

DEUTSCHE BANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT  
Form FWP  
January 22, 2016

### **Term Sheet**

*To underlying supplement No. 1 dated August 17, 2015,*

*product supplement B dated July 31, 2015,*

*prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015,*

*prospectus addendum dated January 1, 2016 and*

*prospectus dated July 31, 2015*

Term Sheet No. 2644B

Registration Statement No. 333-206013

Dated January 22, 2016; Rule 433

### **Structured Deutsche Bank AG**

**Investments \$ Capped Absolute Return Knock-Out Notes Linked to the S&P 500® Index due July 26, 2017**

### **General**

The notes are designed for investors who seek a return at maturity linked to the performance of the S&P 500® Index (the “**Underlying**”). A Knock-Out Event will occur if the closing level of the Underlying is less than the Knock-Out Level (75.50% of the Initial Level) on any day from, but excluding, the Trade Date to, but including, the Final Valuation Date. If a Knock-Out Event has not occurred and the Final Level is greater than or equal to the Initial Level, investors will receive at maturity a return on the notes equal to the Underlying Return, subject to the Maximum Return of 24.50%. If a Knock-Out Event has not occurred and the Final Level is less than the Initial Level, investors will receive at maturity a return on the notes equal to the absolute value of the negative Underlying Return. However, if a Knock-Out Event has occurred, investors will receive at maturity a return on the notes that reflects the Underlying Return, whether positive, zero or negative, subject to the Maximum Return. If a Knock-Out Event occurs and the Underlying Return is negative, for each \$1,000 Face Amount of notes, investors will lose 1.00% of the Face Amount for every 1.00% by which the Final Level is less than the Initial Level. The notes do not pay any coupons or dividends and investors should be willing to lose some or all of their investment if a Knock-Out Event occurs and the Final Level is less than the Initial Level. Any payment on the notes is subject to the credit of the Issuer.

· Senior unsecured obligations of Deutsche Bank AG due July 26, 2017

· Minimum purchase of \$10,000. Minimum denominations of \$1,000 (the “**Face Amount**”) and integral multiples thereof.

· The notes are expected to price on or about January 22, 2016 (the “**Trade Date**”) and are expected to settle on or about January 27, 2016 (the “**Settlement Date**”).

### **Key Terms**

Issuer: Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch

Underlying: S&P 500<sup>®</sup> Index (Ticker: SPX)  
Issue Price: 100% of the Face Amount  
Knock-Out Event: A Knock-Out Event occurs if, on any day during the Monitoring Period, the closing level of the Underlying is less than the Knock-Out Level.  
Monitoring Period: The period from, but excluding, the Trade Date to, and including, the final Averaging Date  
Knock-Out Level: 75.50% of the Initial Level  
Maximum Return: 24.50%

· **If a Knock-Out Event *has not* occurred (meaning the closing level of the Underlying is greater than or equal to the Knock-Out Level on all days during the Monitoring Period) and the Final Level is greater than or equal to the Initial Level**, you will receive a cash payment at maturity per \$1,000 Face Amount of notes calculated as follows:  
 $\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times \text{the lesser of (i) Underlying Return and (ii) Maximum Return})$

· **If a Knock-Out Event *has not* occurred (meaning the closing level of the Underlying is greater than or equal to the Knock-Out Level on all days during the Monitoring Period) and the Final Level is less than the Initial Level**, you will receive a cash payment at maturity per \$1,000 Face Amount of notes calculated as follows:  
 $\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times \text{Absolute Return})$

· **If a Knock-Out Event *has* occurred (meaning the closing level of the Underlying is less than the Knock-Out Level on at least one day during the Monitoring Period)**, you will receive a cash payment at maturity per \$1,000 Face Amount of notes calculated as follows:  
 $\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times \text{the lesser of (i) Underlying Return and (ii) Maximum Return})$   
*If a Knock-Out Event has occurred and the Underlying Return is negative, for each \$1,000 Face Amount of notes, you will lose 1.00% of the Face Amount for every 1.00% by which the Final Level is less than the Initial Level. In this circumstance, you will lose some or all of your investment at maturity. Any payment at maturity is subject to the credit of the Issuer.*  
*Key Terms continued on next page*

Payment at Maturity:

**Investing in the notes involves a number of risks. See “Risk Factors” beginning on page 7 of the accompanying product supplement, page PS-5 of the accompanying prospectus supplement, page 2 of the accompanying prospectus addendum and page 12 of the accompanying prospectus and “Selected Risk Considerations” beginning on page 8 of this term sheet.**

**The Issuer’s estimated value of the notes on the Trade Date is approximately \$959.00 to \$979.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of notes, which is less than the Issue Price. Please see “Issuer’s Estimated Value of the Notes” on page 3 of this term sheet for additional information.**

**By acquiring the notes, you will be bound by, and deemed irrevocably to consent to, the imposition of any Resolution Measure (as defined below) by the competent resolution authority, which may include the write down of all, or a portion, of any payment on the notes or the conversion of the notes into ordinary shares or other instruments of ownership. If any Resolution Measure becomes applicable to us, you may lose some or all of your investment in the notes. Please see “Resolution Measures and Deemed Agreement” on page 4 of this term sheet for more information.**

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the notes or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this term sheet or the accompanying underlying supplement, product supplement, prospectus supplement, prospectus addendum or prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	<b>Price to Public<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>Fees<sup>(1)(2)</sup></b>	<b>Proceeds to Issuer</b>
<b>Per note</b>	\$1,000.00	\$12.50	\$987.50
<b>Total</b>	\$	\$	\$

<sup>(1)</sup> JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, which we refer to as JPMS LLC, or one of its affiliates will act as placement agents for the notes. The placement agents will forgo fees for sales to fiduciary accounts. The total fees represent the amount that the placement agents receive from sales to accounts other than such fiduciary accounts. The placement agents will receive a fee from the Issuer that will not exceed \$12.50 per \$1,000 Face Amount of notes.

<sup>(2)</sup> Please see “Supplemental Plan of Distribution” in this term sheet for more information about fees.

*The notes are not deposits or savings accounts and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other U.S. or foreign governmental agency or instrumentality.*

**JPMorgan**

**Placement Agent**

January 22, 2016

(Key Terms continued from previous page)

Underlying Return: The performance of the Underlying from the Initial Level to the Final Level, calculated as follows:  
$$\frac{\text{Final Level} - \text{Initial Level}}{\text{Initial Level}}$$
*The Underlying Return may be positive, zero or negative.*

Absolute Return: The absolute value of the Underlying Return. For example, if the Underlying Return is -5.00%, the Absolute Return will equal 5.00%.

Initial Level: The closing level of the Underlying on the Trade Date

Final Level: The arithmetic average of the closing levels of the Underlying on each of the five Averaging Dates

Trade Date<sup>2</sup>: January 22, 2016

Settlement Date<sup>2</sup>: January 27, 2016

Averaging Dates<sup>1, 2</sup>: July 17, 2017, July 18, 2017, July 19, 2017, July 20, 2017 and July 21, 2017

Maturity Date<sup>1, 2</sup>: July 26, 2017

Listing: The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange.

CUSIP/ISIN: 25152RZQ9 / US25152RZQ90

<sup>1</sup> Subject to adjustment as described under “Description of Securities — Adjustments to Valuation Dates and Payment Dates” in the accompanying product supplement.

<sup>2</sup> In the event that we make any change to the expected Trade Date or Settlement Date, the Averaging Dates and Maturity Date may be changed so that the stated term of the notes remains the same.

### **Issuer's Estimated Value of the Notes**

The Issuer's estimated value of the notes is equal to the sum of our valuations of the following two components of the notes: (i) a bond and (ii) an embedded derivative(s). The value of the bond component of the notes is calculated based on the present value of the stream of cash payments associated with a conventional bond with a principal amount equal to the Face Amount of notes, discounted at an internal funding rate, which is determined primarily based on our market-based yield curve, adjusted to account for our funding needs and objectives for the period matching the term of the notes. The internal funding rate is typically lower than the rate we would pay when we issue conventional debt securities on equivalent terms. This difference in funding rate, as well as the agent's commissions, if any, and the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the notes, reduces the economic terms of the notes to you and is expected to adversely affect the price at which you may be able to sell the notes in any secondary market. The value of the embedded derivative(s) is calculated based on our internal pricing models using relevant parameter inputs such as expected interest and dividend rates and mid-market levels of price and volatility of the assets underlying the notes or any futures, options or swaps related to such underlying assets. Our internal pricing models are proprietary and rely in part on certain assumptions about future events, which may prove to be incorrect.

The Issuer's estimated value of the notes on the Trade Date (as disclosed on the cover of this term sheet) is less than the Issue Price of the notes. The difference between the Issue Price and the Issuer's estimated value of the notes on the Trade Date is due to the inclusion in the Issue Price of the agent's commissions, if any, and the cost of hedging our obligations under the notes through one or more of our affiliates. Such hedging cost includes our or our affiliates' expected cost of providing such hedge, as well as the profit we or our affiliates expect to realize in consideration for assuming the risks inherent in providing such hedge.

The Issuer's estimated value of the notes on the Trade Date does not represent the price at which we or any of our affiliates would be willing to purchase your notes in the secondary market at any time. Assuming no changes in market conditions or our creditworthiness and other relevant factors, the price, if any, at which we or our affiliates would be willing to purchase the notes from you in secondary market transactions, if at all, would generally be lower than both the Issue Price and the Issuer's estimated value of the notes on the Trade Date. Our purchase price, if any, in secondary market transactions will be based on the estimated value of the notes determined by reference to (i) the then-prevailing internal funding rate (adjusted by a spread) or another appropriate measure of our cost of funds and (ii) our pricing models at that time, less a bid spread determined after taking into account the size of the repurchase, the nature of the assets underlying the notes and then-prevailing market conditions. The price we report to financial reporting services and to distributors of our notes for use on customer account statements would generally be determined on the same basis. However, during the period of approximately six months beginning from the Trade Date, we or our affiliates may, in our sole discretion, increase the purchase price determined as described above by an amount equal to the declining differential between the Issue Price and the Issuer's estimated value of the notes on the Trade Date, prorated over such period on a straight-line basis, for transactions that are individually and in the aggregate of the expected size for ordinary secondary market repurchases.

## Resolution Measures and Deemed Agreement

On May 15, 2014, the European Parliament and the Council of the European Union adopted a directive establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (commonly referred to as the “**Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive**”). The Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive required each member state of the European Union to adopt and publish by December 31, 2014 the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive. Germany adopted the Recovery and Resolution Act (*Sanierungs- und Abwicklungsgesetz*, or “**Resolution Act**”), which became effective on January 1, 2015. The Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive and the Resolution Act provided national resolution authorities with a set of resolution powers to intervene in the event that a bank is failing or likely to fail and certain other conditions are met. From January 1, 2016, the power to initiate resolution measures applicable to significant banking groups (such as Deutsche Bank Group) in the European Banking Union has been transferred to a single European resolution authority which works in close cooperation with the European Central Bank, the European Commission and the national resolution authorities under a European Union regulation establishing uniform rules and a uniform procedure for the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms in the framework of a Single Resolution Mechanism and a Single Resolution Fund (“**SRM Regulation**”). Pursuant to the SRM Regulation, the Resolution Act and other applicable rules and regulations, the notes may be subject to any Resolution Measure (as defined below) by our competent resolution authority if we become, or are deemed by our competent supervisory authority to have become, “non-viable” (as defined under the then applicable law) and are unable to continue our regulated banking activities without a Resolution Measure becoming applicable to us. By acquiring the notes, you will be bound by and deemed irrevocably to consent to the provisions set forth in the accompanying prospectus addendum, which we have summarized below.

By acquiring the notes, you will be bound by and will be deemed irrevocably to consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by our competent resolution authority. Under the relevant resolution laws and regulations as applicable to us from time to time, the notes may be subject to the powers exercised by our competent resolution authority to: (i) write down, including to zero, any payment (or delivery obligations) on the notes; (ii) convert the notes into ordinary shares of (a) the issuer, (b) any group entity or (c) any bridge bank or other instruments of ownership of such entities qualifying as common equity tier 1 capital; and/or (iii) apply any other resolution measure including, but not limited to, any transfer of the notes to another entity, the amendment, modification or variation of the terms and conditions of the notes or the cancellation of the notes. We refer to each of these measures as a “**Resolution Measure**.” A “group entity” refers to an entity that is included in the corporate group subject to a Resolution Measure. A “bridge bank” refers to a newly chartered German bank that would receive some or all of our assets, liabilities and material contracts, including those attributable to our branches and subsidiaries, in a resolution proceeding.

Furthermore, by acquiring the notes, you:

are deemed irrevocably to have agreed, and you will agree: (i) to be bound by, to acknowledge and to accept any Resolution Measure and any amendment, modification or variation of the terms and conditions of the notes to give effect to any Resolution Measure; (ii) that you will have no claim or other right against us arising out of any Resolution Measure; and (iii) that the imposition of any Resolution Measure will not constitute a default or an event of default under the notes, under the senior indenture dated November 22, 2006 among us, Law Debenture Trust

Company of New York, as trustee, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as issuing agent, paying agent, authenticating agent and registrar, as amended and supplemented from time to time (the “**Indenture**”), or for the purpose of, but only to the fullest extent permitted by, the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the “**Trust Indenture Act**”);

waive, to the fullest extent permitted by the Trust Indenture Act and applicable law, any and all claims against the trustee and the paying agent, the issuing agent and the registrar (each, an “**agent**”) for, agree not to initiate a suit against the trustee and the relevant agent in respect of, and agree that neither the trustee nor the relevant agent will be liable for, any action that the trustee or the relevant agent takes, or abstains from taking, in either case in accordance with the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority with respect to the notes; and

will be deemed irrevocably to have: (i) consented to the imposition of any Resolution Measure as it may be imposed without any prior notice by the competent resolution authority of its decision to exercise such power with respect to the notes; (ii) authorized, directed and requested The Depository Trust Company (“**DTC**”) and any participant in DTC or other intermediary through which you hold such notes to take any and all necessary action, if required, to implement the imposition of any Resolution Measure with respect to the notes as it may be imposed, without any further action or direction on your part or on the part of the trustee or the relevant agent; and (iii) acknowledged and accepted that the Resolution Measure provisions described herein and in the “Resolution Measure” section of the accompanying prospectus addendum are exhaustive on the matters described herein and therein to the exclusion of any other agreements, arrangements or understandings between you and the issuer relating to the terms and conditions of the notes.

*This is only a summary, for more information please see the accompanying prospectus addendum dated January 1, 2016.*

**Additional Terms Specific to the Notes**

You should read this term sheet together with underlying supplement No. 1 dated August 17, 2015, product supplement B dated July 31, 2015, the prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015 relating to our Series A global notes of which these notes are a part, the prospectus addendum dated January 1, 2016 and the prospectus dated July 31, 2015. You may access these documents on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov) as follows (or if such address has changed, by reviewing our filings for the relevant date on the SEC website):

· Underlying supplement No. 1 dated August 17, 2015:

[http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006546/crt\\_dp58829-424b2.pdf](http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006546/crt_dp58829-424b2.pdf)

· Product supplement B dated July 31, 2015:

[http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006059/crt\\_dp58181-424b2.pdf](http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006059/crt_dp58181-424b2.pdf)

· Prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015:

[http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006048/crt-dp58161\\_424b2.pdf](http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006048/crt-dp58161_424b2.pdf)

· Prospectus addendum dated January 1, 2016:

[http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010316009887/crt-dp62226\\_424b3.pdf](http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010316009887/crt-dp62226_424b3.pdf)

· Prospectus dated July 31, 2015:

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000119312515273165/d40464d424b2.htm>

Our Central Index Key, or CIK, on the SEC website is 0001159508. As used in this term sheet, “we,” “us” or “our” refers to Deutsche Bank AG, including, as the context requires, acting through one of its branches.

This term sheet, together with the documents listed above, contains the terms of the notes and supersedes all other prior or contemporaneous oral statements as well as any other written materials including preliminary or indicative pricing terms, correspondence, trade ideas, structures for implementation, sample structures, brochures or other educational materials of ours. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in this term



sheet and in “Risk Factors” in the accompanying product supplement, prospectus supplement, prospectus addendum and prospectus, as the notes involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities. We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers before deciding to invest in the notes.

**Deutsche Bank AG has filed a registration statement (including a prospectus) with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the offering to which this term sheet relates. Before you invest, you should read the prospectus in that registration statement and the other documents relating to this offering that Deutsche Bank AG has filed with the SEC for more complete information about Deutsche Bank AG and this offering. You may obtain these documents without cost by visiting EDGAR on the SEC website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). Alternatively, Deutsche Bank AG, any agent or any dealer participating in this offering will arrange to send you the underlying supplement, product supplement, prospectus supplement, prospectus addendum, prospectus and this term sheet if you so request by calling toll-free 1-800-311-4409.**

**You may revoke your offer to purchase the notes at any time prior to the time at which we accept such offer by notifying the applicable agent. We reserve the right to change the terms of, or reject any offer to purchase, the notes prior to their issuance. We will notify you in the event of any changes to the terms of the notes and you will be asked to accept such changes in connection with your purchase of any notes. You may also choose to reject such changes, in which case we may reject your offer to purchase the notes.**

### What Are the Possible Payments on the Notes at Maturity, Assuming a Range of Hypothetical Performances for the Underlying?

The following table illustrates a range of hypothetical payments at maturity on the notes. The table and the hypothetical examples below reflect the Maximum Return of 24.50% and the Knock-Out Level of 75.50% of the Initial Level. The actual Initial Level and Knock-Out Level will be determined on the Trade Date. The table and hypothetical examples set forth below are for illustrative purposes only. The actual return applicable to a purchaser of the notes will be based on whether or not a Knock-Out Event occurs, which will depend on whether the closing level of the Underlying is less than the Knock-Out Level on any day during the Monitoring Period, and the Underlying Return, which will be based on the performance of the Underlying as measured on the Averaging Dates. The numbers appearing in the table and examples below may have been rounded for ease of analysis. You should consider carefully whether the notes are suitable to your investment goals.

Hypothetical Underlying Return (%)	A Knock-Out Event <u>Has Not</u> Occurred During the Monitoring Period		A Knock-Out Event <u>Has</u> Occurred During the Monitoring Period	
	Hypothetical Return on the Notes (%)	Hypothetical Payment at Maturity (\$)	Hypothetical Return on the Notes (%)	Hypothetical Payment at Maturity (\$)
100.00%	24.50%	\$1,245.00	24.50%	\$1,245.00
90.00%	24.50%	\$1,245.00	24.50%	\$1,245.00
80.00%	24.50%	\$1,245.00	24.50%	\$1,245.00
70.00%	24.50%	\$1,245.00	24.50%	\$1,245.00
60.00%	24.50%	\$1,245.00	24.50%	\$1,245.00
50.00%	24.50%	\$1,245.00	24.50%	\$1,245.00
40.00%	24.50%	\$1,245.00	24.50%	\$1,245.00
30.00%	24.50%	\$1,245.00	24.50%	\$1,245.00
20.00%	24.50%	\$1,245.00	24.50%	\$1,245.00
<b>24.50%</b>	<b>24.50%</b>	<b>\$1,245.00</b>	<b>24.50%</b>	<b>\$1,245.00</b>
20.00%	20.00%	\$1,200.00	20.00%	\$1,200.00
10.00%	10.00%	\$1,100.00	10.00%	\$1,100.00
5.00%	5.00%	\$1,050.00	5.00%	\$1,050.00
<b>0.00%</b>	<b>0.00%</b>	<b>\$1,000.00</b>	<b>0.00%</b>	<b>\$1,000.00</b>
-5.00%	5.00%	\$1,050.00	-5.00%	\$950.00
-10.00%	10.00%	\$1,100.00	-10.00%	\$900.00
-20.00%	20.00%	\$1,200.00	-20.00%	\$800.00
<b>-24.50%</b>	<b>24.50%</b>	<b>\$1,245.00</b>	<b>-24.50%</b>	<b>\$755.00</b>
-30.00%	N/A	N/A	-30.00%	\$700.00
-40.00%	N/A	N/A	-40.00%	\$600.00
-50.00%	N/A	N/A	-50.00%	\$500.00
-60.00%	N/A	N/A	-60.00%	\$400.00
-70.00%	N/A	N/A	-70.00%	\$300.00
-80.00%	N/A	N/A	-80.00%	\$200.00
-90.00%	N/A	N/A	-90.00%	\$100.00
-100.00%	N/A	N/A	-100.00%	\$0.00

N/A: Not applicable because a Knock-Out Event would have occurred.

### **Hypothetical Examples of Amounts Payable at Maturity**

The following hypothetical examples illustrate how the payments on the notes at maturity set forth in the table above are calculated.

**Example 1: A Knock-Out Event has not occurred and the Final Level is greater than the Initial Level, resulting in an Underlying Return of 40.00%.** Because the closing level of the Underlying on all days during the Monitoring Period, including the final Averaging Date, was greater than or equal to the Knock-Out Level, a Knock-Out Event has not occurred. Because the Final Level is greater than the Initial Level and the Underlying Return is greater than the Maximum Return, the investor receives the Maximum Return on the notes. Accordingly, the investor receives a Payment at Maturity of \$1,245.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of notes, calculated as follows:

$\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times \text{the lesser of (i) Underlying Return and (ii) Maximum Return})$

$\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times 24.50\%) = \$1,245.00$

**Example 2: A Knock-Out Event has not occurred and the Final Level is greater than the Initial Level, resulting in an Underlying Return of 5.00%.** Because the closing level of the Underlying on all days during the Monitoring Period, including the final

Averaging Date, was greater than or equal to the Knock-Out Level, a Knock-Out Event has not occurred. Because the Final Level is greater than the Initial Level and the Underlying Return is less than the Maximum Return, the investor receives a Payment at Maturity of \$1,050.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of notes, calculated as follows:

$$\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times \text{the lesser of (i) Underlying Return and (ii) Maximum Return})$$

$$\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times 5.00\%) = \$1,050.00$$

**Example 3: A Knock-Out Event has not occurred and the Final Level is less than the Initial Level, resulting in an Underlying Return of -10.00%.** Because the closing level of the Underlying on all days during the Monitoring Period, including the final Averaging Date, was greater than or equal to the Knock-Out Level, a Knock-Out Event has not occurred. Because a Knock-Out Event has not occurred and the Final Level is less than the Initial Level, the investor receives the absolute value of the negative Underlying Return. Accordingly, the investor receives a Payment at Maturity of \$1,100.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of notes, calculated as follows:

$$\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times \text{Absolute Return})$$

$$\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times |-10.00\%|) = \$1,100.00$$

**Example 4: A Knock-Out Event has occurred and the Final Level is less than the Initial Level, resulting in an Underlying Return of -50.00%.** Because the closing level of the Underlying on at least one day during the Monitoring Period was less than the Knock-Out Level, a Knock-Out Event has occurred. Because a Knock-Out Event has occurred and the Underlying Return is less than the Maximum Return, the investor receives a Payment at Maturity of \$500.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of notes, calculated as follows:

$$\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times \text{the lesser of (i) Underlying Return and (ii) Maximum Return})$$

$$\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times -50.00\%) = \$500.00$$

**Example 5: A Knock-Out Event has occurred and the Final Level is greater than the Initial Level, resulting in an Underlying Return of 5.00%.** Because the closing level of the Underlying on at least one day during the Monitoring Period was less than the Knock-Out Level, a Knock-Out Event has occurred. Because a Knock-Out Event has occurred and the Underlying Return is less than the Maximum Return, the investor receives a Payment at Maturity of \$1,050.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of notes, calculated as follows:

$$\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times \text{the lesser of (i) Underlying Return and (ii) Maximum Return})$$

$$\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times 5.00\%) = \$1,050.00$$

**Example 6: A Knock-Out Event has occurred and the Final Level is greater than the Initial Level, resulting in an Underlying Return of 40.00%.** Because the closing level of the Underlying on at least one day during the Monitoring Period was less than the Knock-Out Level, a Knock-Out Event has occurred. Because a Knock-Out Event has occurred and the Underlying Return is greater than the Maximum Return, the investor receives the Maximum Return on the notes. Accordingly, the investor receives a Payment at Maturity of \$1,245.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of notes, calculated as follows:

$$\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times \text{the lesser of (i) Underlying Return and (ii) Maximum Return})$$

$$\$1,000 + (\$1,000 \times 24.50\%) = \$1,245.00$$

### Selected Purchase Considerations

**CAPPED APPRECIATION POTENTIAL** — The notes are linked to the performance of the Underlying and provide the opportunity to participate in any increase in the level of the Underlying at maturity on an unleveraged basis, subject to the Maximum Return, regardless of whether a Knock-Out Event has or has not occurred. **Any payment on the notes is subject to our ability to satisfy our obligations as they become due.**

**POTENTIAL TO RECEIVE THE ABSOLUTE RETURN OF THE UNDERLYING IF A KNOCK-OUT EVENT HAS NOT OCCURRED** — If a Knock-Out Event has not occurred and the Final Level is less than the Initial Level, you will receive at maturity a return on the notes equal to the absolute value of the negative Underlying Return, up to a return on the notes of 24.50%, which is equal to the percentage difference from the Initial Level to the Knock-Out Level.

**LIMITED PROTECTION AGAINST LOSS** — A Knock-Out Event will occur if the closing level of the Underlying is less than the Knock-Out Level on any day during the Monitoring Period. You will receive at maturity a return on the notes equal to the absolute value of the negative Underlying Return only if a Knock-Out Event has not occurred and the Final Level is less than the Initial Level. However, if a Knock-Out Event has occurred and the Underlying Return is negative, for each \$1,000 Face Amount of notes, you will lose 1.00% of the Face Amount for every 1.00% by which the Final Level is less than the Initial Level. In this circumstance, you will lose some or all of your investment in the notes.

**RETURN LINKED TO THE PERFORMANCE OF THE S&P 500® INDEX** — The return on the notes, which may be positive, zero or negative, is linked to the performance of the S&P 500® Index as described herein. The S&P 500® Index is intended to provide a performance benchmark for the U.S. equity markets. The calculation of the level of the S&P 500® Index is based on the relative value of the aggregate market value of the shares of 500 companies as of a particular time as compared to the aggregate average market value of the shares of 500 similar companies during the base period of the years 1941 through 1943. *This is only a summary of the S&P 500® Index. For more*

*information on the S&P 500® Index,*

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*including information concerning its composition, calculation methodology and adjustment policy, please see the section entitled “The S&P Dow Jones Indices — The S&P 500 Index” in the accompanying underlying supplement No. 1 dated August 17, 2015.*

**TAX CONSEQUENCES** — In the opinion of our special tax counsel, Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, which is based on prevailing market conditions, it is more likely than not that the notes will be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as prepaid financial contracts that are not debt. Generally, if this treatment is respected, (i) you should not recognize taxable income or loss prior to the maturity or other taxable disposition of your notes and (ii) the gain or loss on your notes should be capital gain or loss and should be long-term capital gain or loss if you have held the notes for more than one year. The Internal Revenue Service (the “**IRS**”) or a court might not agree with this treatment, however, in which case the timing and character of income or loss on your notes could be materially and adversely affected.

In 2007, the U.S. Treasury Department and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on various issues regarding the U.S. federal income tax treatment of “prepaid forward contracts” and similar instruments. The notice focuses in particular on whether beneficial owners of these instruments should be required to accrue income over the term of their investment. It also asks for comments on a number of related topics, including the character of income or loss with respect to these instruments; the relevance of factors such as the nature of the underlying property to which the instruments are linked; the degree, if any, to which income (including any mandated accruals) realized by non-U.S. persons should be subject to withholding tax; and whether these instruments are or should be subject to the “constructive ownership” regime, which very generally can operate to recharacterize certain long-term capital gain as ordinary income and impose a notional interest charge. While the notice requests comments on appropriate transition rules and effective dates, any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially and adversely affect the tax consequences of an investment in the notes, possibly with retroactive effect.

Withholding under legislation commonly referred to as “FATCA” might (if the notes were recharacterized as debt instruments) apply to amounts treated as interest paid with respect to the notes. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the section of the accompanying product supplement entitled “U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences,” under a recent IRS notice, withholding under FATCA will not apply to payments of gross proceeds (other than any amount treated as interest) of a taxable disposition, including redemption at maturity, of the notes. You should consult your tax adviser regarding the potential application of FATCA to the notes.

Non-U.S. holders should note that, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the section of the accompanying product supplement entitled “U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences,” recently promulgated Treasury regulations imposing a withholding tax on certain “dividend equivalents” under certain “equity linked instruments” will not apply to the notes.

You should review carefully the section of the accompanying product supplement entitled “U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences.” The preceding discussion, when read in combination with that section, constitutes the full opinion of our special tax counsel regarding the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of owning and disposing of the notes.

Under current law, the United Kingdom will not impose withholding tax on payments made with respect to the notes.

For a discussion of certain German tax considerations relating to the notes, you should refer to the section in the accompanying prospectus supplement entitled “Taxation by Germany of Non-Resident Holders.”

**You should consult your tax adviser regarding the U.S. federal tax consequences of an investment in the notes (including possible alternative treatments and the issues presented by the 2007 notice), as well as tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.**

### **Selected Risk Considerations**

An investment in the notes involves significant risks. Investing in the notes is not equivalent to investing directly in the stocks composing the Underlying. In addition to these selected risk considerations, you should review the “Risk Factors” sections of the accompanying product supplement, prospectus supplement, prospectus addendum and prospectus.

**YOUR INVESTMENT IN THE NOTES MAY RESULT IN A LOSS** — The notes do not guarantee any return of your investment. The return on the notes at maturity is based on whether or not a Knock-Out Event occurs and the Underlying Return. If the closing level of the Underlying is less than the Knock-Out Level on any day during the Monitoring Period, a Knock-Out Event occurs and your investment will be fully exposed to any decline in the level of the Underlying during the term of the notes. If a Knock-Out Event has occurred and the Underlying Return is negative, you will not receive the Absolute Return and, for each \$1,000 Face Amount of notes, you will lose 1.00% of the Face Amount for every 1.00% by which the Final Level is less than the Initial Level. In this circumstance, you will lose some or all of your investment in the notes. **Any payment on the notes is subject to our ability to satisfy our obligations as they become due.**



**THE RETURN ON THE NOTES IS LIMITED** — If a Knock-Out Event does not occur and the Final Level is greater than the Initial Level, you will receive at maturity a return reflecting the Underlying Return, subject to the Maximum Return. If a Knock-Out Event does not occur and the Final Level is less than the Initial Level, you will receive at maturity a return equal to absolute value of the negative Underlying Return. In this circumstance, because the Absolute Return feature applies only if a Knock-Out Event has not occurred (**meaning the closing level of the Underlying is greater than or equal to the Knock-Out Level on all days during the Monitoring Period, including the Averaging Dates**), your positive return will be limited to 24.50%, which is equal to the percentage difference from the Initial Level to the Knock-Out Level. If a Knock-Out Event occurs (**meaning the closing level of the Underlying is less than the Knock-Out Level on at least one day during the Monitoring Period, including an Averaging Date**), you will be fully exposed to the Underlying Return (whether positive or negative), subject to the Maximum Return. Therefore, regardless of whether a Knock-Out Event occurs, the maximum Payment at Maturity will be \$1,245.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of notes, reflecting the Maximum Return and the percentage difference from the Initial Level to the Knock-Out Level, and you will not participate in any positive Underlying Return in excess of 24.50%.

**YOU WILL NOT BENEFIT FROM THE ABSOLUTE RETURN FEATURE IF A KNOCK-OUT EVENT OCCURS** — The notes are subject to daily closing level monitoring. As a result, if the closing level of the Underlying on any day during the Monitoring Period is less than the Knock-Out Level, you will not receive the Absolute Return and your investment will be fully exposed to any decline in the level of the Underlying during the term of the notes. You will be subject to this potential loss of your investment even if the Underlying subsequently increases such that the Final Level is greater than or equal to the Knock-Out Level. Because the closing level of the Underlying needs to decrease to a level less than the Knock-Out Level on at least one day during the Monitoring Period in order for a Knock-Out Event to occur, you will not receive a positive return on the notes unless the closing level of the Underlying increases substantially from a level less than the Knock-Out Level during the Monitoring Period to levels equal to or greater than the Initial Level on the Averaging Dates.

**THE NOTES DO NOT PAY ANY COUPONS** — Unlike ordinary debt securities, the notes do not pay any coupons and do not guarantee any return of your investment at maturity.

**THE NOTES ARE SUBJECT TO THE CREDIT OF DEUTSCHE BANK AG** — The notes are senior unsecured obligations of Deutsche Bank AG and are not, either directly or indirectly, an obligation of any third party. Any payment(s) to be made on the notes depends on the ability of Deutsche Bank AG to satisfy its obligations as they become due. An actual or anticipated downgrade in Deutsche Bank AG's credit rating or increase in the credit spreads charged by the market for taking Deutsche Bank AG's credit risk will likely have an adverse effect on the value of the notes. As a result, the actual and perceived creditworthiness of Deutsche Bank AG will affect the value of the notes and in the event Deutsche Bank AG were to default on its obligations or become subject to a Resolution Measure, you might not receive any amount(s) owed to you under the terms of the notes and you could lose your entire investment.

**THE NOTES MAY BE WRITTEN DOWN, BE CONVERTED INTO ORDINARY SHARES OR OTHER INSTRUMENTS OF OWNERSHIP OR BECOME SUBJECT TO OTHER RESOLUTION MEASURES. YOU MAY LOSE SOME OR ALL OF YOUR INVESTMENT IF ANY SUCH MEASURE BECOMES APPLICABLE TO US** — On May 15, 2014, the European Parliament and the Council of the European Union adopted the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms. The Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive required each member state of the European Union to adopt and publish by December 31, 2014 the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive. To implement the Bank Recovery and

Resolution Directive, Germany adopted the Resolution Act, which became effective on January 1, 2015. The Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive and the Resolution Act provided national resolution authorities with a set of resolution powers to intervene in the event that a bank is failing or likely to fail and certain other conditions are met. From January 1, 2016, the power to initiate resolution measures applicable to significant banking groups (such as Deutsche Bank Group) in the European Banking Union has been transferred to a single European resolution authority which works in close cooperation with the European Central Bank, the European Commission and the national resolution authorities under the SRM Regulation. Pursuant to the SRM Regulation, the Resolution Act and other applicable rules and regulations, the notes are subject to the powers exercised by the competent resolution authority to impose a Resolution Measure on us, which may include: writing down, including to zero, any claim for payment on the notes; converting the notes into ordinary shares of (i) the issuer, (ii) any group entity or (iii) any bridge bank or other instruments of ownership of such entities qualifying as common equity tier 1 capital; or applying any other resolution measure including, but not limited to, transferring the notes to another entity, amending, modifying or varying the terms and conditions of the notes or cancelling of the notes. The competent resolution authority may apply Resolution Measures individually or in any combination.

The German law on the mechanism for the resolution of banks of November 2, 2015 (*Abwicklungsmechanismengesetz*, or the “**Resolution Mechanism Act**”) provides that, among the unsecured unsubordinated obligations of the issuer, those obligations that are excluded from the statutory definition of “debt instruments” under the Resolution

Mechanism Act would be satisfied first in a German insolvency proceeding with respect to the issuer. This prioritization would also be given effect in a resolution proceeding with respect to the issuer, so that obligations excluded from the statutory definition of “debt instruments” would be written down or converted into common equity tier 1 instruments only after eligible liabilities that are debt instruments have been written down or so converted. Among those unsecured unsubordinated obligations that fall outside the statutory definition of “debt instruments” and would be satisfied first under the Resolution Mechanism Act are senior unsecured debt instruments whose terms provide that (i) the repayment or the amount of the repayment depends on the occurrence or non-occurrence of an event which is uncertain at the point in time when the senior unsecured debt instruments are issued or is settled in a way other than by monetary payment or (ii) the payment of interest or the amount of the interest payments depends on the occurrence or non-occurrence of an event which is uncertain at the point in time when the senior unsecured debt instruments are issued unless the payment of interest or the amount of the interest payments solely depends on a fixed or floating reference interest rate and is settled by monetary payment. This order of priorities would apply to resolution and German insolvency proceedings commenced on or after January 1, 2017 with retroactive effect for outstanding debt instruments of the issuer. In a resolution or German insolvency proceeding with respect to the issuer, the competent regulatory authority or court would determine which of our senior debt securities issued under the prospectus have the terms described in clauses (i) or (ii) above, referred to herein as the “**Structured Debt Securities**,” and which do not, referred to herein as the “**Non-Structured Debt Securities**.” We expect the notes offered herein to be classified as Structured Debt Securities, but the competent regulatory authority or court may classify the notes differently. In a resolution or German insolvency proceeding with respect to the issuer, the Structured Debt Securities are expected to be among the unsecured unsubordinated obligations that would be satisfied before the Non-Structured Debt Securities as described above. **Nevertheless, you may lose some or all of your investment in the notes if a Resolution Measure becomes applicable to us.** Imposition of a Resolution Measure would likely occur if we become, or are deemed by our competent supervisory authority to have become, “non-viable” (as defined under the then applicable law) and are unable to continue our regulated banking activities without a Resolution Measure becoming applicable to us. The Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive and the Resolution Act are intended to eliminate the need for public support of troubled banks, and you should be aware that public support, if any, would only potentially be used by the competent supervisory authority as a last resort after having assessed and exploited, to the maximum extent practicable, the resolution tools, including the bail-in tool.

By acquiring the notes, you would have no claim or other right against us arising out of any Resolution Measure, and we would have no obligation to make payments under the notes following the imposition of a Resolution Measure. In particular, the imposition of any Resolution Measure will not constitute a default or an event of default under the notes, under the Indenture or for the purpose of, but only to the fullest extent permitted by, the Trust Indenture Act. Furthermore, because the notes are subject to any Resolution Measure, secondary market trading in the notes may not follow the trading behavior associated with similar types of securities issued by other financial institutions which may be or have been subject to a Resolution Measure.

In addition, by your acquisition of the notes, you waive, to the fullest extent permitted by the Trust Indenture Act, any and all claims against the trustee and the relevant agents for, agree not to initiate a suit against the trustee and the relevant agents in respect of, and agree that neither the trustee nor the relevant agents will be liable for, any action that the trustee or the relevant agents take, or abstain from taking, in either case in accordance with the imposition of a Resolution Measure by the competent resolution authority with respect to the notes. **Accordingly, you may have limited or circumscribed rights to challenge any decision of the competent resolution authority to impose any Resolution Measure.**

**THE ISSUER'S ESTIMATED VALUE OF THE NOTES ON THE TRADE DATE WILL BE LESS THAN THE ISSUE PRICE OF THE NOTES** — The Issuer's estimated value of the notes on the Trade Date (as disclosed on the cover of this term sheet) is less than the Issue Price of the notes. The difference between the Issue Price and the Issuer's estimated value of the notes on the Trade Date is due to the inclusion in the Issue Price of the agent's commissions, if any, and the cost of hedging our obligations under the notes through one or more of our affiliates. Such hedging cost includes our or our affiliates' expected cost of providing such hedge, as well as the profit we or our affiliates expect to realize in consideration for assuming the risks inherent in providing such hedge. The Issuer's estimated value of the notes is determined by reference to an internal funding rate and our pricing models. The internal funding rate is typically lower than the rate we would pay when we issue conventional debt securities on equivalent terms. This difference in funding rate, as well as the agent's commissions, if any, and