LITHIA MOTORS INC Form 10-Q October 26, 2012

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2012

OR

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 001-14733

LITHIA MOTORS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Oregon 93-0572810

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

150 N. Bartlett Street, Medford, Oregon 97501 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 541-776-6401

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [X] No []

| • | a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting arga accelerated filer. [1] Accelerated filer. [Y] |
|--|--|
| Non-accelerated filer [] (Do not check if a small | |
| Two decelerated ther [] (Do not check if a small | incr reporting company) Smaller reporting company [] |
| Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is Act). Yes $[\]$ No $[X]$ | a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange |
| Indicate the number of shares outstanding of eac date. | h of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable |
| Class A common stock without par value | 22,789,198 |
| Class B common stock without par value | 2,762,261 |
| (Class) | (Outstanding at October 26, 2012) |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. Financial Statements LITHIA MOTORS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands) (Unaudited)

| | September 30, 2012 | December 31, 2011 |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Assets | | |
| Current Assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$19,757 | \$20,851 |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$319 and \$261 | 128,602 | 99,407 |
| Inventories, net | 658,694 | 506,484 |
| Deferred income taxes | 4,532 | 4,730 |
| Other current assets | 11,240 | 16,719 |
| Assets held for sale | 14,671 | - |
| Total Current Assets | 837,496 | 648,191 |
| Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$95,853 and \$99,115 | 397,754 | 373,779 |
| Goodwill | 25,838 | 18,958 |
| Franchise value | 61,972 | 59,095 |
| Deferred income taxes | 23,005 | 29,270 |
| Other non-current assets | | |
| Total Assets | 20,472 \$1,366,537 | 16,840 |
| Total Assets | \$1,300,337 | \$1,146,133 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | |
| Floor plan notes payable | \$14,073 | \$114,760 |
| Floor plan notes payable: non-trade | 489,935 | 229,180 |
| Current maturities of long-term debt | 7,810 | 8,221 |
| Trade payables | 38,973 | 31,712 |
| Accrued liabilities | 81,635 | 72,711 |
| Liabilities related to assets held for sale | 10,065 | - |
| Total Current Liabilities | 642,491 | 456,584 |
| Long-term debt, less current maturities | 261,419 | 278,653 |
| Deferred revenue | 31,857 | 25,146 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 21,286 | 18,629 |
| Total Liabilities | 957,053 | 779,012 |
| Total Elabilities | 751,055 | 777,012 |
| Stockholders' Equity: | | |
| Preferred stock - no par value; authorized 15,000 shares; none outstanding | _ | _ |
| Class A common stock - no par value; authorized 100,000 shares; issued | | |
| and outstanding 22,606 and 22,195 | 266,104 | 279,366 |
| Class B common stock - no par value; authorized 25,000 shares; issued and | 200,101 | 217,500 |
| outstanding 2,912 and 3,762 | 362 | 468 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 11,789 | 10,918 |
| The state of the s | 11,707 | 10,710 |

| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (3,234 |) (4,508) |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Retained earnings | 134,463 | 80,877 |
| Total Stockholders' Equity | 409,484 | 367,121 |
| Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | \$1,366,537 | \$1,146,133 |

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

LITHIA MOTORS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statement of Operations (In thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Month September | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Revenues: | | | | |
| New vehicle | \$496,365 | \$377,860 | \$1,355,463 | \$1,015,872 |
| Used vehicle retail | 230,278 | 184,632 | 632,361 | 512,006 |
| Used vehicle wholesale | 35,419 | 35,597 | 104,663 | 93,800 |
| Finance and insurance | 31,088 | 22,423 | 83,440 | 61,915 |
| Service, body and parts | 90,626 | 84,592 | 262,589 | 236,216 |
| Fleet and other | 4,597 | 10,111 | 28,971 | 30,408 |
| Total revenues | 888,373 | 715,215 | 2,467,487 | 1,950,217 |
| Cost of sales: | | | | |
| New vehicle | 460,754 | 348,495 | 1,255,024 | 936,762 |
| Used vehicle retail | 196,735 | 157,902 | 539,121 | 436,196 |
| Used vehicle wholesale | 35,446 | 35,663 | 103,998 | 93,204 |
| Service, body and parts | 46,866 | 43,478 | 135,545 | 121,173 |
| Fleet and other | 4,348 | 9,442 | 27,933 | 27,927 |
| Total cost of sales | 744,149 | 594,980 | 2,061,621 | 1,615,262 |
| Gross profit | 144,224 | 120,235 | 405,866 | 334,955 |
| Asset impairments | - | - | 115 | 872 |
| Selling, general and administrative | 96,380 | 84,360 | 280,292 | 240,537 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 4,381 | 4,129 | 12,777 | 12,372 |
| Operating income | 43,463 | 31,746 | 112,682 | 81,174 |
| Floor plan interest expense | (3,397 |) (1,977 |) (9,402 |) (7,723) |
| Other interest expense | (2,131 |) (3,067 |) (7,398 |) (9,353) |
| Other income, net | 452 | 213 | 1,771 | 462 |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | 38,387 | 26,915 | 97,653 | 64,560 |
| Income tax provision | (15,048 |) (10,594 |) (37,287 |) (25,244) |
| Income from continuing operations, net of income tax | 23,339 | 16,321 | 60,366 | 39,316 |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income | | | | |
| tax | (96 |) 242 | 164 | 778 |
| Net income | \$23,243 | \$16,563 | \$60,530 | \$40,094 |
| | | | | |
| Basic income per share from continuing operations | \$0.92 | \$0.62 | \$2.35 | \$1.49 |
| Basic income (loss) per share from discontinued operations | (0.01 |) 0.01 | - | 0.03 |
| Basic net income per share | \$0.91 | \$0.63 | \$2.35 | \$1.52 |
| | | | | |
| Shares used in basic per share calculations | 25,469 | 26,189 | 25,730 | 26,324 |
| | | | | |
| Diluted income per share from continuing operations | \$0.90 | \$0.61 | \$2.30 | \$1.47 |
| Diluted income (loss) per share from discontinued | | | | |
| operations | - | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.03 |
| Diluted net income per share | \$0.90 | \$0.62 | \$2.31 | \$1.50 |
| | | | | |

Shares used in diluted per share calculations

25,947

26,654

26,203

26,738

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

LITHIA MOTORS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (In thousands)

(Unaudited)

| | | onths Ended ember 30, | Nine Montl September | | |
|---|----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|---|
| | 2012 | 2012 2011 | | 2011 | |
| Net income | \$23,243 | \$16,563 | \$60,530 | \$40,094 | |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: | | | | | |
| Gain (loss) on cash flow hedges, net of tax expense (benefit) | | | | | |
| of \$301, (\$386), \$791 and (\$101), respectively | 484 | (623 |) 1,274 | (117 |) |
| Comprehensive income | \$23,727 | \$15,940 | \$61,804 | \$39,977 | |

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

LITHIA MOTORS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
(In thousands)
(Unaudited)

| | Nine Months Ended September | | | er |
|---|-----------------------------|---|----------|----|
| | 30, 2012 | | 2011 | |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | 2012 | | 2011 | |
| Net income | \$60,530 | | \$40,094 | |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities: | | | | |
| Asset impairments | 115 | | 872 | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 12,777 | | 12,372 | |
| Depreciation and amortization within discontinued operations | 96 | | 381 | |
| Stock-based compensation | 2,329 | | 1,686 | |
| Gain on disposal of other assets | (775 |) | (134 |) |
| (Gain) loss from disposal activities within discontinued operations | 397 | | (116 |) |
| Deferred income taxes | 6,851 | | 3,325 | |
| Excess tax benefit from share-based payment arrangements | (1,629 |) | (360 |) |
| (Increase) decrease (net of acquisitions and dispositions): | | | | |
| Trade receivables, net | (29,160 |) | (7,177 |) |
| Inventories | (158,186 |) | (53,389 |) |
| Other current assets | 3,169 | | (1,078 |) |
| Other non-current assets | (4,346 |) | (4,079 |) |
| Increase (decrease) (net of acquisitions and dispositions): | | | | |
| Floor plan notes payable | (93,975 |) | (10,637 |) |
| Trade payables | 5,381 | | 3,759 | |
| Accrued liabilities | 10,164 | | 9,890 | |
| Other long-term liabilities and deferred revenue | 9,927 | | 8,018 | |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | (176,335 |) | 3,427 | |
| | | | | |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | |
| Principal payments received on notes receivable | 79 | | 97 | |
| Capital expenditures | (34,966 |) | (22,996 |) |
| Proceeds from sales of assets | 6,025 | | 11,217 | |
| Cash paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired | (31,376 |) | (58,420 |) |
| Payments for life insurance policies | (1,908 |) | (900 |) |
| Proceeds from sales of stores | 2,901 | | 6,517 | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (59,245 |) | (64,485 |) |
| | | | | |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | | | |
| Borrowings on floor plan notes payable: non-trade | 272,760 | | 67,402 | |
| Borrowings on lines of credit | 365,623 | | 38,000 | |
| Repayments on lines of credit | (356,791 |) | (9,000 |) |
| Principal payments on long-term debt, scheduled | (5,889 |) | (6,175 |) |
| Principal payments on long-term debt and capital leases, other | (37,366 |) | (28,679 |) |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | 14,169 | | 22,674 | |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock | 4,600 | | 2,848 | |
| Repurchase of common stock | (20,606 |) | (11,436 |) |

| Excess tax benefit from share-based payment arrangements | 1,629 | 360 |
|--|----------|------------|
| Decrease (Increase) in restricted cash | 3,300 | (3,300) |
| Dividends paid | (6,943 |) (5,006) |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 234,486 | 67,688 |
| | | |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | (1,094 |) 6,630 |
| | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 20,851 | 9,306 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$19,757 | \$15,936 |
| | | |
| | | |
| Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: | | |
| Cash paid during the period for interest | \$17,316 | \$18,485 |
| Cash paid during the period for income taxes, net | 25,814 | 20,210 |
| | | |
| Supplemental schedule of non-cash activities: | | |
| Floor plan debt acquired in connection with acquisitions | - | 18,553 |
| Acquisition of assets with capital leases | 2,609 | - |
| Floor plan debt paid in connection with store disposals | 6,712 | - |
| | | |

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

LITHIA MOTORS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Note 1. Interim Financial Statements

Basis of Presentation

These condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contain unaudited information as of September 30, 2012 and for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2012 and 2011. The unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations for reporting on Form 10-Q. Accordingly, certain disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for annual financial statements are not included herein. In management's opinion, these unaudited financial statements reflect all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the information when read in conjunction with our 2011 audited Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes thereto. The financial information as of December 31, 2011 is derived from our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The interim condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto included in our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications of amounts previously reported have been made to the accompanying consolidated financial statements to maintain consistency and comparability between periods presented. The results of operations of stores classified as discontinued operations have been presented on a comparable basis for all periods presented in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. See also Note 14.

These reclassifications had no impact on previously reported net income.

Note 2. Inventories

The components of inventory consisted of the following (in thousands):

| | September 30, | | De | ecember 31, |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------|----|-------------|
| | | 2012 | | 2011 |
| New vehicles | \$ | 503,915 | \$ | 372,838 |
| Used vehicles | | 125,623 | | 106,622 |
| Parts and accessories | | 29,156 | | 27,024 |
| Total inventories | \$ | 658,694 | \$ | 506,484 |

Note 3. Goodwill

The changes in the carrying amounts of goodwill are as follows (in thousands):

| | Goodwill |
|---|---------------|
| Balance as of December, 31, 2010, gross | \$ 305,452 |
| Accumulated impairment loss | (299,266) |
| Balance as of December 31, 2010, net | 6,186 |
| Additions through acquisitions | 12,869 |
| Goodwill allocated to dispositions | (97) |
| Balance as of December 31, 2011, net | 18,958 |
| Additions through acquisitions | 7,161 |
| Goodwill allocated to dispositions | (281) |

Balance as of September 30, 2012, net

\$ 25,838

Note 4. Credit Facility

We have a \$650 million credit facility with a syndicate of 10 financial institutions, including four manufacturer-affiliated finance companies. This credit facility provides a \$500 million new vehicle floor plan commitment, \$100 million in used vehicle inventory financing and a \$50 million revolving line of credit for general corporate use including working capital and acquisitions. We have the ability to expand the credit facility to \$800 million total availability upon credit approval. The credit facility expires on April 16, 2017. All borrowings from, and repayments to, our syndicated lending group are presented in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows as financing activities. The interest rate on the credit facility varies based on the type of debt with the rate ranging from the 1-month LIBOR plus 1.50% to the 1-month LIBOR plus 2.50%. Our financial covenants related to this credit facility include maintaining a current ratio of not less than 1.20x, a fixed charge coverage ratio of not less than 1.20x, a leverage ratio of not more than 5.0x and a funded debt restriction that limits the amount of other debt we may have outstanding to \$375 million.

As of September 30, 2012, \$489.9 million was outstanding on our new vehicle floor plan commitment, \$77.9 million was outstanding on our used vehicle inventory financing facility and \$17.9 million was outstanding on our revolving line of credit. An additional \$10.1 million of outstanding floor plan notes payable was classified as liabilities related to assets held for sale. See also Note 14.

Note 5. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

We are party to numerous legal proceedings arising in the normal course of our business. Although we do not anticipate that the resolution of legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business or the proceedings described below will have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows, we cannot predict this with certainty.

Text Messaging Claims

In April 2011, a third party vendor assisted us in promoting a targeted "0% financing on used vehicles" advertising campaign during a limited sale period. The marketing included sending a "Short Message Service" communication to cell phones (a "text message") of our previous customers. The message was sent to over 50,000 cell phones in 14 states. The message indicated that the recipients could "Opt-Out" of receiving any further messages by replying "STOP," but, due to a technical error, some recipients who responded requesting to be unsubscribed nonetheless may have received a follow-on message.

On April 21, 2011, a Complaint for Damages, Injunctive and Declaratory Relief was filed against us (Kevin McClintic vs. Lithia Motors, 11-2-14632-4 SEA, Superior Court of the State of Washington for King County) alleging the text messaging activity violated State of Washington anti-texting and consumer protection laws and the federal Telephone Consumer Protection Act, and seeking statutory damages of \$500 for each violation, trebled, plus injunctive relief and attorney fees. The suit seeks class action designation for all similarly situated entities and individuals. The suit was removed to the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington at Seattle.

On July 5, 2011, we participated in a mediation of the McClintic case and subsequently entered into a settlement agreement with the plaintiffs, which was subject to final court approval. Under this settlement agreement, we agreed to pay a total of \$2.5 million, all of which such amounts will be reimbursed by the vendor pursuant to contractual indemnification. These amounts were recorded as a component of other current assets and accrued liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2012. On October 11, 2012, the court approved the settlement.

On July 5, 2011, a complaint was filed alleging nearly identical claims, also seeking class action designation (Dan McLaren vs. Lithia Motors, Civil # 11-810, United States District Court of Oregon, Portland Division). Subsequently,

the complaint was amended to include claims against the vendor. The class representative in the McLaren case attempted to intervene in the McClintic case. This intervention motion was denied on October 19, 2011. The McLaren case was dismissed by the court with prejudice as to Lithia Motors on September 5, 2012.

Alaska Consumer Protection Act Claims

In December 2006, a suit was filed against us (Jackie Neese, et al vs. Lithia Chrysler Jeep of Anchorage, Inc, et al, Case No. 3AN-06-13341 CI, and in April, 2007, a second case (Jackie Neese, et al vs. Lithia Chrysler Jeep of Anchorage, Inc, et al, Case No. 3AN-06-4815 CI) (now consolidated)), in the Superior Court for the State of Alaska, Third Judicial District at Anchorage. In the suits, plaintiffs alleged that we, through our Alaska dealerships, engaged in three practices that purportedly violate Alaska consumer protection laws: (i) charging customers dealer fees and costs (including document preparation fees) not disclosed in the advertised price, (ii) failing to disclose the acquisition, mechanical and accident history of used vehicles or whether the vehicles were originally manufactured for sale in a foreign country, and (iii) engaging in deception, misrepresentation and fraud by providing to customers financing from third parties without disclosing that we receive a fee or discount for placing that loan (a "dealer reserve"). The suit seeks statutory damages of \$500 for each violation (or three times plaintiff's actual damages, whichever is greater), and attorney fees and costs and the plaintiffs sought class action certification. Before and during the pendency of these suits, we engaged in settlement discussions with the State of Alaska through its Office of Attorney General with respect to the first two practices enumerated above. As a result of those discussions, we entered into a Consent Judgment subject to court approval and permitted potential class members to "opt-out" of the proposed settlement. Counsel for the plaintiffs attempted to intervene and, after various motions, hearings and an appeal to the state Court of Appeals, the Consent Judgment became final.

Plaintiffs then filed a motion in November 2010 seeking certification of a class (i) for the 339 customers who "opted-out" of the state settlement, (ii) for those customers who did not qualify for recovery under the Consent Judgment but were allegedly eligible for recovery under the plaintiffs' broader interpretation of the applicable statutes, and (iii) arguing that since the State's suit against our dealerships did not address the loan fee/discount (dealer reserve) claim, for those customers who arranged their vehicle financing through us. On June 14, 2011, the Trial Court granted plaintiffs' motion to certify a class without addressing either the merits of the claims or the size of the classes. Discovery in this case is ongoing. We intend to defend the claims vigorously and do not believe the novel "dealer reserve" claim has merit.

Note 6. Stockholders' Equity

Share Repurchases

In August 2011, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to 2,000,000 shares of our Class A common stock. On July 20, 2012, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of 1,000,000 additional shares of our Class A common stock. We did not repurchase any shares of our Class A common stock during the third quarter of 2012. Through September 30, 2012, we have repurchased 1,120,147 shares, of which 823,092 were purchased in 2012 at an average price of \$24.17 per share. At September 30, 2012, 1,879,853 shares remained available for repurchase. This plan does not have an expiration date and we may continue to repurchase shares from time to time as conditions warrant.

Dividends

Dividends declared and paid on our Class A and Class B common stock during the first three quarters of 2012 were as follows:

| | Dividend | | al amount of |
|-------------------|------------|----|--------------|
| | amount per | d | ividend (in |
| Quarter declared: | share | t | housands) |
| First quarter | \$ 0.07 | \$ | 1,815 |
| Second quarter | 0.10 | | 2,583 |
| Third quarter | 0.10 | | 2,545 |

See Note 17 for a discussion of a dividend related to our third quarter 2012 financial results.

Note 7. Asset Impairment Charges

Long-lived assets classified as held and used are reviewed for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. An estimate of future undiscounted net cash flows associated with the long-lived assets is used to determine if the carrying value of the assets is recoverable. An impairment charge is recorded if the asset is determined to not be recoverable and the carrying value of the asset exceeds its fair value.

Triggering events were determined to have occurred related to certain properties due to changes in the expected future use. We evaluated the future undiscounted net cash flows for each property and determined the carrying value was not recoverable. We concluded the carrying value of the assets exceeded the fair value. As a result, asset impairments were recorded as a component of continuing operations as follows (in thousands):

| | Three Mo | onths Ended | Nine Mo | onths Ended |
|-------------------|----------|-------------|---------|-------------|
| | Septer | mber 30, | Septe | ember 30, |
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Long-lived assets | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 115 | \$ 872 |

Note 8. Stock-Based Compensation

In the first quarter of 2012, we granted 168,000 restricted stock units ("RSUs"), subject to performance measures discussed below, to certain employees. Each grant entitles the holder to receive shares of our Class A common stock upon vesting. A quarter of the RSUs vest on each of the second and third anniversaries of the grant date and the remaining RSUs vest on the fourth anniversary of the grant date.

Our executives and other key employees received 89,000 of the 168,000 RSUs granted based on attaining a target level of earnings per share for 2012. The RSUs are subject to forfeiture, in whole or in part, based upon minimum performance measures and continuation of employment. If minimum performance measures are met, the number of RSUs received under these grants is subject to attainment of specific earnings per share thresholds. Each earnings per share threshold specifies an attainment level ranging from 75% to 150% of the base number of units identified in the grant. At the 150% maximum attainment level, the number of RSUs would increase by 44,500 for a total award of 133,500 RSUs. Failure to achieve the minimum performance threshold in 2012 will result in forfeiture of the entire grant. The final attainment will be calculated using the 2012 adjusted net income per share from continuing operations with the attainment percentage determined on a pro-rata basis ranging between 75% and 150%.

We estimated compensation expense, based on a fair value methodology, of \$4.2 million related to the RSUs, which is being recognized over the vesting period. Of this amount, approximately \$0.9 million is expected to be recognized in 2012.

In the second quarter of 2012, we granted RSUs covering 12,870 shares of our Class A common stock to members of our Board of Directors. These awards vest 25% on the first day of each month following our quarterly board meetings. We estimated compensation expense, based on a fair value methodology, of \$0.4 million related to these RSUs, which is being recognized over the vesting period. Of this amount, approximately \$0.3 million is expected to be recognized in 2012.

Note 9. Deferred Compensation and Long-term Incentive Plan

We offer a deferred compensation and long-term incentive plan (the "Plan") to provide certain employees the ability to accumulate assets for retirement on a tax deferred basis. We may make discretionary contributions to the Plan. Discretionary contributions vest between one and seven years based on the employee's age and position. Additionally, participants may defer a portion of their compensation and are fully vested in their respective deferrals.

In March 2012, we made a discretionary contribution of \$1.9 million to the Plan. Participants will receive a guaranteed return of 5.9% in 2012. We recognized compensation expense related to the Plan of \$0.3 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and \$0.3 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011.

Note 10. Fair Value Measurements

Factors used in determining the fair value of our financial assets and liabilities are summarized into three broad categories:

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical securities;
- Level 2 other significant observable inputs, including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment spreads and credit risk; and
 - Level 3 significant unobservable inputs, including our own assumptions in determining fair value.

The inputs or methodology used for valuing financial assets and liabilities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in them.

We use the income approach to determine the fair value of our interest rate swaps using observable Level 2 market expectations at each measurement date and an income approach to convert estimated future cash flows to a single present value amount (discounted) assuming that participants are motivated, but not compelled, to transact. Level 2 inputs for the swap valuations are limited to quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets (specifically futures contracts on LIBOR for the first two years) and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (specifically LIBOR cash and swap rates and credit risk at commonly quoted intervals). Mid-market pricing is used as a practical expedient for fair value measurements. Key inputs, including the cash rates for very short term borrowings, futures rates for up to two years and LIBOR swap rates beyond the derivative maturity are used to predict future reset rates to discount those future cash flows to present value at the measurement date.

Inputs are collected from Bloomberg on the last market day of the period. The same methodology is used to determine the rate used to discount the future cash flows. The valuation of the interest rate swaps also takes into consideration our own, as well as the counterparty's, risk of non-performance under the contract. See Note 11 for more details regarding our derivative contracts.

We estimate the fair value of our assets held for sale based on a market valuation approach, which uses prices and other relevant information generated primarily by recent market transactions involving similar or comparable assets or liabilities, as well as our historical experience in divestitures, acquisitions and real estate transactions. When available, we use inputs from independent valuation experts, such as brokers and real estate appraisers, to corroborate our internal estimates. Because these valuations contain unobservable inputs, we classified the assets held for sale and liabilities related to assets held for sale as Level 3.

We estimate the value of long-lived assets that are recorded at fair value based on a market valuation approach. We use prices and other relevant information generated primarily by recent market transactions involving similar or comparable assets, as well as our historical experience in divestitures, acquisitions and real estate transactions. Additionally, we may use a cost valuation approach to value long-lived assets when a market valuation approach is unavailable. Under this approach, we determine the cost to replace the service capacity of an asset, adjusted for physical and economic obsolescence. When available, we use valuation inputs from independent valuation experts, such as real estate appraisers and brokers, to corroborate our estimates of fair value. Real estate appraisers' and brokers' valuations are typically developed using one or more valuation techniques including market, income and replacement cost approaches. As these valuations contain unobservable inputs, we classified the measurement of fair value of long-lived assets as Level 3.

There were no changes to our valuation techniques during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2012.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value

Following are the disclosures related to our assets and (liabilities) that are measured at fair value (in thousands):

| Fair Value at September 30, 2012 | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|------------------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| Measured on a recurring basis: | | | |
| Derivative contracts, net | \$ - | \$ (5,643 |) \$ - |
| | | | |
| Measured on a non-recurring basis: | | | |
| Assets held for sale | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 14,671 |
| | | | |
| Fair Value at December 31, 2011 | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Measured on a recurring basis: | | | |
| Derivative contracts, net | \$ - | \$ (7,530 |) \$ - |
| | | | |
| Measured on a non-recurring basis: | | | |
| Long-lived assets held and used: | | | |
| Certain buildings and improvements | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 2,500 |

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, we recognized an unrealized loss of \$0.4 million as a component of discontinued operations associated with our asset group classified as held for sale. We had no amounts recorded as assets held for sale as of December 31, 2011. See also Note 14.

Fair Value Disclosures for Financial Assets and Liabilities

We determined the carrying value of cash equivalents, accounts receivables, trade payables, accrued liabilities and short-term borrowings approximate their fair values because of the short term nature and current market rates of these instruments. We believe the carrying value of our variable rate debt approximates fair value.

We have fixed rate debt and calculate the estimated fair value of our fixed rate debt using a discounted cash flow methodology. Using estimated current interest rates based on a similar risk profile and duration (Level 2), the fixed cash flows are discounted and summed to compute the fair value of the debt. As of September 30, 2012, this debt had maturity dates between November 2016 and May 2031. A summary of the aggregate carrying values and fair values of our long-term fixed interest rate debt is as follows (in thousands):

| | Se | ptember 30, | De | cember 31, |
|----------------|----|-------------|----|------------|
| | | 2012 | | 2011 |
| Carrying value | \$ | 103,684 | \$ | 64,463 |

Fair value 108,702 73,551

Note 11. Derivative Instruments

We enter into interest rate swaps to manage the variability of our interest rate exposure, thus fixing a portion of our interest expense in a rising or falling rate environment. We do not enter into derivative instruments for any purpose other than to manage interest rate exposure to fluctuations in the one-month LIBOR benchmark. That is, we do not engage in interest rate speculation using derivative instruments.

Typically, we designate all interest rate swaps as cash flow hedges and, accordingly, we record the change in fair value for the effective portion of these interest rate swaps in comprehensive income rather than net income until the underlying hedged transaction affects net income. If a swap is no longer designated as a cash flow hedge and the forecasted transaction remains probable or reasonably possible of occurring, the gain or loss recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) is recognized in income as the forecasted transaction occurs. If the forecasted transaction is probable of not occurring, the gain or loss recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss is recognized in income immediately.

At September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the net fair value of all of our agreements totaled a loss of \$5.6 million and \$7.5 million, respectively, which was recorded on our Consolidated Balance Sheets as a component of accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities. The estimated amount expected to be reclassified into earnings within the next twelve months was \$2.7 million at September 30, 2012.

As of September 30, 2012, we had outstanding the following interest rate swaps with U.S. Bank Dealer Commercial Services:

- •\$25 million interest rate swap at a fixed rate of 4.495% per annum, variable rate adjusted on the 26th of each month, matures January 25, 2013;
- •\$25 million interest rate swap at a fixed rate of 3.495% per annum, variable rate adjusted on the 1st and 16th of each month, matures April 30, 2013;
- •\$25 million interest rate swap at a fixed rate of 3.495% per annum, variable rate adjusted on the 1st and 16th of each month, matures April 30, 2013 and
- •\$25 million interest rate swap at a fixed rate of 5.587% per annum, variable rate adjusted on the 1st and 16th of each month, matures June 15, 2016.

We receive interest on all of the interest rate swaps at the one-month LIBOR rate. The one-month LIBOR rate at September 30, 2012 was 0.23% per annum, as reported in the Wall Street Journal.

At September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the fair value of our derivative instruments was included in our Consolidated Balance Sheets as follows (in thousands):

| Balance Sheet Information | Fair Value of Liability Derivatives | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| | Location in Balance | Se | eptember 30, | | | |
| | Sheet | | 2012 | | | |
| Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments | | | | | | |
| Interest Rate Swap Contracts | Accrued liabilities | \$ | 2,520 | | | |
| | Other long-term liabilities | | 3,123 | | | |
| | | \$ | 5,643 | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Balance Sheet Information | Fair Value of Liability | Derivatives | S | | | |
| | Location in Balance | D | ecember 31, | | | |
| | Sheet | | 2011 | | | |
| Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments | | | | | | |
| Interest Rate Swap Contracts | Accrued liabilities | \$ | 3,522 | | | |
| | Other long-term liabilities | | 4,008 | | | |
| | Outer long-term natimites | | 1,000 | | | |
| | Other long-term natimities | \$ | 7,530 | | | |

The effect of derivative instruments on our Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 was as follows (in thousands):

| Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Accumulated OCI (Effective Portion) | Location of Loss Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion) | Amount of Loss Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion) | Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative (Ineffective Portion and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing) | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative (Ineffective Portion and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing) |
|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| Three Months Ended September 30, 2012 | | | | | |
| Interest Rate Swap Contracts | \$476 | Floor plan interest expense | \$(309 | Floor plan) interest expense | \$(788) |
| Three Months Ended | | | | | |
| September 30, 2011 Interest Rate Swap Contracts | \$(1,544) | Floor plan interest expense | \$(535 | Floor plan) interest expense | \$271 |
| | | | Amount of Loss | Location of Loss Recognized in | Amount of Loss Recognized in Income on |
| Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Accumulated OCI (Effective Portion) | Location of Loss Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion) | Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion) | Income on Derivative (Ineffective Portion and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing) | Derivative (Ineffective |
| Flow Hedging Relationships Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012 | Gain (Loss) Recognized in Accumulated OCI (Effective | Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion) | from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective | Derivative (Ineffective Portion and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing) | Derivative (Ineffective Portion and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness |
| Flow Hedging Relationships Nine Months Ended | Gain (Loss) Recognized in Accumulated OCI (Effective | Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income | from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective | Derivative (Ineffective Portion and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness | Derivative (Ineffective Portion and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness |
| Flow Hedging Relationships Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012 Interest Rate Swap | Gain (Loss) Recognized in Accumulated OCI (Effective Portion) | Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion) | from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion) | Derivative (Ineffective Portion and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing) | Derivative (Ineffective Portion and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing) |

See also Note 10.

Note 12. Related Party Transactions

On March 27, 2012, we completed the sale of an 80% interest in our Nissan, Volkswagen and BMW stores in Medford, Oregon to Dick Heimann, a director and our Vice Chairman. We received proceeds of \$9.6 million, of which \$2.9 million was received in cash and \$6.7 million was received through the payoff of floor plan financing. The sale of the 80% interest in the stores resulted in a gain of \$0.7 million and was recorded as a component of selling, general and administrative expense on our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The Nissan and Volkswagen stores were purchased for the book value of the inventory as defined by the original terms of an option agreement provided to Mr. Heimann in 2009. The price of the intangible assets of \$1.2 million was based on the fair value of the intangible assets related to the BMW store. We corroborated the fair value of the BMW store's intangible assets with independent third party broker opinions and financial projections using a fair value income approach.

When we sold the three stores, we entered into a shared service agreement with the stores. This agreement allows the stores to lease our employees, use the Lithia name, utilize accounting support functions and receive consulting services. The services provided and the costs of the services are structured the same as the shared services provide to our wholly owned stores.

We retained a 20% interest in the stores as of the transaction date. We determined that we are not the primary beneficiary of the stores and the risk and rewards associated with our investment are based on ownership percentages. As a result, the stores do not qualify for consolidation and our 20% interest is accounted for under the equity method. We determined we maintained significant influence over the operations. We recorded the equity investment at fair value of \$0.8 million as of the transaction date that resulted in a gain of \$0.2 million. The gain was recorded as a component of other income on our Consolidated Statements of Operations. We determined the fair value of our equity investment based on independent third party broker opinions and financial projections using a fair value income approach.

As of September 30, 2012, our equity investment increased by \$0.2 million to \$1.0 million and was recorded as a component of other non-current assets in our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Note 13. Acquisitions

We completed the following acquisitions in the first nine months of 2012:

- •On April 30, 2012, we acquired the inventory, equipment and intangible assets and assumed certain liabilities of Bellingham Chevrolet and Cadillac in Bellingham, Washington from Jerry Chambers Chevrolet.
- •On June 12, 2012, we acquired the inventory, equipment and intangible assets and assumed certain liabilities of Fairbanks GMC Buick from Gene's GMC, LLC.
- •On August 27, 2012, we acquired the inventory, equipment and intangible assets and assumed certain liabilities of Killeen Chevrolet in Killeen, Texas from Connell Chevrolet, Inc.

These acquisitions contributed revenues of \$12.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

The following unaudited pro forma summary presents consolidated information as if the above acquisitions had occurred on January 1, 2011 (in thousands, except for per share amounts):

| Three Months Ended September 30, | | 2012 | 2011 |
|---|----|-----------|-----------------|
| Revenue | \$ | 895,813 | \$ 734,638 |
| Income from continuing operations, net of tax | | 23,492 | 16,542 |
| Basic income per share from continuing operations, net of tax | | 0.92 | 0.63 |
| Diluted income per share from continuing operations, net of tax | | 0.91 | 0.62 |
| | | | |
| Nine Months Ended September 30, | | 2012 | 2011 |
| Revenue | \$ | 2,512,479 | \$ 2,003,178 |
| Income from continuing operations, net of tax | | 60,987 | 39,848 |
| Basic income per share from continuing operations, net of tax | | 2.37 | 1.51 |
| Diluted income per share from continuing operations, net of tax | | 2.33 | 1.49 |

These amounts have been calculated by estimating and applying our accounting policies. The results of these stores have been adjusted to reflect depreciation on a straight-line basis over our expected lives for property, plant and equipment; accounting for inventory on a specific identification method; and recognition of interest expense for real estate financing related to stores where we purchased the facility. No nonrecurring pro forma adjustments directly attributable to these business combinations are included in the reported pro forma revenues and earnings.

The above acquisitions were all accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting. No portion of the purchase price was paid with our equity securities. The following table summarizes the consideration paid for acquisitions and the amount of identified assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date (in thousands):

| | Co | onsideration | n |
|---------------------------------|-----|--------------|----|
| Cash paid, net of cash acquired | \$ | 31,376 | |
| | | | |
| | Ass | ets Acquire | ed |
| | an | d Liabilitie | S |
| | | Assumed | |
| Inventories | \$ | 15,648 | |
| Franchise value | | 2,877 | |
| Property, plant and equipment | | 8,484 | |
| Other assets | | 94 | |
| Capital lease obligations | | (2,609 |) |
| Other liabilities | | (279 |) |
| | | 24,215 | |
| Goodwill | | 7,161 | |
| | \$ | 31,376 | |

We account for franchise value as an indefinite-lived intangible asset. We expect the full amount of the goodwill recognized to be deductible for tax purposes.

Note 14. Discontinued Operations

We classify a store as discontinued operations if the location has been sold, we have ceased operations at that location or if management has committed to a plan to dispose of the store. Additionally, the store must meet the criteria as required by U.S. generally accepted accounting standards:

- our management team, possessing the necessary authority, commits to a plan to sell the store;
 - the store is available for immediate sale in its present condition;
- an active program to locate buyers and other actions that are required to sell the store are initiated;
 - a market for the store exists and we believe its sale is likely within one year;
- active marketing of the store commences at a price that is reasonable in relation to the estimated fair market value; and
- our management team believes it is unlikely changes will be made to the plan or the plan to dispose of the store will be withdrawn.

We reclassify the store's operations to discontinued operations in our Consolidated Statements of Operations, on a comparable basis for all periods presented, provided we do not expect to have any significant continuing involvement in the store's operations after its disposal.

In September 2012, we determined that two of our stores met the criteria for classification of the assets and related liabilities as held for sale. Additionally, the historical operating results for the stores were classified as discontinued operations. In 2011, we sold three stores: a Chrysler Jeep Dodge FIAT store in Concord, California; a Volkswagen store in Thornton, Colorado; and a GMC Buick and Kia store in Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Interest expense is allocated to stores classified as discontinued operations for actual flooring interest expense directly related to the new vehicles in the stores. Interest expense related to our used vehicle inventory financing and revolving line of credit is allocated based on the working capital level of each store.

Certain financial information related to discontinued operations was as follows (in thousands):

| | | Montl ptemb | | | | Montl ptemb | | |
|---|--------------|----------------|--------------|----|--------|----------------|--------------|---|
| | 2012 | | 2011 | | 2012 | | 2011 | |
| Revenue | \$ 14,562 | | \$ 28,800 | \$ | 41,465 | | \$ 89,423 | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Pre-tax gain from discontinued operations | \$ 256 | | \$ 227 | \$ | 672 | | \$ 1,153 | |
| Gain (loss) on disposal activities | (397 |) | 169 | | (397 |) | 116 | |
| | (141 |) | 396 | | 275 | | 1,269 | |
| Income tax benefit (expense) | 45 | | (154 |) | (111 |) | (491 |) |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, | | | | | | | | |
| net of income tax benefit (expense) | \$ (96 |) | \$ 242 | \$ | 164 | | \$ 778 | |
| Cash generated from disposal activities | \$ - | | \$ 6,105 | \$ | 2,901 | | \$ 6,517 | |
| Floor plan debt paid in connection with | | | | | | | | |
| disposal activities | \$ - | | \$ - | \$ | 6,712 | | \$ - | |

The gain (loss) on disposal activities included the following (in thousands):

| | | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|---|------|----|------|---|---------|--|--|--|--|
| | | 2012 | | 2011 | | 2012 | | 2011 | | | | |
| Goodwill | \$ | (50 |) | \$ - | \$ | (50 |) | \$ - | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | | (347 |) | - | | (347 |) | - | | | | |
| Other | | _ | | 169 | | | | | | | | |