ZIONS BANCORPORATION /UT/ Form 424B5 June 01, 2009 Table of Contents

	Maximum	Amount of
	Aggregate	Registration
Title of Each Class of Securities Offered	Offering Price	Fee(1)
Common Stock, without par value	\$250,000,000	\$13,950

(1) Pursuant to Rule 457(o) under the Securities Act of 1933, the registration fee was calculated based on a maximum aggregate offering price.

Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(5)

Registration Statement No. 333-158319

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

(To prospectus dated March 31, 2009)

\$250,000,000

ZIONS BANCORPORATION

Common Stock

On June 1, 2009, we entered into an equity distribution agreement with Goldman, Sachs & Co., or Goldman Sachs, relating to shares of our common stock, without par value, offered by this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus having an aggregate offering price of up to \$250,000,000.

In accordance with the terms of this equity distribution agreement, we may offer and sell shares of our common stock from time to time through Goldman Sachs as our sales agent, over a period of time and from time to time in transactions at then-current market prices, or to Goldman Sachs for resale. Accordingly, an indeterminate number of shares of common stock will be sold up to the number of shares that will result in the receipt of gross proceeds of up to \$250,000,000. Sales of the shares, if any, will be made by means of ordinary brokers transactions on the Nasdaq Global Select Market (Nasdaq), or otherwise at market prices.

Our common stock is quoted on the Nasdaq under the symbol ZION. The last reported sale price of our common stock on Nasdaq on May 29, 2009 was \$13.68 per share.

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. See <u>Risk Factors</u> section beginning on page S-4 of this prospectus supplement.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other regulatory body has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed on the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

These securities are not savings accounts, deposits or other obligations of any of our banks or non-bank subsidiaries and are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System or any other government agency.

Goldman Sachs will receive from us a commission equal to 2% of the gross sales price per share for the first \$100,000,000 of any shares sold through it as our sales agent under the equity distribution agreement and 1.50% of the gross sales price per share for amounts sold pursuant to the equity distribution agreement in excess of such \$100,000,000. Subject to the terms and conditions of the equity distribution agreement, Goldman Sachs will use its reasonable efforts to sell on our behalf any shares to be offered by us under the equity distribution agreement.

Goldman, Sachs & Co.

The date of this prospectus supplement is June 1, 2009

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You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus. We have not, and Goldman Sachs has not, authorized anyone to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are offering to sell shares of common stock, and seeking offers to buy shares of common stock, only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. The information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus is accurate only as of the date on their respective cover pages, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus supplement or any

sale of our common stock.

ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

This document is in two parts. The first is this prospectus supplement, which describes the specific terms of this offering. The second part, the accompanying prospectus, gives more general information, some of which may not apply to this offering. This prospectus supplement also adds to, updates and changes information contained in the accompanying prospectus. If the description of the offering varies between this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, you should rely on the information in this prospectus supplement. The accompanying prospectus is part of a registration statement that we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission using a shelf registration statement. Under the shelf registration process, from time to time, we may offer and sell debt securities, warrants or other rights, stock purchase contracts, units, common stock, preferred stock or depositary shares, or any combination thereof, in one or more offerings.

It is important that you read and consider all of the information contained in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus in making your investment decision. You should also read and consider the information in the documents to which we have referred you in Incorporation by Reference on page iii of this prospectus supplement and Where You Can Find More Information on page 2 of the accompanying prospectus.

The distribution of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus and the offering of our common stock in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons into whose possession this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus come should inform themselves about and observe any such restrictions. This prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus do not constitute, and may not be used in connection with, an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. See the Plan of Distribution section of this prospectus supplement beginning on page S-14.

References herein to \$ and dollars are to the currency of the United States. In this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, the terms company, Zions, we, us, and our refer to Zions Bancorporation.

Zions and Zions Bank are registered service marks of Zions Bancorporation. All other service marks, trademarks and trade names referred to in the prospectus supplement are the property of their respective owners.

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INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

The Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, allows us to incorporate by reference information into this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. This means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to another document that Zions has filed separately with the SEC that contains that information. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. Information that Zions files with the SEC after the date of this prospectus supplement will automatically modify and supersede the information included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus to the extent that the subsequently filed information modifies or supersedes the existing information. We incorporate by reference:

our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008;

our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2009;

our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on January 23, 2009, March 31, 2009, April 21, 2009 and June 1, 2009 (except in each case, any information that has been deemed to be furnished and not filed, and any exhibits related thereto);

the description of our common stock set forth in our registration statement on Form 10 filed pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act, including any amendment or report filed with the SEC for the purpose of updating such description; and

any future filings we make with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, until we sell all of the securities offered by this prospectus supplement. You may request a copy of any of these filings at no cost by writing to or telephoning us at the following address and telephone number:

Investor Relations

Zions Bancorporation

One South Main Street, 15th Floor

Salt Lake City, Utah 84133

(801) 524-4787

In addition, these filings are available on our website at http://www.zionsbancorporation.com. Our website does not form a part of this prospectus supplement or the accompanying prospectus.

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SUMMARY

The information below is a summary of the more detailed information included elsewhere or incorporated by reference in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus. You should read carefully the following summary together with the more detailed information contained in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the information incorporated by reference into those documents, including the Risk Factors section beginning on page S-4 of this prospectus supplement, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, and in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2009. This summary is not complete and does not contain all of the information you should consider when making your investment decision.

Zions Bancorporation

Zions Bancorporation is a financial holding company organized under the laws of the State of Utah in 1955, and registered under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended. Zions and its subsidiaries own and operate eight commercial banks with a total of 479 domestic branches as of March 31, 2009. We provide a full range of banking and related services through our banking and other subsidiaries, primarily in Utah, California, Texas, Arizona, Nevada, Colorado, Idaho, Washington and Oregon. Full-time equivalent employees totaled 10,942 as of March 31, 2009.

We focus on providing community-minded banking services by continuously strengthening our core business lines of 1) small, medium-sized business and corporate banking; 2) commercial and residential development, construction and term lending; 3) retail banking; 4) treasury cash management and related products and services; 5) residential mortgage; 6) trust and wealth management; and 7) investment activities. We operate eight different banks in ten Western and Southwestern states with each bank operating under a different name and each having its own board of directors, chief executive officer and management team. The banks provide a wide variety of commercial and retail banking and mortgage lending products and services. They also provide a wide range of personal banking services to individuals, including home mortgages, bankcard, other installment loans, home equity lines of credit, checking accounts, savings accounts, time certificates of various types and maturities, trust services, safe deposit facilities, direct deposit and 24-hour ATM access. In addition, certain banking subsidiaries provide services to key market segments through their Women s Financial, Private Client Services and Executive Banking Groups. We also offer wealth management services through a subsidiary, Contango Capital Advisors, Inc., and online brokerage services through Zions Direct, Inc.

In addition to these core businesses, we have built specialized lines of business in capital markets, public finance and certain financial technologies, and we are also a leader in Small Business Administration (SBA) lending. Through our eight banking subsidiaries, we provide SBA 7(a) loans to small businesses throughout the United States and are also one of the largest providers of SBA 504 financing in the nation. We own an equity interest in the Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation (Farmer Mac) and are one of the nation s top originators of secondary market agricultural real estate mortgage loans through Farmer Mac. We are a leader in municipal finance advisory and underwriting services. We also control four venture capital funds that provide early-stage capital primarily for start-up companies located in the Western United States. Our NetDeposit, LLC subsidiary is a leader in the provision of check imaging and clearing software.

Recent Developments

On June 1, 2009, we announced certain capital actions intended to enhance our common equity and our regulatory capital, including this offering. In addition to this offering, on June 1, 2009 we commenced a modified Dutch auction tender offer for up to 4,000,000 depositary shares each representing a 1/40th ownership interest in a share of our Series A Floating-Rate Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock. Unless extended or terminated, the preferred stock tender offer will expire at 11:59 p.m. on June 26, 2009. We intend to use proceeds from the shares of common stock offered hereby to fund the purchase price for the depositary shares in the preferred stock tender offer, and any remaining proceeds for general corporate purposes. The tender offer is subject to conditions. We cannot assure you that the tender offer will be completed or that we will realize the anticipated common equity or regulatory capital benefits.

On June 1, 2009, we also announced that we plan to commence an offer to exchange each \$1,000 principal amount of any of our three outstanding series of subordinated notes for \$1,000 principal amount of three newly issued series of subordinated notes. Each newly issued series of subordinated notes will be identical to the corresponding series of outstanding subordinated notes, except as follows. Following the completion of that exchange offer, we plan to enter into a supplemental indenture that will modify the terms of any outstanding subordinated notes not validly tendered in the exchange offer to permit such outstanding subordinated notes to

be converted into 40 depositary shares, each representing a 1/40th ownership interest in a share of either, at the option of the holder, our Series A Floating-Rate Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock or our 9.50% Series C Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock. The new notes will not contain this conversion feature. The addition of the conversion feature is intended to result in an extinguishment of any subordinated notes (other than those validly tendered and accepted in the exchange offer) for purposes of both generally accepted accounting principles and federal income tax. We also anticipate recognizing a gain with respect to previously terminated swap agreements with respect to such subordinated notes subordinated notes will be completed or that we will realize the anticipated common equity or regulatory capital benefits or that the entire accounting impact resulting from such modification of our subordinated notes will qualify as Tier 1 common equity for regulatory purposes. The exchange offer is being conducted in reliance on Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act, to exempt the exchange offer from the registration requirements of the Securities Act with respect to the exchange of the outstanding subordinated notes for the new subordinated notes.

The Offering

Issuer	Zions Bancorporation.
Common Stock Being Offered	Shares of common stock, without par value, having an aggregate offering price of up to \$250,000,000.
Use of Proceeds	We will use the net proceeds from the sale of shares in the offering to fund the purchase price for the depositary shares in the preferred stock tender offer and for general corporate purposes. See Use of Proceeds below.
Risk Factors	See Risk Factors beginning on page S-4 of this prospectus supplement for a discussion of factors you should carefully consider before investing in shares of our common stock.
Nasdaq Global Select Market symbol	ZION

RISK FACTORS

An investment in our common stock involves certain risks. You should carefully consider the risks described below and the risk factors incorporated by reference, as well as the other information included or incorporated by reference, in this prospectus supplement and the accompanying prospectus, before making an investment decision. Certain risks related to us and our business are described under the heading Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 and our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2009. Our business, financial condition or results of operations could be materially adversely affected by any of these risks. The trading price of our common stock could decline due to any of these risks, and you may lose all or part of your investment. This prospectus supplement also contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including the risks faced by us described below and elsewhere in this prospectus supplement, the accompanying prospectus and the documents incorporated by reference herein.

The price of our common stock is volatile and may decline.

The trading price of our common stock may fluctuate widely as a result of a number of factors, many of which are outside our control. In addition, the stock market is subject to fluctuations in the share prices and trading volumes that affect the market prices of the shares of many companies. These broad market fluctuations have adversely affected and may continue to adversely affect the market price of our common stock. Among the factors that could affect our stock price are:

actual or anticipated quarterly fluctuations in our operating results and financial condition;

changes in revenue or earnings estimates or publication of research reports and recommendations by financial analysts or actions taken by rating agencies with respect to our securities or those of other financial institutions;

failure to meet analysts revenue or earnings estimates;

speculation in the press or investment community;

strategic actions by us or our competitors, such as acquisitions or restructurings;

actions by institutional shareholders;

fluctuations in the stock price and operating results of our competitors;

general market conditions and, in particular, developments related to market conditions for the financial services industry, including the likelihood of a prolonged recession;

future sales of our equity or equity-related securities;

changes in the frequency or amount of dividends or share repurchases;

proposed or adopted regulatory changes or developments;

anticipated or pending investigations, proceedings or litigation that involve or affect us; or

domestic and international economic factors unrelated to our performance.

A significant decline in our stock price could result in substantial losses for individual shareholders and could lead to costly and disruptive securities litigation.

Resales of our common stock in the public market following the offering may cause its market price to fall.

We may issue shares of our common stock with an aggregate sales price of up to \$250,000,000 in connection with the offering. The issuance of these new shares could have the effect of depressing the market price for shares of our common stock.

The common stock is equity and therefore is subordinate to our indebtedness and preferred stock, and our ability to declare dividends on our common stock may be limited.

Shares of the common stock are equity interests in Zions Bancorporation and do not constitute indebtedness. As such, shares of the common stock will rank junior to all indebtedness and other non-equity claims on Zions with respect to assets available to satisfy claims on Zions, including in a liquidation of Zions. Additionally, holders of our common stock are subject to the prior dividend and liquidation rights of any holders of our preferred stock then outstanding. Under the terms of the Series A Preferred Stock, the Series C Preferred Stock and Series D Preferred Stock (collectively, our Preferred Stock) (which are described in more detail in the section entitled Description of Our Capital Stock), our ability to declare or pay dividends on or repurchase our common stock or other equity or capital securities will be subject to restrictions in the event that we fail to declare and pay (or set aside for payment) full dividends on our Preferred Stock. In addition, prior to November 14, 2011, unless we have redeemed all of the Series D Preferred Stock or the U.S. Treasury has transferred all of the Series D Preferred Stock to third-parties, the consent of the U.S. Treasury will be required for us to, among other things, increase our quarterly common stock dividend above \$0.32 except in limited circumstances. Our board of directors is authorized to cause us to issue additional classes or series of preferred stock without any action on the part of the stockholders. If we issue preferred stock with voting rights that dilute the voting power of the common stock, the rights of holders of our common stock or the market price of our common stock could be adversely affected. We are not restricted from issuing additional indebtedness or preferred stock, subject to any required approvals from the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve).

Holders of our common stock are only entitled to receive such dividends as our board of directors may declare out of funds legally available for such payments. We recently reduced our quarterly dividend to \$0.04 per share and do not expect to increase our quarterly dividend above \$0.04 for the foreseeable future and could determine to reduce further or eliminate altogether our common stock dividend. Furthermore, as long as the preferred stock issued to the U.S. Treasury is outstanding, dividend payments and repurchases or redemptions relating to certain equity securities, including our common stock, are prohibited until all accrued and unpaid dividends are paid on such preferred stock, subject to certain limited exceptions. This could adversely affect the market price of our common stock. Also, as discussed below, we are a bank holding company and our ability to declare and pay dividends is dependent on certain federal regulatory considerations, including the guidelines of the Federal Reserve regarding capital adequacy and dividends.

If we are deferring payments on our outstanding junior subordinated debt securities or are in default under the indentures governing those securities, or if we are in arrears on the payment of dividends on our outstanding preferred stock, we will be prohibited from making distributions on the common stock.

In addition to the fact that our common stock is subordinate to our indebtedness and preferred stock, the terms of our outstanding junior subordinated debt securities prohibit us from declaring or paying any dividends or distributions on our common stock, or redeeming, purchasing, acquiring or making a liquidation payment with respect to such shares, if we are aware of any event that would be an event of default under the indenture governing those junior subordinated debt securities or at any time when we have deferred interest thereunder.

There may be future dilution of our common stock.

Our board of directors may authorize us to issue additional shares of common or preferred stock or securities convertible or exchangeable into equity securities, without shareholder approval. We may issue such additional equity or convertible securities to raise additional capital. The issuance of any additional shares of common or preferred stock or convertible securities could be substantially dilutive to shareholders of our common stock. Moreover, to the extent that we issue restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights, options or warrants to purchase our common stock in the future and those stock appreciation rights, options or warrants are exercised or as the restricted stock units vest, our shareholders may experience further dilution. Holders of our shares of common stock have no preemptive rights that entitle holders to purchase their pro rata share of any offering of shares of any class or series and, therefore, such sales or offerings could result in increased dilution to our shareholders.

In addition, we are highly regulated, and our regulators could require us to raise additional common equity in the future. Although we were not one of the 19 institutions required to conduct a forward-looking capital assessment, or stress test, pursuant to the U.S. Treasury s Capital Assistance Program, or CAP, it is possible that we could determine, or our regulators could require us, to raise additional capital. Any such capital raise could include, among other things, the potential issuance of common stock to the public or the potential issuance of common stock to the government under the CAP.

The issuance of any additional shares of common or of preferred stock or convertible securities or the exercise of convertible securities could be substantially dilutive to stockholders of our common stock. For instance, exercise of the warrant issued to the U.S. Treasury in connection with our participation in the U.S. Treasury s Capital Purchase Program would dilute the value of our common stock. The market price of our common stock could decline as a result of sales of shares of our common stock made after this offering or the perception that such sales might occur.

We may issue debt and equity securities or securities convertible into equity securities, any of which may be senior to our common stock as to distributions and in liquidation, which could negatively affect the value of our common stock.

In the future, we may attempt to increase our capital resources by entering into debt or debt-like financing that is unsecured or secured by all or up to all of our assets, or by issuing additional debt or equity securities, which could include issuances of secured or unsecured commercial paper, medium-term notes, senior notes, subordinated notes, preferred stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable for equity securities. In the event of our liquidation, our lenders and holders of our debt and preferred securities would receive a distribution of our available assets before distributions to the holders of our common stock. Because our decision to incur debt and issue securities in our future offerings will depend on market conditions and other factors beyond our control, we cannot predict or estimate the amount, timing or nature of our future offerings and debt financings. Further, market conditions could require us to accept less favorable terms for the issuance of our securities in the future.

Our results of operations depend upon the results of operations of our subsidiaries.

We are a holding company that conducts substantially all of our operations through our banking and other subsidiaries. As a result, our ability to make dividend payments on our common stock will depend primarily upon the receipt of dividends and other distributions from our subsidiaries.

The ability of our banking subsidiaries to pay dividends or make other payments to us is limited by their obligations to maintain sufficient capital and by other general regulatory restrictions on their dividends. If they do not satisfy these regulatory requirements, we will be unable to pay dividends on our common stock. The Federal Reserve and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the primary regulator for certain of our subsidiary banks, have issued policy statements generally requiring insured banks and bank holding companies only to pay dividends out of current operating earnings. In addition, if, in the opinion of the applicable regulatory authority, a bank under its jurisdiction is engaged in or is about to engage in an unsafe or unsound practice, which could include the payment of dividends under certain circumstances, such authority may take actions requiring that such bank refrain from the practice. Payment of dividends could also be subject to regulatory limitations. If a subsidiary bank were to become under-capitalized for purposes of the applicable federal regulatory prompt corrective action regulations.

Under-capitalized is currently defined as having a total risk-based capital ratio of less than 8.0%, a Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio of less than 4.0%, or a core capital, or leverage, ratio of less than 4.0%.

We and/or the holders of our securities could be adversely affected by unfavorable rating actions from rating agencies.

Our ability to access the capital markets is important to our overall funding profile. This access is affected by the ratings assigned by rating agencies to us, certain of our affiliates and particular classes of securities that we and our affiliates issue. The interest rates that we pay on our securities are also influenced by, among other things, the credit ratings that we, our affiliates and/or

our securities receive from recognized rating agencies. On April 20, 2009, Moody s Investor Services severely downgraded the ratings of Zions Bancorporation and lowered its outlook to Outlook Negative. On April 22, 2009, DBRS downgraded the ratings of Zions Bancorporation and placed our ratings Under Review with Negative Implications, and Standard & Poor s Rating Services downgraded the ratings of Zions Bancorporation with a Outlook Negative. On April 23, 2009, Fitch Ratings placed our ratings on Rating Watch Negative. Further downgrades to us, our affiliates or our securities could increase our costs or otherwise have a negative effect on our results of operations or financial condition. Additionally, a downgrade of the credit rating of any particular security issued by us or our affiliates could negatively affect the ability of the holders of that security to sell the securities and the prices at which any such securities may be sold.

The additional capital actions described above under Summary Recent Developments may not occur on the current terms or at all.

The modification of our subordinated notes and the related exchange offer for our subordinated notes and the tender offer for our Series A Preferred Stock may not occur. We are not obligated to complete the offers unless and until the conditions to the offers are met. Accordingly, there can be no assurances that either or both of the transactions will be consummated. If we do not complete either or both of these concurrent transactions, or are required to modify the terms of either or both transactions, we will not realize the anticipated capital and other benefits or such benefits may be significantly reduced. In addition, it is possible that only a portion of the accounting impact resulting from the modification of our subordinated notes will qualify as Tier 1 common equity for regulatory purposes. The market price of our common stock could be adversely affected by the failure of one or both of these offers to be consummated or their consummation on modified terms.

Our ability to maintain required capital levels and adequate sources of funding and liquidity may be adversely affected by market conditions.

We are required to maintain certain capital levels in accordance with banking regulations. We must also maintain adequate funding sources in the normal course of business to support our operations and fund outstanding liabilities. Our ability to maintain capital levels, sources of funding and liquidity could be impacted by changes in the capital markets in which we operate and deteriorating economic and market conditions.

Each of our subsidiary banks must remain well-capitalized and meet certain other requirements for us to retain our status as a financial holding company, although we do not believe that the loss of such status would have an appreciable effect on our operations or financial results. In addition, failure by our bank subsidiaries to meet applicable capital guidelines or to satisfy certain other regulatory requirements could subject us to certain activity restrictions or to a variety of enforcement remedies available to the federal regulatory authorities that include limitations on the ability to pay dividends, the issuance by the regulatory authority of a capital directive to increase capital and the termination of deposit insurance by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

As a regulated entity, we must maintain certain capital requirements that may limit our operations and potential growth.

We are a bank holding company and a financial holding company. As such, we are subject to the comprehensive, consolidated supervision and regulation of the Federal Reserve, including risk-based and leverage capital requirements. We must maintain certain risk-based and leverage capital ratios as required by our banking regulators and which can change depending upon general economic conditions and our particular condition, risk profile and growth plans. Compliance with the capital requirements, including leverage ratios, may limit operations that require the intensive use of capital and could adversely affect our ability to expand or maintain present business levels.

Weakness in the economy and in the real estate market, including specific weakness within the markets where our subsidiary banks do business and within certain of our loan products, has adversely affected us and may continue to adversely affect us.

Our credit exposure is one of our most significant risks. The Company s level of credit quality continued to weaken throughout 2008 and into 2009. The deterioration in credit quality that started in the latter half of 2007 is mainly related to the weakness in residential and commercial construction and land development activity in the Southwest states (generally, Arizona, California and Nevada), which markets have been particularly adversely affected by job losses, declines in real estate value, declines in home sale volumes and declines in new home building. Other geographic markets served by us have also experienced adverse housing and economic conditions. Residential and commercial construction and land development loans in Arizona and Nevada remain the most troubled segments of the portfolio and account for the most meaningful declines in commercial real estate credit quality during the second half of 2008. As of the first quarter of 2009, residential and commercial and commercial construction and land development represented 17%

of total loans, with Arizona, California and Nevada representing 16%, 13% and 12% of this portfolio, respectively. Although not to the degree experienced in the Southwest states, some signs of deterioration began to surface in markets in Utah and Idaho during the first quarter of 2008 and in Texas in the fourth quarter of 2008. During the later part of 2008 and continuing into 2009, credit quality deterioration began to become evident in most loan types and states in which the Company operated as general economic conditions weakened through out the country.

If the strength of the U.S. economy in general and the strength of the local economies in which we and our subsidiary banks conduct operations continues to decline, this could result in, among other things, a continued deterioration in credit quality or a reduced demand for credit, including a resultant effect on our loan portfolio and allowance for loan and lease losses, throughout our geographic footprint and for other loan types. We expect continued credit quality deterioration over the next few quarters. A deeper or prolonged downturn beyond the next few quarters in the economy could result in higher delinquencies and greater charge-offs in future periods, and may lead to material future credit losses, which would materially adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations and may require us to raise additional capital.

Deteriorating credit quality, particularly in real estate loans, has adversely impacted us and may continue to adversely impact us.

We have experienced a downturn in credit performance that continued throughout 2008 and we expect credit conditions and the performance of our loan portfolio to continue to deteriorate in the near term. This caused us to increase our allowance for loan and lease losses throughout 2008. Additional increases in allowance for loan and lease losses may be necessary in the future. Accordingly, a decrease in the quality of our credit portfolio could have a material adverse effect on earnings and results of operations.

Problems encountered by financial institutions larger or similar to us could adversely affect financial markets generally and have indirect adverse effects on us.

The commercial soundness of many financial institutions may be closely interrelated as a result of credit, trading, clearing or other relationships between the institutions. As a result, concerns about, or a default or threatened default by, one institution could lead to significant market-wide liquidity and credit problems, losses or defaults by other institutions. This is sometimes referred to as systemic risk and may adversely affect financial intermediaries, such as clearing agencies, clearing houses, banks, securities firms and exchanges, with which we interact on a daily basis, and therefore could adversely affect us.

Deterioration in credit quality and fair market values of our securities portfolio has adversely impacted us and may continue to adversely impact us.

The Company s on-balance sheet asset-backed securities investment portfolio includes collateralized debt obligations (CDOs) collateralized by trust preferred securities issued by banks, insurance companies, and real estate investment trusts that may have some exposure to the subprime market and/or to other categories of distressed assets. In addition, asset-backed securities also include structured asset-backed collateralized debt obligations (also known as diversified structured finance CDOs) purchased from Lockhart which have minimal exposure to subprime and home equity mortgage securitizations. Factors beyond the Company s control can significantly influence the fair value of these securities and potential adverse changes to the fair value of these securities. These factors include but are not limited to rating agency downgrades of securities, defaults of debt issuers, lack of market pricing of securities and continued instability in the credit markets.

The Company may not be able to utilize the significant deferred tax asset recorded on our balance sheet.

The Company s balance sheet includes a significant deferred tax asset. The largest components of this asset result from additions to our allowance for loan and lease losses for purposes of generally accepted accounting principles in excess of loan losses actually taken for tax purposes and other than temporary impairment losses taken on our securities portfolio that have not yet been realized for tax purposes by selling the securities. Our ability to continue to record this deferred tax asset is dependant on the Company s ability to realize its value through net operating loss carry-backs or future projected earnings. Loss of part or all of this asset would adversely impact tangible capital. In addition, inclusion of this asset in determining regulatory capital is subject to certain limitations.

USE OF PROCEEDS

We will use the net proceeds from the sale of shares in the offering to fund the purchase price for the depositary shares in the preferred stock tender offer and for general corporate purposes.

PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK AND DIVIDENDS

Our common stock is traded on the Nasdaq Global Select Market (Nasdaq) under the symbol ZION. The table below sets forth, for the fiscal quarters indicated, high and low reported sale prices per share of our common stock on Nasdaq and the dividends per share paid in such periods.

	Comm	Price Range of Common Stock Low High	
2009:	Low	mgn	Per Share
Second Quarter (through May 29, 2009)	\$ 8.88	\$ 20.97	0.04
First Quarter	5.90	25.52	0.04
2008:			
Fourth Quarter	\$ 21.07	47.94	0.32
Third Quarter	17.53	$107.21_{(1)}$	0.43
Second Quarter	29.46	51.15	0.43
First Quarter	39.31	57.05	0.43
2007:			
Fourth Quarter	\$45.70	\$ 73.00	\$ 0.43
Third Quarter	67.51	81.43	0.43
Second Quarter	76.59	86.00	0.43
First Quarter	81.18	88.56	0.39

(1) This trading price was an anomaly resulting from electronic orders at the opening of the market on September 19, 2008 in response to the SEC s announcement (prior to the market opening that day) of its temporary emergency action suspending short selling in financial companies. The closing price on September 19, 2008 was \$52.83.

On May 29, 2009, the last reported sale price of our common stock on Nasdaq was \$13.68 per share.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The payment of dividends is within the discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon our future earnings, capital requirements and financial condition and any regulatory restrictions. Under the terms of our Preferred Stock (which are described in more detail in the section entitled Description of Our Capital Stock), our ability to declare or pay dividends on or repurchase our common stock or other equity or capital securities will be subject to restrictions in the event that we fail to declare and pay (or set aside for payment) full dividends on our Preferred Stock. In addition, prior to November 14, 2011, unless we have redeemed all of the Series D Preferred Stock or the U.S. Treasury has transferred all of the Series D Preferred Stock to third-parties, the consent of the U.S. Treasury will be required for us to, among other things, increase our quarterly common stock dividend above \$0.32 except in limited circumstances.

We recently reduced our quarterly dividend to \$0.04 per share and do not expect to increase our quarterly dividend above \$0.04 for the foreseeable future and could determine to reduce further or eliminate altogether our common stock dividend. Furthermore, as long as the preferred stock issued to the U.S. Treasury is outstanding, dividend payments and repurchases or redemptions relating to certain equity securities, including our common stock, are prohibited until all accrued and unpaid dividends are paid on such preferred stock, subject to certain limited exceptions. This could adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

DESCRIPTION OF OUR CAPITAL STOCK

For a description of the common stock being offered hereby, please see Description of Our Capital Stock in the accompanying prospectus.

CERTAIN UNITED STATES TAX CONSEQUENCES TO NON-U.S. HOLDERS OF COMMON STOCK

This section summarizes certain United States federal income and estate tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of common stock by a non-U.S. holder . For this purpose, you are a non-U.S. holder if you are:

a nonresident alien individual,

a foreign corporation, or

an estate or trust that in either case is not subject to United States federal income tax on a net income basis on income or gain from common stock.

This section does not consider the specific facts and circumstances that may be relevant to a particular non-U.S. holder and does not address the treatment of a non-U.S. holder under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction. This section is based on the tax laws of the United States, including the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, existing and proposed Treasury regulations, and administrative and judicial interpretations, all as currently in effect. These laws are subject to change, possibly on a retroactive basis.

If a partnership holds the common stock, the United States federal income tax treatment of a partner will generally depend on the status of the partner and the tax treatment and the activities of the partnership. A partner in a partnership holding the common stock should consult its tax advisor with regard to the United States federal income tax treatment of an investment in the common stock.

You should consult a tax advisor regarding the United States federal tax consequences of acquiring, holding and disposing of common stock in your particular circumstances, as well as any tax consequences that may arise under the laws of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction.

Dividends

Except as described below, if you are a non-U.S. holder of common stock, dividends paid to you are subject to withholding of United States federal income tax at a 30% rate or at a lower rate if you are eligible for the benefits of an income tax treaty that provides for a lower rate. Even if you are eligible for a lower treaty rate, we and other payors will generally be required to withhold at a 30% rate (rather than the lower treaty rate) on dividend payments to you, unless you have furnished to us or another payor:

a valid Internal Revenue Service Form W-8BEN or an acceptable substitute form upon which you certify, under penalties of perjury, your status as (or, in the case of a non-U.S. holder that is a partnership or an estate or trust, such forms certifying the status of each partner in the partnership or beneficiary of the estate or trust as) a non-United States person and your entitlement to the lower treaty rate with respect to such payments, or

in the case of payments made outside the United States to an offshore account (generally, an account maintained by you at an office or branch of a bank or other financial institution at any location outside the United States), other documentary evidence establishing your entitlement to the lower treaty rate in accordance with U.S. Treasury regulations.

If you are eligible for a reduced rate of United States withholding tax under a tax treaty, you may obtain a refund of any amounts withheld in excess of that rate by filing a refund claim with the United States Internal Revenue Service.

If dividends paid to you are effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business within the United States, and, if required by a tax treaty, the dividends are attributable to a permanent establishment that you maintain in the United States, we and other payors generally are not required to withhold tax from the dividends, provided that you have furnished to us or another payor a valid Internal Revenue Service Form W-8ECI or an acceptable substitute form upon which you represent, under penalties of perjury, that:

you are a non-United States person, and

the dividends are effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business within the United States and are includible in your gross income.

Effectively connected dividends are taxed at rates applicable to United States citizens, resident aliens and domestic United States corporations on a net income basis.

If you are a corporate non-U.S. holder, effectively connected dividends that you receive may, under certain circumstances, be subject to an additional branch profits tax at a 30% rate or at a lower rate if you are eligible for the benefits of an income tax treaty that provides for a lower rate.

Gain on Disposition of Common Stock

If you are a non-U.S. holder, you generally will not be subject to United States federal income tax on gain that you recognize on a disposition of common stock unless:

the gain is effectively connected with your conduct of a trade or business in the United States, and the gain is attributable to a permanent establishment that you maintain in the United States, if that is required by an applicable income tax treaty as a condition for subjecting you to United States taxation on a net income basis, or

you are an individual, you hold the common stock as a capital asset, you are present in the United States for 183 or more days in the taxable year of the sale and certain other conditions exist.

If you are a corporate non-U.S. holder, effectively connected gains that you recognize may also, under certain circumstances, be subject to an additional branch profits tax at a 30% rate or at a lower rate if you are eligible for the benefits of an income tax treaty that provides for a lower rate.

Recent Legislative Developments

The Obama Administration has recently proposed legislation that would limit the ability of non-U.S. investors to claim relief from U.S. withholding tax in respect of dividends paid on common stock, if such investors hold common stock through a non-U.S. intermediary that is not a qualified intermediary. The Administration s proposals also would limit the ability of certain non-U.S. entities to claim relief from U.S. withholding tax in respect of dividends paid to such non-U.S. entities unless those entities have provided documentation of their beneficial owners to the withholding agent. A third proposal would impose a 20% withholding tax on the gross proceeds of the sale of common stock effected through a non-U.S. intermediary that is not a qualified intermediary and that is not located in a jurisdiction with which the United States has a comprehensive income tax treaty having a satisfactory exchange of information provision. A non-U.S. investor generally would be permitted to claim a refund to the extent any tax withheld exceeded the investor s actual tax liability. The full details of these proposals have not yet been made public, although the Administration s summary of these proposals generally indicates that they are not intended to disrupt ordinary and customary market transactions. It is unclear whether, or in what form, these proposals may be enacted. Non-U.S. holders are encouraged to consult with their tax advisers regarding the possible implications of the Administration s proposals on their investment in respect of the common stock.

Federal Estate Taxes

Common stock held by a non-U.S. holder at the time of death will be included in the holder s gross estate for United States federal estate tax purposes, unless an applicable estate tax treaty provides otherwise.

Backup Withholding and Information Reporting

If you are a non-U.S. holder, you are generally exempt from backup withholding and information reporting requirements with respect to:

dividend payments and

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the payment of the proceeds from the sale of common stock effected at a United States office of a broker, as long as the income associated with such payments is otherwise exempt from United States federal income tax, and:

the payor or broker does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that you are a United States person and you have furnished to the payor or broker:

a valid Internal Revenue Service Form W-8BEN upon which you certify, under penalties of perjury, that you are (or, in the case of a non-U.S. holder that is a partnership or an estate or trust, together with any other relevant documents including Form W-8IMY (if applicable) certifying that each partner in the partnership or beneficiary of the estate or trust is) a non-United States person, or

other documentation upon which it may rely to treat the payments as made to a non-United States person in accordance with U.S. Treasury regulations, or

you otherwise establish an exemption.

Payment of the proceeds from the sale of common stock effected at a foreign office of a broker generally will not be subject to information reporting or backup withholding. However, a sale of common stock that is effected at a foreign office of a broker will be subject to information reporting and backup withholding if:

the proceeds are transferred to an account maintained by you in the United States,

the payment of proceeds or the confirmation of the sale is mailed to you at a United States address, or

the sale has some other specified connection with the United States as provided in U.S. Treasury regulations, unless the broker does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that you are a United States person and the documentation requirements described above are met or you otherwise establish an exemption.

In addition, a sale of common stock will be subject to information reporting if it is effected at a foreign office of a broker that is:

a United States person,

a controlled foreign corporation for United States tax purposes,

a foreign person 50% or more of whose gross income is effectively connected with the conduct of a United States trade or business for a specified three-year period, or

a foreign partnership, if at any time during its tax year:

one or more of its partners are U.S. persons , as defined in U.S. Treasury regulations, who in the aggregate hold more than 50% of the income or capital interest in the partnership, or

such foreign partnership is engaged in the conduct of a United States trade or business,

unless the broker does not have actual knowledge or reason to know that you are a United States person and the documentation requirements described above are met or you otherwise establish an exemption. Backup withholding will apply if the sale is subject to information reporting and the broker has actual knowledge that you are a United States person.

You generally may obtain a refund of any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules that exceed your income tax liability by filing a refund claim with the Internal Revenue Service.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We have entered into an equity distribution agreement with Goldman, Sachs & Co. under which we may offer and sell shares of our common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$250,000,000 over time and from time to time through Goldman, Sachs & Co., as our sales agent, or to Goldman, Sachs & Co., for resale.

Subject to certain conditions, Goldman, Sachs & Co., if acting as sales agent, will use its reasonable efforts to solicit offers to purchase the shares of common stock on any trading day or as otherwise agreed upon by us and Goldman, Sachs & Co. From time to time, we will submit orders to Goldman, Sachs & Co. relating to the shares of common stock to be sold through Goldman, Sachs & Co., which orders may specify any price, time or size limitations relating to any particular sale. We may instruct Goldman, Sachs & Co. not to sell shares of common stock if the sales cannot be effected at or above a price designated by us in any such instruction. We or Goldman, Sachs & Co. may suspend the offering of shares of common stock by notifying the other.

Goldman, Sachs & Co. will receive from us a commission equal to 2% of the gross sales price per share for the first \$100,000,000 of any shares sold through it as our sales agent under the equity distribution agreement and 1.50% of the gross sales price per share for amounts sold pursuant to the equity distribution agreement in excess of such \$100,000,000. The remaining sales proceeds, after deducting any expenses payable by us and any transaction fees imposed by any governmental or self-regulatory organization in connection with the sales, will equal our net proceeds for the sale of the shares.

Settlement for sales of common stock generally are anticipated to occur on the third business day following the date on which any sales were made in return for payment of the proceeds to us. There is no arrangement for funds to be received in an escrow, trust or similar arrangement.

Under the terms of the equity distribution agreement, we also may sell shares to Goldman, Sachs & Co. as principal for its own account at the then-current market price less a discount, which will equal the commission on an agency sale of shares of common stock described above. Goldman, Sachs & Co. may offer the shares of common stock sold to it as principal from time to time through public or private transactions at market prices prevailing at the time of