TEXTRON INC Form 10-Q April 26, 2012 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2012

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number 1-5480

Textron Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of

05-0315468 (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification No.)

40 Westminster Street, Providence, RI (Address of principal executive offices)

02903 (Zip code)

(401) 421-2800

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (Check one):

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer "Smaller reporting company"

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes "No x

As of April 14, 2012, there were 280,281,049 shares of common stock outstanding.

TEXTRON INC.

INDEX

| | | | Page |
|----------|-------------------|--|------|
| PART I. | FINANCIAL I | INFORMATION | |
| Item 1. | Financial States | ments . | 3 |
| | Consolidated St | tatements of Operations (Unaudited) | 3 |
| | Consolidated St | tatements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited) | 4 |
| | Consolidated B | alance Sheets (Unaudited) | 5 |
| | Consolidated St | tatements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) | 6 |
| | Notes to the Co | onsolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) | |
| | Note 1: | Basis of Presentation | 8 |
| | Note 2: | Retirement Plans | 8 |
| | Note 3: | Share-Based Compensation | 9 |
| | Note 4: | Earnings per Share | 10 |
| | Note 5: | Accounts Receivable and Finance Receivables | 11 |
| | Note 6: | <u>Inventories</u> | 14 |
| | Note 7: | <u>Debt</u> | 15 |
| | Note 8: | Accrued Liabilities | 15 |
| | Note 9: | Commitments and Contingencies | 15 |
| | Note 10: | Derivative Instruments and Fair Value Measurements | 15 |
| | Note 11: | Segment Information | 19 |
| Item 2. | Management s | S Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations | 20 |
| Item 3. | Quantitative an | d Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk | 30 |
| Item 4. | Controls and Pr | rocedures | 30 |
| PART II. | OTHER INFO | <u>ORMATION</u> | |
| Item 5. | Other Informati | ion_ | 31 |
| Item 6. | Exhibits | | 32 |
| | Signatures | | 32 |

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TEXTRON INC.

Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

| | Three Mor | nths Ended |
|--|-----------|------------|
| | March 31 | April 2, |
| (In millions, except per share amounts) | 2012 | 2011 |
| Revenues | ¢ 2.705 | ¢ 2 452 |
| Manufacturing revenues | \$ 2,795 | \$ 2,453 |
| Finance revenues | 61 | 26 |
| Total revenues | 2,856 | 2,479 |
| Costs, expenses and other | | |
| Cost of sales | 2,312 | 2,055 |
| Selling and administrative expense | 308 | 304 |
| Provision for losses on finance receivables | 4 | 12 |
| Interest expense | 55 | 62 |
| Total costs, expenses and other | 2,679 | 2,433 |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | 177 | 46 |
| Income tax expense | 57 | 15 |
| Income from continuing operations | 120 | 31 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of income taxes | (2) | (2) |
| Net income | \$ 118 | \$ 29 |
| Basic earnings per share | | |
| Continuing operations | \$ 0.43 | \$ 0.11 |
| Discontinued operations | (0.01) | (0.01) |
| Basic earnings per share | \$ 0.42 | \$ 0.10 |
| Diluted comings nor shows | | |
| Diluted earnings per share Continuing operations | \$ 0.41 | \$ 0.10 |
| Discontinued operations | (0.01) | (0.01) |
| Discontinued operations | (0.01) | (0.01) |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$ 0.40 | \$ 0.09 |
| Dividends per share | | |
| Common stock | \$ 0.02 | \$ 0.02 |
| | | |

See Notes to the consolidated financial statements.

3

TEXTRON INC.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ende | | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|--|
| (In millions) | March 31, 2012 | April 2, 2011 | |
| Net income | \$ 118 | \$ 29 | |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax: | | | |
| Recognition of prior service cost and unrealized losses on pension and postretirement benefits | 21 | 18 | |
| Deferred gains on hedge contracts | 6 | 6 | |
| Foreign currency translation and other | (3) | 12 | |
| Other comprehensive income | 24 | 36 | |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 142 | \$ 65 | |

See Notes to the consolidated financial statements.

TEXTRON INC.

Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

| (Dollars in millions) | March 31, 2012 | December 31, 2011 |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Manufacturing group | | |
| Cash and equivalents | \$ 628 | \$ 871 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 937 | 856 |
| Inventories | 2,593 | 2,402 |
| Other current assets | 1,032 | 1,134 |
| Total current assets | 5,190 | 5,263 |
| Property, plant and equipment, less accumulated | | |
| depreciation and amortization of \$3,180 and \$3,097 | 2,003 | 1,996 |
| Goodwill | 1,639 | 1,635 |
| Other assets | 1,502 | 1,508 |
| Total Manufacturing group assets | 10,334 | 10,402 |
| Finance group | | |
| Cash and equivalents | 18 | 14 |
| Finance receivables held for investment, net | 2,174 | 2,321 |
| Finance receivables held for sale | 318 | 418 |
| Other assets | 436 | 460 |
| Total Finance group assets | 2,946 | 3,213 |
| Total assets | \$ 13,280 | \$ 13,615 |
| Liabilities and shareholders equity | | |
| Liabilities | | |
| Manufacturing group | | |
| Current portion of long-term debt | \$ 464 | \$ 146 |
| Accounts payable | 884 | 833 |
| Accrued liabilities | 1,823 | 1,952 |
| Total current liabilities | 3,171 | 2,931 |
| Other liabilities | 2,657 | 2,826 |
| Long-term debt | 2,013 | 2,313 |
| Total Manufacturing group liabilities | 7,841 | 8,070 |
| Finance group | | |
| Other liabilities | 193 | 333 |
| Due to Manufacturing group | 494 | 493 |
| Debt | 1,837 | 1,974 |

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| Total Finance group liabilities | 2,524 | 2,800 |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Total liabilities | 10,365 | 10,870 |
| Shareholders equity | | |
| Common stock | 35 | 35 |
| Capital surplus | 1,114 | 1,081 |
| Retained earnings | 3,370 | 3,257 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (1,601) | (1,625) |
| | | |
| | 2,918 | 2,748 |
| Less cost of treasury shares | 3 | 3 |
| | | |
| Total shareholders equity | 2,915 | 2,745 |
| 1 0 | , | , |
| Total liabilities and shareholders equity | \$ 13,280 | \$ 13,615 |
| Common shares outstanding (in thousands) See Notes to the consolidated financial statements. | 280,165 | 278,873 |

TEXTRON INC.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 and April 2, 2011, respectively

| (In millions) | Consol 2012 | lidated 2011 |
|--|----------------|-----------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net income | \$ 118 | \$ 29 |
| Less: Loss from discontinued operations | (2) | (2) |
| Income from continuing operations | 120 | 31 |
| Adjustments to reconcile income from continuing operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | |
| Non-cash items: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 91 | 95 |
| Provision for losses on finance receivables held for investment | 4 | 12 |
| Portfolio losses on finance receivables | 20 | 23 |
| Deferred income taxes | 62 | 79 |
| Other, net | 2 | 21 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | |
| Accounts receivable, net | (76) | (4) |
| Inventories | (187) | (166) |
| Other assets | (11) | 2 |
| Accounts payable | 48 | 119 |
| Accrued and other liabilities | (368) | (229) |
| Captive finance receivables, net | 42 | 72 |
| | | |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations | (253) | 55 |
| Net cash used in operating activities of discontinued operations | (1) | (1) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | (254) | 54 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Finance receivables originated or purchased | (18) | (76) |
| Finance receivables repaid | 154 | 290 |
| Proceeds on receivable sales | 44 | 168 |
| Capital expenditures | (73) | (78) |
| Proceeds from sale of repossessed assets and properties | 18 | 28 |
| Other investing activities, net | (2) | 23 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | 123 | 355 |
| 1 to cash provided by investing activities | 120 | |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Increase in short-term debt | | 203 |
| Payments on long-term lines of credit | | (250) |
| Principal payments on long-term and nonrecourse debt | (144) | (417) |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | 27 | 144 |
| Dividends paid | (5) | (5) |
| Other financing activities, net | 10 | (2) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (112) | (327) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents | 4 | 9 |

| Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents | (239) | 91 |
|---|--------|----------|
| Cash and equivalents at beginning of period | 885 | 931 |
| | | |
| Cash and equivalents at end of period | \$ 646 | \$ 1,022 |

See Notes to the consolidated financial statements

TEXTRON INC.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) (Continued)

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 and April 2, 2011, respectively

| | Manufactur | | Finance | |
|---|------------|-------|---------|---------|
| (In millions) | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | | A (24) |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 108 | \$ 60 | \$ 10 | \$ (31) |
| Less: Loss from discontinued operations | (2) | (2) | | |
| Income (loss) from continuing operations | 110 | 62 | 10 | (31) |
| Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from continuing operations to net cash provided by | | | | |
| (used in) operating activities: | | | | |
| Dividends received from Finance Group | 240 | 130 | | |
| Capital contribution paid to Finance Group | (240) | (63) | | |
| Non-cash items: | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 84 | 87 | 7 | 8 |
| Provision for losses on finance receivables held for investment | | | 4 | 12 |
| Portfolio losses on finance receivables | | | 20 | 23 |
| Deferred income taxes | 58 | 66 | 4 | 13 |
| Other, net | 26 | 32 | (24) | (11) |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts receivable, net | (76) | (4) | | |
| Inventories | (188) | (169) | | |
| Other assets | (9) | (1) | (2) | |
| Accounts payable | 48 | 119 | (-) | |
| Accrued and other liabilities | (230) | (186) | (138) | (43) |
| recraed and other marines | (230) | (100) | (130) | (13) |
| N.4 h id-dh (di) | (177) | 72 | (110) | (20) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations | (177) | 73 | (119) | (29) |
| Net cash used in operating activities of discontinued operations | (1) | (1) | | |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | (178) | 72 | (119) | (29) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | |
| Finance receivables originated or purchased | | | (84) | (125) |
| Finance receivables repaid | | | 262 | 411 |
| Proceeds on receivable sales | | | 44 | 168 |
| Capital expenditures | (73) | (78) | | |
| Proceeds from sale of repossessed assets and properties | ` / | | 18 | 28 |
| Other investing activities, net | | (43) | (1) | 31 |
| | | (-) | | |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | (73) | (121) | 239 | 513 |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | | | |
| Increase in short-term debt | | 203 | | |
| Payments on long-term lines of credit | | | | (250) |
| Intergroup financing | | (60) | | 60 |
| Principal payments on long-term and nonrecourse debt | | (7) | (144) | (410) |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | | (1) | 27 | 144 |
| Capital contributions paid to Finance group under Support Agreement | | | 240 | 63 |
| Other capital contributions paid to Finance group | | | | 40 |
| Dividends paid | (5) | (5) | (240) | (130) |
| 2acino para | (3) | (3) | (210) | (150) |

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| Other financing activities, net | 9 | (2) | 1 | 1 |
|---|--------|--------|-------|-------|
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | 4 | 129 | (116) | (482) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and equivalents | 4 | 8 | | 1 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents | (243) | 88 | 4 | 3 |
| Cash and equivalents at beginning of period | 871 | 898 | 14 | 33 |
| Cash and equivalents at end of period | \$ 628 | \$ 986 | \$ 18 | \$ 36 |

See Notes to the consolidated financial statements.

TEXTRON INC.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Textron Inc. and its majority-owned subsidiaries. We have prepared these unaudited consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. for interim financial information. Accordingly, these interim financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. for complete financial statements. The consolidated interim financial statements included in this quarterly report should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011. In the opinion of management, the interim financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) that are necessary for the fair presentation of our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

Our financings are conducted through two separate borrowing groups. The Manufacturing group consists of Textron Inc. consolidated with its majority-owned subsidiaries that operate in the Cessna, Bell, Textron Systems and Industrial segments. The Finance group, which also is the Finance segment, consists of Textron Financial Corporation, its consolidated subsidiaries and three other finance subsidiaries owned by Textron Inc. We designed this framework to enhance our borrowing power by separating the Finance group. Our Manufacturing group operations include the development, production and delivery of tangible goods and services, while our Finance group provides financial services. Due to the fundamental differences between each borrowing group s activities, investors, rating agencies and analysts use different measures to evaluate each group s performance. To support those evaluations, we present balance sheet and cash flow information for each borrowing group within the consolidated financial statements. All significant intercompany transactions are eliminated from the consolidated financial statements, including retail and wholesale financing activities for inventory sold by our Manufacturing group and financed by our Finance group.

Use of Estimates

We prepare our financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, which require us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Our estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of changes, if any, are reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Operations in the period that they are determined.

During the first quarter 2012 and 2011, we changed our estimates of revenues and costs on certain long-term contracts that are accounted for under the percentage-of-completion method of accounting. The changes in estimates increased income from continuing operations before income taxes in the first quarter of 2012 and 2011 by \$4 million and \$14 million, respectively, (\$2 million and \$8 million after tax, or \$0.01 and \$0.03 per diluted share, respectively). For the first quarter of 2012 and 2011, the gross favorable program profit adjustments totaled \$17 million and \$21 million, respectively, and the gross unfavorable program profit adjustments totaled \$13 million and \$7 million, respectively.

Note 2: Retirement Plans

We provide defined benefit pension plans and other postretirement benefits to eligible employees. The components of net periodic benefit cost for these plans are as follows:

| | Pension 2 | Benefits | Postretirement Benef Other Than Pension | |
|---|-------------------|------------------|--|------------------|
| (In millions) | March 31, 2012 | April 2, 2011 | March 31, 2012 | April 2, 2011 |
| Three Months Ended | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 30 | \$ 32 | \$ 2 | \$ 2 |
| Interest cost | 76 | 82 | 6 | 8 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (101) | (98) | | |
| Amortization of prior service cost (credit) | 4 | 4 | (3) | (1) |

| Amortization of net loss | 29 | 19 | 2 | 3 |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|------|-------|
| Net periodic benefit cost | \$ 38 | \$ 39 | \$ 7 | \$ 12 |

8

Note 3: Share-Based Compensation

Share-based compensation expense includes restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock options, stock appreciation rights, performance share units and deferred income plan stock unit awards. The compensation expense we recorded in net income for our share-based compensation plans is as follows:

| | Three I Enc | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|
| (In millions) | March 31, 2012 | April 2, 2011 |
| Compensation expense | \$ 46 | \$ 36 |
| Income tax benefit | (17) | (13) |
| Total net compensation cost included in net income | \$ 29 | \$ 23 |

Stock Options

The stock option compensation cost calculated under the fair value approach is recognized over the vesting period of the stock options. The weighted-average fair value of options granted per share was \$10 in both the first quarter of 2012 and 2011. We estimate the fair value of options granted on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Expected volatilities are based on implied volatilities from traded options on our common stock, historical volatilities and other factors. We use historical data to estimate option exercise behavior, adjusted to reflect anticipated changes in expected life. The weighted-average assumptions used in our Black-Scholes option-pricing model for awards issued during the respective periods are as follows:

| | Three I End | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | March 31, 2012 | April 2, 2011 |
| Dividend yield | 0.3% | 0.3% |
| Expected volatility | 40.0% | 38.0% |
| Risk-free interest rate | 0.8% | 2.4% |
| Expected lives (in years) | 5.5 | 5.5 |

At March 31, 2012, our outstanding and exercisable options had an aggregate intrinsic value of \$33 million and \$26 million, respectively. Stock option activity for the first quarter of 2012 is as follows:

| | | | Weighted- |
|------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|------------|
| | | | Average |
| | | Weighted- | Remaining |
| | Number of | Contractual | |
| | Options | Exercise | Life |
| | (In thousands) | Price | (In years) |
| Outstanding at beginning of period | 8,860 | \$ 27.68 | 6 |
| Granted | 3,008 | 27.76 | |
| Exercised | (594) | (18.70) | |
| Canceled, expired or forfeited | (396) | (27.96) | |
| Outstanding at end of period | 10,878 | \$ 28.18 | 7 |

Exercisable at end of period 5,513 \$ 29.36 5

Restricted Stock Units

The 2012 activity for restricted stock units payable in stock and for restricted stock units payable in cash is provided below:

| | Units Pa | ayable in S Weig | tock hted- | Units Pa | • | e in Cash Weighted- | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----|-------------------------|--|
| (Shares in thousands) | Number of Shares | | e Grant ir Value | Number of Shares | | age Grant Fair Value | |
| Outstanding at beginning of year, nonvested | 638 | \$ | 35.53 | 2,927 | \$ | 17.33 | |
| Granted | 367 | | 27.54 | 808 | | 27.74 | |
| Vested | (218) | | (37.89) | (801) | | (15.00) | |
| Forfeited | (13) | | (33.19) | (73) | | (19.24) | |
| Outstanding at end of period, nonvested | 774 | \$ | 31.12 | 2,861 | \$ | 20.88 | |

Performance Share Units

The fair value of share-based compensation awards accounted for as liabilities includes performance share units. The fair value of these awards is based on the trading price of our common stock, less adjustments to reflect that dividends are not paid on these awards, and is remeasured at each reporting period date. The 2012 activity for our performance share units is as follows:

| | Number of | A | eighted- verage Grant |
|---|-----------|--------|-----------------------------|
| (Shares in thousands) | Shares | Date 1 | Fair Value |
| Outstanding at beginning of year, nonvested | 859 | \$ | 22.98 |
| Granted | 535 | | 27.76 |
| Forfeited | (53) | | (22.62) |
| | | | |
| Outstanding at end of period, nonvested | 1,341 | \$ | 24.90 |

Share-Based Compensation Awards

The value of the share-based compensation awards that vested and/or were paid during the respective periods is as follows:

| | Three Mon | ths Ended |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| (In millions) | March 31, 2012 | April 2, 2011 |
| Subject only to service conditions: | | |
| Value of awards vested | \$ 30 | \$ 34 |
| Intrinsic value of cash awards paid | 21 | 20 |
| Subject to performance conditions: | | |
| Intrinsic value of cash awards paid | 51 | 1 |

Note 4: Earnings Per Share

We calculate basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) based on net income, which approximates income available to common shareholders for each period. Basic EPS is calculated using the two-class method, which includes the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period and restricted stock units to be paid in stock that are deemed participating securities as they provide nonforfeitable rights to dividends. Diluted EPS considers the dilutive effect of all potential future common stock, including stock options, restricted stock units and the shares that could be issued upon the conversion of our convertible notes and upon the exercise of the related warrants. The call options purchased in connection with the issuance of the convertible notes and the capped call transaction entered into in 2011 are excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS as their impact is always anti-dilutive.

Upon conversion of our convertible notes, as described in Note 8 of our 2011 Form 10-K, the principal amount would be settled in cash, and the excess of the conversion value, as defined, over the principal amount may be settled in cash and/or shares of our common stock. Therefore, only the shares of our common stock potentially issuable with respect to the excess of the notes conversion value over the principal amount, if any, are considered as dilutive potential common shares for purposes of calculating diluted EPS.

The weighted-average shares outstanding for basic and diluted earnings per share are as follows:

| | Three Months Ende | | | | |
|---|-------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| (In thousands) | March 31, 2012 | April 2, 2011 | | | |
| Basic weighted-average shares outstanding | 280,022 | 276,358 | | | |

Dilutive effect of:

| Briative criect of. | | |
|---|---------|---------|
| Convertible notes and warrants | 13,902 | 41,504 |
| Stock options and restricted stock units | 708 | 1,257 |
| | | |
| Diluted weighted-average shares outstanding | 294.632 | 319 119 |

Stock options to purchase 6 million and 4 million shares of common stock outstanding are excluded from our calculation of diluted weighted-average shares outstanding for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and April 2, 2011, respectively, as the exercise prices were greater than the average market price of our common stock for the periods. These securities could potentially dilute earnings per share in the future.

Note 5: Accounts Receivable and Finance Receivables

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable is composed of the following:

| (In millions) | March 31, 2012 | December 31, 2011 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Commercial | \$ 594 | \$ 528 |
| U.S. Government contracts | 360 | 346 |
| | 954 | 874 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (17) | (18) |
| | \$ 937 | \$ 856 |

We have unbillable receivables on U.S. Government contracts that arise when the revenues we have appropriately recognized based on performance cannot be billed yet under terms of the contract. Unbillable receivables within accounts receivable totaled \$197 million at March 31, 2012 and \$192 million at December 31, 2011.

Finance Receivables

Finance receivables by product line, which includes both finance receivables held for investment and finance receivables held for sale, are presented in the following table:

| (In millions) | March 31, 2012 | | ember 31, 2011 |
|--|-------------------|----|-------------------|
| Aviation | \$ 1,788 | \$ | 1,876 |
| Golf Equipment | 61 | | 69 |
| Golf Mortgage | 314 | | 381 |
| Timeshare | 260 | | 318 |
| Structured Capital | 171 | | 208 |
| Other liquidating | 34 | | 43 |
| | | | |
| Total finance receivables | 2,628 | | 2,895 |
| Less: Allowance for losses | 136 | | 156 |
| Less: Finance receivables held for sale | 318 | | 418 |
| | | | |
| Total finance receivables held for investment, net | \$ 2,174 | \$ | 2,321 |

Credit Quality Indicators and Nonaccrual Finance Receivables

We internally assess the quality of our finance receivables held for investment portfolio based on a number of key credit quality indicators and statistics such as delinquency, loan balance to estimated collateral value, the liquidity position of individual borrowers and guarantors and default rates of our notes receivable collateral in the Timeshare product line. Because many of these indicators are difficult to apply across an entire class of receivables, we evaluate individual loans on a quarterly basis and classify these loans into three categories based on the key credit quality indicators for the individual loan. These three categories are performing, watchlist and nonaccrual.

We classify finance receivables held for investment as nonaccrual if credit quality indicators suggest full collection is doubtful. In addition, we automatically classify accounts as nonaccrual once they are contractually delinquent by more than three months unless collection is not doubtful.

Cash payments on nonaccrual accounts, including finance charges, generally are applied to reduce the net investment balance. We resume the accrual of interest when the loan becomes contractually current through payment according to the original terms of the loan or, if a loan has been modified, following a period of performance under the terms of the modification, provided we conclude that collection of all principal and interest is no longer doubtful. Previously suspended interest income is recognized at that time.

Accounts are classified as watchlist when credit quality indicators have deteriorated as compared with typical underwriting criteria, and we believe collection of full principal and interest is probable but not certain. All other finance receivables held for investment that do not meet the watchlist or nonaccrual categories are classified as performing.

11

A summary of finance receivables held for investment categorized based on the credit quality indicators discussed above is as follows:

| | March 31, 2012 | | | | | | | Decembe | er 31, 2 | 2011 | | |
|--------------------|----------------|----|----------|-----|---------|----------|------------|---------|----------|------|---------|----------|
| (In millions) | Performing | W | atchlist | Non | accrual | Total | Performing | Wa | tchlist | Non | accrual | Total |
| Aviation | \$ 1,465 | \$ | 221 | \$ | 102 | \$ 1,788 | \$ 1,537 | \$ | 214 | \$ | 125 | \$ 1,876 |
| Golf Equipment | 20 | | 33 | | 8 | 61 | 21 | | 37 | | 11 | 69 |
| Timeshare | 87 | | 4 | | 165 | 256 | 89 | | 25 | | 167 | 281 |
| Structured Capital | 166 | | 5 | | | 171 | 203 | | 5 | | | 208 |
| Other liquidating | 19 | | | | 15 | 34 | 25 | | | | 18 | 43 |
| Total | \$ 1,757 | \$ | 263 | \$ | 290 | \$ 2,310 | \$ 1,875 | \$ | 281 | \$ | 321 | \$ 2,477 |
| % of Total | 76.0% | | 11.4% | | 12.6% | | 75.7% | | 11.3% | | 13.0% | |

We measure delinquency based on the contractual payment terms of our loans and leases. In determining the delinquency aging category of an account, any/all principal and interest received is applied to the most past-due principal and/or interest amounts due. If a significant portion of the contractually due payment is delinquent, the entire finance receivable balance is reported in accordance with the most past-due delinquency aging category.

Finance receivables held for investment by delinquency aging category are summarized in the table below:

| | | M | arch 31, | 2012 | | December 31, 2011 | | | | |
|--------------------|----------|--------|----------|----------|----------|-------------------|-------|-------|----------|----------|
| | Less | | | | | Less | | | | |
| | Than | 31-60 | 61-90 | Over | | Than | 31-60 | 61-90 | Over | |
| | 31 | Days | Days | 90 | | 31 | Days | Days | 90 | |
| | Days | Past | Past | Days | | Days | Past | Past | Days | |
| (In millions) | Past Due | Due | Due | Past Due | Total | Past Due | Due | Due | Past Due | Total |
| Aviation | \$ 1,606 | \$ 96 | \$ 19 | \$ 67 | \$ 1,788 | \$ 1,705 | \$ 66 | \$ 37 | \$ 68 | \$ 1,876 |
| Golf Equipment | 52 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 61 | 53 | 3 | 6 | 7 | 69 |
| Timeshare | 199 | 16 | 3 | 38 | 256 | 238 | 3 | | 40 | 281 |
| Structured Capital | 171 | | | | 171 | 208 | | | | 208 |
| Other liquidating | 26 | | | 8 | 34 | 35 | | | 8 | 43 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ 2,054 | \$ 113 | \$ 25 | \$ 118 | \$ 2,310 | \$ 2,239 | \$ 72 | \$ 43 | \$ 123 | \$ 2,477 |

We had no accrual status loans that were greater than 90 days past due at March 31, 2012 or at December 31, 2011. At March 31, 2012, the 60+ days contractual delinquency as a percentage of finance receivables held for investment was 6.19%, compared with 6.70% at December 31, 2011.

Loan Modifications

Troubled debt restructurings occur when we have either modified the contract terms of finance receivables held for investment for borrowers experiencing financial difficulties or accepted a transfer of assets in full or partial satisfaction of the loan balance. The types of modifications we typically make include extensions of the original maturity date of the contract, extensions of revolving borrowing periods, delays in the timing of required principal payments, deferrals of interest payments, advances to protect the value of our collateral and principal reductions contingent on full repayment prior to the maturity date. The changes effected by modifications made during the first quarter of 2012 to finance receivables held for investment were not material, primarily as a result of the reclassification of the Golf Mortgage finance receivables from the held for investment classification to the held for sale classification at December 31, 2011.

Impaired Loans

We evaluate individual finance receivables held for investment in non-homogeneous portfolios and larger accounts in homogeneous loan portfolios for impairment on a quarterly basis. Finance receivables classified as held for sale are reflected at the lower of cost or fair value and are excluded from these evaluations. A finance receivable is considered impaired when it is probable that we will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement based on our review of the credit quality indicators discussed above. Impaired finance receivables include both nonaccrual accounts and accounts for which full collection of principal and interest remains probable, but the account s original terms have been, or are expected to be, significantly modified. If the modification specifies an interest rate equal to or greater than a market rate for a finance receivable with comparable risk, the account is not considered impaired in years subsequent to the modification. There was no significant interest income recognized on impaired loans in the first quarter of 2012 or 2011.

A summary of impaired finance receivables, excluding leveraged leases, is provided below:

| | Recorded Investment | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|--|---|-----|--------------------------------|-------|---|-----|-----------------|----|------|--|
| (In millions) | Impaired Loans with No Related Allowance for Credit Losses | mpaired Loans with Impaired No Loans with Related Related owance for Allowance for Total Credit Credit Impaired | | Unpaid Principal Balance | For l | wance Losses On paired pans | Rec | erage corded | | | |
| March 31, 2012 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aviation | \$ 39 | \$ | 70 | \$ | 109 | \$ 113 | \$ | 21 | \$ | 124 | |
| Golf Equipment | | | 2 | | 2 | 2 | | 1 | | 2 | |
| Timeshare | 122 | | 78 | | 200 | 250 | | 42 | | 213 | |
| Other liquidating | 1 | | 12 | | 13 | 24 | | 9 | | 15 | |
| Total | \$ 162 | \$ | 162 | \$ | 324 | \$ 389 | \$ | 73 | \$ | 354 | |
| December 31, 2011 | 0.45 | Φ. | 0.2 | ф | 120 | # 1.42 | ф | 20 | Φ. | 1.16 | |
| Aviation | \$ 47 | \$ | 92 | \$ | 139 | \$ 142 | \$ | 39 | \$ | 146 | |
| Timeshare | 170 | | 57 | | 227 | 288 | | 38 | | 315 | |
| Golf Mortgage | | | | | | | | | | 232 | |
| Other liquidating | 3 | | 12 | | 15 | 59 | | 9 | | 30 | |
| Total | \$ 220 | \$ | 161 | \$ | 381 | \$ 489 | \$ | 86 | \$ | 723 | |

Allowance for Losses

We maintain the allowance for losses on finance receivables held for investment at a level considered adequate to cover inherent losses in the portfolio based on management s evaluation and analysis by product line. For larger balance accounts specifically identified as impaired, including large accounts in homogeneous portfolios, a reserve is established based on comparing the carrying value with either a) the expected future cash flows, discounted at the finance receivable s effective interest rate; or b) the fair value of the underlying collateral, if the finance receivable is collateral dependent. The expected future cash flows consider collateral value; financial performance and liquidity of our borrower; existence and financial strength of guarantors; estimated recovery costs, including legal expenses; and costs associated with the repossession/foreclosure and eventual disposal of collateral. When there is a range of potential outcomes, we perform multiple discounted cash flow analyses and weight the potential outcomes based on their relative likelihood of occurrence.

The evaluation of our portfolios is inherently subjective, as it requires estimates, including the amount and timing of future cash flows expected to be received on impaired finance receivables and the estimated fair value of the underlying collateral, which may differ from actual results. While our analysis is specific to each individual account, critical factors included in this analysis vary by product line and include the following:

Aviation - industry valuation guides, physical condition of the aircraft, payment history, and existence and financial strength of guarantors.

Golf Equipment - age and condition of the collateral.

Timeshare - historical performance of consumer notes receivable collateral, real estate valuations, operating expenses of the borrower, the impact of bankruptcy court rulings on the value of the collateral, legal and other professional expenses and borrower s

access to capital.

We also establish an allowance for losses by product line to cover probable but specifically unknown losses existing in the portfolio. For homogeneous portfolios, including Aviation and Golf Equipment, the allowance is established as a percentage of non-recourse finance receivables, which have not been identified as requiring specific reserves. The percentage is based on a combination of factors, including historical loss experience, current delinquency and default trends, collateral values and both general economic and specific industry trends. For non-homogeneous portfolios, such as Timeshare, the allowance is established as a percentage of watchlist balances, as defined on page 11, which represents a combination of assumed default likelihood and loss severity based on historical experience, industry trends and collateral values. In estimating our allowance for losses to cover accounts not specifically identified, critical factors vary by product line and include the following:

13

Aviation - the collateral value of the portfolio, historical default experience and delinquency trends.

Golf Equipment - historical loss experience and delinquency trends.

Timeshare - individual loan credit quality indicators such as borrowing base shortfalls for revolving notes receivable facilities, default rates of our notes receivable collateral, borrower s access to capital, historical progression from watchlist to nonaccrual status and estimates of loss severity based on analysis of impaired loans in the product line.

Finance receivables held for investment are written down to the fair value (less estimated costs to sell) of the related collateral when the collateral is repossessed and are charged off when the remaining balance is deemed to be uncollectible.

A rollforward of the allowances for losses on finance receivables held for investment is provided below:

| (In millions) | Av | iation | _ | olf pment | _ | olf tgage | Tim | eshare | her dating | Total |
|--|----|--------|----|--------------|----|--------------|-----|--------|-------------------|--------|
| For the three months ended March 31, 2012 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning balance | \$ | 95 | \$ | 6 | \$ | | \$ | 40 | \$ 15 | \$ 156 |
| Provision for losses | | 2 | | | | | | 3 | (1) | 4 |
| Net charge-offs | | (23) | | | | | | (1) | | (24) |
| Ending balance For the three months ended April 2, 2011 | \$ | 74 | \$ | 6 | \$ | | \$ | 42 | \$ 14 | \$ 136 |
| Beginning balance | \$ | 107 | \$ | 16 | \$ | 79 | \$ | 106 | \$ 34 | \$ 342 |
| Provision for losses | | 11 | | | | (1) | | | 2 | 12 |
| Net charge-offs and transfers | | (8) | | (3) | | (3) | | (1) | (1) | (16) |
| Ending balance | \$ | 110 | \$ | 13 | \$ | 75 | \$ | 105 | \$ 35 | \$ 338 |

A summary of the allowance for losses on finance receivables that are evaluated on an individual and on a collective basis is provided below. The finance receivables reported in this table specifically exclude \$171 million and \$279 million of leveraged leases at March 31, 2012 and April 2, 2011, respectively, in accordance with authoritative accounting standards.

| | March 31, 2012 | | | | | | April 2, 2011 | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|----|---------------|------|--|------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|------------|--|---------|--|---------|
| | Rece | | ables ated | | Allowance Based on Individual | | wance ased on ective | Finance Receivables Evaluated | | | Allowance Based on Individual | | Allowance Based on Collective | |
| (In millions) | Individually | Co | llectively | Eval | uation | Eval | uation | Individually | Col | llectively | Eval | luation | Eval | luation |
| Aviation | \$ 109 | \$ | 1,679 | \$ | 21 | \$ | 53 | \$ 164 | \$ | 1,864 | \$ | 50 | \$ | 60 |
| Golf Equipment | 2 | | 59 | | 1 | | 5 | 6 | | 186 | | 1 | | 12 |
| Timeshare | 200 | | 56 | | 42 | | | 368 | | 195 | | 102 | | 3 |
| Golf Mortgage | | | | | | | | 299 | | 341 | | 45 | | 30 |
| Other liquidating | 13 | | 21 | | 9 | | 5 | 38 | | 164 | | 4 | | 31 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ 324 | \$ | 1,815 | \$ | 73 | \$ | 63 | \$ 875 | \$ | 2,750 | \$ | 202 | \$ | 136 |

Note 6: Inventories

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| (In millions) | March 31, 2012 | December 31, 2011 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Finished goods | \$ 1,210 | \$ 1,012 |
| Work in process | 2,233 | 2,202 |
| Raw materials | 418 | 399 |
| | | |
| | 3,861 | 3,613 |
| Progress/milestone payments | (1,268) | (1,211) |
| | | |
| | \$ 2,593 | \$ 2,402 |

Note 7: Debt

At March 31, 2012, the principal amount of our convertible senior notes was \$215 million. Our common stock price exceeded the \$17.06 per share conversion threshold price set forth for these convertible notes for at least 20 trading days during the 30 consecutive trading days ended March 31, 2012. Accordingly, these notes are convertible at the holder s option through June 30, 2012. We may deliver shares of common stock, cash or a combination of cash and shares of common stock in satisfaction of our obligations upon conversion of the convertible notes. Based on a March 31, 2012 stock price of \$27.83, the if converted value exceeds the face amount of the remaining notes by \$241 million; however, after giving effect to the exercise of the related outstanding call options and warrants, the incremental cash or share settlement in excess of the face amount would result in either a 7 million net share issuance or a cash payment of \$198 million, or a combination of cash and stock, at our option.

Note 8: Accrued Liabilities

We provide limited warranty and product maintenance programs, including parts and labor, for certain products for periods ranging from one to five years. Changes in our warranty and product maintenance liabilities are as follows:

| | | Three Months Ended | | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| (In millions) | March 31, 2012 | April 2, 2011 | | | |
| Accrual at the beginning of period | \$ 224 | \$ 242 | | | |
| Provision | 63 | 57 | | | |
| Settlements | (65) | (64) | | | |
| Adjustments to prior accrual estimates | (3) | (6) | | | |
| Accrual at the end of period | \$ 219 | \$ 229 | | | |

Note 9: Commitments and Contingencies

We are subject to legal proceedings and other claims arising out of the conduct of our business, including proceedings and claims relating to commercial and financial transactions; government contracts; compliance with applicable laws and regulations; production partners; product liability; employment; and environmental, safety and health matters. Some of these legal proceedings and claims seek damages, fines or penalties in substantial amounts or remediation of environmental contamination. As a government contractor, we are subject to audits, reviews and investigations to determine whether our operations are being conducted in accordance with applicable regulatory requirements. Under federal government procurement regulations, certain claims brought by the U.S. Government could result in our being suspended or debarred from U.S. Government contracting for a period of time. On the basis of information presently available, we do not believe that existing proceedings and claims will have a material effect on our financial position or results of operations.

On February 7, 2012, a lawsuit was filed in the United States Bankruptcy Court, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division (Akron) by Brian A. Bash, Chapter 7 Trustee for Fair Finance Company against TFC, Fortress Credit Corp. and Fair Facility I, LLC. TFC provided a revolving line of credit of up to \$17.5 million to Fair Finance Company from 2002 through 2007. The complaint alleges numerous counts against TFC, as Fair Finance Company s working capital lender, including receipt of fraudulent transfers and assisting in fraud perpetrated on Fair Finance investors. The Trustee seeks avoidance and recovery of alleged fraudulent transfers in the amount of \$316 million as well as damages of \$223 million on the other claims. The Trustee also seeks trebled damages on all claims under Ohio law. We are in the process of reviewing the complaint and assessing these claims. We intend to vigorously defend this lawsuit. An estimate of a range of possible loss cannot be made at this time due to the early stage of the litigation.

Note 10. Derivative Instruments and Fair Value Measurements

We measure fair value at the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. We prioritize the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability into a three-tier fair value hierarchy. This fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority (Level 1) to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority (Level 3) to unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exist, requiring companies to develop their own assumptions. Observable inputs that do not meet the criteria of Level 1, and include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in markets that are not active are categorized as Level 2. Level 3 inputs are those that

reflect our estimates about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. Valuation

15

techniques for assets and liabilities measured using Level 3 inputs may include methodologies such as the market approach, the income approach or the cost approach and may use unobservable inputs such as projections, estimates and management s interpretation of current market data. These unobservable inputs are utilized only to the extent that observable inputs are not available or cost-effective to obtain.

Assets and Liabilities Recorded at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The assets and liabilities that are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis consist primarily of our derivative financial instruments, which are categorized as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts of these instruments that are designated as hedging instruments are provided below:

| | | | Asset (Liability) |
|---------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| (In millions) | Borrowing Group | Balance Sheet Location | (|