WELLS FARGO & CO/MN Form SC 13G/A April 11, 2011

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 13G

Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Amendment No. 1)

(Name of Issuer) COM (Title of Class of Securities) 242309102 (CUSIP Number) March 31, 2011

(Date of Event Which Requires Filing of this Statement)

Check the appropriate box to designate the rule pursuant to which this Schedule is filed:

[X] Rule 13d-1(b)

[] Rule 13d-1(c)

[] Rule 13d-1(d)

The remainder of this cover page shall be filled out for a reporting person's initial filing on this form with respect to the subject class of securities, and for any subsequent amendment containing information which would alter the disclosures provided in a prior cover page.

The information required in the remainder of this cover page shall not be deemed to be 'filed' for the purpose of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ('Act') or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section of the Act but shall be subject to all other provisions of the Act (however, see the Notes).

CUSIP No. 242309102

Person 1	1.	(a) Names of Reporting Persons.Wells Fargo & Company(b) Tax ID 41-0449260						
	2.	Check the Appropriate Box if a Member of a Group (See Instructions) (a) [] (b) []						
3. SEC Use Only								
	4. Citizenship or Place of Organization Delaware							
Number of Shares		5. Sole Voting Power 1,363,116						
Beneficially Owned by Each Reportin	ıg	6. Shared Voting Power 0						
Person With		7. Sole Dispositive Power 1,852,275						
		8. Shared Dispositive Power 9,144						
	9.	Aggregate Amount Beneficially Owned by Each Reporting Person 1,999,518						
	10.	Check if the Aggregate Amount in Row (9) Excludes Certain Shares (See Instructions)						

	1	1. Percent of Class Represented by Amount in Row (9) 4.89 %
	1	2. Type of Reporting Person (See Instructions)
НС		
Item 1	•	
(a)	Name of DEALEI	Issuer RTRACK HLDGS INC
(b)	Address	of Issuer's Principal Executive Offices
	1111 Ma	arcus Avenue, Suite M04, Lake Success, NY 11042
Item 2	•	
(a)		Person Filing argo & Company
(b)		of Principal Business Office or, if none, Residence atgomery Street, San Francisco, CA 94104
(c)	Citizensl Delawar	•
(d)	Title of COM	Class of Securities
(e)	CUSIP N 2423091	
Item 3.	If this s filing is	tatement is filed pursuant to 240.13d-1(b) or 240.13d-2(b) or (c), check whether the person a:
(a)	[] Br	roker or dealer registered under section 15 of the Act (15 U.S.C. 78c)
(b)	[] Ba	ank as defined in section 3(a)(6) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 78c).
(c)	[] In	surance company as defined in section 3(a)(19) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 78c).
(d)		vestment company registered under section 8 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 5 U.S.C 80a-8).
(e)	[] Aı	n investment adviser in accordance with 240.13d-1(b)(1)(ii)(E);
(f)	[] Aı	n employee benefit plan or endowment fund in accordance with 240.13d-1(b)(1)(ii)(F);

(g)	[X]	A parent holding company or control person in accordance with 240.13d-1(b)(1)(ii)(G);
(h)	[]	A savings associations as defined in Section 3(b) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813);
(i)	[]	A church plan that is excluded from the definition of an investment company under section 3(c)(14) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-3);
(j)	[]	A non-U.S.institution in accordance with 240.13d-1(b)(1)(ii)(J);
(k)	[]	Group, in accordance with 240.13d-1(b)(1)(ii)(K).
		If filing as a non-U.S.institution in accordance with 240.13d-1(b)(1)(ii)(J), please specify the type of institution:

Item 4. Ownership.

Provide the following information regarding the aggregate number and percentage of the class of securities of the issuer identified in Item 1.

- (a) Amount beneficially owned: 1,999,518
- (b) Percent of class: 4.89%
- (c) Number of shares as to which the person has:
 - (i) Sole power to vote or to direct the vote 1,363,116
 - (ii) Shared power to vote or to direct the vote 0
 - (iii) Sole power to dispose or to direct the disposition of 1,852,275
 - (iv) Shared power to dispose or to direct the disposition of 9,144

Item 5.

Ownership of Five Percent or Less of a Class

If this statement is being filed to report the fact that as of the date hereof the reporting person has ceased to be the beneficial owner of more than five percent of the class of securities, check the following.[X].

Item 6. Ownership of More than Five Percent on Behalf of Another Person.

Not applicable

Item 7. Identification and Classification of the Subsidiary Which

Acquired the Security Being Reported on By the Parent Holding

Company or Control Person.

See Exhibit B

Item 8. Identification and Classification of Members of the Group

Not applicable.

Item 9. Notice of Dissolution of Group

Not applicable.

Item 10. Certification

By signing below I certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the securities referred to above were acquired and are held in the ordinary course of business and were not acquired and are not held for the purpose of or with the effect of changing or influencing the control of the issuer of the securities and were not acquired and are not held in connection with or as a participant in any transaction having that purpose or effect.

SIGNATURE

After reasonable inquiry and to the best of my knowledge and belief, I certify that the information set forth in this statement is true, complete and correct.

April 8, 2011

Date

/s/ Jane E. Washington

Signature

Jane E. Washington, VP Trust Operations

Name/Title

Exhibit A

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This Schedule 13G is filed by Wells Fargo & Company on its own behalf and on behalf of any subsidiaries listed in Exhibit B. Aggregate beneficial ownership reported by Wells Fargo & Company under Item 9 on page 2 is on a consolidated basis and includes any beneficial ownership separately reported herein by a subsidiary.

Exhibit B

The Schedule 13G to which this attachment is appended is filed by Wells Fargo & Company on behalf of the following subsidiaries:

Metropolitan West Capital Management, LLC. (1)

Lowry Hill Investment Advisors Inc. (1)

Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (2)

Wells Capital Management Incorporated (1)

Wells Fargo Funds Management, LLC (1)

(1) Classified as a registered investment advisor in accordance with Regulation 13d-1(b)(1)(ii)(E). (2) Classified as a bank in accordance with Regulation 13d-1(b)(1)(ii)(B).

Attention: Intentional misstatements or omissions of fact constitute Federal criminal violations (See 18 U.S.C. 1001)

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Expenses

Property operating	
	17,916
	15,995
	34,921
	30,760
General and administrative	
	4,907
	4,077
	9,184
	8,158
Depreciation and amortization	
	15,539
	13,593
	34,026
	29,543
Total expenses	
	38,362
	33,665
	78,131
	68,461
Operating income	
	17,150
	16,863
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	30,622
	30,265
Interest expense	
	10,072
	9,890
	20,128
	19,924
Income before equity in earnings of	
unconsolidated joint ventures, minority	
interest and discontinued operations	
	7,078
	6,973
	10,494
	10,341
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated	
joint ventures	
	334
	285
	569
	432
Minority interest in operating partnership	
)	(987
	(969
)	(50)
)	(1,357
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)	(1,350
Income from continuing operations	
	6,425
	6,289
	9,706
	9,423
Discontinued operations, net of	
minority interest	
	11,713
Net income	
	6,425
	6,289
	9,706
	21,136
Preferred share dividends	
)	(1,407
)	(1,406
)	(2,813
)	(2,013
)	(2,621
Net income available to common	

shareholders \$ 5,018 4,883 6,893 \$ 18,515 Basic earnings per common share Income from continuing operations \$.16 \$.16 \$.22 \$.22 Net income \$.16 \$.16 \$.22 \$.61 Diluted earnings per common share Income from continuing operations \$

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.16

.16

	\$.22
	\$.22
Net income	\$.16
	\$.16
	\$.22
	\$.60
Dividends paid per common share	\$.3600
	\$.3400
	\$.7000
	\$.6625
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.	
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TANGER FACTORY OUTLET CENTERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30		
	2007	2006	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income	\$ 9,706	\$ 21,136	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	Ψ 2,700	Ψ 21,130	
provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization (including discontinued			
operations)	34,026	29,659	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	835	596	
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures	(569)	(432)	
Operating partnership minority interest	(00)	(10-)	
(including discontinued operations)	1,357	3,678	
Compensation expense related to restricted shares	-,	2,2.2	
and options granted	1,889	1,141	
Amortization of debt premiums and discount, net	(1,274)	(1,236)	
Gain on sales of outparcels		(225)	
Gain on sales of real estate		(13,833)	
Distributions received from unconsolidated joint ventures	1,250	1,250	
Net accretion of market rent rate adjustment	(600)	(806)	
Straight-line base rent adjustment	(1,553)	(1,065)	
Increase (decrease) due to changes in:	() /	())	
Other assets	(6,697)	(1,663)	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	4,491	(1,546)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	42,861	36,654	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	,	,	
Additions to rental property	(29,316)	(37,361)	
Additions to investments in unconsolidated joint ventures		(2,020)	
Additions to deferred lease costs	(1,490)	(1,678)	
Net proceeds from sale of real estate		21,091	
Net cash used in investing activities	(30,806)	(19,968)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	, , ,	, , ,	
Cash dividends paid	(24,622)	(22,895)	
Distributions to operating partnership minority interest	(4,245)	(4,019)	
Proceeds from sale of preferred shares		19,445	
Proceeds from debt issuances	23,900	106,550	
Repayments of debt	(17,880)	(118,433)	
Proceeds from tax incentive financing	1,926		
Additions to deferred financing costs	(1)	(94)	
Proceeds from exercise of options	1,637	1,615	
Net cash used in financing activities	(19,285)	(17,831)	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(7,230)	(1,145)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	8,453	2,930	

Cash and cash equivalents, end of period

\$ 1,223

\$ 1,785

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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TANGER FACTORY OUTLET CENTERS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. Business

Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. and subsidiaries is one of the largest owners and operators of factory outlet centers in the United States. We are a fully-integrated, self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust, or REIT, that focuses exclusively on developing, acquiring, owning, operating and managing factory outlet shopping centers. As of June 30, 2007, we owned 30 outlet centers with a total gross leasable area, or GLA, of approximately 8.4 million square feet. These factory outlet centers were 97% occupied. We also owned a 50% interest in each of two outlet centers with a GLA of approximately 667,000 square feet and managed for a fee two outlet centers with a GLA of approximately 229,000 square feet.

Our factory outlet centers and other assets are held by, and all of our operations are conducted by, Tanger Properties Limited Partnership and subsidiaries. Accordingly, the descriptions of our business, employees and properties are also descriptions of the business, employees and properties of the Operating Partnership. Unless the context indicates otherwise, the term "Company" refers to Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. and subsidiaries and the term "Operating Partnership" refers to Tanger Properties Limited Partnership and subsidiaries. The terms "we", "our" and "us" refer to the Company or the Company and the Operating Partnership together, as the text requires.

We own the majority of the units of partnership interest issued by the Operating Partnership through our two wholly-owned subsidiaries, the Tanger GP Trust and the Tanger LP Trust. The Tanger GP Trust controls the Operating Partnership as its sole general partner. The Tanger LP Trust holds a limited partnership interest. The Tanger family, through its ownership of the Tanger Family Limited Partnership, holds the remaining units as a limited partner. Stanley K. Tanger, the Company's Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, is the sole general partner of Tanger Family Limited Partnership.

2. Basis of Presentation

Our unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. The December 31, 2006 balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") rules and regulations, although management believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include our accounts, our wholly-owned subsidiaries, as well as the Operating Partnership and its subsidiaries and reflect, in the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the interim consolidated financial statements. All such adjustments are of a normal and recurring nature. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Investments in real estate joint ventures that represent non-controlling ownership interests are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. These investments are recorded initially at cost and subsequently adjusted for our equity in the venture's net income (loss) and cash contributions and distributions.

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3. Development of Rental Properties

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

During the fourth quarter of 2006, we closed on the acquisition of our development site located south of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania in Washington County for \$4.8 million. Tax incentive financing bonds have been issued, with net proceeds of approximately \$16.8 million expected to be received by us as we incur qualifying expenditures during construction of the center. As of June 30, 2007, we have received approximately \$2.4 million for qualifying expenditures. We currently expect to open the first phase of the center, approximately 308,000 square feet of GLA, during the third quarter of 2008. Upon completion of the project, the center will total approximately 418,000 square feet of GLA.

Expansions at Existing Centers

During 2007, we are expanding four centers by a combined 140,000 square feet. These centers are located in Barstow, California; Branson, Missouri; Gonzales, Louisiana and Tilton, New Hampshire. These expansions are projected to be open during the first quarter of 2008.

Commitments to complete construction of the new development, the expansions and other capital expenditure requirements amounted to approximately \$28.4 million at June 30, 2007. Commitments for construction represent only those costs contractually required to be paid by us.

Interest costs capitalized during the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 amounted to \$300,000 and \$722,000, respectively, and for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 amounted to \$554,000 and \$1.2 million, respectively.

Change in Accounting Estimate

During the first quarter of 2007, our Board of Directors formally approved a plan to reconfigure our center in Foley, Alabama. As a part of this plan, approximately 40,000 square feet of GLA will be relocated within the property. The depreciable useful lives of the buildings to be demolished have been shortened to coincide with their demolition dates throughout the first three quarters of 2007 and the change in estimated useful life has been accounted for as a change in accounting estimate. Approximately 34,700 square feet of GLA was demolished as of June 30, 2007 with the remainder to be demolished during the third quarter. Accelerated depreciation recognized related to the reconfiguration reduced income from continuing operations and net income by approximately \$1.1 million, net of minority interest of approximately \$200,000, and approximately \$4.5 million, net of minority interest of approximately \$900,000, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively. The effect on income from continuing operations per diluted share and net income per diluted share was a decrease of \$.03 and \$.14 per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007, respectively.

4. Investments in Unconsolidated Real Estate Joint Ventures

Our investments in unconsolidated real estate joint ventures as of June 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 aggregated \$14.3 million and \$14.5 million, respectively. We have evaluated the accounting treatment for each of the joint ventures under the guidance of FIN 46R and have concluded based on the current facts and circumstances that the equity method of accounting should be used to account for the individual joint ventures. We are members of the following unconsolidated real estate joint ventures:

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Joint Venture	Our	Project Location
	Ownership 9	6
Myrtle Beach Hwy 17	50%	Myrtle Beach, South
		Carolina
Wisconsin Dells	50%	Wisconsin Dells, Wisconsin
Deer Park	33%	Deer Park, New York
7		

These investments are recorded initially at cost and subsequently adjusted for our equity in the venture's net income (loss) and cash contributions and distributions. Our investments in real estate joint ventures are reduced by 50% of the profits earned for leasing and development services we provided to the Myrtle Beach Hwy 17 and Wisconsin Dells joint ventures. The following management, leasing, marketing and development fees were recognized from services provided during the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 (in thousands):

	,	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
		2007 2006			2007	2006	
Fee:							
Management	\$	136	\$	78	\$ 256 \$	156	
Leasing		(2)		25	23	29	
Marketing		28		9	57	9	
Development				65		162	
Total Fees	\$	162	\$	177	\$ 336 \$	356	

Our carrying value of investments in unconsolidated joint ventures differs from our share of the assets reported in the "Summary Balance Sheets – Unconsolidated Joint Ventures" shown below due to adjustments to the book basis, including intercompany profits on sales of services that are capitalized by the unconsolidated joint ventures. The differences in basis are amortized over the various useful lives of the related assets.

Wisconsin Dells

In March 2005, we established the Wisconsin Dells joint venture to construct and operate a Tanger Outlet center in Wisconsin Dells, Wisconsin. The 264,900 square foot center opened in August 2006. In February 2006, in conjunction with the construction of the center, the Wisconsin Dells joint venture closed on a construction loan in the amount of \$30.25 million with Wells Fargo Bank, NA due in February 2009. The construction loan is repayable on an interest only basis with interest floating based on the 30, 60 or 90 day LIBOR index plus 1.30%. The construction loan incurred by this unconsolidated joint venture is collateralized by its property as well as joint and several guarantees by us and designated guarantors of our venture partner. During the second quarter of 2007, the Wisconsin Dells joint venture received \$5.0 million in tax incentive financing proceeds which were used to repay amounts outstanding on the construction loan. The construction loan balance as of June 30, 2007 was approximately \$25.3 million.

Deer Park

In October 2003, we established the Deer Park joint venture to develop a shopping center in Deer Park, New York. As of June 30, 2007, the joint venture completed the demolition of existing buildings and parking lots located at the site. Construction has begun on the initial phase that will contain approximately 685,000 square feet of GLA including a sixteen screen cinema, a 32,000 square foot fitness center and a mix of luxury and upscale outlet stores. We currently expect to open the first phase of the center during the third quarter of 2008. Upon completion of the project, the shopping center will contain over approximately 800,000 square feet of GLA.

In May 2007, the joint venture closed on a \$284 million construction loan for the project arranged by Bank of America with a weighted average interest rate of LIBOR plus 1.49%. Over the life of the loan, if certain criteria are met, the weighted average interest rate can decrease to LIBOR plus 1.23%. The balance as of June 30, 2007 was \$51.2 million and is originally scheduled to mature in May 2010 with a one year extension option at that date. The loan is collateralized by the property as well as joint and several guarantees by all three venture partners. The joint venture entered into two interest rate swap agreements during June 2007. The first swap is for a notional amount of \$49.0 million and the second is a forward starting interest rate swap agreement with escalating notional amounts

beginning July 1, 2007 that will total \$121.0 million by November 1, 2008. The contracts expire on June 1, 2009. These swaps will effectively change the rate of interest on \$170.0 million of variable rate mortgage debt to a fixed rate of 6.75%. See footnote 9, Derivatives, for further discussion relating to these interest rate swap agreements.

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Condensed combined summary financial information of joint ventures accounted for using the equity method is as follows (in thousands):

			As	of	As o	f			
Summary Balance	ce Sheets		Ju	ne 30,		ecer.	nber		
- Unconsolidated Joint Ventures				2007		31, 2	2006		
Assets									
	estment properties at cost, net		\$ 7	73,272		\$ 74	,253		
	struction in progress		5	55,487		38	,449		
	h and cash equivalents			4,899			,539		
Defe	erred charges, net			2,733			,824		
Oth	er assets			8,843			,239		
	Total assets		\$ 14	15,234	\$	137	,304		
Liabilities and O	wners' Equity								
Mor	tgages payable		\$ 11	2,292	\$	100	,138		
	struction trade payables			1,423			,734		
Acc	ounts payable and other liabilities			1,571			,767		
	Total liabilities			5,286			,639		
Owners' equity				29,948			,665		
Total liabilities an	d owners' equity		\$ 14	15,234	\$	137	,304		
				Thre	e				Six
			Month				Mon	ths	
				Ende	1				
							End	ed	
Summary Staten	nents of Operations -		J	une 30),				June
					• • • •		30	,	
Unconsolidated J	loint Ventures		2007		2006		2007		2006
Revenues		\$	4,780	\$ 3	,171	\$	9,416	\$	5,828
Expenses	Duon auty, amounting		1 506	1	,202		2 260		2 222
	Property operating General and administrative		1,596 117	1	,202		3,360 159		2,232 73
			1,409		788		2,766		1,574
Total avnances	Depreciation and amortization		3,122	2	2,056				
Total expenses			1,658				6,825 3,131		3,879 1,949
Operating incom	e		1,058	1	,115 578		2,117		
Interest expense Net income		\$	597	\$	537	•	1,014	\$	1,147 8 802
Net income		Ф	397	Ф	331	Ф	1,014	4	0 002
Tanger's share o	f:								
Net income		\$	334	\$	285	\$	569	\$	432
Depreciation (real	estate related)	4	679	-	379	7	1,334	т	758
-r(1001							-,		

5. Disposition of Properties

2006 Transactions

In January 2006, we completed the sale of our property located in Pigeon Forge, Tennessee. Net proceeds received from the sale of the center were approximately \$6.0 million. We recorded a gain on sale of real estate of approximately \$3.5 million.

In March 2006, we completed the sale of our property located in North Branch, Minnesota. Net proceeds received from the sale of the center were approximately \$14.2 million. We recorded a gain on sale of real estate of approximately \$10.3 million.

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We continue to manage and lease these properties for a fee. Based on the nature and amounts of the fees to be received, we have determined that our management relationship does not constitute a significant continuing involvement and therefore we have shown the results of operations and gain on sale of real estate as discontinued operations under the provisions of FAS 144. Below is a summary of the results of operations for the Pigeon Forge, Tennessee and North Branch, Minnesota properties sold during the first quarter of 2006 (in thousands):

				Six
	Three Mor	nths	Mont	hs
Summary Statements of Operations -				Ended
	Ended	1		
Disposed Properties Included in		June		June 30,
	30,			
Discontinued Operations	2007	2006	2007	2006
Revenues:				
Base rentals	\$	\$	\$	\$ 448
Percentage rentals				6
Expense reimbursements				219
Other income				14
Total revenues				687
Expenses:				
Property operating				360
General and administrative				3
Depreciation and amortization				116
Total expenses				479
Discontinued operations before gain on sale of				
real estate				208
Gain on sale of real estate included in				
discontinued operations				13,833
Discontinued operations before minority interest				14,041
Minority interest				(2,328)
Discontinued operations	\$	\$	\$	\$ 11,713

Outparcel Sales

Gains on sale of outparcels are included in other income in the consolidated statements of operations. Cost is allocated to the outparcels based on the relative market value method. Below is a summary of outparcel sales that we completed during the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively (in thousands, except number of outparcels):

	Three		Six Months	
	Months Ended		Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Number of outparcels		1		3
Net proceeds		\$238		\$863
Gains on sales included in other income		\$115		\$225

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6. Other Comprehensive Income

Total comprehensive income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2007	2006	2007		2006
Net income	\$	6,425	\$ 6,289	\$ 9,706	\$	21,136
Other comprehensive income:						
Reclassification adjustment for amortization of gain						
on settlement of US treasury rate lock included						
in net income, net of minority interest of \$(10),						
\$(10), \$(21) and \$(20)		(54)	(51)	(107)		(101)
Change in fair value of treasury rate locks, net of						
minority interest of \$955, \$303, \$798 and \$1,182		4,853	1,535	4,055		5,959
Change in fair value of our portion of our						
unconsolidated joint ventures' cash flow hedges,						
net of minority interest of \$7, \$29, \$(7) and \$72		33	149	(37)		364
Other comprehensive income		4,832	1,633	3,911		6,222
Total comprehensive income	\$	11,257	\$ 7,922	\$ 13,617	\$	27,358

7. Share-Based Compensation

During the first quarter of 2007, our Board of Directors approved the grant of 170,000 restricted common shares to the independent directors and our officers. The independent directors' restricted common shares vest ratably over a three year period. The officers' restricted common shares vest ratably over a five year period. The grant date fair value of the awards, or \$42.31 per share, was determined based upon the closing market price of our common shares on the day prior to the grant date in accordance with the terms of the Company's Incentive Award Plan. Compensation expense related to the amortization of the deferred compensation amount is being recognized in accordance with the vesting schedule of the restricted shares.

We recorded share based compensation expense for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively as follows (in thousands):

	Three		Six	
Months 1	Ended	Months Ended		
	June 30,	J	une 30,	
2007	2006	2007	2006	
\$ 1,003	\$ 603	\$ 1,787	\$ 1,027	
55	58	102	114	
\$ 1,058	\$ 661	\$ 1,889	\$ 1,141	
\$	2007 \$ 1,003 55	Months Ended June 30, 2007 2006 \$ 1,003 \$ 603 55 58	Months Ended Months I June 30, J 2007 2006 2007 \$ 1,003 \$ 603 \$ 1,787 55 58 102	

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8. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of the numerators and denominators in computing earnings per share in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, Earnings Per Share (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2007	2006	2007		2006
Numerator						
Income from continuing operations	\$	6,425	\$ 6,289	\$ 9,706	\$	9,423
Less applicable preferred share dividends		(1,407)	(1,406)	(2,813)		(2,621)
Income from continuing operations available to						
common shareholders		5,018	4,883	6,893		6,802
Discontinued operations						11,713
Net income available to common shareholders	\$	5,018	\$ 4,883	\$ 6,893	\$	18,515
Denominator						
Basic weighted average common shares		30,824	30,593	30,784		30,562
Effect of exchangeable notes		381		381		
Effect of outstanding options		215	220	231		233
Effect of unvested restricted share awards		127	102	141		94
Diluted weighted average common shares		31,547	30,915	31,537		30,889
Basic earnings per common share						
Income from continuing operations	\$.16	\$.16	\$.22	\$.22
Discontinued operations						.39
Net income	\$.16	\$.16	\$.22	\$.61
Diluted earnings per common share						
Income from continuing operations	\$.16	\$.16	\$.22	\$.22
Discontinued operations						.38
Net income	\$.16	\$.16	\$.22	\$.60

The exchangeable notes of \$149.5 million are included in the diluted earnings per share computation if the effect is dilutive, using the treasury stock method. In applying the treasury stock method, the effect will be dilutive if the average market price of our common shares for at least 20 trading days in the 30 consecutive trading days at the end of each quarter is higher than the initial exchange rate of \$36.1198 per share.

The computation of diluted earnings per share excludes options to purchase common shares when the exercise price is greater than the average market price of the common shares for the period. No options were excluded from the computations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The assumed conversion of the partnership units held by the minority interest limited partner as of the beginning of the year, which would result in the elimination of earnings allocated to the minority interest in the Operating Partnership, would have no impact on earnings per share since the allocation of earnings to a partnership unit, as if converted, is equivalent to earnings allocated to a common share.

Restricted share awards are included in the diluted earnings per share computation if the effect is dilutive, using the treasury stock method. A total of 160,000 restricted shares were excluded from the computation of diluted weighted

average common shares outstanding for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2007. All restricted shares issued were included in the computation of diluted weighted average common shares outstanding for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006. If the share based awards were granted during the period, the shares issuable are weighted to reflect the portion of the period during which the awards were outstanding.

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9. Derivatives

In accordance with our derivatives policy, all derivatives are assessed for effectiveness at the time the contracts are entered into and are assessed for effectiveness on an on-going basis at each quarter end. All of our derivatives have been designated as cash flow hedges. Unrealized gains and losses related to the effective portion of our derivatives are recognized in other comprehensive income and gains or losses related to ineffective portions are recognized in the income statement. At June 30, 2007, all of our derivatives were considered effective.

The following table summarizes the notional values and fair values of our derivative financial instruments as of June 30, 2007.

Financial Instrument Type	Notional Value	Rate	Maturity Fair Value
TANGER PROPERTIES LI	MITED PARTNE	ERSHIP	
US Treasury Lock	\$100,000,000	4.526%	July 2008 \$3,415,000
US Treasury Lock	\$100,000,000	4.715%	July 2008 \$2,182,000
DEER PARK			
LIBOR Interest Rate Swap	\$49,000,000	5.47%	June 2009 \$ (230,000)
LIBOR Interest Rate Swap		5.34%	June 2009 \$ (186,000)
MYRTLE BEACH HWY			
17			
LIBOR Interest Rate Swap	\$35,000,000	4.59%	March 2010 \$ 599,000

- (1) Amount represents fair value recorded at the Deer Park joint venture, in which we have a 33.3% ownership interest.
- (2) Derivative is a forward starting interest rate swap agreement with escalating notional amounts beginning July 1, 2007 that will total \$121.0 million by November 1, 2008. Amount represents fair value recorded at the Deer Park joint venture, in which we have a 33.3% ownership interest.
- (3) Amount represents fair value recorded at the Myrtle Beach Hwy 17 joint venture, in which we have a 50% ownership interest.

10. Non-Cash Investing Activities

We purchase capital equipment and incur costs relating to construction of facilities, including tenant finishing allowances. Expenditures included in construction trade payables as of June 30, 2007 and 2006 amounted to \$27.8 million and \$22.4 million, respectively.

11. New Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities – including an amendment of FAS Statement No. 115," or FAS 159. FAS 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other assets and liabilities at fair value on an instrument-by-instrument basis (the fair value option). FAS 159 becomes effective for us on January 1, 2008. Management is currently evaluating the potential impact of FAS 159 on our financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements," or FAS 157. FAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The provisions of this standard apply to other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. FAS 157 becomes effective for us on January 1, 2008. The adoption of FAS 157 is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

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In July 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48 "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes--an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109", or FIN 48, which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in tax positions. FIN 48 requires that we recognize the impact of a tax position in our financial statements only if that position is more likely than not of being sustained on audit, based on the technical merits of the position. The provisions of FIN 48 are effective as of January 1, 2007, with the cumulative effect of the change in accounting principle recorded as an adjustment to opening retained earnings. As a result of the implementation of FIN 48, we recognized no adjustment in retained earnings for unrecognized income tax benefits. We had no provision for uncertain income tax benefits prior to adoption of FIN 48, and this remained unchanged subsequent to the adoption. The tax years 2003 - 2006 remain open to examination by the major tax jurisdictions to which we are subject.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The discussion of our results of operations reported in the unaudited, consolidated statements of operations compares the three and six months ended June 30, 2006. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements appearing elsewhere in this report. Historical results and percentage relationships set forth in the unaudited, consolidated statements of operations, including trends which might appear, are not necessarily indicative of future operations. Unless the context indicates otherwise, the term "Company" refers to Tanger Factory Outlet Centers, Inc. and subsidiaries and the term "Operating Partnership" refers to Tanger Properties Limited Partnership and subsidiaries. The terms "we", "our" and "us" refer to the Company or the Company and the Operating Partnership together, as the text requires.

Cautionary Statements

Certain statements made below are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. We intend for such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Reform Act of 1995 and included this statement for purposes of complying with these safe harbor provisions. Forward-looking statements, which are based on certain assumptions and describe our future plans, strategies and expectations, are generally identifiable by use of the words "believe", "expect", "intend", "anticipate", "estimat "project", or similar expressions. You should not rely on forward-looking statements since they involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which are, in some cases, beyond our control and which could materially affect our actual results, performance or achievements. Factors which may cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations include, but are not limited to, those set forth under Item 1A – "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. There have been no material changes to the risk factors listed there through June 30, 2007.

General Overview

At June 30, 2007, our consolidated portfolio included 30 wholly owned outlet centers in 21 states totaling 8.4 million square feet compared to 29 wholly owned outlet centers in 21 states totaling 8.0 million square feet at June 30, 2006. The changes in the number of outlet centers and gross leasable area, or GLA, are due to the following events:

As of June 30, 2006		No. of Centers 29	GLA (000's) 8,029	States 21
New development:				
	Charleston, South Carolina	1	352	
Demolition:				
	Foley, Alabama		(35)	

Other As of June 30, 2007	30	8 8,354	21
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The table set forth below summarizes certain information with respect to our existing outlet centers in which we have an ownership interest or manage as of June 30, 2007.

Location	GLA	%
Wholly Owned Properties	(sq. ft.)	
		Occupied
Riverhead, New York (1)	729,315	99
Rehoboth Beach, Delaware (1)	568,926	99
Foley, Alabama	522,419	98
San Marcos, Texas	442,510	99
Myrtle Beach Hwy 501, South	426,417	97
Carolina		
Sevierville, Tennessee (1)	419,038	99
Hilton Head, South Carolina	393,094	88
Charleston, South Carolina	352,260	93
Commerce II, Georgia	347,025	96
Howell, Michigan	324,631	99
Park City, Utah	300,602	100
Locust Grove, Georgia	293,868	95
Westbrook, Connecticut	291,051	94
Branson, Missouri	277,883	100
Williamsburg, Iowa	277,230	98
Lincoln City, Oregon	270,280	96
Tuscola, Illinois	256,514	72
Lancaster, Pennsylvania	255,152	99
Gonzales, Louisiana	243,499	100
Tilton, New Hampshire	227,849	99
Fort Meyers, Florida	198,950	96
Commerce I, Georgia	185,750	90
Terrell, Texas	177,490	100
West Branch, Michigan	112,120	100
Barstow, California	109,600	100
Blowing Rock, North Carolina	104,280	99
Nags Head, North Carolina	82,178	100
Boaz, Alabama	79,575	96
Kittery I, Maine	59,694	100
Kittery II, Maine	24,619	94
Totals	8,353,819	97(2)

Unconsolidated Joint Ventures

Myrtle Beach Hwy 17, South	
Carolina (1)	401,992
Wisconsin Dells, Wisconsin	264,929
Managed Properties	
North Branch, Minnesota	134,480
Pigeon Forge, Tennessee	94,694

- (1) These properties or a portion thereof are subject to a ground lease.
- (2) Excludes the occupancy rate at our Charleston, South Carolina outlet center which opened during the third quarter of 2006 and has not yet stabilized.

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The table set forth below summarizes certain information as of June 30, 2007 related to GLA and debt with respect to our wholly owned existing outlet centers which serve as collateral for existing mortgage loans.

			ortgage Debt 000's) as of		
		GLA	June	Interest	Maturity
Location		(sq. ft.)	30,2007	Rate	Date
Capmark					
	Rehoboth Beach, Delaware	568,926			
	Foley, Alabama	522,419			
	Myrtle Beach Hwy 501, South	426,417			
	Carolina				
	Hilton Head, South Carolina	393,094			
	Park City, Utah	300,602			
	Westbrook, Connecticut	291,051			
	Lincoln City, Oregon	270,280			
	Tuscola, Illinois	256,514			
	Tilton, New Hampshire	227,849			
			\$174,590	6.590%	7/10/2008
	Net debt premium		2,260		
Totals		3,257,152	\$176,850		
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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Comparison of the three months ended June 30, 2007 to the three months ended June 30, 2006

Base rentals increased \$2.6 million, or 8%, in the 2007 period compared to the 2006 period. Our overall occupancy rates were comparable from period to period at 96.6% and 96.2%, respectively. Approximately \$1.6 million of the increase was due to the August 2006 opening of our new center in Charleston, South Carolina. Our base rental income increased \$1.1 million due to increases in rental rates on lease renewals and incremental rents from re-tenanting vacant space. During the 2007 period, we executed 93 leases totaling 394,000 square feet at an average increase of 24.8% in base rental rates. This compares to our execution of 113 leases totaling 466,000 square feet at an average increase of 21.9% in base rental rates during the 2006 period.

The values of the above and below market leases, recorded when operating properties are acquired, are amortized and recorded as either an increase (in the case of below market leases) or a decrease (in the case of above market leases) to rental income over the remaining term of the associated lease. The values of below market leases that are considered to have renewal periods with below market rents are amortized over the remaining term of the associated lease plus the renewal periods. For the 2007 period, we recorded \$236,000 of additional rental income for the net amortization of acquired lease values compared with \$348,000 of additional rental income for the 2006 period. If a tenant vacates its space prior to the contractual termination of the lease and no rental payments are being made on the lease, any unamortized balance of the related above or below market lease value will be written off and could materially impact our net income positively or negatively.

Percentage rentals, which represent revenues based on a percentage of tenants' sales volume above predetermined levels (the "breakpoint"), increased \$264,000 or 19%. Reported same-space sales per square foot for the rolling twelve months ended June 30, 2007 were \$340 per square foot. This represents a 3% increase compared to the same period in 2006. Same-space sales is defined as the weighted average sales per square foot reported in space open for the full duration of each comparison period.

Expense reimbursements, which represent the contractual recovery from tenants of certain common area maintenance, insurance, property tax, promotional, advertising and management expenses, generally fluctuate consistently with the reimbursable property operating expenses to which they relate. Expense reimbursements, expressed as a percentage of property operating expenses, were 88% and 86% in the 2007 and 2006 periods, respectively. The increase in expense reimbursements expressed as a percentage of property operating expense is due to a decrease in miscellaneous non-reimbursable expenses during the 2007 period such as franchise and excise taxes.

Property operating expenses increased \$1.9 million, or 12%, in the 2007 period as compared to the 2006 period. The increase is due primarily to the incremental operating costs at our Charleston, South Carolina outlet center in the 2007 period. Also in the 2007 period, we incurred higher snow removal costs at our northeastern properties and we have experienced a significant increase in property insurance costs as a result of higher policy rates at the time of our last renewal in August 2006.

General and administrative expenses increased \$830,000, or 20%, in the 2007 period as compared to the 2006 period. The increase is primarily due to additional restricted shares issued in late February 2007. As a percentage of total revenues, general and administrative expenses were 9% and 8%, respectively in the 2007 and 2006 periods.

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Depreciation and amortization increased \$1.9 million, or 14%, in the 2007 period compared to the 2006 period. During the first quarter of 2007, our Board of Directors formally approved a plan to reconfigure our center in Foley, Alabama. As a part of this plan, approximately 40,000 square feet of GLA will be relocated within the property. The depreciable useful lives of the buildings to be demolished have been shortened to coincide with their demolition dates throughout the first three quarters of 2007 and the change in estimated useful life has been accounted for as a change in accounting estimate. Approximately 17,900 additional square feet of GLA was demolished during the second quarter of 2007 with the remainder to be demolished during the third quarter. Accelerated depreciation recognized related to the reconfiguration reduced income from continuing operations and net income by approximately \$1.1 million, net of minority interest of approximately \$200,000, for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The effect on income from continuing operations per diluted share and net income per diluted share was a decrease of \$.03 for the three months ended June 30, 2007.

Comparison of the six months ended June 30, 2007 to the six months ended June 30, 2006

Base rentals increased \$4.8 million, or 7%, in the 2007 period compared to the 2006 period. Our overall occupancy rates were comparable from period to period at 96.6% and 96.2%, respectively. Approximately \$3.1 million of the increase was due to the August 2006 opening of our new center in Charleston, South Carolina. Our base rental income increased \$2.1 million due to increases in rental rates on lease renewals and incremental rents from re-tenanting vacant space. During the 2007 period, we executed 338 leases totaling 1.4 million square feet at an average increase of 21.6% in base rental rates. This compares to our execution of 393 leases totaling 1.6 million square feet at an average increase of 15.8% in base rental rates during the 2006 period.

The values of the above and below market leases, recorded when operating properties are acquired, are amortized and recorded as either an increase (in the case of below market leases) or a decrease (in the case of above market leases) to rental income over the remaining term of the associated lease. The values of below market leases that are considered to have renewal periods with below market rents are amortized over the remaining term of the associated lease plus the renewal periods. For the 2007 period, we recorded \$600,000 of additional rental income for the net amortization of acquired lease values compared with \$806,000 of additional rental income for the 2006 period. If a tenant vacates its space prior to the contractual termination of the lease and no rental payments are being made on the lease, any unamortized balance of the related above or below market lease value will be written off and could materially impact our net income positively or negatively.

Expense reimbursements, which represent the contractual recovery from tenants of certain common area maintenance, insurance, property tax, promotional, advertising and management expenses, generally fluctuate consistently with the reimbursable property operating expenses to which they relate. Expense reimbursements, expressed as a percentage of property operating expenses, were 88% and 86% in the 2007 and 2006 periods, respectively. The increase in expense reimbursements expressed as a percentage of property operating expense is due to a decrease in miscellaneous non-reimbursable expenses during the 2007 period such as franchise and excise taxes.

Property operating expenses increased \$4.2 million, or 14%, in the 2007 period as compared to the 2006 period. The increase is due primarily to the incremental operating costs at our Charleston, South Carolina outlet center in the 2007 period. In addition, in the first quarter of 2007, we incurred higher snow removal costs at our northeastern properties and we have experienced a significant increase in property insurance costs as a result of higher policy rates at the time of our last renewal during August 2006.

General and administrative expenses increased \$1.0 million, or 13%, in the 2007 period as compared to the 2006 period. The increase is primarily due to restricted shares issued in late February 2007 and February 2006. As a percentage of total revenues, general and administrative expenses were 8% in both the 2007 and 2006 periods, respectively.

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Depreciation and amortization increased \$4.5 million, or 15%, in the 2007 period compared to the 2006 period. During the first quarter of 2007, our Board of Directors formally approved a plan to reconfigure our center in Foley, Alabama. As a part of this plan, approximately 40,000 square feet of GLA will be relocated within the property. The depreciable useful lives of the buildings to be demolished have been shortened to coincide with their demolition dates throughout the first three quarters of 2007 and the change in estimated useful life has been accounted for as a change in accounting estimate. Approximately 34,700 square feet of GLA was demolished as of June 30, 2007 with the remainder to be demolished during the third quarter. Accelerated depreciation recognized related to the reconfiguration reduced income from continuing operations and net income by approximately \$4.5 million, net of minority interest of approximately \$900,000, for the six months ended June 30, 2007. The effect on income from continuing operations per diluted share and net income per diluted share was a decrease of \$.14 per share for the six months ended June 30, 2007.

Discontinued operations includes the results of operations and gains on sales of real estate for our Pigeon Forge, Tennessee and North Branch, Minnesota centers. No sales of real estate occurred in the 2007 period. The following table summarizes the results of operations and gains on sale of real estate for the 2006 period:

Summary of discontinued operations

Operating income from discontinued operations \$	208
Gain on sale of real estate	13,833
Income from discontinued operations	14,041
Minority interest in discontinued operations	(2,328)
Discontinued operations, net of minority interest \$	11.713

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$42.9 million and \$36.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The increase in cash provided by operating activities is due primarily to higher operating cash flow from the addition of the Charleston, South Carolina center in August 2006 and higher renewal and re-tenant rates throughout our portfolio. Net cash used in investing activities was \$30.8 million and \$20.0 million during the first six months of 2007 and 2006, respectively. Both periods included significant construction activities for new projects, Charleston, SC in 2006 and Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania in 2007; however, in the 2006 period we received the proceeds from the sale of our Pigeon Forge, Tennessee outlet center which lowered the overall cash usage for investing activities. Net cash used in financing activities was \$19.3 million and \$17.8 million during the first six months of 2007 and 2006, respectively. Net cash used in financing was lower in 2006 due to the net proceeds of \$19.4 million from the sale of 800,000 preferred shares, a significant portion of which was used to repay amounts outstanding on our unsecured lines of credit. This factor was offset by tax incentive proceeds received related to our Pittsburgh, PA project for the six months ended June 30, 2007 of \$1.9 million.

Current Developments and Dispositions

Any developments or expansions that we, or a joint venture that we are involved in, have planned or anticipated may not be started or completed as scheduled, or may not result in accretive net income or funds from operations. In addition, we regularly evaluate acquisition or disposition proposals and engage from time to time in negotiations for acquisitions or dispositions of properties. We may also enter into letters of intent for the purchase or sale of properties. Any prospective acquisition or disposition that is being evaluated or which is subject to a letter of intent may not be consummated, or if consummated, may not result in an increase in net income or funds from operations.

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WHOLLY OWNED CURRENT DEVELOPMENTS

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

During the fourth quarter of 2006, we closed on the acquisition of our development site located south of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania in Washington County for \$4.8 million. Tax incentive financing bonds have been issued, with net proceeds of approximately \$16.8 million expected to be received by us as we incur qualifying expenditures during construction of the center. As of June 30, 2007, we have received approximately \$2.4 million for qualifying expenditures. We currently expect to open the first phase of the center, approximately 308,000 square feet of GLA, during the third quarter of 2008. Upon completion of the project, the center will total approximately 418,000 square feet of GLA.

Potential Future Developments

We currently have an option for a new development site located in Mebane, North Carolina on the highly traveled Interstate 40/85 corridor, which sees over 83,000 cars daily. The site is located halfway between the Research Triangle Park area of Raleigh, Durham, and Chapel Hill, and the Triad area of Greensboro, High Point and Winston-Salem. During the option period we will be analyzing the viability of the site and determining whether to proceed with the development of a center at this location.

We have also started the initial pre-development and leasing for two additional sites. These sites are located in Burlington, New Jersey at Exit 47 on Interstate I-295 and Port St. Lucie, Florida at Exit 118 on Interstate I-95. At this time, we are in the initial study periods on these potential new locations. As such, there can be no assurance that any of these sites will ultimately be developed.

Expansions at Existing Centers

During 2007, we are expanding four centers by a combined 140,000 square feet. These centers are located in Barstow, California; Branson, Missouri; Gonzales, Louisiana and Tilton, New Hampshire. These expansions are projected to be open during the first quarter of 2008.

Commitments to complete construction of the new development, the expansions and other capital expenditure requirements amounted to approximately \$28.4 million at June 30, 2007. Commitments for construction represent only those costs contractually required to be paid by us.

UNCONSOLIDATED JOINT VENTURES

We are members of the following unconsolidated real estate joint ventures:

Joint Venture	Our	Project Location
	Ownership %	
Myrtle Beach Hwy 17	50%	Myrtle Beach, South
		Carolina
Wisconsin Dells	50%	Wisconsin Dells, Wisconsin
Deer Park	33%	Deer Park, New York

Wisconsin Dells

In March 2005, we established the Tanger Wisconsin joint venture to construct and operate a Tanger Outlet center in Wisconsin Dells, Wisconsin. The 264,900 square foot center opened in August 2006. In February 2006, in conjunction with the construction of the center, the Wisconsin Dells joint venture closed on a construction loan in the amount of \$30.25 million with Wells Fargo Bank, NA due in February 2009. The construction loan is repayable on an interest only basis with interest floating based on the 30, 60 or 90 day LIBOR index plus 1.30%. The construction loan incurred by this unconsolidated joint venture is collateralized by its property as well as joint and several guarantees by us and designated guarantors of our venture partner. During the second quarter of 2007, the Wisconsin Dells joint venture received \$5.0 million in tax incentive financing proceeds which were used to repay amounts outstanding on the construction loan. The construction loan balance as of June 30, 2007 was approximately \$25.3 million.

Deer Park

In October 2003, we established the Deer Park joint venture to develop a shopping center in Deer Park, New York. As of June 30, 2007, the joint venture completed the demolition of existing buildings and parking lots located at the site. Construction has begun on the initial phase that will contain approximately 685,000 square feet of GLA including a sixteen screen cinema, a 32,000 square foot fitness center and a mix of luxury and upscale outlet stores. We currently expect to open the first phase of the center during the third quarter of 2008. Upon completion of the project, the shopping center will contain over approximately 800,000 square feet of GLA.

In May 2007, the joint venture closed on a \$284 million construction loan for the project arranged by Bank of America with a weighted average interest rate of LIBOR plus 1.49%. Over the life of the loan, if certain criteria are met, the weighted average interest rate can decrease to LIBOR plus 1.23%. The balance as of June 30, 2007 was \$51.2 million and is originally scheduled to mature in May 2010 with a one year extension option at that date. The loan is collateralized by the property as well as joint and several guarantees by all three venture partners. The joint venture entered into two interest rate swap agreements during June 2007. The first swap is for a notional amount of \$49.0 million and the second is a forward starting interest rate swap agreement with escalating notional amounts beginning July 1, 2007 that will total \$121.0 million by November 1, 2008. The contracts expire on June 1, 2009. These swaps will effectively change the rate of interest on \$170.0 million of variable rate mortgage debt to a fixed rate of 6.75%. See Item 1, footnote 9, Derivatives, for further discussion relating to these interest rate swap agreements.

Financing Arrangements

At June 30, 2007, approximately 74% of our outstanding long-term debt represented unsecured borrowings and approximately 57% of the gross book value of our real estate portfolio was unencumbered. The average interest rate, including loan cost amortization, on average debt outstanding was 6.58% and 6.91% for the three months ended and 6.55% and 6.85% for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

We intend to retain the ability to raise additional capital, including public debt or equity, to pursue attractive investment opportunities that may arise and to otherwise act in a manner that we believe to be in our shareholders' best interests. At the 2007 Annual Shareholders' Meeting, we increased our authorized common shares from 50 million to 150 million and added four additional classes of preferred shares with an authorized amount of four million shares each. During the third quarter of 2006, we updated our shelf registration as a well known seasoned issuer where we will be able to register unspecified amounts of different classes of securities on Form S-3. To generate capital to reinvest into other attractive investment opportunities, we may also consider the use of additional operational and developmental joint ventures, the sale or lease of outparcels on our existing properties and the sale of certain properties that do not meet our long-term investment criteria.

We maintain unsecured, revolving lines of credit that provided for unsecured borrowings of up to \$200 million at June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2007 we had \$7.9 million outstanding on these lines of credit. All of our unsecured lines of

credit have maturity dates of June 2009 or later. Based on cash provided by operations, existing credit facilities, ongoing negotiations with certain financial institutions and our ability to sell debt or equity subject to market conditions, we believe that we have access to the necessary financing to fund the planned capital expenditures during 2007.

We anticipate that adequate cash will be available to fund our operating and administrative expenses, regular debt service obligations, and the payment of dividends in accordance with Real Estate Investment Trust, or REIT, requirements in both the short and long term. Although we receive most of our rental payments on a monthly basis, distributions to shareholders are made quarterly and interest payments on the senior, unsecured notes are made semi-annually. Amounts accumulated for such payments will be used in the interim to reduce the outstanding borrowings under the existing lines of credit or invested in short-term money market or other suitable instruments.

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On July 12, 2007, our Board of Directors declared a \$.36 cash dividend per common share payable on August 15, 2007 to each shareholder of record on July 31, 2007, and caused a \$.72 per Operating Partnership unit cash distribution to be paid to the Operating Partnership's minority interest. The Board of Directors also declared a \$.46875 cash dividend per 7.5% Class C Cumulative Preferred Share payable on August 15, 2007 to holders of record on July 31, 2007.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We are a party to a joint and several guarantee with respect to the \$25.3 million construction loan obtained by the Wisconsin Dells joint venture during the first quarter of 2006. We are also a party to a joint and several guarantee with respect to the loan obtained by the Deer Park joint venture which currently has a balance of \$51.2 million. See "Joint Ventures" section above for further discussion of off-balance sheet arrangements and their related guarantees. Our pro-rata portion of the Myrtle Beach Hwy 17 joint venture mortgage collateralized by the outlet center is \$17.9 million. We are not required to provide a guarantee for this mortgage.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Refer to our 2006 Annual Report on Form 10-K for a discussion of our critical accounting policies which include principles of consolidation, acquisition of real estate, cost capitalization, impairment of long-lived assets and revenue recognition. There have been no material changes to these policies in 2007.

Related Party Transactions

As noted above in "Unconsolidated Joint Ventures", we are 50% owners of the Myrtle Beach Hwy 17 and Wisconsin Dells joint ventures. These joint ventures pay us management, leasing, marketing and development fees, which we believe approximate current market rates, for such services. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, we recognized the following fees:

	Th	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended			
						June 30,		
		2007		2006		2007		2006
Fee:								
Management	\$	136	\$	78	\$	256	\$	156
Leasing		(2)		25		23		29
Marketing		28		9		57		9
Development				65				162
Total Fees	\$	162	\$	177	\$	336	\$	356

Tanger Family Limited Partnership is a related party which holds a limited partnership interest in and is the minority owner of the Operating Partnership. Stanley K. Tanger, the Company's Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, is its sole general partner. The only material related party transaction with the Tanger Family Limited Partnership is the payment of quarterly distributions of earnings which were \$4.2 million and \$4.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities – including an amendment of FAS Statement No. 115," or FAS 159. FAS 159 permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other assets and liabilities at fair value on an instrument-by-instrument basis (the fair value option). FAS 159

becomes effective for us on January 1, 2008. Management is currently evaluating the potential impact of FAS 159 on our financial statements.

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In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements," or FAS 157. FAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The provisions of this standard apply to other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. FAS 157 becomes effective for us on January 1, 2008. The adoption of FAS 157 is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

In July 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48 "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes--an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109", or FIN 48, which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in tax positions. FIN 48 requires that we recognize the impact of a tax position in our financial statements only if that position is more likely than not of being sustained on audit, based on the technical merits of the position. The provisions of FIN 48 are effective as of January 1, 2007, with the cumulative effect of the change in accounting principle recorded as an adjustment to opening retained earnings. As a result of the implementation of FIN 48, we recognized no adjustment in retained earnings for unrecognized income tax benefits. We had no provision for uncertain income tax benefits prior to adoption of FIN 48, and this remained unchanged subsequent to the adoption. The tax years 2003 - 2006 remain open to examination by the major tax jurisdictions to which we are subject.

Funds From Operations

Funds from Operations, or FFO, represents income before extraordinary items and gains (losses) on sale or disposal of depreciable operating properties, plus depreciation and amortization uniquely significant to real estate and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures.

FFO is intended to exclude historical cost depreciation of real estate as required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, or GAAP, which assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes ratably over time. Historically, however, real estate values have risen or fallen with market conditions. Because FFO excludes depreciation and amortization unique to real estate, gains and losses from property dispositions and extraordinary items, it provides a performance measure that, when compared year over year, reflects the impact to operations from trends in occupancy rates, rental rates, operating costs, development activities and interest costs, providing perspective not immediately apparent from net income.

We present FFO because we consider it an important supplemental measure of our operating performance and believe it is frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in the evaluation of REITs, any of which present FFO when reporting their results. FFO is widely used by us and others in our industry to evaluate and price potential acquisition candidates. The National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, Inc., of which we are a member, has encouraged its member companies to report their FFO as a supplemental, industry-wide standard measure of REIT operating performance. In addition, a percentage of bonus compensation to certain members of management is based on our FFO performance.

FFO has significant limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations are:

- § FFO does not reflect our cash expenditures, or future requirements, for capital expenditures or contractual commitments:
 - § FFO does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs;
- § Although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future, and FFO does not reflect any cash requirements for such replacements;
- § FFO does not reflect the impact of earnings or charges resulting from matters which may not be indicative of our ongoing operations; and
- § Other companies in our industry may calculate FFO differently than we do, limiting its usefulness as a comparative measure.

Because of these limitations, FFO should not be considered as a measure of discretionary cash available to us to invest in the growth of our business or our dividend paying capacity. We compensate for these limitations by relying primarily on our GAAP results and using FFO only supplementally.

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Below is a reconciliation of FFO to net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 as well as other data for those respective periods (in thousands):

		nths ended e 30,	Six months ended June 30,		
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS					
Net income	\$ 6,425	\$ 6,289	\$ 9,706	\$ 21,136	
Adjusted for:					
Minority interest in operating partnership	987	969	1,357	1,350	
Minority interest, depreciation and					
amortization					
attributable to discontinued					
operations				2,444	
Depreciation and amortization uniquely					
significant to					
real estate – consolidated	15,461	13,526	33,873	29,411	
Depreciation and amortization uniquely					
significant to					
real estate – unconsolidated					
joint ventures	680	379	1,334	758	
(Gain) loss on sale of real estate				(13,833)	
Funds from operations (FFO) (1)	23,553	21,163	46,270	41,226	
Preferred share dividends	(1,407)	(1,406)	(2,813)	(2,621)	
Funds from operations available to common					
shareholders	\$ 22,146	\$ 19,757	\$ 43,457	\$ 38,645	
Weighted average shares outstanding (2)	37,614	36,982	37,604	36,956	

⁽¹⁾ The three months ended June 30, 2006 includes gains on sales of outparcels of land of \$115. The six months ended June 30 2006 includes gains on sales of outparcels of land of \$225.

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⁽²⁾ Includes the dilutive effect of options, restricted share awards and exchangeable notes and assumes the partnership units of the Operating Partnership held by the minority interest are converted to common shares of the Company.

Economic Conditions and Outlook

The majority of our leases contain provisions designed to mitigate the impact of inflation. Such provisions include clauses for the escalation of base rent and clauses enabling us to receive percentage rentals based on tenants' gross sales (above predetermined levels, which we believe often are lower than traditional retail industry standards) that generally increase as prices rise. Most of the leases require the tenant to pay their share of property operating expenses, including common area maintenance, real estate taxes, insurance and advertising and promotion, thereby reducing exposure to increases in costs and operating expenses resulting from inflation.

While factory outlet stores continue to be a profitable and fundamental distribution channel for brand name manufacturers, some retail formats are more successful than others. As typical in the retail industry, certain tenants have closed, or will close certain stores by terminating their lease prior to its natural expiration or as a result of filing for protection under bankruptcy laws.

During 2007, we have approximately 1,554,000 square feet, or 19% of our portfolio, coming up for renewal. If we were unable to successfully renew or re-lease a significant amount of this space on favorable economic terms, the loss in rent could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

As of June 30, 2007, we have renewed approximately 1,020,000 square feet, or 66% of the square feet scheduled to expire in 2007. The existing tenants have renewed at an average base rental rate approximately 14% higher than the expiring rate. We also re-tenanted approximately 429,000 square feet of vacant space during the first six months of 2006 at a 40% increase in the average base rental rate from that which was previously charged. Our factory outlet centers typically include well-known, national, brand name companies. By maintaining a broad base of creditworthy tenants and a geographically diverse portfolio of properties located across the United States, we reduce our operating and leasing risks. No one tenant (including affiliates) accounted for more than 5.6% of our combined base and percentage rental revenues for the three or six months ended June 30, 2007. Accordingly, we do not expect any material adverse impact on our results of operations and financial condition as a result of leases to be renewed or stores to be re-leased.

Our centers were 96.6% and 96.2% occupied as of June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Consistent with our long-term strategy of re-merchandising centers, we will continue to hold space off the market until an appropriate tenant is identified. While we believe this strategy will add value to our centers in the long-term, it may reduce our average occupancy rates in the near term.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Market Risk

We are exposed to various market risks, including changes in interest rates. Market risk is the potential loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and prices, such as interest rates. We may periodically enter into certain interest rate protection and interest rate swap agreements to effectively convert floating rate debt to a fixed rate basis and to hedge anticipated future financings. We do not enter into derivatives or other financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

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Tanger Properties Limited Partnership

In September 2005, we entered into two forward starting interest rate lock protection agreements to hedge risks related to anticipated future financings in 2005 and 2008. The 2005 agreement locked the US Treasury index rate at 4.279% on a notional amount of \$125 million for 10 years from such date in December 2005. This lock was unwound in the fourth quarter of 2005 in conjunction with the issuance of the \$250 million senior unsecured notes due in 2015 and, as a result, we received a cash payment of \$3.2 million. The gain was recorded in other comprehensive income and is being amortized into earnings using the effective interest method over a 10 year period that coincides with the interest payments associated with the senior unsecured notes due in 2015. The 2008 agreement locked the US Treasury index rate at 4.526% on a notional amount of \$100 million for 10 years from such date in July 2008. In November 2005, we entered into an additional agreement which locked the US Treasury index rate at 4.715% on a notional amount of \$100 million for 10 years from such date in July 2008. We anticipate unsecured debt transactions of at least the notional amount to occur in the designated periods.

The fair value of the interest rate protection agreements represents the estimated receipts or payments that would be made to terminate the agreement. At June 30, 2007, we would have received approximately \$5.6 million if we terminated the agreements. If the US Treasury rate index decreased 1% and we were to terminate the agreements, we would have to pay \$10.0 million to do so. The fair value is based on dealer quotes, considering current interest rates and remaining term to maturity. We do not intend to terminate the agreements prior to their maturity because we plan on entering into the debt transactions as indicated.

Myrtle Beach Hwy 17

During March 2005, the Myrtle Beach Hwy 17 joint venture entered into an interest rate swap agreement with a notional amount of \$35 million for five years to hedge floating rate debt on the permanent financing that was obtained in April 2005. Under this agreement, the joint venture receives a floating interest rate based on the 30 day LIBOR index and pays a fixed interest rate of 4.59%. This swap effectively changes the rate of interest on \$35 million of variable rate mortgage debt to a fixed rate debt of 5.99% for the contract period.

The fair value of the interest rate swap agreement represents the estimated receipts or payments that would be made to terminate the agreement. At June 30, 2007, the Myrtle Beach Hwy 17 joint venture would have received approximately \$599,000 if the agreement was terminated. If the LIBOR index decreased 1% and the joint venture were to terminate the agreement, it would have to pay \$296,000 to do so. The fair value is based on dealer quotes, considering current interest rates and remaining term to maturity. The joint venture does not intend to terminate the interest rate swap agreement prior to its maturity. The fair value of this derivative is currently recorded as an asset on the joint venture's balance sheet; however, if held to maturity, the value of the swap will be zero at that time.

Deer Park

During June 2007, the Deer Park joint venture entered into two interest rate swap agreements to hedge the cash flows from the floating rate construction loan obtained in May 2007 to construct the outlet center in Deer Park, New York. The first interest rate swap had a notional amount of \$49 million. The second interest rate swap agreement is a forward starting agreement with escalating notional amounts beginning July 1, 2007 that will total \$121.0 million by November 1, 2008. The contracts expire June 1, 2009. These swaps will effectively change the rate of interest on \$170.0 million of variable rate mortgage debt to a fixed rate of 6.75%.

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The fair value of the interest rate swap agreements represents the estimated receipts or payments that would be made to terminate the agreement. At June 30, 2007, the Deer Park joint venture would have had to pay approximately \$416,000 if the agreements were terminated. If the LIBOR index decreased 1% and the Deer Park joint venture were to terminate the agreements, it would have to pay \$2.5 million to do so. The fair value is based on dealer quotes, considering current interest rates and remaining term to maturity. The joint venture does not intend to terminate the interest rate swap agreements prior to their maturity. The fair value of these derivatives is currently recorded as a liability on the joint venture's balance sheet; however, if held to maturity, the value of the swaps will be zero at that time.

The fair market value of long-term fixed interest rate debt is subject to market risk. Generally, the fair market value of fixed interest rate debt will increase as interest rates fall and decrease as interest rates rise. The estimated fair value of our total long-term debt at June 30, 2007 was \$693.2 million and its recorded value was \$683.5 million. A 1% increase or decrease from prevailing interest rates at June 30, 2007 would result in a corresponding decrease or increase in fair value of total long-term debt by approximately \$40.0 million. Fair values were determined from quoted market prices, where available, using current interest rates considering credit ratings and the remaining terms to maturity.

The following table summarizes the notional values and fair values of our derivative financial instruments as of June 30, 2007.

Financial Instrument Type	Notional Value	Rate	Maturity Fair Value			
TANGER PROPERTIES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP						
US Treasury Lock	\$100,000,000	4.526%	July 2008 \$3,415,000			
US Treasury Lock	\$100,000,000	4.715%	July 2008 \$2,182,000			
DEER PARK						
LIBOR Interest Rate Swap	\$49,000,000	5.47%	June 2009 \$ (230,000)			
(1)						
LIBOR Interest Rate Swap		5.34%	June 2009 \$ (186,000)			
(2)						
MYRTLE BEACH HWY						
17						
LIBOR Interest Rate Swap	\$35,000,000	4.59%	March 2010 \$ 599,000			
(3)						

- (1) Amount represents fair value recorded at the Deer Park joint venture, in which we have a 33.3% ownership interest.
- (2) Derivative is a forward starting interest rate swap agreement with escalating notional amounts beginning July 1, 2007 that will total \$121.0 million by November 1, 2008. Amount represents fair value recorded at the Deer Park joint venture, in which we have a 33.3% ownership interest.
- (3) Amount represents fair value recorded at the Myrtle Beach Hwy 17 joint venture, in which we have a 50% ownership interest.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Based on the most recent evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, have concluded the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) were effective as of June 30, 2007. There were no changes to the Company's internal controls over financial

reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2007, that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Neither the Company nor the Operating Partnership is presently involved in any material litigation nor, to their knowledge, is any material litigation threatened against the Company or the Operating Partnership or its properties, other than routine litigation arising in the ordinary course of business and which is expected to be covered by liability insurance.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in the "Risk Factors" section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

On May 18, 2007 we held our Annual Meeting of Shareholders. The meeting was adjourned and reconvened on May 30, 2007 in order to conclude the voting on the fourth matter described below. The common shareholders voted on four matters and the Class C Preferred shareholders voted on one matter. The first matter on which the common shareholders voted was the election of six directors to serve until the next Annual Meeting of Shareholders. The results of the voting are as shown below:

Nominees	Votes For	Votes
		Withheld
Stanley K. Tanger	29,007,082	245,382
Steven B. Tanger	28,846,848	405,616
Jack Africk	25,227,373	4,025,091
William G. Benton	25,246,054	4,006,410
Thomas E. Robinson	27,428,879	1,823,585
Allan L. Schuman	25,255,830	3,996,634

The second matter on which the common shareholders voted was the ratification of the appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as the Company's independent register public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2007. The results of the voting are as shown below:

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Votes For Votes Against Abstain 23,512,646 5,675,006 64,813
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The third matter on which the common shareholders voted was a proposal by the directors to amend the Company's articles of incorporation to increase the number of common shares authorized for issuance from 50 million to 150 million common shares. The results of the voting are as shown below:

Votes For	Votes Against	Abstain
22,333,763	6,822,381	96,320

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The fourth matter on which the common and Class C Preferred shareholders voted was a proposal by the directors to amend the Company's articles of incorporation to create four new classes of preferred shares, each class having four million shares with a par value of \$.01 per share and to increase the number of common shares authorized for issuance from 50 million to 150 million common shares. The results of the voting are as shown below:

	Votes For	Votes Against	Abstain	Non-Votes
Common shareholders	14,021,098	10,822,559	104,113	4,347,995
Class C Preferred shareholders	812,525	623,426	72,322	

Item 6.Exhibits

- 3.1E Amendment to Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation dated June 13, 2007.
- 31.1 Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Principal Financial Officer Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Principal Financial Officer Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

TANGER FACTORY OUTLET CENTERS, INC.

By: /s/ Frank C. Marchisello, Jr.

Frank C. Marchisello, Jr.

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer & Secretary

DATE: August 3, 2007

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Exhibit Index

Exhibit No. Description

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- 32.1 Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Principal Financial Officer Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002.

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