fiscal 2007. Costs associated with integration efforts are expected to total approximately \$85,000, of which approximately \$60,000 will be cash costs and \$25,000 will be non-cash. In fiscal 2006, the Company expects to incur approximately \$40,000 to \$45,000 of costs associated with the integration, which includes approximately \$30,000 to \$35,000 of cash costs.

The following table summarizes the remaining accrual balance and activity that occurred during the six month period ended April 2, 2006 associated with the 2005 Restructuring Initiatives:

#### 2005 Restructuring Initiatives Summary

	ermination Benefits	Other Costs	Total
Accrual balance at September 30, 2005	\$ 17,559	\$ 86	\$ 17,645
Provisions	2,613	370	2,983
Purchase accounting <sup>(A)</sup>	9,014	24,288	33,302
Cash expenditures	(12,260)	(3,046)	(15,306)
Accrual balance at April 2, 2006	\$ 16,926	\$ 21,698	\$ 38,624
Expensed as incurred	\$ 4,843	\$ 979	\$ 5,822

<sup>(</sup>A) Provisions for costs to exit activities of the acquired United businesses. These costs, which include severance, lease termination costs, inventory disposal costs and other associated costs, relate to the closure of certain acquired Pet and Lawn & Garden manufacturing and distribution facilities. Such amounts are recognized as liabilities assumed as part of the United acquisition and included in the allocation of the acquisition cost in accordance with the provisions of EITF 95-3 Recognition of Liabilities Assumed in Connection with a Purchase Business Combination.

#### 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company has provided for the estimated costs associated with environmental remediation activities at some of its current and former manufacturing sites. The Company believes that any additional liability in excess of the amounts provided of approximately \$3,145, which may result from resolution of these matters, will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition, results of operations, or cash flow of the Company.

In November 2005, the Company received a request for information from the U.S. Attorney s Office for the Northern District of Georgia. On December 12, 2005, the Company received a request for the same information from the Atlanta District Office of the SEC. The U.S. Attorney s Office and the SEC are investigating the Company s July 28, 2005 disclosure regarding its results for the third quarter ended July 3, 2005 and the Company s revised guidance issued September 7, 2005 as to earnings for the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2005 and fiscal year 2006. The U.S. Attorney s Office and the SEC are also investigating the extent to which the Company s senior management sold shares in the thirty-day period preceding the July 28, 2005 and September 7,

#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

**Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)** 

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

2005 disclosures. The Company is cooperating fully with the investigations. The Company is unable to predict the outcome of the investigations or the timing of their resolution at this time.

The Company, along with certain Executive Officers, are defendants in a purported class action lawsuit, filed in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Georgia. The lawsuit generally alleges that the Company and the individually named defendants made materially false and misleading public statements concerning the Company s operational and financial condition, thereby allegedly causing plaintiff to purchase Company securities at artificially inflated prices. The plaintiff seeks unspecified damages, as well as interest, costs and attorneys fees. The Company believes that this action is without merit and intends to contest it vigorously.

On November 28, 2005, a motion was filed in the Georgia Action to appoint lead plaintiffs and approve selection of co-lead counsel. On December 30, 2005, the Court entered an Order granting plaintiffs motion. Pursuant to the scheduling order entered on November 18, 2005, on February 2, 2006, lead plaintiffs filed a consolidated amended complaint. On March 6, 2006, Defendants filed a motion to dismiss the consolidated amended complaint. Briefing of Defendants motion to dismiss was completed on April 28, 2006. Oral argument has not yet been set. The Company believes that these actions are without merit and intend to contest them vigorously. At this stage of the litigation, the Company cannot make any estimate of a potential loss or range of loss. See Item 1., Legal Proceedings, included in Part II Other Information for further information regarding this action.

The Company is a defendant in various other matters of litigation generally arising out of the normal course of business. Such litigation includes legal proceedings with Philips in Europe with respect to trademark or other intellectual property rights and patent infringement claims by the Gillette Company and its subsidiary Braun GmbH. With respect to the Braun suit, the Company reached a settlement under which it entered into a licensing agreement for the period from November 15, 2005 through January 27, 2015. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company paid Gillette \$4,000 for the right to use certain patented technology through January 2015 and will pay royalties of five dollars per unit containing the patented technology and sold in the United States during the term of the licensing agreement. With respect to the remaining items, in the opinion of management, it is either not likely or premature to determine whether such matters will have a material adverse effect on the results of operations, financial condition, liquidity or cash flow of the Company.

#### 13 NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In November 2005, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FSP FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1, *The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments* (FSP FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1). FSP FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1 address the determination as to when an impairment in equity securities (including cost method investments) and debt securities that can contractually be prepaid or otherwise settled in such a way that the investor would not recover substantially all of its cost should be deemed other-than-temporary. FSP FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1 nullifies certain requirements under EITF Issue No. 03-01, *The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments*, that required the investor to make an evidence-based judgment as to whether it has the ability and intent to hold an investment for a reasonable period of time sufficient for a forecasted recovery of fair value up to (or beyond) the cost of the investment in determining whether the impairment was other than temporary, and the measurement of the impairment loss. The guidance in FSP FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2005. The Company does not believe the adoption of FSP FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1 will have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Continued)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share figures)

In December 2004, the FASB issued FSP FAS 109-2, Accounting and Disclosure Guidance for the Foreign Earnings Repatriation Provision within the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 (FSP FAS 109-2). The American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 provides for a special one-time deduction of 85% of certain foreign earnings that are repatriated to a U.S. taxpayer. The Company is currently evaluating FSP FAS 109-2 and does not expect it to have a material impact on its financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In November 2004, the FASB issued FAS 151, Inventory Costs, an amendment of ARB No. 43 Chapter 4 (FAS 151) to clarify the accounting for abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs, and wasted material (spoilage) and requires that those items be recognized as current-period charges. In addition, this statement requires that allocation of fixed production overheads to the costs of conversion be based on the normal capacity of the production facilities. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. The Company adopted this statement as of the beginning of fiscal 2006, and it has not had a material impact on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### 14 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In connection with the acquisitions of Remington, United, Tetra and Jungle Labs, the Company completed debt offerings of Senior Subordinated Notes. Payment obligations of the Senior Subordinated Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a joint and several basis by all of the Company s domestic subsidiaries.

The following condensed consolidating financial data illustrates the components of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited). Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for using the equity method for purposes of illustrating the consolidating presentation. Earnings of subsidiaries are therefore reflected in the Company s and Guarantor Subsidiaries investment accounts and earnings. The elimination entries presented herein eliminate investments in subsidiaries and intercompany balances and transactions. Separate condensed consolidated financial statements of the Guarantor Subsidiaries are not presented because management has determined that such financial statements would not be material to investors.

## ${\bf SPECTRUM\ BRANDS, INC.\ AND\ SUBSIDIARIES}$

## **Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets**

**April 2, 2006** 

(Unaudited)

	Parent	Guarantor Nonguarantor Subsidiaries Subsidiaries		Eliminations	Consolidated Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,726	\$ 972	\$ 11,908	\$	\$ 14,606
Receivables, net	159,233	220,552	204,130	(168,900)	415,015
Inventories	229,523	68,223	194,883	(7,020)	485,609
Assets held for sale	334		2,855		3,189
Prepaid expenses and other	42,519	14,844	29,489	1,754	88,606
Total current assets	433,335	304,591	443,265	(174,166)	1,007,025
Property, plant and equipment, net	107,330	39,305	159,335	, í	305,970
Goodwill	1,226,241	(311,199)	541,127	2,324	1,458,493
Intangible assets, net	465,360	469,836	209,693	(187)	1,144,702
Deferred charges and other	79,507	434,394	(720,137)	260,121	53,885
Debt issuance costs	37,456				37,456
Investments in subsidiaries	4,596,689	4,088,206	3,761,734	(12,446,629)	
Total assets	\$ 6,945,918	\$ 5,025,133	\$ 4,395,017	\$ (12,358,537)	\$ 4,007,531
LIABILITIES AND					
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 26,526	\$ 16	\$ 36,644	\$ (18,647)	\$ 44,539
Accounts payable	346,291	182,430	(6,727)	(216,027)	305,967
Accrued liabilities	91,718	55,555	105,625	, ,	252,898

Current habilities.					
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 26,526	\$ 16	\$ 36,644	\$ (18,647)	\$ 44,539
Accounts payable	346,291	182,430	(6,727)	(216,027)	305,967
Accrued liabilities	91,718	55,555	105,625		252,898
Total current liabilities	464,535	238,001	135,542	(234,674)	603,404
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	2,287,956	4,371	52,682	(106,893)	2,238,116
Employee benefit obligations, net of current portion	30,716	4,623	44,554		79,893
Other	(29,660)	181,449	74,033		225,822
Total liabilities	2,753,547	428,444	306,811	(341,567)	3,147,235
Shareholders equity:					
Common stock	675	98	532,073	(532,171)	675
Additional paid-in capital	643,704	862,676	4,332,091	(5,194,649)	643,822
Retained earnings	(150,525)	(86,079)	(465,038)	834,140	270,196
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	3,771,586	3,819,994	(310,920)	(7,124,290)	18,672
	4,265,440	4,596,689	4,088,206	(12,016,970)	933,365
Less treasury stock, at cost	(73,069)				(73,069)

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Total shareholders equity	4,192,371	4,596,689	4,088,206	(12,016,970)	860,296
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 6,945,918	\$ 5,025,133	\$ 4,395,017	\$ (12,358,537)	\$ 4,007,531

## SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## **Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations**

## Three Month Period Ended April 2, 2006

## (Unaudited)

	Parent	Guarantor Nonguara Subsidiaries Subsidia		Eliminations	Consolidated Total
Net sales	\$ 275.557	\$ 131,964	\$ 251.817	\$ (34,217)	\$ 625,121
Cost of goods sold	174.260	92.875	157.155	(33,295)	390,995
Restructuring and related charges	171,200	420	137,133	(33,273)	431
restructuring and related charges		120	11		131
Gross profit	101,297	38,669	94,651	(922)	233,695
Operating expenses:	ĺ	ĺ	,	, ,	ĺ
Selling	59,277	18,179	57,301	(246)	134,511
General and administrative	28,085	1,741	16,940		46,766
Research and development	5,216	1,339	1,062		7,617
Restructuring and related charges	2,740	302	3,103		6,145
	95,318	21,561	78,406	(246)	195,039
Operating income	5,979	17,108	16,245	(676)	38,656
Interest expense	41,670	(5,405)	6,589		42,854
Other expense (income), net	8,310	28,987	(3,382)	(41,341)	(7,426)
•					
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income					
taxes	(44,001)	(6,474)	13,038	40,665	3,228
Income (benefit) tax expense	(14,322)	8,163	7,296		1,137
•	, ,				
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(29,679)	(14,637)	5,742	40,665	2,091
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	30,932	11,688	(44,148)		(1,528)
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,253	\$ (2,949)	(38,406)	\$ 40,665	\$ 563

## SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## **Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations**

## Six Month Period Ended April 2, 2006

(Unaudited)

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Nonguarantor Subsidiaries	Eliminations	Consolidated Total
Net sales	\$ 496,421	\$ 249,715	\$ 562,953	\$ (64,009)	\$ 1,245,080
Cost of goods sold	309,332	175,449	344,988	(63,340)	766,429
Restructuring and related charges		933	794		1,727
Gross profit	187,089	73,333	217,171	(669)	476,924
Operating expenses:					
Selling	110,257	33,630	121,712	(169)	265,430
General and administrative	58,308	4,806	31,119		94,233
Research and development	10,420	2,616	2,003		15,039
Restructuring and related charges	6,710	958	3,615		11,283
	185,695	42,010	158,449	(169)	385,985
Operating income	1,394	31,323	58,722	(500)	90,939
Interest expense	81,690	(11,342)	13,964		84,312
Other (income) expense, net	(30,638)	13,867	554	10,278	(5,939)
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income					
taxes	(49,658)	28,798	44,204	(10,778)	12,566
Income (benefit) tax expense	(25,135)	11,104	18,436		4,405
(Loss) income from continuing operations	(24,523)	17,694	25,768	(10,778)	8,161
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	27,768	11,100	(44,148)		(5,280)
•			,		, , , ,
Net income (loss)	\$ 3,245	\$ 28,794	\$ (18,380)	\$ (10,778)	\$ 2,881

## ${\bf SPECTRUM\ BRANDS, INC.\ AND\ SUBSIDIARIES}$

## **Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows**

## Six Month Period Ended April 2, 2006

## (Unaudited)

	Paren		Guarantor Subsidiaries		guarantor sidiaries	Elin	ninations	Coi	nsolidated Total
Net cash (used) provided by continuing operating									
activities	\$ (116,1	06)	\$ 405,458	\$	67,728	\$ (	401,531)	\$	(44,451)
Cash flows from investing activities:									
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(10,1	93)	(2,390	))	(17,707)				(30,290)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and									
investments			4,830	)	513				5,343
Proceeds from sale of assets held for sale	10,6								10,641
Payments for acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(7,3	63)							(7,363)
Intercompany investments	(240,2	17)	239,597	1	620				
Investing cash flows of discontinued operations			84,432	!					84,432
Net cash (used) provided by investing activities	(247,1	32)	326,469		(16,574)				62,763
Cash flows from financing activities:									
Reduction of debt	(415,1	71)			(51,144)				(466,315)
Proceeds from debt financing	414,3	59			19,668				434,027
Debt issuance costs	(1,7	03)							(1,703)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	3	26							326
Stock option income tax benefit		73							73
Proceeds from (advances related to) intercompany									
transactions	351,3	24	(733,612	2)	(19,243)		401,531		
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	349,2	08	(733,612	2)	(50,719)		401,531		(33,592)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents					34				34
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(14,0	30)	(1,685	0	469				(15,246)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	15,7	,	2,657	/	11,439				29,852
cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	13,7		2,037		11,739				27,032
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 1,7	26	\$ 972	\$	11,908	\$		\$	14,606

#### Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

#### Introduction

We are a global branded consumer products company with leading market positions in seven major product categories: consumer batteries; lawn and garden; pet supplies; electric shaving and grooming; household insect control; electric personal care products; and portable lighting. We are a leading worldwide manufacturer and marketer of alkaline, zinc carbon and hearing aid batteries, as well as aquariums and aquatic health supplies and a leading worldwide designer and marketer of rechargeable batteries, battery-powered lighting products, electric shavers and accessories, grooming products and hair care appliances. We are also a leading North American manufacturer and marketer of lawn fertilizers, herbicides, pet supplies and specialty food products and insecticides and repellents.

We sell our products in approximately 120 countries through a variety of trade channels, including retailers, wholesalers and distributors, hearing aid professionals, industrial distributors and OEMs. We enjoy strong name recognition in our markets under the Rayovac, VARTA and Remington brands, each of which has been in existence for more than 80 years, and under the Spectracide, Cutter, Tetra, 8-in-1 and various other brands. We have manufacturing and product development facilities located in the United States, Europe, China and Latin America. We manufacture alkaline and zinc carbon batteries, zinc air hearing aid batteries, lawn fertilizers, herbicides, pet supplies and specialty food products and insecticides and repellents in our company operated manufacturing facilities. Substantially all of our rechargeable batteries and chargers, electric shaving and grooming products, electric personal care products and portable lighting products are manufactured by third party suppliers, primarily located in Asia.

On November 22, 2005, we entered into an agreement with Agrium Inc. to sell our fertilizer technology and Canadian professional fertilizer products businesses of Nu-Gro (Nu-Gro Pro and Tech.) to Agrium. The transaction closed on January 25, 2006. Proceeds from the sale are expected to total approximately \$83 million after finalization of selling expenses and contractual working capital adjustments. This divestiture allows us to focus on our primary growth strategy of marketing branded consumer products to retailers. Proceeds from the sale were used to reduce our outstanding debt. As part of the transaction, we have signed strategic multi-year reciprocal supply agreements with Agrium. (See footnote 2 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) filed with this report, Significant Accounting Policies Discontinued Operations, for additional information regarding this divestiture).

Our financial performance is influenced by a number of factors including: general economic conditions, foreign exchange fluctuations, and trends in consumer markets; our overall product line mix, including sales prices and gross margins which vary by product line and geographic market; pricing of certain raw materials and commodities; fuel prices and our general competitive position, especially as impacted by our competitors promotional activities and pricing strategies.

#### Fiscal Quarter and Fiscal Six Months Ended April 2, 2006 Compared to Fiscal Quarter and Fiscal Six Months Ended April 3, 2005

Year over year historical comparisons are influenced by our acquisitions of United and Tetra, acquired on February 7, 2005 and April 29, 2005, respectively. See footnote 10 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) filed with this report, Acquisitions, for additional information regarding these acquisitions.

During the six months ended April 2, 2006 (the Fiscal 2006 Six Months), Nu-Gro Pro and Tech was presented as discontinued operations consistent with our decision to sell these businesses. Consequently, the results of these discontinued operations for the three months ended April 2, 2006 (the Fiscal 2006 Quarter) and the Fiscal 2006 Six Months are reflected in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) as discontinued operations. The results of Nu-Gro Pro and Tech in Fiscal 2005 have been reclassified to conform to the Fiscal 2006 classification. As a result, and unless specifically stated, all discussions regarding our Fiscal 2006 Quarter and Fiscal 2006 Six Months reflect results from our continuing operations.

Net Sales. On a reported basis, net sales for the Fiscal 2006 Quarter increased to \$625 million from \$521 million during the three months ended April 3, 2005 (the Fiscal 2005 Quarter), reflecting a 20% increase. Net sales for the Fiscal 2006 Six Months increased to \$1,245 million from \$1,012 million during the six months ended April 3, 2005 (the Fiscal 2005 Six Months), reflecting a 23% increase. Our 2005 results reflect sales of lawn and garden, household insect control and United pet products for only February and March. No Tetra results are included in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter or Fiscal 2005 Six Months. After adjusting net sales to assume all acquisitions completed by us during Fiscal 2005 were completed as of October 1, 2004, our net sales for the Fiscal 2006 Quarter and Fiscal 2006 Six Months declined 4 percent and 7 percent, respectively. This decline is primarily a result of under-performance in our battery business.

Reported net sales by product line for the Fiscal 2006 Quarter, Fiscal 2005 Quarter, Fiscal 2006 Six Months and Fiscal 2005 Six Months, respectively, are as follows (in millions):

	Fiscal (	Fiscal Quarter		x Months
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Product line net sales				
Batteries	\$ 184	\$ 223	\$ 443	\$ 523
Lights	18	21	43	47
Shaving and grooming	45	38	147	150
Personal care	29	25	77	78
Lawn and garden	181	139	221	139
Household insect control	30	29	43	29
Pet products	138	46	271	46
Total net sales to external customers	\$ 625	\$ 521	\$ 1,245	\$ 1,012

The decline in our battery sales for the Fiscal 2006 Quarter and Fiscal 2006 Six Months was driven by a number of factors, primarily a reduction of inventory levels at certain retailers in North America, and the finalization of our transition to a new alkaline marketing strategy in North America, centered around an improved value position, which has taken longer than anticipated. Battery sales in Europe declined as well, as we exited some low margin private label alkaline business and as we continued to experience a shift in European distribution channels from electronic specialty stores and photo stores, where we enjoy strong market shares, to deep discount and food retail channels where we do not have as strong a presence. Lastly, unfavorable foreign exchange translation accounted for approximately \$7 million and \$16 million of the decline in consolidated legacy product line net sales for the Fiscal 2006 Quarter and Fiscal 2006 Six Months, respectively.

Gross Profit. Our gross profit margin for the Fiscal 2006 Quarter increased to 37.4% from 35.6% in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter and increased to 38.3% in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months from 37.9% in the Fiscal 2005 Six Months. The increase in gross margin is attributable to the charge recognized in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter related to inventory acquired as part of the United acquisition. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, this inventory was revalued as part of the purchase price allocation. This accounting treatment resulted in an increase in acquired inventory of \$29 million. During the Fiscal 2005 Quarter and the Fiscal 2005 Six Months, approximately \$28 million of the inventory write-up was recognized in cost of goods sold. Excluding this charge and restructuring and related charges for the periods presented, our gross profit margin in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter and Fiscal 2005 Six Months was 40.9% and 40.7%, respectively, as compared to gross margins in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter and Fiscal 2006 Six Months of 37.5% and 38.4%, respectively. The Fiscal 2006 Quarter and Fiscal 2006 Six Months included the benefit of higher margin Tetra pet product sales. However, this benefit was more than offset by declines in our legacy battery, shaving and grooming and personal care margins. The decline in battery gross margins was driven by the previously mentioned shift in European distribution channels and higher raw material costs, especially zinc, as prices have continued to increase. Shaving and grooming and personal care margins declined primarily as a result of a product mix shift to lower margin products.

Operating Income. Our operating income for the Fiscal 2006 Quarter increased to \$39 million from \$33 million in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter. Excluding the impact of restructuring and related charges incurred during the Fiscal 2006 Quarter and the previously discussed \$28 million inventory purchase accounting charge to cost of goods sold in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter, our operating income would have been \$45 million and \$61 million in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter and the Fiscal 2005 Quarter, respectively. After excluding these items, operating income as a percentage of net sales decreased to 7.2% in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter from 11.7% in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter. The majority of this decline was the result of the previously discussed declines in gross margin. In addition, after excluding these items, operating expenses as a percentage of net sales increased from 29.2% of sales in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter to 30.2% of net sales in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter. See the Restructuring and Related Charges section of Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included below as well as footnote 11 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) filed with this report, Restructuring and Related Charges for additional information regarding our restructuring and related charges.

Our operating income for the Fiscal 2006 Six Months decreased to \$91 million from \$94 million in the Fiscal 2005 Six Months. Excluding the impact of \$13 million of restructuring and related charges incurred during the Fiscal 2006 Six Months and the previously discussed \$28 million inventory purchase accounting charge to cost of goods sold in the Fiscal 2005 Six Months, our operating income would have been \$104 million and \$122 million in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months and the Fiscal 2005 Six Months, respectively. After excluding these items, operating income as a percentage of net sales decreased to 8.3% in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months from 12.1% in the Fiscal 2005 Six Months. The majority of this decline was the result of the previously discussed declines in gross margin. See the Restructuring and Related Charges section of *Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations* included below as well as footnote 11 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) filed with this report, Restructuring and Related Charges for additional information regarding our restructuring and related charges.

Other Income. Other income for the Fiscal 2006 Quarter and Fiscal 2006 Six Months includes the benefit of two asset sales which occurred during the Fiscal 2006 Quarter. We recognized a net gain of approximately \$8 million on the sale of our Bridgeport, CT manufacturing facility, acquired as part of the Remington acquisition and subsequently closed in Fiscal 2004, and the sale of our Madison, WI packaging facility, closed in Fiscal 2003. Prior to these sales, these assets were included in assets held for sale in our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited) filed with this report.

Discontinued Operations. Our loss from discontinued operations of \$1.5 million, net of tax, and \$5.3 million, net of tax, for the Fiscal 2006 Quarter and Fiscal 2006 Six Months, respectively, reflects the operating results of Nu-Gro Pro and Tech, as well as the estimated loss on the sale of these businesses. The transaction closed in January 2006. The total estimated loss on the sale of these businesses of approximately \$3.8 million, net of tax, is included in the total loss for the Fiscal 2006 Six Months. Of this total estimated loss, approximately \$1.3 million was recognized in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter. Finalization of the loss on the sale is pending completion of legal and accounting procedures associated with a working capital settlement. See footnote 2 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) filed with this report, Significant Accounting Policies Discontinued Operations for additional information regarding these discontinued operations.

Segment Results. Effective October 1, 2005, we began managing operations in four reportable segments: (i) North America, which consists of the legacy businesses (battery, shaving and grooming, personal care and portable lighting) in the United States and Canada and the acquired United lawn and garden and household insect control business; (ii) Latin America, which consists of the legacy businesses in Mexico, Central America, South America and the Caribbean; (iii) Europe/ROW, which consists of the legacy businesses in the United Kingdom, continental Europe, China, Australia and all other countries in which we conduct legacy businesses; and (iv) Global Pet, which consists of the acquired United Pet Group, global Tetra and Jungle Labs businesses.

Global and geographic strategic initiatives and financial objectives are determined at the corporate level. Each reportable segment is responsible for implementing defined strategic initiatives and achieving certain financial objectives. Each reportable segment has a general manager responsible for all the sales and marketing initiatives for all product lines within that segment plus the financial results of that segment. Financial information pertaining to our geographic regions is contained in footnote 9 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) filed with this report, Segment Results.

We evaluate segment profitability based on income from operations before corporate expense and restructuring and related charges. Corporate expense includes expense associated with purchasing, corporate general and administrative areas and research and development.

North America

	Fiscal Q	Fiscal Quarter		Months		
	2006	2005	2006	2005		
		(in millions)				
Net sales to external customers	\$ 316	\$ 281	\$ 560	\$ 496		
Segment profit	\$ 39	\$ 34	\$ 64	\$ 75		
Segment profit as a % of net sales	12.3%	12.1%	11.4%	15.1%		
Assets as of April 2, 2006 and September 30, 2005	\$ 2,220	\$ 2,246	\$ 2,220	\$ 2,246		

Our reported net sales to external customers in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter increased to \$316 million from \$281 million during the Fiscal 2005 Quarter. This 12% increase was primarily due to the inclusion of the acquired United lawn and garden and household insect control business for the entire Fiscal 2006 Quarter as compared to only February and March of the Fiscal 2005 Quarter. Net sales contributed by the acquired United business in January 2006 totaled \$33 million. After adjusting net sales to assume all acquisitions completed by us during Fiscal 2005 were completed as of October 1, 2004, our net sales for the Fiscal 2006 Quarter declined 3 percent. Our battery sales in North America declined by \$13 million, driven by the reduction of inventory levels at certain retailers in North America. Sales of our Remington shaving and grooming and personal care products increased approximately \$8 million during the Fiscal 2006 Quarter while sales of our lawn and garden products were down approximately \$2 million.

Our net sales to external customers in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months increased to \$560 million from \$496 million during the Fiscal 2005 Six Months. This 13% increase was primarily due to the inclusion of the acquired United lawn and garden and household insect control business for the entire Fiscal 2006 Six Months as compared to only February and March of the Fiscal 2005 Six Months. Net sales contributed by the acquired United business from October 2005 through January 2006 totaled \$86 million. After adjusting net sales to assume all acquisitions completed by us during Fiscal 2005 were completed as of October 1, 2004, our net sales for the Fiscal 2006 Six Months declined 7 percent. Our battery sales in North America declined by \$36 million, driven by the reduction of inventory levels at certain retailers in North America and the finalization of our transition to a new alkaline marketing strategy, which has taken longer than anticipated. This decline in our battery sales was tempered by an approximately \$5 million increase in sales of our Remington shaving and grooming and personal care products during the Fiscal 2006 Six Months.

Our profitability in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter increased to \$39 million from \$34 million in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter. Excluding the impact of the previously discussed inventory purchase accounting charge in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter, \$22 million of which related to the North America segment, profitability in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter declined by approximately 30%. This decrease was primarily due to the impact of lower battery sales and product mix shifts in our acquired lawn and garden and household insect control business. Operating expenses as a percentage of net sales increased to approximately 23.7% of net sales in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter from approximately 22.5% of net sales in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter. This increase was driven primarily by the impact of decreased battery sales combined with increased distribution expenses. Distribution expenses increased to 11.3% of net sales in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter as compared to 9.5% of net sales in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter. Distribution

costs for the acquired United lawn and garden business are higher than the costs associated with our legacy businesses. In addition, increased fuel costs added approximately \$4 million to distribution costs in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter.

Our profitability in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months decreased to \$64 million from \$75 million in the Fiscal 2005 Six Months. This 15% decrease was primarily due to the impact of lower battery sales and increased raw material costs, including zinc and urea. Excluding the inventory purchase accounting charge of approximately \$22 million, profitability in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months declined by approximately 34%. This decrease was primarily due to the impact of lower battery sales and lower margins on those sales, which resulted in a reduction in gross profit of approximately \$20 million. The remaining decrease is driven by higher distribution costs in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months.

Our assets as of April 2, 2006 decreased to \$2,220 million from \$2,246 million at September 30, 2005. Intangible assets at April 2, 2006 are approximately \$1,509 million and primarily relate to the United and Remington acquisitions.

Europe/ROW

	Fiscal Q	Fiscal Quarter		Months		
	2006	2005	2006	2005		
		(in millions)				
Net sales to external customers	\$ 117	\$ 144	\$ 300	\$ 367		
Segment profit	\$ 7	\$ 19	\$ 37	\$ 55		
Segment profit as a % of net sales	6.0%	13.2%	12.3%	15.0%		
Assets as of April 2, 2006 and September 30, 2005	\$ 509	\$ 557	\$ 509	\$ 557		

Our net sales to external customers in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter decreased to \$117 million from \$144 million during the Fiscal 2005 Quarter, representing a 19% decrease. Unfavorable foreign exchange translation accounted for \$10 million of the decline. Battery revenue across Europe declined by approximately 17% excluding the impact of currency. This decline was the result of a continued stagnant economy in Europe, our decision to exit some low margin private label alkaline business and a shift in European distribution channels from electronic specialty stores and photo stores where we enjoy strong market shares, to deep discount and food retail channels where we do not have as strong a presence. We also saw declines in our higher margin photo and lithium battery sales driven by a shift in the photo market, as analog cameras are replaced by digital cameras, which predominantly use rechargeable batteries. Sales of our Remington branded products increased by 13% during the Fiscal 2006 Quarter excluding the impact of currency as we continue to gain distribution across continental Europe, driven by our investments in brand development.

Our net sales to external customers in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months decreased to \$300 million from \$367 million during the Fiscal 2005 Six Months, representing an 18% decrease. Unfavorable foreign exchange translation accounted for \$24 million of the decline. Battery revenue across Europe declined by approximately 13% excluding the impact of currency. The battery business in continental Europe has been negatively impacted by a stagnant economy and the aforementioned shift in distribution channels, coupled with our decision to exit certain low margin private label alkaline business. Sales of our Remington branded shaving, grooming and personal care products declined by approximately 6 percent excluding the impact of currency as we were unable to anniversary the strong Fiscal 2005 Six Months sales resulting from the successful launch of a personal care product in the United Kingdom. Excluding Remington branded sales in the United Kingdom, net sales of Remington branded products in the remainder of the Europe/ROW segment increased 23% excluding the impact of currency in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months as compared to the Fiscal 2005 Six Months.

Our operating profitability in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter decreased to \$7 million from \$19 million in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter. The profitability decrease was primarily driven by lost gross profit as a result of the sales decline in batteries, along with the impact of increased zinc costs and lower production capacity utilization. Segment profitability as a percentage of sales declined to 6.0% in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter as compared with 13.2% in the

comparable period last year. Operating expenses as a percentage of net sales increased to approximately 32.0% of net sales in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter from approximately 29.4% of net sales in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter. Nearly all of this increase was attributable to continued investments in marketing to build brand awareness.

Our operating profitability in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months decreased to \$37 million from \$55 million in the Fiscal 2005 Six Months. Segment profitability as a percentage of sales declined to 12.3% in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months as compared with 15.0% in the comparable period last year. The profitability decrease was primarily driven by lost gross profit as a result of the sales decline. Operating expenses as a percentage of net sales decreased slightly to approximately 26.8% of net sales in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months from approximately 27.1% of net sales in the Fiscal 2005 Six Months.

Our assets as of April 2, 2006 decreased to \$509 million from \$557 million at September 30, 2005. The decrease is primarily attributable to the impact of foreign currency translation.

Latin America

	Fiscal Q	Fiscal Quarter		x Months		
	2006	2005	2006	2005		
		(in millions)				
Net sales to external customers	\$ 54	\$ 50	\$ 114	\$ 102		
Segment profit	\$ 3	\$ 4	\$ 10	\$ 9		
Segment profit as a % of net sales	5.6%	8.0%	8.8%	8.8%		
Assets as of April 2, 2006 and September 30, 2005	\$ 376	\$ 368	\$ 376	\$ 368		

Our net sales to external customers in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter increased to \$54 million from \$50 million in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter reflecting an 8% increase. Favorable currency translation accounted for \$3 million of the increase. Additionally, the introduction of Remington branded products throughout the region is reflected in the sales increase for the Fiscal 2006 Quarter. Sales of Remington products are expected to continue to grow in fiscal 2006, the result of geographic expansion.

Our net sales to external customers in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months increased to \$114 million from \$102 million in the Fiscal 2005 Six Months reflecting a 12% increase. Favorable currency translation accounted for \$7 million of the increase. Additionally, the introduction of Remington branded products throughout the region, as well as modest growth in our general battery business, are reflected in the sales increase for the Fiscal 2006 Six Months.

Our profitability in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter decreased to \$3 million from \$4 million in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter. Our profitability margins in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter decreased to 5.6% from 8.0% in the same period last year, mainly as a result of higher zinc prices. Our profitability in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months increased to \$10 million from \$9 million in the Fiscal 2005 Six Months. Our profitability margins in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months remained at 8.8% as compared to the same period last year. On an as reported basis, operating expenses as a percentage of net sales were essentially flat at approximately 31% of net sales in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months and the Fiscal 2005 Six Months. Excluding the benefit of a \$1.6 million gain on the sale of a building in Mexico in the Fiscal 2005 Six Months, operating expenses as a percentage of net sales declined from approximately 32% of net sales in the Fiscal 2005 Six Months. These favorable trends in operating expenses offset the unfavorability experienced in raw material pricing.

Our assets as of April 2, 2006 were \$376 million compared to \$368 million at September 30, 2005. The increase in assets is primarily attributable to the impact of foreign currency translation. Intangible assets total approximately \$229 million and primarily relate to the ROV Ltd. acquisition completed in fiscal 1999 and the fiscal 2004 Microlite acquisition.

Global Pet

	Fiscal Q	Fiscal Quarter		Months	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	
		(in millions)			
Net sales to external customers	\$ 138	\$ 46	\$ 271	\$ 46	
Segment profit	\$ 22	\$	\$ 42	\$	
Segment profit as a % of net sales	15.9%		15.5%		
Assets as of April 2, 2006 and September 30, 2005	\$ 826	\$ 791	\$ 826	\$ 791	

Our net sales to external customers in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter were \$138 million. Our net sales to external customers in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter were \$46 million. Tetra, acquired in April 2005, accounted for \$61 million of the increase in sales in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter. United Pet Group sales in January 2006 accounted for \$22 million of the increase. After adjusting net sales to assume all acquisitions completed by us during Fiscal 2005 were completed as of October 1, 2004, our Global Pet sales for the Fiscal 2006 Quarter increased 4 percent, with specialty pet sales up approximately 10 percent and aquatics up 2 percent. In addition, excluding the impact of currency, Global Pet sales in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter increased 6 percent as compared to the Fiscal 2005 Quarter, with specialty pet sales up approximately 10 percent and aquatics up 5 percent.

Our net sales to external customers in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months were \$271 million. Our net sales to external customers in the Fiscal 2005 Six Months were \$46 million. United Pet Group and Tetra sales in the first quarter of fiscal 2006 accounted for \$133 million of the increase. After adjusting net sales to assume all acquisitions completed by us during Fiscal 2005 were completed as of October 1, 2004, our Global Pet sales for the Fiscal 2006 Six Months increased 1 percent, with specialty pet sales up approximately 9 percent and aquatics down 2 percent. In addition, excluding the impact of currency, Global Pet sales in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months increased 3 percent as compared to the Fiscal 2005 Six Months, with specialty pet sales up approximately 9 percent and aquatics up 1 percent.

Our profitability in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter was \$22 million, or 15.9% of net sales. Our profitability in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter and Fiscal 2005 Six Months was a slight loss. Excluding the impact of the previously discussed inventory purchase accounting charge in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter and Fiscal 2005 Six Months, \$6 million of which related to the Global Pet segment, operating profitability would have approximated \$6 million, or 13.0% of net sales. The remaining increase in segment profitability is driven by the inclusion of higher margin Tetra sales in the Fiscal 2006 Ouarter and Fiscal 2006 Six Months.

Our assets as of April 2, 2006 increased to \$826 million from \$791 million at September 30, 2005. The increase in assets is primarily attributable to changes in goodwill as purchase price allocations were adjusted, as well as the impact of foreign currency. Intangible assets total approximately \$590 million and relate to the acquisitions of Tetra and United Pet Group.

*Corporate Expense.* Our corporate expenses in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter increased to \$26 million from \$24 million in the same period last year. The increase in expense is primarily due to increased costs of global operations of approximately \$2 million, primarily the result of the acquisitions of United and Tetra. Our corporate expense as a percentage of net sales in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter decreased to 4.2% from 4.6% in the previous year.

Our corporate expenses in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months increased to \$49 million from \$45 million in the same period last year. The increase in expense is primarily due to increased costs of global operations of approximately \$4 million and increased research and development costs of \$2 million, primarily attributable to the acquisitions of United and Tetra. These amounts were offset by a decrease of approximately \$2 million in corporate general and administrative expenses primarily as a result of lower compensation related expenses. Our corporate expense as a percentage of net sales in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months decreased to 4.0% from 4.4% in the previous year.

**Restructuring and Related Charges.** The following table summarizes all restructuring and related charges we incurred in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter and Fiscal 2006 Six Months, respectively (in millions):

	Fiscal	F	iscal
	Quarter	Six I	Months
Costs included in cost of sales:			
Breitenbach, France facility closure:			
Termination benefits	\$	\$	0.2
United & Tetra integration:			
Termination benefits	0.4		0.9
European initiatives:			
Termination benefits			0.6
Total restructuring and related charges in cost of sales	0.4		1.7
Costs included in operating expenses:			
United & Tetra integration:			
Termination benefits	2.3		6.2
Other associated costs	0.8		1.5
European initiatives:			
Termination benefits	3.1		3.6
Total restructuring and related charges in operating expenses	6.2		11.3
Total restructuring and related charges	\$ 6.6	\$	13.0

See footnote 11 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) filed with this report, Restructuring and Related Charges for additional information regarding our restructuring and related charges.

Our integration activities related to the United and Tetra acquisitions are ongoing and are expected to continue through at least fiscal 2007, resulting in expected cost savings estimated at over \$100 million per year when fully realized, \$35 million of which are expected to be realized in fiscal 2006. Total costs associated with our integration efforts are expected to total approximately \$85 million, of which approximately \$60 million will be cash costs and \$25 million will be non-cash. In fiscal 2006, we expect to incur approximately \$40 million to \$45 million of costs associated with the integration, which includes approximately \$30 million to \$35 million of cash costs.

As a result of our continued concern regarding the European economy and the continued shift from branded alkaline batteries to private label, we announced a series of initiatives in Europe to reduce operating costs and rationalize our operating structure ( European initiatives ). These initiatives include the closure of the Ellwangen, Germany packaging center and the relocation of operations to the Dischingen, Germany battery plant, the transfer of private label battery production at our Dischingen, Germany battery plant to our manufacturing facility in China, and the previously announced resizing and restructuring of sales, marketing and support functions. As a result of these measures, headcount in Europe will be reduced by approximately 350, or 24%. We incurred approximately \$3 million and \$4 million of pretax restructuring and related charges during the Fiscal 2006 Quarter and Fiscal 2006 Six Months, respectively, in connection with these actions. Upon completion of all actions, which are expected to be completed by June 2007, total annualized savings are projected at \$33 million. Total costs associated with these initiatives, expected to be incurred through June 2007, relate primarily to severance and are projected to total approximately \$27 million, which primarily represents cash costs.

There were no significant restructuring and related charges incurred during the Fiscal 2005 Quarter or Fiscal 2005 Six Months.

*Interest Expense.* Interest expense in the Fiscal 2006 Quarter increased to \$43 million from \$39 million in the Fiscal 2005 Quarter. Interest expense in the Fiscal 2006 Six Months increased to \$84 million from \$56 million in the Fiscal 2005 Six Months. These increases were due to increased debt levels associated with the

United and Tetra acquisitions and higher interest rates. Interest expense for the Fiscal 2005 Quarter and Fiscal 2005 Six Months included \$12 million of debt issue costs written off in connection with our acquisitions and related debt financings.

*Income Tax Expense.* As a result of the implementation of tax reduction strategies resulting from our recent acquisitions, we were able to reduce our effective tax rate from continuing operations to approximately 35% for the Fiscal 2006 Quarter and Fiscal 2006 Six Months from 37% for the Fiscal 2005 Quarter and Fiscal 2005 Six Months. We expect a continued benefit from these strategies going forward.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

#### **Operating Activities**

For the Fiscal 2006 Six Months, operating activities used \$44 million in net cash as compared to \$4 million provided during the same period last year. This change is due primarily to a \$23 million decline in net income, or a \$50 million decline in net income when adjusted for non-cash items. Such items include a \$28 million inventory valuation purchase accounting charge and a \$12 million debt issue costs write-off, offset by a \$9 million increase in amortization expense along with a \$4 million increase in restricted stock compensation.

#### **Investing Activities**

Net cash provided by investing activities was \$63 million for the Fiscal 2006 Six Months as compared to \$1,064 million used for the Fiscal 2005 Six Months. The change was primarily due to significant acquisition payments included last year as well as proceeds from the sale of assets and the sale of discontinued operations during the Fiscal 2006 Six Months. We generated approximately \$100 million of cash flow from the sale of Nu-Gro Pro and Tech and other surplus assets during the Fiscal 2006 Six Months. Capital expenditures during the Fiscal 2006 Six Months were approximately \$30 million versus \$20 million in the Fiscal 2005 Six Months. Capital expenditures for fiscal 2006 are expected to be approximately \$60 million.

#### **Debt Financing Activities**

We believe our cash flow from operating activities and periodic borrowings under our credit facilities will be adequate to meet the short-term and long-term liquidity requirements of our existing business prior to the expiration of those credit facilities, although no assurance can be given in this regard.

Our Senior Credit Facilities include aggregate facilities of \$1,422 million consisting of, approximately, a \$605 million U.S. Dollar Term Loan, a 114 million Term Loan (USD \$129 million at April 2, 2006), a Tranche B 281 million Term Loan (USD \$318 million at April 2, 2006), a Canadian Dollar 87 million Term Loan (USD \$70 million at April 2, 2006), and a Revolving Credit Facility of \$300 million. There was \$53 million outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility at April 2, 2006. The Revolving Credit Facility includes foreign currency sublimits equal to the U.S. Dollar equivalent of 25 million for borrowings in Euros and the U.S. Dollar equivalent of borrowings in Pounds Sterling, and the equivalent of borrowings in Chinese Yuan of \$35 million.

Approximately \$213 million remains available under the Revolving Credit Facility as of April 2, 2006, net of approximately \$34 million of outstanding letters of credit.

In addition to principal payments, we have annual interest payment obligations of approximately \$30 million under our debt offering of \$350 million  $8^{1}/2\%$  Senior Subordinated Notes due in 2013 and annual interest payment obligations of approximately \$52 million associated with our debt offering of \$700 million  $7^{3}/8\%$  Senior Subordinated Notes due in 2015 (together, the Senior Subordinated Notes ). We also incur interest on our borrowings associated with the Senior Credit Facilities, and such interest would increase borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility if cash were not otherwise available for such payments. Based on amounts currently outstanding under the Senior Credit Facilities, using interest rate spreads in effect as of the May 9,

2006 amendment, and using market interest rates and foreign exchange rates in effect as of April 2, 2006, we estimate annual interest payments of approximately \$80 million would be required assuming no further principal payments were to occur and excluding any payments associated with outstanding interest rate swaps. In addition, we are required to pay a quarterly commitment fee of 0.50% on the unused portion of the Revolving Credit Facility.

The Senior Credit Facilities contain financial covenants with respect to borrowings, which include maintaining minimum interest coverage and maximum leverage ratios. In accordance with the Senior Credit Facilities, the limits imposed by such ratios become more restrictive over time. In addition, the Senior Credit Facilities restrict our ability to incur additional indebtedness, create liens, make investments or specified payments, give guarantees, pay dividends, make capital expenditures, and enter into a merger or acquisition or sell assets. Indebtedness under these facilities (i) is secured by substantially all of our assets, and (ii) is guaranteed by certain of our subsidiaries.

The terms of both the \$350 million  $8^{1}/2\%$  and \$700 million  $7^{3}/8\%$  Senior Subordinated Notes permit the holders to require us to repurchase all or a portion of the notes in the event of a change of control. In addition, the terms of the notes restrict or limit our ability to, among other things: (i) pay dividends or make other restricted payments, (ii) incur additional indebtedness and issue preferred stock, (iii) create liens, (iv) enter into mergers, consolidations, or sales of all or substantially all of our assets, (v) make asset sales, (vi) enter into transactions with affiliates, and (vii) issue or sell capital stock of our wholly owned subsidiaries. Payment obligations of the notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a joint and several basis by all of our domestic subsidiaries.

Based on anticipated results for the Fiscal 2006 Quarter and concern as to our compliance with certain debt covenants required under our Senior Credit Facilities, we entered into discussions with our senior lenders, and reached agreement on May 9, 2006, to amend the consolidated leverage ratio and consolidated interest coverage ratio covenants effective for the period ended April 2, 2006 and subsequent periods. Under the amendment, the limits imposed by such ratios become more restrictive over time. As a result of this amendment, interest costs on our existing Euro term loan increased by 25 basis points as the spread between the market rate and our rate increased from 2.75% to 3.00%. Interest costs on our existing U.S. Dollar, Canadian Dollar and Euro Tranche B term loans increased by 50 basis points as the spread between the market rate and our rate increased from 2.50% to 3.00%. Interest costs on our existing Revolver increased by 75 basis points as the spread between the market rate and our rate increased from 2.25% to 3.00%. In connection with the amendment, we incurred \$3.5 million of fees which are being amortized over the remaining term of the Senior Credit Facilities. As a result of the amendment, we are in compliance with our various covenants, as amended, under our debt agreements.

Under the terms of our previous credit agreement, interest costs under our U.S. Dollar, Canadian Dollar and Euro Term loans would decrease based on improvements in our credit rating from Moody s and Standard & Poors. Under the terms of our amended credit agreement, interest costs on indebtedness under our Revolver, U.S. Dollar, Canadian Dollar and Euro Term loans would decrease if our leverage ratio improves to certain levels in future periods.

#### **Equity Financing Activities**

During the Fiscal 2006 Six Months we granted approximately 1.0 million shares of restricted stock. Of these grants, approximately 0.4 million shares will vest over a four-year period and 0.4 million shares will vest over a five-year period if certain performance-based targets are not met. The remaining 0.2 million shares vest at specific dates throughout 2008 and 2009. All vesting dates are subject to the recipients continued employment with us. The total market value of the restricted shares on the date of grant was approximately \$18.6 million which is being amortized to expense over the appropriate vesting period.

Effective the third quarter of fiscal 2006, the only stock-based compensation to be awarded will be performance-based restricted stock or stock options. In this regard, vesting of such restricted stock will occur only upon achievement of certain performance goals established by our Board of Directors.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, or capital resources that are material to investors.

#### **Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments**

There have been no material changes to our contractual obligations and commercial commitments as discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for our fiscal year ended September 30, 2005.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Critical Accounting Estimates**

Our condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America and fairly present our financial position and results of operations. There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies or critical accounting estimates as discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for our fiscal year ended September 30, 2005.

#### **Recently Issued Accounting Standards**

In November 2005, the FASB issued FSP FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1, *The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments* (FSP FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1). FSP FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1 address the determination as to when an impairment in equity securities (including cost method investments) and debt securities that can contractually be prepaid or otherwise settled in such a way that the investor would not recover substantially all of its cost should be deemed other-than-temporary. FSP FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1 nullifies certain requirements under EITF Issue No. 03-01, *The Meaning of Other-Than-Temporary Impairment and Its Application to Certain Investments*, that required the investor to make an evidence-based judgment as to whether it has the ability and intent to hold an investment for a reasonable period of time sufficient for a forecasted recovery of fair value up to (or beyond) the cost of the investment in determining whether the impairment was other than temporary, and the measurement of the impairment loss. The guidance in FSP FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2005. We do not believe the adoption of FSP FAS 115-1 and FAS 124-1 will have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2004, the FASB issued FSP FAS 109-2, Accounting and Disclosure Guidance for the Foreign Earnings Repatriation Provision within the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 (FSP FAS 109-2). The American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 provides for a special one-time deduction of 85% of certain foreign earnings that are repatriated to a U.S. taxpayer. We are currently evaluating FSP FAS 109-2 and do not expect it to have a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In November 2004, the FASB issued FAS 151, *Inventory Costs, an amendment of ARB No. 43 Chapter 4* (FAS 151) to clarify the accounting for abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs, and wasted material (spoilage) and requires that those items be recognized as current-period charges. In addition, this statement requires that allocation of fixed production overheads to the costs of conversion be based on the normal capacity of the production facilities. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. We adopted this statement as of the beginning of fiscal 2006, and it has not had a material impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

#### **Market Risk Factors**

We have market risk exposure from changes in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and commodity prices. We use derivative financial instruments for purposes other than trading to mitigate the risk from such exposures.

A discussion of our accounting policies for derivative financial instruments is included in footnote 2 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) filed with this report, Significant Accounting Policies Derivative Financial Instruments.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

We have bank lines of credit at variable interest rates. The general level of U.S. interest rates, LIBOR, Euro LIBOR and Canadian LIBOR affects interest expense. We use interest rate swaps to manage such risk. The net amounts to be paid or received under interest rate swap agreements are accrued as interest rates change, and are recognized over the life of the swap agreements, as an adjustment to interest expense from the underlying debt to which the swap is designated. The related amounts payable to, or receivable from, the contract counter-parties are included in accrued liabilities or accounts receivable.

#### Foreign Exchange Risk

We are subject to risk from sales and loans to and from our subsidiaries as well as sales to, purchases from and bank lines of credit with, third-party customers, suppliers and creditors, respectively, denominated in foreign currencies. Foreign currency sales and purchases are made primarily in Euro, Pounds Sterling, Canadian Dollars and Brazilian Reals. We manage our foreign exchange exposure from anticipated sales, accounts receivable, intercompany loans, firm purchase commitments, accounts payable and credit obligations through the use of naturally occurring offsetting positions (borrowing in local currency), forward foreign exchange contracts, foreign exchange rate swaps and foreign exchange options. The related amounts payable to, or receivable from, the contract counter-parties are included in accounts payable or accounts receivable.

## **Commodity Price Risk**

We are exposed to fluctuations in market prices for purchases of zinc, urea and di-ammonium phosphates used in the manufacturing process. We use commodity swaps, calls and puts to manage such risk. The maturity of, and the quantities covered by, the contracts are closely correlated to our anticipated purchases of the commodities. The cost of calls, and the premiums received from the puts, are amortized over the life of the contracts and are recorded in cost of goods sold, along with the effects of the swap, put and call contracts. The related amounts payable to, or receivable from, the counter-parties are included in accounts payable or accounts receivable.

#### Sensitivity Analysis

The analysis below is hypothetical and should not be considered a projection of future risks. Earnings projections are before tax.

As of April 2, 2006, the potential change in fair value of outstanding interest rate derivative instruments, assuming a 1 percentage point unfavorable shift in the underlying interest rates would be a loss of \$16.9 million. The net impact on reported earnings, after also including the reduction in one year s interest expense on the related debt due to the same shift in interest rates, would be a net loss of \$6.4 million.

As of April 2, 2006, the potential change in fair value of outstanding foreign exchange derivative instruments, assuming a 10% unfavorable change in the underlying exchange rates would be a loss of \$11.5

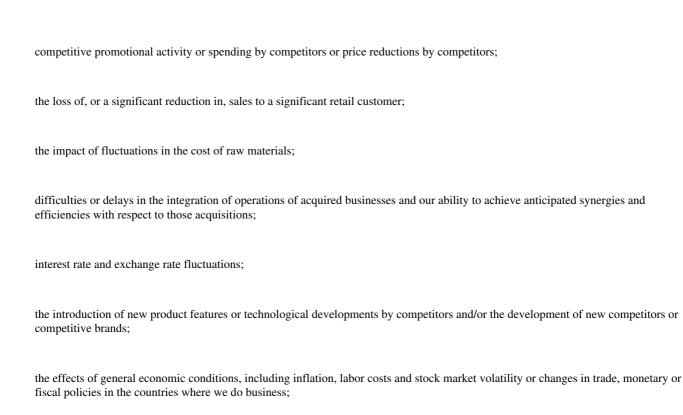
million. The net impact on reported earnings, after also including the effect of the change in the underlying foreign currency-denominated exposures, would be immaterial.

As of April 2, 2006, the potential change in fair value of outstanding commodity price derivative instruments, assuming a 10% unfavorable change in the underlying commodity prices would be a loss of \$2.9 million. The net impact on reported earnings, after also including the reduction in cost of one year s purchases of the related commodities due to the same change in commodity prices, would be a net gain of \$4.9 million.

#### **Forward Looking Statements**

We have made or implied certain forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. All statements, other than statements of historical facts included in this Quarterly Report, including the statements under Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations regarding our business strategy, future operations, financial position, estimated revenues, projected costs, projected synergies, prospects, plans and objectives of management, as well as information concerning expected actions of third parties, are forward-looking statements. When used in this Quarterly Report, the words anticipate, intend, plan, estimate, believe, expect, project, will, should, may and similar expressions are also intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain such identifying words.

Since these forward-looking statements are based upon current expectations of future events and projections and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, actual results or outcomes may differ materially from those expressed or implied herein, and you should not place undue reliance on these statements. Important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied herein include, without limitation:



our ability to develop and successfully introduce new products, protect our intellectual property and avoid infringing the intellectual

property of third parties;

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our ability to successfully implement, achieve and sustain manufacturing and distribution cost efficiencies and improvements, and fully realize anticipated cost savings;

the impact of unusual items resulting from the implementation of new business strategies, acquisitions and divestitures or current and proposed restructuring activities;

the cost and effect of unanticipated legal, tax or regulatory proceedings or new laws or regulations (including environmental, public health and consumer protection regulations);

public perception regarding the safety of our products, including the potential for environmental liabilities, product liability claims, litigation and other claims;

changes in accounting policies applicable to our business;

government regulations;

the seasonal nature of sales of our products;

weather conditions, primarily during the peak lawn and garden season; and

the effects of political or economic conditions, terrorist attacks, acts of war or other unrest in international markets. Some of the above-mentioned factors are described in further detail in the section entitled Risk Factors set forth below. You should assume the information appearing in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is accurate only as of April 2, 2006 or as otherwise specified, as our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date. Except as required by applicable law, including the securities laws of the United States and the rules and regulations of the SEC, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise to reflect actual results or changes in factors or assumptions affecting such forward-looking statement.

#### RISK FACTORS

Any of the following factors could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and the risks described below are not the only risks that we may face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently view as immaterial may also materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.

#### We participate in very competitive markets and we may not be able to compete successfully.

The markets in which we participate are very competitive. In the consumer battery market, our primary competitors are Duracell (a brand of Procter & Gamble and its Gillette subsidiary), Energizer and Panasonic (a brand of Matsushita). In the lawn and garden and household insect control markets, our principal national competitors are The Scotts Company, Central Garden & Pet Company and S.C. Johnson. In the electric shaving and grooming and electric personal care product markets, our primary competitors are Braun (a brand of Procter & Gamble), Norelco (a brand of Philips), Vidal Sassoon, Revlon and Helen of Troy. In the pet supplies market, our primary competitors are The Hartz Mountain Corporation and Central Garden & Pet Company. In each of our markets, we also compete with numerous other competitors.

We and our competitors compete for consumer acceptance and limited shelf space based upon brand name recognition, perceived quality, price, performance, product packaging and design innovation, as well as creative marketing, promotion and distribution strategies. Our ability to compete in these consumer product markets may be adversely affected by a number of factors, including, but not limited to, the following:

We compete against many well established companies that may have substantially greater financial and other resources, including personnel and research and development resources, greater overall market share and fewer regulatory burdens than we do.

In some key product lines, our competitors may have lower production costs and higher profit margins than we do, which may enable them to compete more aggressively in offering retail discounts and other promotional incentives.

Product improvements or effective advertising campaigns by competitors may weaken consumer demand for our products.

Consumer preferences may change to products other than those we market.

Consolidation of retailers and our dependence on a small number of key customers for a significant percentage of our sales may negatively affect our profits.

During the past decade, retail sales of the consumer products we market have been increasingly consolidated into a small number of regional and national mass merchandisers and warehouse clubs. This trend towards consolidation is occurring on a worldwide basis. As a result of this consolidation, a significant percentage of our sales are attributable to a very limited group of retailer customers, including Wal-Mart, The Home Depot, Carrefour, Target, Lowe s, PetSmart, Canadian Tire, PetCo and Gigante. Wal-Mart Stores, Inc., our largest retailer customer, accounted for approximately 19% of our net consolidated sales in the first six months of fiscal 2006. Our sales generally are made through the use of individual purchase orders, consistent with industry practice. Because of the importance of these key customers, demands for price reductions or promotions by such customers, reductions in their purchases, changes in their financial condition or loss of their accounts could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, as a result of the desire of retailers to more closely manage inventory levels, there is a growing trend among them to purchase our products on a just-in-time basis. This requires us to shorten our lead-time for production in certain cases and more closely anticipate demand, which could in the future require us to carry additional inventories and increase our working capital and related financing requirements. Furthermore, we primarily sell branded products and a move by one of our customers to sell significant quantities of private label products which directly compete with our products could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our substantial indebtedness could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and prevent us from fulfilling our obligations under the terms of our indebtedness.

We have, and we will continue to have, a significant amount of indebtedness. As of April 2, 2006, we had total indebtedness of approximately \$2.3 billion.

Our substantial indebtedness could have material adverse consequences for our business, including:

make it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the terms of our indebtedness;

require us to dedicate a large portion of our cash flow to pay principal and interest on our indebtedness, which will reduce the availability of our cash flow to fund working capital, capital expenditures, research and development expenditures and other business activities:

increase our vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions;

limit our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the industry in which we operate;

restrict us from making strategic acquisitions or exploiting business opportunities;

place us at a competitive disadvantage compared to our competitors that have less debt; and

limit our ability to borrow additional funds (even when necessary to maintain adequate liquidity) or dispose of assets.

In addition, a portion of our debt bears interest at variable rates. If market interest rates increase, variable-rate debt will create higher debt service requirements, which would adversely affect our cash flow. While we may enter into agreements limiting our exposure to higher debt service requirements, any such agreements may not offer complete protection from this risk.

The terms of our indebtedness impose restrictions on us that may affect our ability to successfully operate our business.

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The agreement governing our Senior Credit Facilities and the indentures governing our outstanding Senior Subordinated Notes each contain covenants that, among other things, limit our ability to:

borrow money or sell preferred stock;

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create liens;	
pay dividends on or redeem or repurchase stock;	
make certain types of investments;	
sell stock in our restricted subsidiaries;	
restrict dividends or other payments from restricted subsidiaries;	
enter into transactions with affiliates;	
issue guarantees of debt; and	

sell assets or merge with other companies.

These covenants could materially and adversely affect our ability to finance our future operations or capital needs and to engage in other business activities that may be in our best interest. These covenants may also restrict our ability to expand or pursue our business strategies. Our ability to generate cash flow to make payments on and to refinance our debt, and to comply with these covenants may be affected by events beyond our control, such as prevailing economic, financial and competitive conditions and changes in regulations, and if such events occur, we cannot be sure that we will be able to comply. A breach of these covenants could result in a default under the indentures governing our Senior Subordinated Notes and/or the agreement governing our Senior Credit Facilities. If there were an event of default under the indentures for the notes and/or the agreement governing our Senior Credit Facilities, holders of such defaulted debt could cause all amounts borrowed under these instruments to be due and payable immediately. Additionally, if we fail to repay the debt under the Senior Credit Facilities when it becomes due, the lenders under the Senior Credit Facilities could proceed against certain of our assets and capital stock which we have pledged to them as security. If the senior lenders caused all amounts borrowed under these instruments to be due and payable immediately, amounts outstanding under both our 8 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2013 and 7 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>8</sub>% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2015 would be subject to acceleration by action of the trustee under the respective indentures governing those notes or the respective holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the respective notes outstanding. We cannot assure you that our assets or cash flow will be sufficient to repay borrowings under the outstanding debt instruments in the event of a default thereunder.

# We cannot assure you that we will be able to comply with our financial covenants and other provisions of our debt instruments in future periods.

Based on anticipated results for the quarter ended April 2, 2006 and concern as to our compliance with certain debt covenants required under our Senior Credit Facilities, we entered into discussions with our senior lenders, and reached agreement on May 9, 2006, to amend the consolidated leverage ratio and consolidated interest coverage ratio covenants effective for the period ended April 2, 2006 and subsequent periods. Under the amendment, the limits imposed by such ratios become more restrictive over time. As a result of this amendment, interest costs on our existing Euro term loan increased by 25 basis points as the spread between the market rate and our rate increased from 2.75% to 3.00%. Interest costs on our existing U.S. Dollar, Canadian Dollar and Euro Tranche B term loans increased by 50 basis points as the spread between the market rate and our rate increased from 2.50% to 3.00%. Interest costs on our existing Revolver increased by 75 basis points as the spread between the market rate and our rate increased from 2.25% to 3.00%. In connection with the amendment, we incurred \$3.5 million of fees which are being amortized over the remaining term of the Senior Credit Facilities.

The more restrictive financial covenants and other provisions of our amended Senior Credit Facilities increase the possibility that we could be unable to comply with such covenants and provisions in the future. Failure to comply with the financial covenants and other provisions could materially and adversely affect our ability to finance our future operations or capital needs and could create a default under such instrument and cause all amounts borrowed to become due and payable immediately. In the event of default under the Senior Credit Facilities, the amounts outstanding under our Senior Subordinated Notes would also be subject to acceleration.

We cannot assure you that we will not violate the consolidated leverage ratio and consolidated interest coverage ratio covenants or other covenants under our Senior Credit Facilities in the future. Failure to comply with the terms of the agreement governing our Senior Credit Facilities could also require us to renegotiate or amend our Senior Credit Facilities on even less favorable terms.

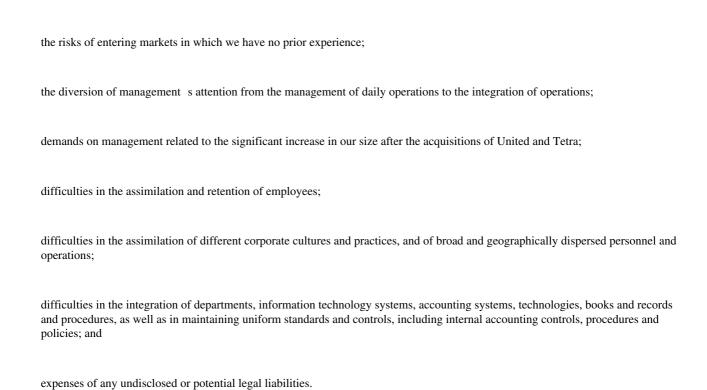
#### Our dependence on, and the price of, raw materials may adversely affect our profits.

The principal raw materials used to produce our products including granular urea, zinc powder, electrolytic manganese dioxide powder and steel are sourced on a global or regional basis, and the prices of those raw materials are susceptible to price fluctuations due to supply/demand trends, energy costs, transportation costs, government regulations and tariffs, changes in currency exchange rates, price controls, the economic climate and other unforeseen circumstances. We regularly engage in forward purchase and hedging transactions in an attempt to effectively manage our raw materials costs for the next six to twelve months. These efforts may not be effective and, if we are unable to pass on raw materials price increases to our customers, our future profitability may be materially adversely affected. Specifically with respect to transportation costs, certain modes of delivery are subject to fuel surcharges which are determined based upon the current cost of diesel fuel in relation to pre-established agreed upon costs. There is no guarantee that we will be able to pass these fuel surcharges on to our customers.

In addition, we have exclusivity arrangements and minimum purchase requirements with certain of our suppliers for our lawn and garden business, which increases our dependence upon and exposure to those suppliers. Also, certain agreements we have with our suppliers for our lawn and garden business expired in 2005 or are scheduled to expire in 2006. Some of those agreements include caps on the price we pay for our supplies from the relevant supplier. In certain instances, these caps have allowed us to purchase materials at below market prices. Any renewal of those contracts may not include or reduce the effect of those caps and could even impose above market prices in an attempt by the applicable supplier to make up for any below market prices it had received from us prior to the renewal of the agreement. Any failure to timely obtain suitable supplies at competitive prices could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

#### We cannot assure you that United and Tetra will be successfully integrated.

If we cannot successfully integrate the operations of United, including the operations of United Pet Group and Nu-Gro, and Tetra, we may experience material adverse consequences to our business, financial condition and results of operations. The integration of separately-managed companies operating in distinctly different markets involves a number of risks, including, but not limited to, the following:



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Prior to the acquisitions of United and Tetra, Spectrum, United and Tetra operated as separate entities. In addition, United Pet Group and Nu-Gro operated as separate entities until acquired by United in 2004. We may

not be able to maintain the levels of revenue, earnings or operating efficiency that any one of these entities had achieved or might achieve separately. The financial statements included in this report cover periods during which United and Tetra were not under the same management and, therefore, may not be indicative of our future financial condition or operating results. Successful integration of each company s operations will depend on our ability to manage those operations, realize opportunities for revenue growth presented by strengthened product offerings and expanded geographic market coverage and, to some degree, eliminate redundant and excess costs. The anticipated savings opportunities are based on projections and assumptions, all of which are subject to change. We may not realize anticipated benefits or savings to the extent or in the time frame anticipated, if at all, or such benefits and savings may require higher costs than anticipated.

#### We may face a number of risks related to foreign currencies.

Our foreign sales and certain of our expenses are transacted in foreign currencies. In the first six months of fiscal 2006 approximately 44% of our net sales and 41% of our operating expenses were denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars. Significant changes in the value of the U.S. dollar in relation to foreign currencies could have a material effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Changes in currency exchange rates may also affect our sales to, purchases from and loans to our subsidiaries as well as sales to, purchases from and bank lines of credit with our customers, suppliers and creditors that are denominated in foreign currencies. We expect that the amount of our revenues and expenses transacted in foreign currencies will increase as our Latin American, European and Asian operations grow and our exposure to risks associated with foreign currencies could increase accordingly.

If we are unable to improve existing products and develop new, innovative products, or if our competitors introduce new or enhanced products, our sales and market share may suffer.

Our future success will depend, in part, upon our ability to improve our existing products and to develop, manufacture and market new innovative products. If we fail to successfully introduce, market and manufacture new products or product innovations, our ability to maintain or grow our market share may be adversely affected, which in turn could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Both we and our competitors make significant investments in research and development. If our competitors successfully introduce new or enhanced products that eliminate technological advantages our products may have in a certain market segment or otherwise outperform our products, or are perceived by consumers as doing so, we may be unable to compete successfully in market segments affected by these changes. In addition, we may be unable to compete if our competitors develop or apply technology which permits them to manufacture products at a lower relative cost. The fact that many of our principal competitors have substantially greater resources than us increases this risk. The patent rights or other intellectual property rights of third parties, restrictions on our ability to expand or modify manufacturing capacity or constraints on our research and development activity may also limit our ability to introduce products that are competitive on a performance basis.

#### Our foreign operations may expose us to a number of risks related to conducting business in foreign countries.

Our international operations and exports and imports to and from foreign markets are subject to a number of special risks. These risks include, but are not limited to:

economic and political destabilization, governmental corruption and civil unrest;
restrictive actions by foreign governments (e.g., duties, quotas and restrictions on transfer of funds);
changes in foreign labor laws and regulations affecting our ability to hire and retain employees;
changes in U.S. and foreign laws regarding trade and investment;

changes in the economic conditions in these markets; and

difficulty in obtaining distribution and support.

In many of the developing countries in which we operate, there has not been significant governmental regulation relating to the environment, occupational safety, employment practices or other business matters routinely regulated in the United States. As such economies develop, it is possible that new regulations may increase the expense of doing business in such countries. In addition, social legislation in many countries in which we operate may result in significantly higher expenses associated with labor costs, terminating employees or distributors and with closing manufacturing facilities.

There are two particular EU Directives, RoHS and WEEE, that may have a material impact on our business. RoHS, effective July 1, 2006, requires us to eliminate and/or reduce the level of specified hazardous materials from our products. WEEE, which became effective in August 2005 (but in most European markets postponed), requires us to collect and treat, dispose, or recycle all products we manufacture or import into the EU at our own expense. Complying or failing to comply with the EU directives may harm our business. For example:

Although contractually assured with our suppliers, we may be unable to procure appropriate RoHS compliant material in sufficient quantity and quality and/or be able to incorporate it into our product procurement processes without compromising quality and/or harming our cost structure.

We may face excess and obsolete inventory risk related to non-compliant inventory that we may continue to hold in 2006 for which there is reduced demand and we may need to write down.

We may fail to identify suitable acquisition candidates, our acquisition strategy may divert the attention of management and our acquisitions may not be successfully integrated into our existing business.

We intend to pursue increased market penetration and expansion of our current product offerings through additional strategic acquisitions. We may fail to identify suitable acquisition candidates, and even if we do, acquisitions may not be completed on acceptable terms or successfully integrated into our existing business. Any acquisition we make could be of significant size and involve either domestic or international parties. The acquisition and integration of a separate organization could divert management attention from other business activities. Such a diversion, together with other difficulties we may encounter in integrating an acquired business, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, we may borrow money or issue additional stock to finance acquisitions. Such funds might not be available on terms as favorable to us as our current borrowing terms and could increase our leveraged position.

Sales of our products are seasonal and may cause our quarterly operating results and working capital requirements to fluctuate; adverse business or economic conditions could adversely affect our business.

Sales of our battery, electric shaving and grooming, lawn and garden and household insect control products are seasonal. A large percentage of net sales for our battery and electric personal care products occur during the fiscal quarter ending on or about December 31, due to the impact of the December holiday season, and a large percentage of our net sales for our lawn and garden and household insect control products occur during the spring and summer. As a result of this seasonality, our inventory and working capital needs relating to these businesses fluctuate significantly during the year. In addition, orders from retailers are often made late in the period preceding the applicable peak season, making forecasting of production schedules and inventory purchases difficult. Furthermore, adverse business or economic conditions during those applicable periods could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We may not be able to adequately establish and protect our intellectual property rights.

To establish and protect our intellectual property rights, we rely upon a combination of patent, trademark and trade secret laws, together with licenses, confidentiality agreements and other contractual covenants. The

measures we take to protect our intellectual property rights may prove inadequate to prevent misappropriation of our technology or other intellectual property. We may need to resort to litigation to enforce or defend our intellectual property rights. If a competitor or collaborator files a patent application claiming technology also invented by us, or a trademark application claiming a trademark, service mark, or trade dress also used by us, in order to protect our rights, we may have to participate in an expensive and time consuming interference proceeding before the United States Patent and Trademark Office or any similar foreign agency. In addition, our intellectual property rights may be challenged by third parties. Even if our intellectual property rights are not directly challenged, disputes among third parties could lead to the weakening or invalidation of our intellectual property rights. Furthermore, competitors may independently develop technologies that are substantially equivalent or superior to our technology. Obtaining, protecting and defending intellectual property rights can be time consuming and expensive, and may require us to incur substantial costs, including the diversion of management and technical personnel. Moreover, the laws of certain foreign countries in which we operate or may operate in the future do not protect intellectual property rights to the same extent as do the laws of the U.S. which may negate our competitive or technological advantages in such markets. Also, some of the technology underlying our products is the subject of nonexclusive licenses from third parties. As a result, this technology could be made available to our competitors at any time. If this technology were licensed to a competitor, it could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

#### Third-party intellectual property infringement claims against us could adversely affect our business.

From time to time we have been subject to claims that we are infringing upon the intellectual property of others and it is possible that third parties will assert infringement claims against us in the future. For example, we are a defendant in a patent infringement lawsuit in which Braun, a subsidiary of Gillette/Procter & Gamble, has alleged our Smart System shaving system infringes two of Braun s U.S. patents and we are also involved in a number of legal proceedings with Philips with respect to trademarks owned by Philips relating to the shape of the head portion of Philips three-head rotary shaver. An adverse finding against us in these or similar trademark or other intellectual property litigations may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Any such claims, with or without merit, could be time consuming and expensive, and may require us to incur substantial costs, including the diversion of management and technical personnel, cause product delays, or require us to enter into licensing or other agreements in order to secure continued access to necessary or desirable intellectual property. Our business will be harmed if we cannot obtain a necessary or desirable license, can obtain such a license only on terms we consider to be unattractive or unacceptable, or if we are unable to redesign or re-brand our products or redesign our processes to avoid actual or potential intellectual property infringement. In addition, an unfavorable ruling in an intellectual property litigation could subject us to significant liability, as well as require us to cease developing, manufacturing or selling the affected products or using the affected processes or trademarks. There can be no assurance that we would prevail in any intellectual property infringement action, will be able to obtain a license to any third party intellectual property on commercially reasonable terms, successfully develop non-infringing alternative technology, trademarks, or trade dress on a timely basis, or license non-infringing alternatives, if any exist, on commercially reasonable terms. Any significant intellectual property impediment to our ability to develop and commercialize our products could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our dependence on a few suppliers located in Asia and one of our U.S. facilities for many of our electric shaving and grooming and electric personal care products makes us vulnerable to a disruption in the supply of our products.

Substantially all of our electric shaving and grooming and electric personal care products are manufactured by suppliers located in Asia. Although we have long-standing relationships with many of these suppliers, we do not have long-term contracts with them. Any adverse change in any of the following could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations:

relationships with our suppliers;

the financial condition of our suppliers;

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the ability to import outsourced products; or

our suppliers ability to manufacture and deliver outsourced products on a timely basis.

If our relationship with one of our key suppliers is adversely affected, we may not be able to quickly or effectively replace such supplier and may not be able to retrieve tooling and molds possessed by such supplier.

In addition, we manufacture the majority of our foil cutting systems for our shaving product lines, using specially designed machines and proprietary cutting technology, at one of our facilities. Damage to this facility, or prolonged interruption in the operations of this facility for repairs or other reasons, would have a material adverse effect on our ability to manufacture and sell our shaving products.

Adverse weather conditions during our peak selling season for our lawn and garden and household insecticide and repellent products could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Weather conditions in North America have a significant impact on the timing of sales of certain of our lawn and garden and household insecticide and repellent products. Periods of dry, hot weather can decrease insecticide sales, while periods of cold and wet weather can slow sales of herbicides and fertilizers. In addition, an abnormally cold spring throughout North America could adversely affect both fertilizer and insecticide sales and therefore have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We depend on key personnel and may not be able to retain those employees or recruit additional qualified personnel.

We are highly dependent on the continuing efforts of our current executive officers and we will likely depend on the senior management of any business we acquire in the future. Our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected by the loss of any of these persons or if we are unable to attract and retain qualified replacements.

Class action lawsuits and other investigations, regardless of their merits, could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Spectrum and certain of its officers and directors have been named in the past, are currently named and may be named in the future, as defendants of class action lawsuits. Spectrum has received requests for information from the U.S. Attorney s Office and the SEC. Regardless of their subject matter or the merits, class action lawsuits and other investigations may result in significant cost to us, which may not be covered by insurance, divert the attention of management or otherwise have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We may be exposed to significant product liability claims which our insurance may not cover and which could harm our reputation.

In the ordinary course of our business, we may be named defendants in lawsuits involving product liability claims. In some of these proceedings, plaintiffs may seek to recover large and sometimes unspecified amounts of damages and the matters may remain unresolved for several years. These matters could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition if we are unable to successfully defend against or settle these matters or if our insurance coverage is insufficient to satisfy any judgments against us or settlements relating to these matters. Although we have product liability insurance coverage and an excess umbrella policy, we cannot assure you that our insurance policies will provide coverage for any claim against us or will be sufficient to cover all possible liabilities. Moreover, any adverse publicity arising from claims made against us, even if the claims were not successful, could adversely affect the reputation and sales of our products.

We may incur material capital and other costs due to environmental liabilities.

Because of the nature of our operations, our facilities are subject to a broad range of federal, state, local and foreign laws and regulations relating to the environment. These include laws and regulations that govern:

discharges to the air, water and land;

the handling and disposal of solid and hazardous substances and wastes; and

remediation of contamination associated with release of hazardous substances at our facilities and at off-site disposal locations. Risk of environmental liability is inherent in our business. As a result, material environmental costs may arise in the future. In particular, we may incur capital and other costs to comply with increasingly stringent environmental laws and enforcement policies. Although we believe that we are substantially in compliance with applicable environmental regulations at our facilities, we may not be in compliance with such regulations in the future, which could have a material adverse effect upon our business, financial condition and results of operations.

From time to time, we have been required to address the effect of historic activities on the environmental condition of our properties. We have not conducted invasive testing at all our facilities to identify all potential environmental liability risks. Given the age of our facilities and the nature of our operations, there can be no assurance that material liabilities will not arise in the future in connection with our current or former facilities. If previously unknown contamination of property underlying or in the vicinity of our manufacturing facilities is discovered, we could be required to incur material unforeseen expenses. If this occurs, it may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We are currently engaged in investigative or remedial projects at a few of our facilities. There can be no assurance that our liabilities in respect of investigative or remedial projects at our facilities will not be material.

We are also subject to proceedings related to our disposal of industrial and hazardous material at off-site disposal locations or similar disposals made by other parties for which we are responsible as a result of our relationship with such other parties. These proceedings are under CERCLA or similar state laws that hold persons who arranged for the disposal or treatment of such substances strictly liable for costs incurred in responding to the release or threatened release of hazardous substances from such sites, regardless of fault or the lawfulness of the original disposal. Liability under CERCLA is typically joint and several, meaning that a liable party may be responsible for all of the costs incurred in investigating and remediating contamination at a site. As a practical matter, liability at CERCLA sites is shared by all of the viable responsible parties. We occasionally are identified by federal or state governmental agencies as being a potentially responsible party for response actions contemplated at an off-site facility. At the existing sites where we have been notified of our status as a potentially responsible party, we do not believe that our liability, if any, will be material. We may be named as a potentially responsible party under CERCLA or similar state matters in the future for other sites not currently known to us, and the costs and liabilities associated with these sites may be material.

Compliance with various public health, consumer protection and other regulations applicable to our products and facilities could increase our cost of doing business and expose us to additional requirements with which we may be unable to comply.

Certain of our products and facilities are regulated by the EPA, the FDA or other federal consumer protection and product safety regulations, as well as similar registration, approval and other requirements under state and foreign laws and regulations. For example, in the United States, all products containing pesticides must be registered with the EPA and, in many cases, similar state and foreign agencies before they can be manufactured or sold. The inability to obtain or the cancellation of any registration could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. The severity of the effect would depend on which products were involved, whether another product could be substituted and whether our competitors were similarly affected. We attempt to anticipate regulatory developments and maintain registrations of, and access to, substitute chemicals and other ingredients. We may not always be able to avoid or minimize these risks.

The Food Quality Protection Act established a standard for food-use pesticides, which is that a reasonable certainty of no harm will result from the cumulative effect of pesticide exposures. Under this Act, the EPA is evaluating the cumulative effects from dietary and non-dietary exposures to pesticides. The pesticides in certain of our products continue to be evaluated by the EPA as part of this exposure. It is possible that the EPA or a third party active ingredient registrant may decide that a pesticide we use in our products will be limited or made unavailable to us. For example, in 2000, Dow AgroSciences L.L.C., an active ingredient registrant, voluntarily agreed to a withdrawal of virtually all residential uses of chlorpyrifos, an active ingredient that, until January 2001, United used in its lawn and garden products under the name Dursban. This had a material adverse effect on United s operations resulting in a charge of \$8.0 million in 2001. We cannot predict the outcome or the severity of the effect of the EPA s continuing evaluations of active ingredients used in our products.

In addition, the use of certain pesticide and fertilizer products may be regulated by various local, state, federal and foreign environmental and public health agencies. These regulations may require that only certified or professional users apply the product or that certain products be used only on certain types of locations (such as not for use on sod farms or golf courses ), or that users post notices on properties to which products have been or will be applied, notification to individuals in the vicinity that products will be applied in the future, may provide that the product cannot be applied for aesthetic purposes, or may ban the use of certain ingredients. Compliance with public health regulations could increase our cost of doing business and expose us to additional requirements with which we may be unable to comply.

#### Public perceptions that some of the products we produce and market are not safe could adversely affect us.

We manufacture and market a number of complex chemical products bearing our brands relating to our lawn and garden and household insecticide and repellent products, such as fertilizers, growing media, herbicides and pesticides. On occasion, customers and some current or former employees have alleged that some products failed to perform up to expectations or have caused damage or injury to individuals or property. Public perception that our products are not safe, whether justified or not, could impair our reputation, damage our brand names and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act )) pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) under the Exchange Act as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in applicable SEC rules and forms.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls. The Company s management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures or the Company s internal controls over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected.

#### Part II. Other Information

#### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

There have been no material developments in the status of our legal proceedings since the filing of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005, other than as set forth below.

On September 26, 2005, the Company, along with Chairman and Chief Executive Officer David A. Jones, and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer Randall J. Steward, were named as defendants in a purported class action lawsuit captioned Jain v. Spectrum Brands Inc., David A. Jones and Randall J. Steward, Civil Action No. 05-2494-WSD, filed in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Georgia. The complaint alleges violations of Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder. The action is purportedly brought on behalf of all purchasers of our publicly-traded securities between January 4, 2005 and September 6, 2005. The plaintiff generally alleges that the Company and the individually named defendants made materially false and misleading public statements concerning the Company s operational and financial condition, thereby allegedly causing plaintiff to purchase Company securities at artificially inflated prices. The plaintiff seeks unspecified damages, as well as interest, costs and attorneys fees. Substantially similar actions, captioned Dague v. Spectrum Brands Inc., David A. Jones and Randall J. Steward, Civil Action No. 05-0580-C (filed October 3, 2005 in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Wisconsin) (the Wisconsin Action ) and Davies v. Spectrum Brands Inc., David A. Jones and Randall J. Steward, Civil Action No. 05-2814 (filed October 31, 2005 in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Georgia) were filed by other purported class representatives. In addition, a further action captioned Hunkapiller v. Spectrum Brands Inc., David A. Jones and Randall J. Steward, Civil Action No. 05-2911-WSD was filed November 14, 2005 in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Georgia and purportedly brought on behalf of all purchasers of our publicly-traded securities between January 4, 2005 and November 11, 2005. By Order dated November 18, 2005, all cases pending in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Georgia were consolidated (the Georgia Action ), and the Court entered a scheduling order providing for the filing of a consolidated amended complaint and briefing schedule for defendants motion to dismiss. On December 22, 2005, plaintiff in the Wisconsin Action dismissed the complaint.

On November 28, 2005, a motion was filed in the Georgia Action to appoint lead plaintiffs and approve selection of co-lead counsel. On December 30, 2005, the Court entered an Order granting plaintiffs motion. Pursuant to the scheduling order entered on November 18, 2005, on February 2, 2006, lead plaintiffs filed a consolidated amended complaint. On March 6, 2006, Defendants filed a motion to dismiss the consolidated amended complaint. Briefing of Defendants motion to dismiss was completed on April 28, 2006. Oral argument has not yet been set. We believe that these actions are without merit and intend to contest them vigorously. At this stage of the litigation, we cannot make any estimate of a potential loss or range of loss.

In addition, The Gillette Company and its subsidiary, Braun GmbH, filed a complaint against us in the federal district court in Massachusetts on December 2, 2003 alleging that Remington s Smart Cleaner

automatic cleaning device on Remington s Titanium Smart System shaving product infringes United States patent numbers 5,711,328 and 5,649,556 allegedly held by Braun (*The Gillette Company and Braun GmbH v. Remington Consumer Products Company, LLC., Case No. 03 CV 12428 WGY*). The complaint, which seeks injunctive relief and monetary damages, was served on Remington in March 2004. We reached a settlement in this matter effective November 15, 2005 under which we entered into a licensing agreement with Gillette providing for a one time payment in December 2005 and specified royalties per unit containing the patented technology and sold in the United Stated through 2015. Further information as to the terms of the settlement are identified in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements included herein.

Item 2. Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased <sup>(1)</sup>	Average Price Paid Per Share <sup>(2)</sup>	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that may Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
Three Months Ended April 2, 2006			Ţ.	
1/2/06 1/31/06	1,341	\$ 20.33		
2/1/06 2/28/06	6,055	17.70		
3/1/06 4/2/06				
Total	7,396	\$ 18.18		

<sup>(1)</sup> During the three months ended April 2, 2006, the Company credited certain employees with amounts equal to the value of shares of capital stock that were owned and forfeited by such employees to satisfy tax withholding obligations on the vesting of restricted shares. Share numbers represent shares owned and forfeited by employees to satisfy tax withholding requirements on the vesting of restricted shares. Credits for these shares were based on the closing price of the Company s shares on the date of vesting. None of these transactions was made pursuant to a publicly announced repurchase plan or program.

#### Item 6. Exhibits

Please refer to the Exhibit Index.

<sup>(2)</sup> Average price paid per share of shares owned and forfeited by employees to satisfy tax withholding requirements on the vesting of restricted shares is calculated based on the amount credited to employees and used to satisfy tax withholding obligations.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 12, 2006 SPECTRUM BRANDS, INC.

By: /s/ RANDALL J. STEWARD
Randall J. Steward

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

 $(Principal\ Financial\ Officer)$ 

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#### EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit 2.1 Purchase Agreement, dated February 21, 2004, by and among Rayovac Corporation, ROV Holding, Inc., VARTA AG, Interelectrica Adminstração e Participações Ltda., and Tabriza Brasil Empreendimentos Ltda. (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 14, 2004). Exhibit 2.2 Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated January 3, 2005, by and among Rayovac Corporation, Lindbergh Corporation and United Industries Corporation (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 4, 2005). Exhibit 2.3 Share Purchase Agreement dated as of March 14, 2005 by and among Rayovac Corporation, Triton Managers Limited, acting in its own name but for the account of those Persons set forth on Annex I to the Share Purchase Agreement, BGLD Managers Limited, acting in its own name but for the account of BGLD Co-Invest Limited Partnership, AXA Private Equity Fund II-A, a Fonds Commun de Placement à Risques, represented by its management company AXA Investment Managers Private Equity Europe S.A., AXA Private Equity Fund II-B, a Fonds Commun de Placement à Risques, represented by its management company AXA Investment Managers Private Equity Europe S.A., Harald Quandt Holding GmbH, and Tetra Managers Beteiligungsgesellschaft mbH, being all of the shareholders of Tetra Holding GmbH, and Triton Managers Limited, as Sellers Representative (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 18, 2005). Exhibit 2.4 Share Purchase Agreement, dated November 22, 2005, by and among Agrium Inc., United Industries Corporation, and Nu-Gro Holding Company L.P. (filed by incorporation by reference to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 29, 2005). Exhibit 2.5 Amendment No. 1, dated December 19, 2005, to the Share Purchase Agreement, dated November 22, 2005, by and among Agrium Inc., United Industries Corporation, and Nu-Gro Holding Company L.P. (filed by incorporation by reference to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 30, 2006). Exhibit 3.1 Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Spectrum Brands, Inc., as amended on May 2, 2005 (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 3, 2005, filed with the SEC on May 13, 2005). Exhibit 3.2 Amended and Restated By-laws of Spectrum Brands, Inc. (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended April 3, 2005, filed with the SEC on May 13, 2005). Exhibit 4.1 Indenture dated as of February 7, 2005 by and among Rayovac Corporation, certain of Rayovac Corporation s domestic subsidiaries and U.S. Bank National Association (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 11, 2005). Exhibit 4.2 Supplemental Indenture dated as of May 3, 2005 to the Indenture dated as of February 7, 2005 by and among Spectrum Brands, Inc., certain of Spectrum Brands, Inc. s domestic subsidiaries and U.S. Bank National Association (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 5, 2005). Exhibit 4.3 Indenture, dated September 30, 2003, by and among Rayovac Corporation, ROV Holding, Inc., Rovcal, Inc., Vestar Shaver Corp., Vestar Razor Corp., Remington Products Company, L.L.C., Remington Capital Corporation, Remington Rand Corporation, Remington Corporation, L.L.C. and U.S. Bank National Association (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 15, 2003). Exhibit 4.4 Supplemental Indenture, dated October 24, 2003, by and among Rayovac Corporation, ROV Holding, Inc., Rovcal, Inc., Remington Products Company, L.L.C. and U.S. Bank National Association (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit

4.3 to the Registration Statement on Form S-4 filed with the SEC on November 6, 2003).

Exhibit 4.5 Third Supplemental Indenture dated as of February 7, 2005 to the Indenture dated as of September 30, 2003 by and among Rayovac Corporation, certain of Rayovac Corporation s domestic subsidiaries and U.S. Bank National Association (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 11, 2005). Exhibit 4.6 Fourth Supplemental Indenture dated as of May 3, 2005 to the Indenture dated as of September 30, 2003 by and among Spectrum Brands, Inc., certain of Spectrum Brands, Inc. s domestic subsidiaries and U.S. Bank National Association (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 5, 2005). Exhibit 4.7 Registration Rights Agreement dated as of February 7, 2005 by and between Rayovac Corporation, certain of Rayovac s domestic subsidiaries, Banc of America Securities LLC, Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated and ABN AMRO Incorporated (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 11, 2005). Exhibit 10.1 Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of October 1, 2005, between the Company and David A. Jones (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 5, 2005). Exhibit 10.2 Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of April 1, 2005, by and between Rayovac Corporation and Kent J. Hussey (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 7, 2005). Exhibit 10.3 Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of April 1, 2005, by and between the Company and Kenneth V. Biller (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 7, 2005). Exhibit 10.4 Amended and Restated Registered Director s Agreement, dated June 30, 2005, by and between Spectrum Brands Europe GmbH and Remy Burel (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 7, 2005). Exhibit 10.5 Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of April 1, 2005, by and between the Company and Randall J. Steward (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2005, filed with the SEC on December 14, 2005). Exhibit 10.6 Amended and Restated Employment Agreement dated as of the 22nd day of December, 2005, by and between the Company and David R Lumley (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on January 17, 2006). Exhibit 10.7 Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated February 7, 2005 between Rayovac Corporation, the Subsidiary Borrowers named therein, Bank of America, N.A., Citicorp North America, Inc., Merrill Lynch Capital Corporation, the other lenders party thereto, Banc of America Securities LLC, Citigroup Global Markets Inc., and Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 11, 2005). Exhibit 10.8 Amendment No. 1, dated April 29, 2005, to the Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of February 7, 2005, among Rayovac Corporation, Varta Consumer Batteries GmbH & Co. KGaA, Rayovac Europe Limited, each lender from time to time party thereto, Citicorp North America, Inc., Merrill Lynch Capital Corporation, LaSalle Bank National Association and Bank of America, N.A. (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form

8-K filed with the SEC on May 5, 2005).

Exhibit 10.9	Amendment No. 2, dated December 12, 2005, to the Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of February 7, 2005, among Rayovac Corporation, Varta Consumer Batteries GmbH & Co. KGaA, Rayovac Europe Limited, each lender from time to time party thereto, Citicorp North America, Inc., Merrill Lynch Capital Corporation, LaSalle Bank National Association and Bank of America, N.A. (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on December 13, 2005).
Exhibit 10.10	Amendment No. 3, dated May [9], 2006, to the Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of February 7, 2005, among Rayovac Corporation, Varta Consumer Batteries GmbH & Co. KGaA, Rayovac Europe Limited, each lender from time to time party thereto, Citicorp North America, Inc., Merrill Lynch Capital Corporation, LaSalle Bank National Association and Bank of America, N.A. (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on May 10, 2006).
Exhibit 10.11	Security Agreement, dated February 7, 2005, between the Grantors referred to therein and Bank Of America, N.A. (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 11, 2005).
Exhibit 10.12	ROV Guarantee, dated as of February 7, 2005 from the ROV Guarantors named therein and the Additional ROV Guarantors named therein in favor of the Secured Parties referred to in the Credit Agreement referred to therein (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 11, 2005).
Exhibit 10.13	KGaA Guarantee dated as of February 7, 2005 from the KGaA Guarantors named therein and the Additional KGaA Guarantors referred to therein in favor of the Lenders referred to in the Credit Agreement referred to therein (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 11, 2005).
Exhibit 10.14	UK Guarantee dated as of February 7, 2005 from the UK Guarantors named therein and the Additional UK Guarantors referred to therein in favor of the Lenders referred to in the Credit Agreement referred to therein (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 11, 2005).
Exhibit 10.15	Registration Rights Agreement, dated February 7, 2005, by and among Rayovac Corporation and those Persons listed on Schedule 1 attached thereto, who were, immediately prior to the Effective Time, stockholders of United Industries Corporation (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 11, 2005).
Exhibit 10.16	Standstill Agreement by and between Rayovac Corporation, Thomas H. Lee Equity Fund IV, L.P., THL Equity Advisors IV, LLC, Thomas H. Lee Partners, L.P., and Thomas H. Lee Advisors, L.L.C. (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 11, 2005).
Exhibit 10.17	Technical Collaboration, Sale and Supply Agreement, dated as of March 5, 1998, by and among Rayovac Corporation, Matsushita Battery Industrial Co., Ltd. and Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.15 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 28, filed with the SEC on May 5, 1998).
Exhibit 10.18	Rayovac Corporation 1996 Stock Option Plan (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 29, 1997, filed with the SEC on August 13, 1997).
Exhibit 10.19	1997 Rayovac Incentive Plan (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.13 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on October 31, 1997).
Exhibit 10.20	2004 Rayovac Incentive Plan (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.24 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 27, 2004, filed with the SEC on August 11, 2004).

Exhibit 10.21	Form of Award Agreements under 2004 Rayovac Incentive Plan (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.21 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2004, filed with the SEC on December 14, 2004).
Exhibit 10.22	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement under the 2004 Rayovac Incentive Plan (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 7, 2005).
Exhibit 10.23	Form of Superior Achievement Program Restricted Stock Award Agreement under the 2004 Rayovac Incentive Plan (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 7, 2005).
Exhibit 10.24	Rayovac Corporation Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.21 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended December 29, 2002, filed with the SEC on February 12, 2003).
Exhibit 10.25	Amendment No. 3 to Rayovac Corporation Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.28 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 27, 2004, filed with the SEC on August 11, 2004).
Exhibit 10.26	Rayovac Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan, as amended (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.22 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended December 29, 2002, filed with the SEC on February 12, 2003).
Exhibit 10.27	Amendment No. 3 and Amendment No. 4 to Rayovac Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan (filed by incorporation by reference to Exhibit 10.25 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2004, filed with the SEC on December 14, 2004).
Exhibit 31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
Exhibit 31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
Exhibit 32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
Exhibit 32.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*

<sup>\*</sup> Filed herewith