# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION <br> WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549 

FORM 10-Q

## QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR QUARTER ENDED: MARCH 31, 2002
COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 0-11108

# SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. 

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
2969 BROADWAY, OAKLAND CALIFORNIA 94611
(510) 839-8800

## I.R.S. IDENTIFICATION NUMBER <br> 94-2767067

Indicate by the check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES x NO

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant $s$ common stock was $1,854,328$ shares of no par value common stock issued as of March 31, 2002

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## SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF BALANCE SHEETS



The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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## SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002 AND 2001

|  | Unaudited Three Months Ended 3-31-02 |  | Unaudited Three Months Ended 3-31-01 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interest income: |  |  |  |  |
| Interest and fees on loans | \$ | 1,804,613 | \$ | 2,294,146 |
| Interest on time deposits with other financial institutions |  | 312,188 |  | 391,851 |
| Interest on U.S. government treasury securities |  | 22,258 |  | 111,864 |
| Interest on federal funds sold |  | 110,446 |  | 331,051 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total interest income |  | 2,249,505 |  | 3,128,912 |
| Interest expense: |  |  |  |  |
| Interest on deposits |  | 499,877 |  | 863,719 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total interest expense |  | 499,877 |  | 863,719 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Net interest income |  | 1,749,628 |  | 2,265,193 |
| Provision for loan losses |  | 17,000 |  | 97,000 |
| Net interest income after provision for loan losses |  | 1,732,628 |  | 2,168,193 |
| Non-interest income: |  |  |  |  |
| Service charges on deposit accounts |  | 63,019 |  | 55,121 |
| Other customer fees and charges |  | 72,660 |  | 34,144 |
| Total non-interest income |  | 135,679 |  | 89,265 |
| Non-interest expense: |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries and employee benefits |  | 806,260 |  | 711,973 |
| Occupancy expense |  | 75,029 |  | 108,177 |
| Equipment expense |  | 80,181 |  | 57,636 |
| Other |  | 276,085 |  | 285,890 |
| Total non-interest expense |  | 1,237,555 |  | 1,163,676 |
| Income before income taxes |  | 630,752 |  | 1,093,782 |
| Provision for income taxes |  | 253,285 |  | 458,007 |
| Net Income | \$ | 377,467 | \$ | 635,775 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Earnings per share: |  |  |  |  |
| Earnings per common share | \$ | 0.20 | \$ | 0.35 |
| Earnings per common share assuming dilution | \$ | 0.20 | \$ | 0.34 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding |  | 1,851,941 |  | 1,837,548 |
| Weighted avg. shrs. outsdg. assuming dilution |  | 1,867,379 |  | 1,867,896 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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## SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002 AND 2001 (UNAUDITED)

| (UNAUDIED) |  | Three <br> Months <br> Ended <br> 3-31-02 |  | Three <br> Months Ended 3-31-01 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash flows from operating activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Interest received | \$ | 1,925,464 | \$ | 2,479,642 |
| Fees received |  | 425,305 |  | 268,559 |
| Interest paid |  | $(530,300)$ |  | $(854,302)$ |
| Cash paid to suppliers and employees |  | $(879,558)$ |  | $(885,151)$ |
| Income taxes paid |  | 0 |  | $(473,764)$ |
| Net cash provided by operating activities |  | 940,911 |  | 534,984 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: |  |  |  |  |
| (Increase) decrease in time deposits with |  |  |  |  |
| other financial institutions |  | 2,472,587 |  | 4,502,167 |
| Maturity of investment securities |  | 3,992 |  | 8,465,000 |
| Net (increase) decrease in loans to customers |  | (7,000,607) |  | 3,690,938 |
| (Increase) decrease in premises and equipment |  | $(107,494)$ |  | $(8,098)$ |
|  |  | - |  |  |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities |  | $(4,631,522)$ |  | 16,650,007 |
| Cash flows from financing activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Increase (decrease) in demand, interest bearing transaction, and savings deposits |  | 3,965,143 |  | 6,714,589 |
| Net increase (decrease) in time deposits |  | 13,205,097 |  | $(1,206,385)$ |
| Exercise of Stock Option |  | 12,467 |  | 0 |
|  |  |  |  | T |
| Net cash provided by financing activities |  | 17,182,707 |  | 5,508,204 |
|  |  | - |  |  |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents |  | 13,492,096 |  | 22,693,195 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period |  | 25,602,202 |  | 18,809,372 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period |  | 39,094,298 |  | 41,502,567 |
|  |  | - |  | - |
| Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Net Income | \$ | 377,467 | \$ | 635,775 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization |  | 59,083 |  | 51,758 |
| Provision for loan losses and OREO losses |  | 17,000 |  | 97,000 |
| (Increase) decrease in interest receivable \& other assets |  | 103,756 |  | $(602,285)$ |
| Increase (decrease) in unearned loan fees |  | 46,018 |  | $(13,879)$ |
| Increase (decrease) in interest payable \& other liabilities |  | 337,587 |  | 366,615 |
| Total adjustments |  | 563,444 |  | $(100,791)$ |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ | 940,911 | \$ | 534,984 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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## SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002 AND 2001 (UNAUDITED)

|  | Number of <br> Shares <br> Outstanding |  | Common <br> Stock |  | Retained <br> Earnings | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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## SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. Consolidated Financial Statements

In the opinion of management, the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the Company s financial position at March 31, 2002 and the results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001.

Certain information and footnote disclosures presented in the Company s annual consolidated financial statements are not included in these interim financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company s 2001 Annual Report to Shareholders, which is incorporated by reference in the Company s 2001 annual report on Form 10-K. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2002 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full year.

## 2. Comprehensive Income

The Company had no items of other comprehensive income for the three-month period ended March 31, 2002 and 2001. Accordingly, total comprehensive income was equal to net income for each of those periods

## 3. Segment Reporting

The Company is principally engaged in community banking activities through the three banking offices of its subsidiary bank. The community banking activities include accepting deposits, providing loans and lines of credit to local individuals and businesses, and investing in investment securities and money market instruments. The three banking offices have been aggregated in to a single reportable segment. Because the Company s financial information is internally evaluated as a single operating segment, no separate segment information is presented. The combined results are reflected in these financial statements.

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## SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT (Continued)

## 4. Earnings Per Share

The following table reconciles the numerator and denominator of the basic and diluted earnings per share computations:

|  |  | Income Loss) | Weighted Avg. Shares |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | For the quarter ended March 31, 2002 |  |  |  |  |
| Basic Earnings per share | \$ | 377,000 |  | \$ | . 20 |
| Stock Options | $17,438$ |  |  |  |  |
| Diluted Earnings per share | \$ | 377,000 | 1,871,766 | \$ | . 20 |
|  | Net Income |  | Weighted Avg. Shares | Per Share Amount |  |


|  | For the quarter ended March 31, 2001 |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Basic Earnings per share | $\$$ | 636,000 | $1,837,548$ | $\$$ |
| Stock Options | $\$$ | 30,348 | .35 |  |
| Diluted Earnings per share | $\$$ | 636,000 | $1,867,896$ | $\$$ |

For the periods reported, the Company had no reconciling items between net income and income available to common shareholders.

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## INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY/INTEREST RATE RISK ANALYSIS

The following table provides an interest rate sensitivity and interest rate risk analysis for the quarter ended March 30, 2002. The table presents each major category of interest-earning assets and interest bearing-liabilities.

## INTEREST RATE RISK REPORTING SCHEDULE

## REPORTING INSTITUTION: SUMMIT BANK

REPORTING DATE: 3-31-02


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## ITEM 2.

## MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2002

The registrant, Summit Bancshares, Inc. (the Company ) is a bank holding company whose only operating subsidiary is Summit Bank (the Bank ). The following discussion primarily concerns the financial condition and results of operations of the Company on a consolidated basis including the subsidiary Bank. All adjustments made in the compilation of this information are of a normal recurring nature.

## FINANCIAL CONDITION

## Liquidity Management

The consolidated loan-to-deposit ratio at March 31, 2002 was $64.5 \%$, which was an increase from $59.8 \%$ for the same period in 2001. Net outstanding loans as of March 31, 2002 increased $\$ 14,138,000$ compared to the same period a year ago while total deposits increased $\$ 12,319,000$ versus the same time last year. The increase in loans was mainly due to Summit s effort in marketing its products and the continuing success of the Real Estate Capital Markets Group. The average loan-to-deposit ratio at the end of the first quarter of 2002 was $63.6 \%$, a decrease from $65.1 \%$ for the same period last year. This decrease was caused by an increase in average total deposits of $\$ 14,810,000$ or $11.3 \%$ while average total loans increased $\$ 8,898,000$ or $10.6 \%$.

One of the Bank scustomers manages accounts for medical offices and physicians. This customer has brought approximately 80 of the accounts they manage to the Bank. As of March 31, 2002 the aggregate monthly average balance in these accounts was approximately $\$ 16,000,000$.

This customer has notified the Bank that due to the expiration of a contract, and its merger with an affiliated company, the relationship will be moving to the affiliate s bank in Southern California. It was anticipated that the movement of these funds would have occurred by the end of March 2002 but as of this date the transfer has not occurred.

In anticipation of the transfer of those accounts by the end of the first quarter of 2002, the Bank purchased brokered CDs to assist in the immediate outflow of the funds. The increase in the deposit accounts is reflective of the purchase of the brokered CDs.

Net liquid assets, which consists primarily of cash, due from banks, interest-bearing deposits with other financial institutions, investment securities and federal funds sold totaled $\$ 65,837,000$ on March 31, 2002. This amount represented $45.1 \%$ of total deposits in comparison to the liquidity ratio of $50.4 \%$ as of March 31, 2001. This increase is primarily a result of a rise in deposit growth discussed previously. It is management $s$ belief that the current liquidity level is appropriate given current economic conditions and is sufficient to meet current needs.

The following table sets forth book value of investments by category and the percent of total investments at the dates specified.

|  | Investment Comparative ( $\mathbf{\$ 0 0 0 . 0 0}$ Omitted) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 3-31-02 | \% |  | 12-31-01 | \% |  | 3-31-01 | \% |
| Fed funds sold |  | \$ 31,650 | 54\% | \$ | 20,070 | 41\% | \$ | 34,520 | 57\% |
| Interest bearing deposits |  | 24,717 | 42\% |  | 27,189 | 55\% |  | 21,846 | 36\% |
| Securities |  | 2,026 | 4\% |  | 2,030 | 4\% |  | 4,000 | 7\% |

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Interest bearing deposits are comprised of Time Certificates of Deposit with other banks and savings and loan institutions with no more than $\$ 100,000$ in any institution.

Securities on March 31, 2002 were comprised of U.S. Gov $t$ agencies.

## Changes in Financial Position

As of March 31, 2002, total deposits increased \$17,170,000 from December 31, 2001 while at the same time net loans outstanding increased $\$ 6,937,000$. Total deposits as of March 31, 2002 were $\$ 145,914,000$, an increase of $9.2 \%$ from $\$ 133,595,000$ as of March 31,2001 . Net loans as March 31, 2002 were $\$ 94,080,000$, an increase of $17.7 \%$ from $\$ 79,942,000$ as of March 31, 2001.

The following table sets forth the amount of deposits by each category and the percent of total deposits at the dates specified.

## Deposit Comparative <br> (\$000.00 Omitted)

|  | 3-31-02 | \% | 12-31-01 | \% | 3-31-01 | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Demand | \$ 40,869 | 28\% | \$ 38,484 | 30\% | \$ 36,829 | 28\% |
| Savings | 2,609 | 2\% | 2,566 | 2\% | 3,199 | 2\% |
| Interest bearing Trans. Deposits | 50,091 | 34\% | 48,553 | 38\% | 54,918 | 41\% |
| Other time | 52,345 | 36\% | 39,140 | 30\% | 38,649 | 29\% |

The following table sets forth the amount of loans outstanding by category and the percent of total loans outstanding at the dates specified.

## Loan Comparative ( $\$ 000.00$ Omitted)

|  | 3-31-02 | \% | 12-31-01 | \% | 3-31-01 | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial | \$ 29,378 | 31\% | \$ 23,475 | 26\% | \$ 33,224 | 41\% |
| Real estate-const | 26,540 | 28\% | 27,389 | 31\% | 25,200 | 31\% |
| Real estate-other | 33,634 | 35\% | 30,829 | 35\% | 16,426 | 20\% |
| Installment/other | 6,062 | 6\% | 6,956 | 8\% | 6,658 | 8\% |

## Non-Performing Assets

The following table provides information with respect to the Bank s past due loans and components for non-performing assets at the dates indicated.


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The Bank s policy is to recognize interest income on an accrual basis unless the full collectibility of principal and interest is uncertain. Loans that are delinquent 90 days as to principal or interest are placed on a non-accrual basis, unless they are well secured and in the process of collection, and any interest earned but uncollected is reversed from income. Collectibility is determined by considering the borrower sfinancial condition, cash flow, quality of management, the existence of collateral or guarantees and the state of the local economy.

Other real estate owned ( OREO )is comprised of properties acquired through foreclosure. These properties are carried at the lower of the recorded loan balance or their estimated fair market value based on appraisal, less estimated costs to sell. When the loan balance plus accrued interest exceeds the fair value of the property less disposal costs, the difference is charged to the allowance for loan losses at the time of foreclosure. Subsequent declines in value from the recorded amount, if any, and gains or losses upon disposition are included in noninterest expense. Operating expenses related to other real estate owned are charged to non-interest expense in the period incurred. The Bank did not have any OREO properties at the end of the period.

The increase in non-performing assets from March 31, 2001 to March 31, 2002 is due primarily to an increase in loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing. These loans are all secured by real estate.

## Capital Position

As of March 31, 2002, Shareholders Equity was $\$ 18,600,000$. This represents an increase of $\$ 1,129,000$ or $6.5 \%$ over the same period last year. Since the inception of the repurchase program in 1989, the Company has authorized the repurchase of $\$ 3,500,000$ of its stock. As of March 31, 2002, the Company has repurchased a total of 668,680 shares of the Company stock constituting $31.1 \%$ of the Company s original stock prior to the repurchase program, at a total cost of $\$ 2,667,714$, or an average price per share of $\$ 3.98$. The Company plans to continue its repurchase program as an additional avenue for liquidity for its shareholders. The program has not significantly affected the Company s liquidity or capital position or its ability to operate. In addition, the Company s subsidiary Bank remains more than well-capitalized under current regulations.

The following table shows the risk-based capital and leverage ratios as well as the minimum regulatory requirements for the same as of March 31, 2002:

|  | Capital <br> Ratio | Minimum Regulatory <br> requirement |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | $14.07 \%$ |

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Net Interest Income

Total interest income including loan fees decreased from $\$ 3,129,000$ for the first three months of 2001 to $\$ 2,250,000$ for the same period in 2002.

Although loans increased in the first quarter of 2002 versus the same period last year, the decrease in loan income was primarily centered in the decrease in the prime-lending rate. The prime lending rate decreased from an average rate of $8.51 \%$ in the first quarter of 2001 to an average rate of $4.75 \%$ for the same period this year. Average outstanding loans increased from $\$ 83,760,000$ in 2001 to $\$ 92,647,000$ in 2002. The yield on loans and fees decreased from $11.11 \%$ in 2001 to $7.90 \%$ in 2002.

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The decrease in interest income from investments was due to a decrease in the yield of $.96 \%$ compared to the same period in 2001. Average total investments were $\$ 6,344,000$ lower than the same period last year.

Interest expense decreased from $\$ 863,000$ at the end of the first three months of 2001 to $\$ 500,000$ in 2002. Although average interest-bearing deposit accounts grew $\$ 8,876,000$ during the first three months of 2002 versus the same period last year, the decrease in the interest expense was caused by the average cost of funds for the period ending March 31, 2002 decreasing $1.66 \%$ from the same period last year.

As a result of these factors, net interest margin for the first three months of 2002 was $4.75 \%$ compared to $6.20 \%$ for the same period last year.

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## Other Operating Income

Service charges on deposit accounts as of the end of the first three months of 2002 increased to $\$ 63,000$ versus $\$ 55,000$ for the same period in 2001. The increase was centered in fees collected on service charges related to NSF fees on commercial accounts.

Other customer fees and charges for the first three months increased $\$ 38,000$, centered in CD early withdrawal fees.

## Loan Loss Provision

The allowance for loan losses is maintained at a level that management of the Company considers adequate for losses that are inherent in the loan portfolio. The allowance is increased by charges to operating expenses and reduced by net-charge-offs. The level of the allowance for loan losses is based on management s evaluation of losses in the loan portfolio, as well as prevailing economic conditions.

Management employs a systematic methodology on a monthly basis to determine the adequacy of the allowance for current loan losses. The credit administrator grades each loan at the time of extension or renewal. Gradings are assigned a risk factor, which is calculated to assess the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses. Further, management considers other factors such as overall portfolio quality, trends in the level of delinquent and classified loans, specific problem loans, and current economic conditions.

The following table summarizes the allocation of the allowance for loan losses by loan type for the years indicated and the percent of loans in each category to total loans dollar amounts in thousands:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount | Loan Percent | Amount | Loan Percent | Amount | Loan Percent |
| Commercial | \$ 610 | 39.8\% | \$ 580 | 38.4\% | \$ 580 | 37.1\% |
| Construction | 340 | 22.2\% | 340 | 22.6\% | 335 | 21.4\% |
| Real Estate | 295 | 19.2\% | 300 | 19.9\% | 340 | 21.7\% |
| Consumer | 50 | 3.2\% | 48 | 3.2\% | 60 | 3.8\% |
| Unallocated | 239 | 15.6\% | 239 | 15.9\% | 250 | 16.0\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$ 1,534 | 100.0\% | \$ 1,507 | 100.0\% | \$ 1,565 | 100.0\% |

The following table summarizes the activity in the Bank s allowance for credit losses for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001.

|  | Three Months Ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3/31/02 | 3/31/01 |
|  | (000.00 Omitted) |  |
| Balance, beginning of the period | \$ 1,507 | \$ 1,468 |
| Provision for loan losses | 17 | 97 |
| Recoveries | 10 | 0 |
| Loans Charged-off | 0 | 0 |
|  | \$ 1,534 | \$ 1,565 |

The balance in the allowance for loan losses at March 31, 2002 was $1.60 \%$ of loans compared to $1.96 \%$ of loans at March 31, 2001. This level is considered appropriate and is approximately the same as the industry average.

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## Other Operating Expenses

Total other operating expenses increased $\$ 74,000$ as of the end of the first three months of 2002 compared to the same period last year. This increase was primarily due to an increase in staff expense.

## Provision for Income Taxes

The Company s provision for income taxes as of the end of the first three months of 2002 decreased from $\$ 458,000$ in 2001 to $\$ 253,000$. This decrease is attributable to decreased profits from operations as a result of the decrease in the prime lending rate. For the same period in 2002 the Company s total effective tax rate was $40.2 \%$ compared to $41.9 \%$ in 2001.

## Net Income

Net income for the first three months of 2002 decreased to $\$ 377,000$ from $\$ 636,000$ for the same period in 2001 , or a decrease of $40.7 \%$.

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## ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Interest rate and credit risks are the most significant market risks impacting the Company s performance. Other types of market risk, such as foreign currency exchanges rate risk and the commodity price risk, do not arise in the normal course of the Company s business activities. The Company relies on loan reviews, prudent loan underwriting standards and an adequate allowance for loan losses to mitigate credit risk.

Interest rate risk is managed by subjecting the Company $s$ balance sheet to hypothetical interest rate shocks. The Company sprimary objective in managing interest rate risk is to minimize the adverse impact of changes in interest rates on the Company s net interest income and capital, while structuring the Company s asset/liability position to obtain the maximum yield-cost spread on that structure.

Rate shock is an instantaneous and complete adjustment in market rates of various magnitudes on a static or level balance sheet to determine the effect such a change in rates would have on the Company $s$ net interest income for the succeeding twelve months, and the fair values of financial instruments.

Management has assessed these risks and has implemented an investment policy, a new loan program and decreased interest rates it pays on deposit accounts commensurate with the marketplace to help mitigate the downward pressure on its net interest margin.

## CERTAIN FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE RESULTS

The primary factor, which may affect future results, is the fluctuation of interest rates in the market place more commonly referred to as interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is the exposure of a bank $s$ current and future earnings and equity capital arising from adverse movements in interest rates. It results from the possibility that changes in interest rates may have an adverse effect on a bank s earnings and its underlying economic value. Changes in interest rates affect a bank s earnings by changing its net interest income and the level of other interest-sensitive income and operating expenses. As mentioned previously, the potential decrease in a declining interest rate environment would be minimized by an increase in assets. In addition, earnings and growth of the company are and will be affected by general economic conditions, both domestic and international, and by monetary and fiscal policies of the United States Government, particularly the Federal Reserve Bank.

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## PART II OTHER INFORMATION

## ITEM 1 LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time the Company is a party to claims and legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. Currently, the Company has no outstanding suits brought against it.

ITEM 2 CHANGES IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS
None
ITEM 3 DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES
None
ITEM 4 SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS
None
ITEM 5 OTHER INFORMATION
None
ITEM 6 EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K
(a) Exhibits
(b) Reports on Form 8-K

None

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## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

| DATE: | May 13, 2002 | Summit Bancshares, Inc. Registrant |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | By: | /s/ | Shirley W. Nelson |
|  |  | Shirley W. Nelson <br> Chairman and CEO <br> (Principal Executive Officer) |  |  |
| DATE: | May 13, 2002 | By: | /s/ | Kikuo Nakahara |
|  |  | Kikuo Nakahara <br> Chief Financial Officer <br> (Principal Financial Officer) |  |  |
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