### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-Q

# [X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ending March 31, 2014

or

# [ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file no. 1-33001

ENOVA SYSTEMS, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

California (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 95-3056150 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

2945 Columbia Street, Torrance, California 90503 (Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(650) 346-4770 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter periods that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No [

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [X] No [

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer [ ] Non-accelerated filer [ ] Accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

[ ]

[X]

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [ ] No [X]

As of April 30, 2014, there were 64,520,195 shares of common stock outstanding.

## ENOVA SYSTEMS, INC.

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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## ENOVA SYSTEMS, INC.

## **BALANCE SHEETS**

		March 31, 2014	D	
ASSETS		(unaudited)	De	cember 31, 2013
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	114,000	\$	1,000
Accounts receivable, net	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Inventories and supplies, net		427,000		427,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		30,000		42,000
Total current assets		571,000		470,000
Long term accounts receivable		-		-
Property and equipment, net		69,000		80,000
Total assets	\$	640,000	\$	550,000
		,		,
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	546,000	\$	642,000
Loans from employees		68,000		36,000
Deferred revenues		213,000		213,000
Accrued payroll and related expenses		217,000		194,000
Accrued loss for litigation settlement		2,014,000		2,014,000
Other accrued liabilities		346,000		294,000
Current portion of notes payable		40,000		40,000
Total current liabilities		3,444,000		3,433,000
Accrued interest payable		1,420,000		1,401,000
Notes payable, net of current portion		1,238,000		1,238,000
Total liabilities		6,102,000		6,072,000
Stockholders' deficit:				
Series A convertible preferred stock — no par value, 30,000,000 shares				
authorized; 0 shares issued and outstanding; liquidating preference at				
\$0.60 per share as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013		-		-
Series B convertible preferred stock — no par value, 5,000,000 shares				
authorized; 546,000 shares issued and outstanding; liquidating				
preference at \$2 per share as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013		1,094,000		1,094,000
Common Stock to be issued		528,000		528,000
Common Stock — no par value, 750,000,000 shares authorized;				
64,520,000 and 44,520,000 shares issued and outstanding as of March				
31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively		145,735,000		145,512,000
Additional paid-in capital		9,599,000		9,595,000
Accumulated deficit		(162,418,000)		(162,251,000)
Total stockholders' deficit	¢	(5,462,000)		(5,522,000)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$	640,000	\$	550,000

See accompanying condensed notes to these financial statements.

## ENOVA SYSTEMS, INC. STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

		h 31		
		2014		2013
Revenues	\$	-	\$	53,000
Cost of revenues	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	56,000
Gross income (loss)		-		(3,000)
Operating expenses				
Research and development		-		-
Selling, general & administrative		136,000		383,000
Total operating expenses		136,000		383,000
Operating loss		(136,000)		(386,000)
Other income and (expense)				
Interest and other income (expense)		(31,000)		(20,000)
Total other income and (expense)		(31,000)		(20,000)
Net loss	\$	(167,000)	\$	(406,000)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.01)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding		46,742,000		44,520,000

See accompanying condensed notes to these financial statements.

## ENOVA SYSTEMS, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

		1		
Cash flows from operating activities:		2014		2013
Net loss	\$	(167,000)	\$	(406,000)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating				
activities:				
Inventory reserve		-		11,000
Inventory write-off		-		(11,000)
Depreciation and amortization		11,000		58,000
Loss on asset disposal		-		10,000
Stock option expense		4,000		2,000
(Increase) decrease in:				
Accounts receivable		-		123,000
Inventory and supplies		-		(29,000)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		12,000		(49,000)
Long term receivables		-		25,000
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable		(96,000)		(96,000)
Deferred revenues		-		315,000
Accrued payroll and related expense		23,000		(23,000)
Other accrued liabilities		52,000		20,000
Accrued interest payable		19,000		21,000
Net cash used in operating activities		(142,000)		(29,000)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Net cash used in investing activities		-		-
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Net proceeds from the issuance of common stock		223,000		-
Proceeds from related party loans		32,000		-
Payment on notes payable		-		(6,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		255,000		(6,000)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		113,000		(35,000)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		1,000		57,000
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	114,000	\$	22,000
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:				
Interest paid	\$	-	\$	2,000

See accompanying condensed notes to these financial statements.

## ENOVA SYSTEMS, INC.

### CONDENSED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1.

Description of the Company and its Business

Enova Systems, Inc., ("Enova", "We" or "the Company"), a California corporation, was incorporated in July 1976, and trades on the OTCQB under the trading symbol "ENVS" and on the London Stock Exchange under the symbol "ENV" or "ENVS". The Company believes it has been a globally recognized leader as a supplier of efficient, environmentally-friendly digital power components and systems products, in conjunction with associated engineering services. The Company's core competencies are focused on the commercialization of power management and conversion systems for mobile and stationary applications.

THE DISCUSSION SET FORTH BELOW AND ELSEWHERE IN THIS 10-Q IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY THE FOLLOWING: ENOVA REMAINS INSOLVENT AND OWES IN EXCESS OF \$4.5 MILLION IN THE AGGREGATE TO ITS TWO PRINCIPAL CREDITORS, THE CREDIT MANAGERS ASSOCIATION AND ARENS CONTROLS COMPANY, L.L.C. ("ARENS"). WITHOUT IMMEDIATE ADDITIONAL FINANCING OR COLLECTION OF RECEIVABLES, THE COMPANY WILL NEED TO CEASE OPERATIONS. THE COMPANY CURRENTLY HAS NO VISIBILITY AS TO EITHER ADDITIONAL FINANCING OR THE COLLECTION OF RECEIVABLES. SPECIFICALLY, WITHOUT A MUTUALLY ACCEPTABLE SETTLEMENT OF THE ARENS JUDGMENT ARISING OUT OF ARENS CONTROLS COMPANY, L.L.C. v. ENOVA SYSTEMS, INC., CASE NO. 13-1102 (7TH CIRCUIT) IN THE AMOUNT OF \$2.0 MILLION, THE COMPANY DOES NOT CURRENTLY BELIEVE IT HAS ANY ALTERNATIVE OTHER THAN TO CEASE OPERATIONS. THE COMPANY CURRENTLY EMPLOYS ONLY TWO PERSONNEL, JOHN MICEK, THE COMPANY'S CEO, CFO AND SECRETARY, AND ONE ADDITIONAL INDIVIDUAL IN THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

ON SEPTEMBER 24, 2013, THE COMPANY ENTERED INTO A SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND MUTUAL RELEASE WITH ARENS PROVIDING A PERIOD OF 120 DAYS TO SETTLE THE JUDGMENT FOR THE AMOUNT OF \$300,000. THE COMPANY WAS NOT ABLE TO MAKE THE PAYMENT BY THE DUE DATE OF JANURY 22, 2014. THEREFORE, THE JUDGMENT AGAINST THE COMPANY CAN BE ENFORCED WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE.

2.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation — Interim Financial Statements

The financial information as of and for the three ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 is unaudited but includes all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) that the Company considers necessary for a fair statement of its financial position at such dates and the operating results and cash flows for those periods. The year-end balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, and certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to SEC rules or regulations; however, the Company believes the disclosures made are adequate to make the information presented not misleading.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although management believes these estimates and assumptions

are adequate, actual results could differ from the estimates and assumptions used.

The results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the year. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013, which are included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year then ended.

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## Liquidity and Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. However, historically the Company has experienced significant recurring net losses and operating cash flow deficits. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on many factors, including among others, its ability to raise additional funding, and its ability to successfully restructure operations to lower manufacturing costs and reduce operating expenses.

To date, the Company has incurred recurring net losses and negative cash flows from operations. At March 31, 2014, the Company had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$162.4 million, cash and cash equivalents of \$114,000, working capital of approximately negative \$2.9 million and shareholders' deficit of approximately \$5.5 million. Until the Company can generate significant cash from its operations, the Company expects to continue to fund its operations with existing cash resources, proceeds from one or more private placement agreements, as well as potentially through debt financing or the sale of equity securities. However, the Company may not be successful in obtaining additional funding. In addition, the Company cannot be sure that its existing cash and investment resources will be adequate or that additional financing will be available when needed or that, if available, financing will be obtained on terms favorable to the Company or its stockholders.

Our operations will require us to make necessary investments in human and production resources, regulatory compliance, as well as sales and marketing efforts. We do not currently have adequate internal liquidity to meet these objectives in the long term. On June 21, 2012, we reported in a Form 8-K filing that, as part of cost cutting measures in response to our decrease in revenue amid continued delays in industry adoption of EV technology resulting from ongoing battery cost and reliability concerns, in excess of 80% of our workforce left our Company, including the resignation of members of our senior management. We continue to evaluate strategic partnering opportunities and other external sources of liquidity, including the public and private financial markets and strategic partners. As a result of having insufficient funds, the Company has delayed all of its product development. Failure to obtain adequate financing also will adversely affect the Company's ability to continue in business. If the Company raises additional funds by issuing equity securities, substantial dilution to existing stockholders would likely result. If the Company raises additional funds by incurring debt financing, the terms of the debt may involve significant cash payment obligations, as well as covenants and specific financial ratios that may restrict its ability to operate its business.

The Company continues to pursue other options to raise additional capital to fund its operations; however, there can be no assurance that we can successfully raise additional funds through the capital markets.

As of March 31, 2014, the Company had approximately \$114,000 in cash and cash equivalents and does not anticipate that its anticipated receivables collections will be sufficient to meet its projected operating requirements through December 2014 to continue operations and market trading.

### Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to US GAAP. There have been no significant changes in the Company's significant accounting policies during the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to what was previously disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

### **Revenue Recognition**

The Company manufactures proprietary products and other products based on design specifications provided by its customers. The Company recognizes revenue only when all of the following criteria have been met:

Persuasive Evidence of an Arrangement — The Company documents all terms of an arrangement in a written contract signed by the customer prior to recognizing revenue.

Delivery Has Occurred or Services Have Been Rendered — The Company performs all services or delivers all products prior to recognizing revenue. Professional consulting and engineering services are considered to be performed when the services are complete. Equipment is considered delivered upon delivery to a customer's designated location. In certain instances, the customer elects to take title upon shipment.

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The Fee for the Arrangement is Fixed or Determinable — Prior to recognizing revenue, a customer's fee is either fixed or determinable under the terms of the written contract. Fees for professional consulting services,

• fixed or determinable under the terms of the written contract. Fees for professional consulting services, engineering services and equipment sales are fixed under the terms of the written contract. The customer's fee is negotiated at the outset of the arrangement and is not subject to refund or adjustment during the initial term of the arrangement.

Collectability is Reasonably Assured — The Company determines that collectability is reasonably assured prior to recognizing revenue. Collectability is assessed on a customer-by-customer basis based on criteria outlined by management. New customers are subject to a credit review process which evaluates the customer's financial position and ultimately its ability to pay. The Company does not enter into arrangements unless collectability is reasonably assured at the outset. Existing customers are subject to ongoing credit evaluations based on payment history and other factors. If it is determined during the arrangement that collectability is not reasonably assured, revenue is recognized on a cash basis. Amounts received upfront for engineering or development fees under multiple-element arrangements are deferred and recognized over the period of committed services or performance, if such arrangements require the Company to provide on-going services or performance. All amounts received under collaborative research agreements or research and development contracts are nonrefundable, regardless of the success of the underlying research.

The Company recognizes revenue from milestone payments over the remaining minimum period of performance obligations.

The Company also recognizes engineering and construction contract revenues using the percentage-of-completion method, based primarily on contract costs incurred to date compared with total estimated contract costs. Customer-furnished materials, labor, and equipment, and in certain cases subcontractor materials, labor, and equipment, are included in revenues and cost of revenues when management believes that the company is responsible for the ultimate acceptability of the project. Contracts are segmented between types of services, such as engineering and construction, and accordingly, revenue and gross margin related to each activity is recognized as those separate services are rendered.

Changes to total estimated contract costs or losses, if any, are recognized in the period in which they are determined. Claims against customers are recognized as revenue upon settlement. Revenues recognized in excess of amounts received are classified as current assets. Amounts billed to clients in excess of revenues recognized to date are classified as current liabilities on contracts.

Changes in project performance and conditions, estimated profitability, and final contract settlements may result in future revisions to engineering and development contract costs and revenue.

These accounting policies were applied consistently for all periods presented. Our operating results would be affected if other alternatives were used. Information about the impact on our operating results is included in the footnotes to our financial statements.

Several other factors related to the Company may have a significant impact on our operating results from year to year. For example, the accounting rules governing the timing of revenue recognition related to product contracts are complex and it can be difficult to estimate when we will recognize revenue generated by a given transaction. Factors such as acceptance of services provided, payment terms, creditworthiness of the customer, and timing of delivery or acceptance of our products often cause revenues related to sales generated in one period to be deferred and recognized in later periods. For arrangements in which services revenue is deferred, related direct and incremental costs may also be deferred.

## Deferred Revenues

The Company recognizes revenues as earned. Amounts billed in advance of the period in which service is rendered are recorded as a liability under deferred revenues. When the Company enters into production and development contracts with customers, an evaluation is made to ascertain the specific revenue generating activities of each contract and establishes the units of accounting for each activity. Revenue on these units of accounting is not recognized until a) there is persuasive evidence of the existence of a contract, b) the service has been rendered and delivery has occurred, c) there is a fixed and determinable price, and d) collectability is reasonable assured.

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## Warranty Costs

The Company provides product warranties for specific product lines and accrues for estimated future warranty costs in the period in which revenue is recognized. Our products are generally warranted to be free of defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 12 to 24 months from the date of installation, subject to standard limitations for equipment that has been altered by other than Enova Systems personnel and equipment which has been subject to negligent use. Warranty provisions are based on past experience of product returns, number of units repaired and our historical warranty incidence over the past twenty-four month period. The warranty liability is evaluated on an ongoing basis for adequacy and may be adjusted as additional information regarding expected warranty costs becomes known.

### Stock Based Compensation

We measure the compensation cost for stock-based awards classified as equity at their fair value on the date of grant and recognize compensation expense over the service period for awards expected to vest, net of estimated forfeitures.

### Loss Per Share

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing loss available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted loss per share is computed similar to basic loss per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potential common shares had been issued and if the additional common shares were dilutive. Common equivalent shares are excluded from the computation if their effect is anti-dilutive. The Company's common share equivalents consist of stock options, warrants and preferred stock.

The potential shares, which are excluded from the determination of basic and diluted net loss per share as their effect is anti-dilutive, are as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2014	2013			
Options to purchase common stock	5,210,000	810,000			
Warrants to purchase common stock	11,250,000	11,250,000			
Series A and B preferred shares conversion	83,000	83,000			
Potential equivalent shares excluded	16,543,000	12,143,000			

Accounting Changes and Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Certain accounting standards that have been issued or proposed by the FASB or other standards-setting bodies are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

3.

Inventory

Inventory, consisting of materials, labor and manufacturing overhead, is stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market and consisted of the following at:

	March	n 31, 2014	Deceml	ber 31, 2013
Raw materials	\$	3,098,000	\$	3,098,000
Work-in-process		222,000		222,000
Finished goods		449,000		449,000

Reserve for obsolescence	(3,342,000)	(3,342,000)
	\$ 427,000 \$	427,000

The Company did not have production operations in the three months ended March 31, 2014. Therefore, there was no change the balance of inventory between December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2014. Inventory valuation adjustments and other inventory write-offs amounted to \$11,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2013.

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## 4. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following at:

	March 3	31,	
	2014	Decer	mber 31, 2013
Computers and software	\$	59,000 \$	59,000
Machinery and equipment		251,000	251,000
Furniture and office equipment		86,000	86,000
Demonstration vehicles and buses		127,000	127,000
		523,000	523,000
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(454,000)	(443,000)
Total	\$	69,000 \$	80,000

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$11,000 and \$58,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and within those total expenses, the amortization of leasehold improvements was \$0 and \$22,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013. The Company's headquarters lease expired on January 31, 2013 and the balance of leasehold improvements was decreased to \$0. In addition, an evaluation of fixed assets as of March 31, 2013 identified \$367,000 in obsolete fixed assets which were disposed of or abandoned and a loss on disposal of fixed assets of \$10,000 was recorded in the three months ended March 31, 2014.

#### 5.

#### Other Accrued Liabilities

Other accrued liabilities consisted of the following at:

	]	March 31, 2014	]	December 31, 2013
Accrued inventory received	\$	10,000	\$	10,000
Accrued professional services		219,000		161,000
Accrued warranty		74,000		74,000
Other		43,000		49,000
Total	\$	346,000	\$	294,000

Accrued warranty consisted of the following activities during the three months ended March 31:

	2014	2013
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 74,000	\$ 117,000
Accruals for warranties issued during the period	-	10,000
Warranty claims	-	(34,000)
Balance at end of quarter	\$ 74,000	\$ 93,000

6.

Notes Payable, Long-Term Debt and Other Financing

Notes payable consisted of the following at:

	March 31,		
	2014	Dec	cember 31, 2013
\$	1,238,000	\$	1,238,000

Secured note payable to Credit Managers Association of California, bearing interest at prime plus 3% (6.25% as of March 31, 2014), and is adjusted annually in April through maturity. Principal and unpaid interest due in April 2016. A sinking fund escrow may be funded with 10% of fotometric formation and before directly Approximate				
10% of future equity financing, as defined in the Agreement Secured note payable to Coca Cola Enterprises in the original amount of \$40,000, hearing interact at 10% are supremediately principal and unpaid				
\$40,000, bearing interest at 10% per annum. Principal and unpaid interest due on demand	40,000		40,000	
Less current portion of notes payable	1,278,000 (40,000	)	1,278,000 (40,000	)
Notes payable, net of current portion	\$ 1,238,000	\$	1,238,000	

As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the balance of long term interest payable amounted to \$1,420,000 and \$1,401,000, respectively, of which the Credit Managers Association of California note amounted to \$1,383,000 and \$1,365,000, respectively. Interest expense on notes payable amounted to approximately \$19,000 and \$21,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

In June 2013, the vehicle that secured the note payable due March 10, 2016 was repossessed by the secured lender. The Company was invoiced by the lender for \$8,000 for final settlement, which is included in accounts payable at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. In the fourth quarter of 2013, three vehicles that secured notes due on February 19, 2014, August 25, 2014 and April 9, 2015 were repossessed by the secured lenders. The Company has accrued approximately \$18,000 for final settlements for the three vehicles, which is included in other accrued liabilities at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.

## 7. Deferred Revenues

The Company had deferred \$213,000 in revenue related to a production contract at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013. The Company's management is attempting to obtain funding to complete the order in the second quarter of 2014.

8. Stockholders' Equity

On February 23, 2014, Enova Systems, Inc, entered into Subscription Agreements with various offshore investors to sell approximately GBP 150,000 (approximately US\$249,000) in gross proceeds by a private subscription of 19,999,998 common shares to be newly issued on the Alternative Investment Market of the London Stock Exchange (the "AIM Exchange"). The common shares were issued at a price of 0.0075 pence (approximately US\$0.01per share) to certain eligible offshore investors (the "Subscription"). In connection with the Subscription, Enova entered into an Agreement for the Provision of Receiving Agent Services (the "Agreement") with Daniel Stewart & Company PLC (UK) for receiving agent services. Daniel Stewart presently serves as the Nominated Adviser for the listing of Enova's common shares on the AIM Exchange. The newly issued common shares for the Subscription were issued in three tranches of approximately GBP 50,000 each.

Daniel Stewart received an introducing agent's fee of 10% of the aggregate funds raised pursuant to the subscription in addition to reimbursement of expenses. Factoring in the commission, legal and other expenses of the offering, Enova received approximately US\$223,000 in net proceeds.

The offer and sale of the shares were made pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Among other things, each investor purchasing shares of Enova's common stock in the offering represented that the investor is not a United States person as defined in Regulation S. In addition, neither Enova nor the receiving agent conducted any selling efforts directed at the United States in connection with the offering. All shares of common stock issued in the offering included a restrictive legend indicating that the shares were issued pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act and are deemed to be "restricted securities." As a result, the purchasers of such shares will not be able to resell the shares unless in accordance with Regulation S, pursuant to a registration statement, or upon reliance of an applicable exemption from registration under the Securities Act. The shares to be sold pursuant to the Subscription Agreements were not registered under the Securities Act, and there is no obligation on the part of Enova to so register such shares.

During the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company did not issue any shares of common stock to directors or employees as compensation.

Stock Option Program Description

As of March 31, 2014, the Company had two equity compensation plans, the 1996 Stock Option Plan (the "1996 Plan") and the 2006 equity compensation plan (the "2006 Plan"). The 1996 Plan has expired for the purposes of issuing new grants. However, the 1996 Plan will continue to govern awards previously granted under that plan. The 2006 Plan has been approved by the Company's shareholders. Equity compensation grants are designed to reward employees and executives for their long term contributions to the Company and to provide incentives for them to remain with the Company. The number and frequency of equity compensation grants are based on competitive practices, operating results of the company, and government regulations.

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The maximum number of shares issuable over the term of the 1996 Plan was limited to 65 million shares (without giving effect to subsequent stock splits). Options granted under the 1996 Plan typically have an exercise price of 100% of the fair market value of the underlying stock on the grant date and expire no later than ten years from the grant date. On August 27, 2013, the Board of Directors of Enova Systems approved amendments to Enova's 2006 Equity Compensation Plan (a) to increase the number of shares authorized for issuance from 3,000,000 shares to 9,000,000 shares and (b) to increase the number of shares of common stock that may be issued to an individual in any calendar year from 500,000 shares to 5,000,000 shares. Of the 9,000,000 shares reserved for issuance under the amended 2006 Plan, none were granted in the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 and 3,780,000 shares were available for grant as of March 31, 2014. Options granted under the 2006 Plan have terms of between three and ten years and generally vest and become fully exercisable from one to three years from the date of grant or vest according to the price performance of our shares.

Stock-based compensation expense related to stock options was \$4,000 and \$2,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. As of March 31, 2014, the total compensation cost related to non-vested awards not yet recognized is \$37,000. The remaining period over which the future compensation cost is expected to be recognized is 27 months.

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at March 31, 2014:

	Number of Share	Weigh Avera		Weighted Average Remaining Contractual	Aggregate	
	Options	Exercise	C	Term in Years	Intrinsic Value	
Outstanding at December 31, 2013	5,210,000		0.12	2.72		
Granted	_	\$			_\$	
Exercised	-	\$		· –	_\$	
Forfeited or Cancelled	69,000	\$	1.26	-	_\$	
Outstanding at March 31, 2014	5,141,000	\$	0.10	2.42	\$	
Exercisable at March 31, 2014	632,000	\$	0.67	2.65	\$	
Vested and expected to vest (2)	5,141,000	\$	0.10	2.42	\$	

- (1) Aggregate intrinsic value represents the value of the closing price per share of our common stock on the last trading day of the fiscal period in excess of the exercise price multiplied by the number of options outstanding or exercisable, except for the "Exercised" line, which uses the closing price on the date exercised.
- (2) Number of shares includes options vested and those expected to vest net of estimated forfeitures.

The exercise prices of the options outstanding at March 31, 2014 ranged from \$0.07 to \$4.35. The Company's policy is to issue shares from its authorized shares upon the exercise of stock options.

Unvested share activity for the three months ended March 31, 2014 is summarized below:

		Weighted	
	Unvested	Average	
	Number of	Grant Date Fair Value	
	Options		
Unvested balance at December 31, 2013	4,535,000	\$ 0.02	

Granted	—\$	
Vested	(25,000) \$	0.11
Forfeited	—\$	
Unvested balance at March 31, 2014	4,510,000 \$	0.02

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The fair values of all stock options granted are estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. During the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 no options were granted.

The estimated fair value of grants of stock options to nonemployees of the Company is charged to expense in the financial statements. These options vest in the same manner as the employee options granted under each of the option plans as described above.

## 10. Warrants

In December 2011, the Company completed a private equity placement of 11,250,000 shares of common stock for \$1,245,000 together with warrants to purchase up to 11,250,000 shares of common stock to a group of 17 shareholders (the "Low-Beer Managed Accounts"). The warrants are exercisable for a period of five years and exercisable at a price of \$0.22 per share. The warrants further provide that if, for a twenty consecutive trading day period, the average of the closing price quoted on the OTCQB market is greater than or equal to \$0.44 per share, with at least an average of 10,000 shares traded per day, then, on the 10th calendar day following written notice from the Company, any outstanding warrants will be deemed automatically exercised pursuant to the cashless/net exercise provisions under the warrants.

The following is a summary of changes to outstanding warrants during the quarter ended March 31, 2014:

	Normhan af	Weighted	l Avera	Weighted Average	
	Number of	Average	Remain	nıng	
	Share	Exercise	Contra	Contractual	
	Options	Price	Life	e	
Outstanding at December 31, 2013	111,250,000	\$	0.22	2.75	
Granted	_				