PEOPLES FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP/ Form 10-Q November 09, 2006

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

Form 10-Q

- (X) Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the quarterly period ended **September 30, 2006** or
- () Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the transition period from

No. 0-23863 (Commission File Number)

PEOPLES FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

PE.	NNSYL	VANIA
. ~		

23-2391852

(State of incorporation)

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

50 MAIN STREET, HALLSTEAD, PA

18822

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip code)

(570) 879-2175

(Registrant's telephone number including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days Yes X No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer X Non-accelerated filer
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No X

Number of shares outstanding as of September 30, 2006

COMMON STOCK (\$2 Par Value)	3,133,874
(Title of Class)	(Outstanding Shares)

PEOPLES FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP. FORM 10-Q

For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2006

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. Financial Statements				
	Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2006 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2005 (Audited)	3		
	Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited) for the Three Months and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005	4		
	Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited) for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005	5		
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 and 2005	6		
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	7 - 11		
Item 2. Management's Discussi	on and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	12-25		
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualit About Market Risk	ative Disclosures	26		
Item 4. Controls and Procedure	s	26		
PART II	OTHER INFORMATION			
Item 1. Legal Proceedings Item 1A. Risk Factors		27 27		
	quity Securities and Use of Proceeds	27		
Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Se	. ·	27		
Item 4. Submission of Matters		27		
Item 5. Other Information	to a vote of security fiolidals	27		
Item 6. Exhibits		28		
Signatures		29		

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

PEOPLES FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

September 30, 2006 (UNAUDITED) and December 31, 2005

(In thousands, except share data)	-,	
ASSETS:	Sept 2006	Dec 2005
Cash and due from banks	\$ 6,952	\$ 6,457
Interest bearing deposits in other banks	2,603	239
Federal funds sold	1,018	0
Cash and cash equivalents	10,573	6,696
Securities available for sale	110,716	108,313
Loans	268,291	259,245
Allowance for loan losses	(2,483)	(2,375)
Loans, net	265,808	256,870
Bank premises and equipment, net	6,171	5,837
Accrued interest receivable	1,909	1,827
Intangible assets	1,434	1,630
Other assets	14,993	10,025
Total assets	\$ 411,604	\$ 391,198
LIABILITIES:		
Deposits:		
Non-interest bearing	\$ 54,168	\$ 46,777
Interest bearing	264,540	250,185
Total deposits	318,708	296,962
Accrued interest payable	598	622
Short-term borrowings	13,266	17,842
Long-term borrowings	36,903	34,770
Other liabilities	1,540	1,386
Total liabilities	371,015	351,582
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Common stock, par value \$2 per share; authorized 12,500,000 shares;		
issued 3,341,251 shares; outstanding 3,133,874 shares and 3,155,670 shares		
at September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively	6,683	6,683
Surplus	3,045	2,995
Retained earnings	35,825	34,599
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(534)	(961)
Treasury stock at cost; 207,377 and 185,581 shares at September 30, 2006		
and December 31, 2005, respectively	(4,430)	(3,700)
Total stockholders' equity	40,589	39,616
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 411,604	\$ 391,198

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PEOPLES FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended			
	Sept 30, 200	5	Sept 30, 2005	Sept 30, 2006	Sept 30, 2005		
INTEREST INCOME:	-			-	-		
Loans receivable, including fees	\$ 4,60	56 \$	4,086	\$ 13,537	\$ 11,882		
Securities:							
Taxable	7:	56	783	2,124	2,368		
Tax exempt	3′	75	395	1,152	1,140		
Other	(69	20	109	52		
Total interest income	5,80	56	5,284	16,922	15,442		
INTEREST EXPENSE:							
Deposits	2,3	15	1,503	6,303	4,067		
Short-term borrowings	13	26	98	373	213		
Long-term borrowings	38	81	577	1,123	1,770		
Total interest expense	2,82	22	2,178	7,799	6,050		
Net interest income	3,04	14	3,106	9,123	9,392		
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES		60	0	180	0		
Net interest income after provision							
for loan losses	2,98	34	3,106	8,943	9,392		
OTHER INCOME:							
Customer service fees	4	40	464	1,337	1,276		
Investment division commission							
income		53	48	153	176		
Earnings on investment in life							
insurance	,	73	65	206	198		
Other income	10	09	81	296	244		
Net realized gains on sales of securities							
available for sale		15	53	6	187		
Total other income	69	90	711	1,998	2,081		
OTHER EXPENSES:							
Salaries and employee benefits	1,19	95	1,088	3,641	3,349		
Occupancy	14	47	140	508	409		
Equipment	1	10	103	333	325		
FDIC insurance and assessments	,	30	35	90	106		
Professional fees and outside services	;	83	112	253	354		
Prepayment penalty-FHLB		0	808	0	808		
Computer services and supplies	13	89	221	583	578		
Taxes, other than payroll and income	9	96	80	277	246		
Other	6	60	458	1,652	1,422		
Total other expenses	2,5	10	3,045	7,337	7,597		
Income before income taxes	1,10	54	772	3,604	3,876		
INCOME TAXES	1	79	52	582	694		
Net income	\$ 98	85 \$	720	\$ 3,022	\$ 3,182		
Net income per share, basic	\$ 0.3	31 \$	0.23	\$ 0.96	\$ 1.01		
Net income per share, diluted	\$ 0.3	31 \$	0.23	\$ 0.96	\$ 1.00		

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PEOPLES FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)

					umulated Other		
(In thousands, except share data)	ommon Stock	Surplus	Retained Earnings		prehensive ome(Loss)	Treasury Stock	Total
Balance, December 31, 2005	\$ 6,683 \$	2,995 \$	34,599	\$	(961)\$	(3,700)\$	39,616
Comprehensive income Net income Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on securities available for sale, net of	0	0	3,022	2	0	0	3,022
reclassification adjustment and taxes Total comprehensive	0	0	()	427	0	427
income Stock option expense Cash dividends, (\$0.57 per	0	2	()	0	0	3,449
share) Treasury stock purchase	0	0	(1,796	5)	0	0	(1,796)
(26,579 shares) Treasury stock issued for stock option plan (4,783	0	0	()	0	(783)	(783)
shares) Balance, September 30,	0	48	()	0	53	101
2006	\$ 6,683 \$	3,045 \$	35,825	5 \$	(534)\$	(4,430)\$	40,589
Balance, December 31, 2004 Comprehensive income	\$ 6,683 \$	2,821 \$	35,665	5 \$	618 \$	(3,433)\$	42,354
Net income Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on securities available for sale, net of	0	0	3,182	2	0	0	3,182
reclassification adjustment and taxes Total comprehensive	0	0	()	(1,017)	0	(1,017)
income Cash dividends, (\$1.57 per	0	0	()	0	0	2,165
share)	0	0	(4,944	1)	0	0	(4,944)
Treasury stock purchase (10,215 shares) Treasury stock issued for stock option plan (5,542	0	0	()	0	(356)	(356)
shares)	\$ 0 6,683 \$	76 2,897 \$	33,903		0 (399)\$	48 (3,741)\$	124 39,343

Balance, September 30, 2005

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PEOPLES FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

September 30, 2006 September 30, 2005 Cash Flows from Operating Activities Net income \$ 3,022 \$ 3,182 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Secondary of the provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 609 555 Provision for loan losses 180 0 Gain on sale of foreclosed real estate (29) 0 Amortization of securities' premiums and accretion of discounts, net 323 451 Gains on sales of investment securities, net 69 0 187 Losses on sales or retirements of equipment 69 0 187 Losse on the sale of mortgage loans 2,036 1,155 Noceach from the sale of mortgage loans 2,036 1,155 Net gain on sale of loans 1,17 222 Loans originated for sale 2,036 1,155 Net gain on sale of mortgage loans 2,036 1,155 Net case) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82 2.88 (Increase) decrease in other assets 744 194 <t< th=""></t<>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities \$ 3,022 \$ 3,182 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$ 555 Depreciation and amortization 609 555 Provision for loan losses 180 0 Gain on sale of foreclosed real estate 29 0 Amortization of securities' premiums and accretion of discounts, net 323 451 Gains on sales of investment securities, net (6) (187) Losses on sales or retirements of equipment 69 0 Losses on sales or retirements of equipment 69 0 Losse option expense 2 0 Proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans (17) (22) Net gain on sale of loans (17) (22) Loans originated for sale (2,019) (1,133) Net earnings on investment in life insurance (206) (198) (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in other assets (744) 194 Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable (24) 28
Net income \$ 3,022 \$ 3,182 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$\$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$\$ Depreciation and amortization 609 555 Provision for loan losses 180 0 Gain on sale of foreclosed real estate (29) 0 Amortization of securities' premiums and accretion of discounts, net 323 451 Gains on sales of investment securities, net (6) (187) Losses on sales or retirements of equipment 69 0 Stock option expense 2 0 Proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans (17) (22) Net gain on sale of loans (17) (22) Loans originated for sale (2,019) (1,133) Net earnings on investment in life insurance (206) (198) (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in other assets (744) 194 Increase (decrease) in other liabilities 154 (608) Net cash provided by operating activities 36,967 19,371 Pro
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Perceiation and amortization 609 555 Depreciation and amortization 609 555 Provision for loan losses 180 0 Gain on sale of foreclosed real estate (29) 0 Amortization of securities' premiums and accretion of discounts, net 323 451 Gains on sales of investment securities, net (6) (187) Losses on sales or retirements of equipment 69 0 Stock option expense 2 0 Proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans 2,036 1,155 Net gain on sale of loans (17) (22) Loans originated for sale (2,019) (1,133) Net earnings on investment in life insurance (206) (1988) (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in other assets (744) 194 Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable (24) 28 Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable 154 (608) N
provided by operating activities: column and amortization 609 555 Provision for loan losses 180 0 Gain on sale of foreclosed real estate (29) 0 Amortization of securities' premiums and accretion of discounts, net 323 451 Gains on sales of investment securities, net (6) (187) Losses on sales or retirements of equipment 69 0 Stock option expense 2 0 Proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans (17) (22) Net gain on sale of loans (17) (22) Loans originated for sale (2,019) (1,133) Net earnings on investment in life insurance (206) (198) (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable (24) 28 Increase (decrease) in other liabilities 154 (608) Net cash provided by operating activities 3,268 3,445 Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities 6,
Depreciation and amortization 609 555 Provision for loan losses 180 0 Gain on sale of foreclosed real estate (29) 0 Amortization of securities' premiums and accretion of discounts, net 323 451 Gains on sales of investment securities, net (6) (187) Losses on sales or retirements of equipment 69 0 Stock option expense 2 0 Proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans (17) (22) Loans originated for sale (2,019) (1,133) Net earnings on investment in life insurance (206) (198) (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in other assets (744) 194 (Increase) decrease in other assets (744) 194 Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable (24) 28 Increase (decrease) in other liabilities 154 (608) Net cash provided by operating activities 3,268 3,445 Cash Flows from Investing Activities 36,967 19,371 <t< td=""></t<>
Provision for loan losses 180 0 Gain on sale of foreclosed real estate (29) 0 Amortization of securities' premiums and accretion of discounts, net 323 451 Gains on sales of investment securities, net (6) (187) Losses on sales or retirements of equipment 69 0 Stock option expense 2 0 Proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans (17) (22) Net gain on sale of loans (17) (22) Loans originated for sale (2019) (1,133) Net earnings on investment in life insurance (206) (198) (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in other assets (744) 194 Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable (24) 28 Increase (decrease) in other liabilities 154 (608) Net cash provided by operating activities 36,967 19,371 Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities 36,967 19,371 Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities 6,545 12,790 </td
Gain on sale of foreclosed real estate (29) 0 Amortization of securities' premiums and accretion of discounts, net 323 451 Gains on sales of investment securities, net (6) (187) Losses on sales or retirements of equipment 69 0 Stock option expense 2 0 Proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans (17) (22) Loans originated for sale (2,019) (1,133) Net earnings on investment in life insurance (206) (198) (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in other assets (744) 194 Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable (24) 28 Increase (decrease) in other liabilities 154 (608) Net cash provided by operating activities 3,268 3,445 Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities 36,967 19,371 Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities 6,545 12,790 Purchase of available for sale securities (45,585) (31,989) Net increase in loans (13,3
Amortization of securities' premiums and accretion of discounts, net 323 451 Gains on sales of investment securities, net (6) (187) Losses on sales or retirements of equipment 69 0 Stock option expense 2 0 Proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans 2,036 1,155 Net again on sale of loans (17) (22) Loans originated for sale (2,019) (1,133) Net earnings on investment in life insurance (206) (198) (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in other assets (744) 194 Increase (decrease) in other liabilities 154 (608) Net cash provided by operating activities 3,268 3,445 Cash Flows from Investing Activities 3 36,967 19,371 Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities 36,967 19,371 Proceeds from maturities of and principal payments 6,545 12,790 Purchase of available for sale securities (45,585) (31,989) Net increase in loans <td< td=""></td<>
discounts, net 323 451 Gains on sales of investment securities, net (6) (187) Losses on sales or retirements of equipment 69 0 Stock option expense 2 0 Proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans 2,036 1,155 Net gain on sale of loans (17) (22) Loans originated for sale (2,019) (1,133) Net earnings on investment in life insurance (206) (198) (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in other assets (744) 194 Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable (24) 28 Increase (decrease) in other liabilities 154 (608) Net cash provided by operating activities 3,268 3,445 Cash Flows from Investing Activities 36,967 19,371 Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities 6,545 12,790 Purchase of available for sale securities 6,545 12,790 Purchase of available for sale securities (45,585) (31,989)
Gains on sales of investment securities, net (6) (187) Losses on sales or retirements of equipment 69 0 Stock option expense 2 0 Proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans 2,036 1,155 Net gain on sale of loans (17) (22) Loans originated for sale (2,019) (1,133) Net earnings on investment in life insurance (206) (198) (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in other assets (744) 194 Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable (24) 28 Increase (decrease) in other liabilities 154 (608) Net cash provided by operating activities 3,268 3,445 Cash Flows from Investing Activities 36,967 19,371 Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities 6,545 12,790 Purchase of available for sale securities 6,545 12,790 Purchase of available for sale securities (45,585) (31,989) Net increase in loans (13,381) (6,809)
Losses on sales or retirements of equipment 69 0 Stock option expense 2 0 Proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans 2,036 1,155 Net gain on sale of loans (17) (22) Loans originated for sale (2,019) (1,133) Net earnings on investment in life insurance (206) (198) (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in other assets (744) 194 Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable (24) 28 Increase (decrease) in other liabilities 154 (608) Net cash provided by operating activities 3,268 3,445 Cash Flows from Investing Activities 36,967 19,371 Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities 6,545 12,790 Purchase of available for sale securities 6,545 12,790 Purchase of available for sale securities (45,585) (31,989) Net increase in loans (13,381) (6,809) Purchase of premises and equipment (816) (1,245) <tr< td=""></tr<>
Stock option expense 2 0 Proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans 2,036 1,155 Net gain on sale of loans (17) (22) Loans originated for sale (2,019) (1,133) Net earnings on investment in life insurance (206) (198) (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in other assets (744) 194 Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable (24) 28 Increase (decrease) in other liabilities 154 (608) Net cash provided by operating activities 3,268 3,445 Cash Flows from Investing Activities 36,967 19,371 Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities 36,967 19,371 received on available for sale securities 6,545 12,790 Purchase of available for sale securities (45,585) (31,989) Net increase in loans (45,585) (31,989) Purchase of premises and equipment (816) (1,245) Proceeds from sale of other real estate 54 174 <tr< td=""></tr<>
Proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans 2,036 1,155 Net gain on sale of loans (17) (22) Loans originated for sale (2,019) (1,133) Net earnings on investment in life insurance (206) (198) (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in other assets (744) 194 Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable (24) 28 Increase (decrease) in other liabilities 154 (608) Net cash provided by operating activities 3,268 3,445 Cash Flows from Investing Activities 36,967 19,371 Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities 36,967 19,371 Proceeds from maturities of and principal payments 6,545 12,790 Purchase of available for sale securities (45,585) (31,989) Net increase in loans (13,381) (6,809) Purchase of premises and equipment (816) (1,245) Proceeds from sale of other real estate 54 174 Net cash used in investing activities (16,216)
Net gain on sale of loans (17) (22) Loans originated for sale (2,019) (1,133) Net earnings on investment in life insurance (206) (198) (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in other assets (744) 194 Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable (24) 28 Increase (decrease) in other liabilities 154 (608) Net cash provided by operating activities 3,268 3,445 Cash Flows from Investing Activities 36,967 19,371 Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities 6,545 12,790 Purchase of available for sale securities (45,585) (31,989) Net increase in loans (13,381) (6,809) Purchase of premises and equipment (816) (1,245) Proceeds from sale of other real estate 54 174 Net cash used in investing activities (16,216) (7,708)
Net gain on sale of loans (17) (22) Loans originated for sale (2,019) (1,133) Net earnings on investment in life insurance (206) (198) (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in other assets (744) 194 Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable (24) 28 Increase (decrease) in other liabilities 154 (608) Net cash provided by operating activities 3,268 3,445 Cash Flows from Investing Activities 36,967 19,371 Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities 6,545 12,790 Purchase of available for sale securities (45,585) (31,989) Net increase in loans (13,381) (6,809) Purchase of premises and equipment (816) (1,245) Proceeds from sale of other real estate 54 174 Net cash used in investing activities (16,216) (7,708)
Net earnings on investment in life insurance (206) (198) (Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable (82) 28 (Increase) decrease in other assets (744) 194 Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable (24) 28 Increase (decrease) in other liabilities 154 (608) Net cash provided by operating activities 3,268 3,445 Cash Flows from Investing Activities 36,967 19,371 Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities 6,545 12,790 Purchase of available for sale securities (45,585) (31,989) Net increase in loans (13,381) (6,809) Purchase of premises and equipment (816) (1,245) Proceeds from sale of other real estate 54 174 Net cash used in investing activities (16,216) (7,708)
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable(82)28(Increase) decrease in other assets(744)194Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable(24)28Increase (decrease) in other liabilities154(608)Net cash provided by operating activities3,2683,445Cash Flows from Investing Activities836,96719,371Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities6,54512,790Purchase of available for sale securities(45,585)(31,989)Net increase in loans(13,381)(6,809)Purchase of premises and equipment(816)(1,245)Proceeds from sale of other real estate54174Net cash used in investing activities(16,216)(7,708)
(Increase) decrease in other assets(744)194Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable(24)28Increase (decrease) in other liabilities154(608)Net cash provided by operating activities3,2683,445Cash Flows from Investing Activities
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable(24)28Increase (decrease) in other liabilities154(608)Net cash provided by operating activities3,2683,445Cash Flows from Investing Activities36,96719,371Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities36,96719,371Proceeds from maturities of and principal payments6,54512,790Purchase of available for sale securities(45,585)(31,989)Net increase in loans(13,381)(6,809)Purchase of premises and equipment(816)(1,245)Proceeds from sale of other real estate54174Net cash used in investing activities(16,216)(7,708)
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities Net cash provided by operating activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities Proceeds from maturities of and principal payments received on available for sale securities Purchase of available for sale securities Net increase in loans Purchase of premises and equipment Proceeds from sale of other real estate Net cash used in investing activities 154 (608) 3,268 3,445 6,545 19,371 12,790 12,790 12,790 13,381) (6,809) 13,381) (6,809) 14,245) 154 174 174 175 176 177 177 177 188
Net cash provided by operating activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities Proceeds from maturities of and principal payments received on available for sale securities Purchase of available for sale securities Net increase in loans Purchase of premises and equipment Proceeds from sale of other real estate Net cash used in investing activities 3,268 3,445 6,967 19,371 12,790 (45,585) (31,989) (13,381) (6,809) Purchase of premises and equipment (816) (1,245) 174 Net cash used in investing activities
Cash Flows from Investing ActivitiesProceeds from sale of available for sale securities36,96719,371Proceeds from maturities of and principal paymentsreceived on available for sale securities6,54512,790Purchase of available for sale securities(45,585)(31,989)Net increase in loans(13,381)(6,809)Purchase of premises and equipment(816)(1,245)Proceeds from sale of other real estate54174Net cash used in investing activities(16,216)(7,708)
Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities Proceeds from maturities of and principal payments received on available for sale securities Purchase of available for sale securities Net increase in loans Purchase of premises and equipment Proceeds from sale of other real estate Net cash used in investing activities 36,967 19,371 6,545 12,790 (45,585) (31,989) (13,381) (6,809) Proceeds from sale of other real estate 54 174 Net cash used in investing activities
Proceeds from maturities of and principal payments received on available for sale securities Purchase of available for sale securities Net increase in loans Purchase of premises and equipment Proceeds from sale of other real estate Net cash used in investing activities 12,790 (45,585) (31,989) (13,381) (6,809) Proceeds from sale of other real estate 54 174 Net cash used in investing activities
received on available for sale securities Purchase of available for sale securities Net increase in loans Purchase of premises and equipment Proceeds from sale of other real estate Net cash used in investing activities 6,545 (31,989) (13,381) (6,809) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245) (11,245)
Purchase of available for sale securities(45,585)(31,989)Net increase in loans(13,381)(6,809)Purchase of premises and equipment(816)(1,245)Proceeds from sale of other real estate54174Net cash used in investing activities(16,216)(7,708)
Net increase in loans(13,381)(6,809)Purchase of premises and equipment(816)(1,245)Proceeds from sale of other real estate54174Net cash used in investing activities(16,216)(7,708)
Purchase of premises and equipment (816) (1,245) Proceeds from sale of other real estate 54 174 Net cash used in investing activities (16,216) (7,708)
Proceeds from sale of other real estate 54 Net cash used in investing activities (16,216) (7,708)
Net cash used in investing activities (16,216) (7,708)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities
Cash dividends paid (1,796) (4,944)
Increase in deposits 21,746 18,588
Proceeds from long-term borrowings 3,100 10,000
Repayment of long-term borrowings (967) (18,209)
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings (4,576) 237
Purchase of treasury stock (783)
Proceeds from sale of treasury stock 101 124
Net cash provided by financing activities 16,825 5,440
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 3,877 1,177
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 6,696 6,005
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 10,573 \$ 7,182
Supplemental disclosures of cash paid

Interest paid	\$ 7,823	\$ 6,022
Income taxes paid	\$ 400	\$ 957
Non-cash investing and financing activities		
Transfers from loans to real estate through foreclosure	\$ 4,263	\$ 200

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Peoples Financial Services Corp. (the "Corporation" or the "Company") and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Peoples National Bank (the "Bank") and Peoples Advisors, LLC ("Advisors"). All material inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included and are of a normal, recurring nature. Operating results for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2006. For further information, refer to the financial statements and footnotes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

NOTE 2. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended			
	Sep	otember 30, 2006	September 30, 2005			eptember 30, 2006	September 30, 2005	
Net income applicable to common stock	\$	985,000	\$	720,000	\$	3,022,000	\$	3,182,000
Weighted average common shares outstanding		3,139,763		3,150,095		3,147,527		3,150,771
Effect of dilutive securities, stock options Weighted average common shares outstanding used to calculate diluted		11,257		15,872		12,620		17,542
earnings per share		3,151,020		3,165,967		3,160,147		3,168,313
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.31	\$	0.23	\$	0.96	\$	1.01
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.31	\$	0.23	\$	0.96	\$	1.00

NOTE 3. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The components of other comprehensive income and related tax effects for the nine months and three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

(In thousands)	Three Mon	ths En	ded	Nine Months Ended			
	Sept		Sept 30,	Sept 30,		Sept 30,	
	30,2006		2005	2006		2005	
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on							
available for sale securities	\$ 1,639	\$	(659) \$	653	\$	(1,354)	
Less: Reclassification adjustment for							
gains (losses) realized in net income	15		53	6		187	
Net unrealized gains (losses)	1,624		(712)	647		(1,541)	
Tax effect	(552)		244	(220)		524	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 1,072	\$	(468) \$	427	\$	(1,017)	

NOTE 4. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Prior to January 1, 2006, the Company's stock option plan was accounted for under the recognition and measurement provisions of APB Opinion No. 25 (Opinion 25), *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*, and related Interpretations, as permitted by FASB Statement No. 123, *Accounting for Stock Based Compensation* (as amended by SFAS No. 148, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure*) (collectively SFAS 123). No stock-based employee compensation cost was recognized in the Company's consolidated statements of income through December 31, 2005, as all options granted under the plan had an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the fair value recognition provisions of FASB Statement No. 123(R), Share-Based Payment (SFAS 123R), using the modified-prospective transition method. Under that transition method, compensation cost recognized in 2006 includes: (a) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted prior to, but not yet vested as of January 1, 2006 based on the grant date fair value calculated in accordance with the original provisions of SFAS 123, and (b) compensation cost for all share-based payments granted subsequent to December 31, 2005, based on a grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS 123(R). As of December 31, 2005, only 4,350 stock options were not fully vested and no stock options were granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

As a result of adopting SFAS 123(R) on January 1, 2006, the Company's earnings before income taxes for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, are not materially different than if it had continued to be accounted for as share-based compensation under Opinion 25. As of September 30, 2006, the Company had 4,100 stock options not fully vested and there was approximately \$4,713 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to these non-vested options. The cost is expected to be recognized monthly on a straight-line basis through December 31, 2008.

The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123 to options granted under the Company's stock option plan for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005. For purposes of this pro forma disclosure, the value of the options is estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model and is being amortized to expense over the options' vesting periods.

(In thousands, except per share amounts)		ee Months Ended tember 30, 2005	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005		
Net income as reported	\$	720	\$	3,182	
Total stock-based compensation cost, net of tax, which would have been					
included in the determination of net income if the fair value based method					
had been applied to all awards		(1)		(3)	
Pro forma net income	\$	719	\$	3,179	
Basic earnings per share:					
As reported	\$	0.23	\$	1.01	
Pro forma	\$	0.23	\$	1.01	
Diluted earnings per share:					
As reported	\$	0.23	\$	1.00	
Pro forma	\$	0.23	\$	1.00	

NOTE 5. GUARANTEES

The Company does not issue any guarantees that would require liability recognition or disclosure, other than standby letters of credit. Outstanding letters of credit written are conditional commitments issued by the Company to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. The Company's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument for standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual amount of those instruments. The Company had \$2,712,000 of standby letters of credit as of September 30, 2006. The Bank uses the same credit policies in making conditional obligations as it does for on-balance sheet instruments.

The majority of these standby letters of credit expire within the next twelve months. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending other loan commitments. The Company requires collateral supporting these letters of credit as deemed necessary. The maximum undiscounted exposure related to these commitments at September 30, 2006 was \$2,712,000, and the approximate value of underlying collateral upon liquidation that would be expected to cover this maximum potential exposure was \$991,000. The current amount of the liability as of September 30, 2006 for guarantees under standby letters of credit is not material.

NOTE 6. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

FAS 155

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments" ("SFAS 155"). SFAS No. 155 amends FASB Statement No. 133 and FASB Statement No. 140, and improves the financial reporting of certain hybrid financial instruments by requiring more consistent accounting that eliminates exemptions and provides a means to simplify the accounting for these instruments. Specifically, SFAS No. 155 allows financial instruments that have embedded derivatives to be accounted for as a whole (eliminating the need to bifurcate the derivative from its host) if the holder elects to account for the whole instrument on a fair value basis. SFAS No. 155 is effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued after the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. The Company is required to adopt the provisions of SFAS No. 155, as applicable, beginning in fiscal year 2007. Management does not believe the adoption of SFAS No. 155 will have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position and results of operations.

FAS 156

In March 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 156, "Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets — An Amendment of FASB Statement No. 140" ("SFAS 156"). SFAS 156 requires that all separately recognized servicing assets and servicing liabilities be initially measured at fair value, if practicable. The statement permits, but does not require, the subsequent measurement of servicing assets and servicing liabilities at fair value. SFAS 156 is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006, which for the Company will be as of the beginning of fiscal 2007. The Company does not believe that the adoption of SFAS 156 will have a significant effect on its consolidated financial statements.

FSP No. FAS 123(R)-4

In February 2006, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position No. FAS 123(R)-4, "Classification of Options and Similar Instruments Issued as Employee Compensation That Allow for Cash Settlement upon the Occurrence of a Contingent Event." This position amends SFAS 123(R) to incorporate that a cash settlement feature that can be exercised only upon the occurrence of a contingent event that is outside the employee's control does not meet certain conditions in SFAS 123(R) until it becomes probable that the event will occur. The guidance in this FASB Staff Position shall be applied upon initial adoption of Statement 123(R) on January 1, 2006. The adoption did not have a material impact on the consolidated statements.

FIN 48

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for the Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109" ("FIN 48"), which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in tax positions. This Interpretation requires that companies recognize in their financial statements the impact of a tax position, if that position is more likely than not of being sustained on audit, based on the technical merits of the position. The provisions of FIN 48 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, with the cumulative effect of the change in accounting principle recorded as an adjustment to opening retained earnings. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting FIN 48 on our consolidated financial statements.

FAS 157

In September 2006, the FASB issued FASB Statement No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. FASB Statement No. 157 applies to other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. The new guidance is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. We are currently evaluating the potential impact, if any, of the adoption of FASB Statement No. 157 on our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

FAS 158

On September 29, 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board "FASB" issued SFAS No. 158, Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans ("SFAS 158"), which amends SFAS 87 and SFAS 106 to require recognition of the overfunded or underfunded status of pension and other postretirement benefit plans on the balance sheet. Under SFAS 158, gains and losses, prior service costs and credits, and any remaining transition amounts under SFAS 87 and SFAS 106 that have not yet been recognized through net periodic benefit cost will be recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax effects, until they are amortized as a component of net periodic cost. The measurement date — the date at which the benefit obligation and plan assets are measured — is required to be the company's fiscal year end. SFAS 158 is effective for publicly-held companies for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2006, except for the measurement date provisions, which are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2008. The Company is currently analyzing the effects of SFAS 158 but does not expect its implementation will have a significant impact on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

SAB 108

On September 13, 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission "SEC" issued Staff Accounting Bulleting No. 108 ("SAB 108"). SAB 108 provides interpretive guidance on how the effects of the carryover or reversal of prior year misstatements should be considered in quantifying a potential current year misstatement. Prior to SAB 108, Companies might evaluate the materiality of financial-statement misstatements using either the income statement or balance approach, with the income statement approach focusing on new misstatements added in the current year, and the balance sheet approach focusing on the cumulative amount of misstatement present in a company's balance sheet. Misstatements that would be material under one approach could be viewed as immaterial under another approach, and not be corrected. SAB 108 now requires that companies view financial statement misstatements as material if they are material according to either the income statement or balance sheet approach. The Company has analyzed SAB 108 and determined that upon adoption it will have no impact on the reported results of operations or financial condition.

FASB Staff Position AUG AIR-1

In September 2006, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position AUG AIR-1, "Accounting for Planned Major Maintenance Activities" which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. This position statement eliminates the accrue-in-advance method of accounting for planned major maintenance activities. We do not expect this pronouncement to have a significant impact on the determination or reporting of our financial results.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of the consolidated financial statements of the Corporation is presented to provide insight into management's assessment of financial results. The Corporation's two subsidiaries, Peoples National Bank and Peoples Advisors, LLC, provide financial services to individuals and businesses within the Bank's primary market area made up of Susquehanna, Wyoming and Northern Lackawanna Counties in Pennsylvania, and Broome County in New York. The Bank is a member of the Federal Reserve System and subject to regulation, supervision, and examination by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency. Advisors is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD), which also acts as the primary regulator for Advisors.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

Except for historical information, this Report may be deemed to contain "forward looking" information. Examples of forward looking information may include, but are not limited to, (a) projections of or statements regarding future earnings, interest income, other income, earnings or loss per share, asset mix and quality, growth prospects, capital structure and other financial terms, (b) statements of plans and objectives of management or the Board of Directors, (c) statements of future economic performance, and (d) statements of assumptions, such as economic conditions in the market areas served by the Corporation and the Bank, underlying other statements and statements about the Corporation and the Bank or their respective businesses. Such forward looking information can be identified by the use of forward looking terminology such as "believes," "expects," "may," "intends," "will," "should," "anticipates," or the n of any of the foregoing or other variations thereon or comparable terminology, or by discussion of strategy. No assurance can be given that the future results covered by the forward looking information will be achieved. Such statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors which could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed or implied by such forward looking information. Important factors that could impact operating results include, but are not limited to, (i) the effects of changing economic conditions in both the market areas served by the Corporation and the Bank and nationally, (ii) credit risks of commercial, real estate, consumer and other lending activities, (iii) significant changes in interest rates, (iv) changes in federal and state banking laws and regulations which could affect operations, (v) funding costs, and (vi) other external developments which could materially affect business and operations.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Disclosure of the Company's significant accounting policies is included in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10K for the year ended December 31, 2005. Some of these policies are particularly sensitive requiring significant judgments, estimates and assumptions to be made by Management. Additional information is contained on page 22 of this report for the provision and allowance for loan losses.

OVERVIEW

Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 decreased 5.03% to \$3.022 million as compared to \$3.182 million for the same period in 2005. Diluted earnings per share decreased 4.00% to \$.96 per share for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 from \$1.00 per share in the same nine-month period in 2005. At September 30, 2006, the Company had total assets of \$411.604 million, total net loans of \$265.808 million, and total deposits of \$318.708 million.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

At September 30, 2006, cash and deposits with other banks totaled \$10.573 million as compared to \$6.696 million on December 31, 2005.

On August 18, 2006, the Company purchased a certificate of deposit in the amount of \$2.500 million with TCM Bank, N.A. of Tampa, Florida at an interest rate of 5.70%. TCM Bank has an affiliation with the Independent Community Bankers Association (ICBA). The maturity of the certificate of deposit roughly coincides with the maturity of a term borrowing at the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh and allowed the Company to earn a higher rate of interest than currently offered through fed funds, of which the Company currently holds \$1.018 million. The Company did not hold any certificates of deposit or fed funds positions as of December 31, 2005.

Management believes the liquidity needs of the Corporation are satisfied by the current balance of cash and cash equivalents, readily available access to traditional funding sources, and the portion of the investment and loan portfolios that mature within one year. The current sources of funds will enable the Corporation to meet all its cash obligations as they come due.

Investments:

Investments totaled \$110.716 million on September 30, 2006, increasing by \$2.403 million from the December 31, 2005 total of \$108.313 million.

The total investment portfolio is held as available for sale. This strategy was implemented in 1995 to provide more flexibility in using the investment portfolio for liquidity purposes as well as providing more flexibility in selling when market opportunities occur.

Investments available for sale are accounted for at fair value with unrealized gains or losses net of deferred income taxes reported as a separate component of stockholders' equity. The carrying value of investments as of September 30, 2006 included an unrealized loss of \$809 thousand reflected as accumulated other comprehensive loss of \$534 thousand in stockholders' equity, net of deferred income taxes of \$275 thousand. This compares to an unrealized loss of \$1.455 million at December 31, 2005 reflected as accumulated other comprehensive loss of \$961 thousand, net of deferred income taxes of \$494 thousand.

Management monitors the earnings performance and effectiveness of liquidity of the investment portfolio on a monthly basis through the Asset/Liability Committee ("ALCO"). The ALCO also reviews and manages interest rate risk for the Corporation. Through active balance sheet management and analysis of the investment securities portfolio, the Corporation maintains sufficient liquidity to satisfy depositor requirements and various credit needs of its customers.

Loans:

Net loans increased \$8.938 million, or 3.48%, to \$265.808 million as of September 30, 2006 from \$256.870 million as of December 31, 2005. Of the loan growth experienced in the first nine months of 2006, commercial loans increased \$7.135 million, or 5.40%, to \$139.189 million as of September 30, 2006 compared to \$132.054 million as of December 31, 2005, and real estate mortgage loans increased \$2.117 million, or 1.94%, to \$111.151 million as of September 30, 2006, compared to \$109.962 million as of December 31, 2005.

Increasing the loan to deposit ratio is a goal of the Bank, but loan quality is always considered in this effort. Management has continued its efforts to create good underwriting standards for both commercial and consumer credit. Most commercial lending is done primarily with locally owned small businesses.

The collective increase in loans corresponds with the increase in deposits discussed further in the deposits section of this document.

Other Assets:

Other Assets increased \$4.968 million, or 49.56%, to \$14.993 million as of September 30, 2006 from \$10.025 million as of December 31, 2005. The increase in other assets was due in part to the pre-payment of Pennsylvania shares tax for 2006. The balance in this account was \$93 thousand as of September 30, 2006 compared to a \$3 thousand balance as of December 31, 2005. Also, the Company holds \$4.355 million in other real estate owned as of September 30, 2006 compared to \$117 thousand as of December 31, 2005. On August 7, 2006, the Bank took a deed in lieu of foreclosure on a large commercial real estate credit. Although a full recovery of this credit cannot be guaranteed at this time, management feels the chances of full recovery are good based on the appraisals performed on the property by independent appraisers.

Deposits:

Deposits are attracted from within the Bank's primary market area through the offering of various deposit instruments including NOW accounts, money market accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and IRA's. During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, total deposits increased by \$21.746 million, or 7.32%, to \$318.708 million.

Borrowings:

The Bank utilizes borrowings as a source of funds for its asset/liability management. Advances are available from the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) provided certain standards related to credit worthiness have been met. Repurchase and term agreements are also available from the FHLB.

Total short-term borrowings at September 30, 2006 were \$13.266 million as compared to \$17.842 million as of December 31, 2005, a decrease of \$4.576 million, or 25.65%. Long-term borrowings were \$36.903 million as of September 30, 2006 compared to \$34.770 million as of December 31, 2005 an increase of \$2.133 million, or 6.13%. The decrease in short-term borrowings was directly attributable to the increase in deposits over the same period.

Capital:

The adequacy of the Corporation's capital is reviewed on an ongoing basis with reference to the size, composition and quality of the Corporation's resources and regulatory guidelines. Management seeks to maintain a level of capital sufficient to support existing assets and anticipated asset growth, maintain favorable access to capital markets, and preserve high quality credit ratings. As of September 30, 2006, regulatory capital to total assets was 9.03% as compared to 10.10% on December 31, 2005. The Company repurchases its stock in the open market or from individuals as warranted to leverage the capital account and to provide stock for its stock option plan and dividend reinvestment plan. In the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company purchased 26,579 shares for the treasury at a total cost of \$782,951.

The Corporation has complied with the standards of capital adequacy mandated by the banking regulators. The bank regulators have established "risk-based" capital requirements designed to measure capital adequacy. Risk-based capital ratios reflect the relative risks of various assets the banks hold in their portfolios. A weight category of either 0% (lowest risk asset), 20%, 50%, or 100% (highest risk assets) is assigned to each asset on the balance sheet. Capital is being maintained in compliance with risk-based capital guidelines. The Company's Tier 1 capital to risk weighted asset ratio was 12.66% and the total capital ratio to risk weighted asset ratio was 13.54% at September 30, 2006. The Corporation is deemed to be well-capitalized under regulatory standards.

Liquidity:

Liquidity measures an organization's ability to meet cash obligations as they come due. The consolidated statements of cash flows presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements included in Part I of this Form 10Q provide analysis of the Corporation's cash and cash equivalents. Additionally, management considers that portion of the loan and investment portfolio that matures within one year as part of the Corporation's liquid assets.

The ALCO addresses the liquidity needs of the Bank to see that sufficient funds are available to meet credit demands and deposit withdrawals, as well as to the placement of available funds in the investment portfolio. In assessing liquidity requirements, equal consideration is given to the current position as well as the future outlook.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements:

The Company's consolidated financial statements do not reflect various commitments that are made in the normal course of business, which may involve some liquidity risk. These commitments consist primarily of commitments to grant new loans, unfunded commitments of existing loans and letters of credit made under the same standards as on-balance sheet instruments. Unused commitments on September 30, 2006 totaled \$36.554 million, which consisted of \$24.927 million in unfunded commitments of existing loans, \$8.915 million to grant new loans and \$2.712 million in letters of credit. Due to fixed maturity dates and specified conditions within these instruments, many will expire without being drawn upon. Management believes that amounts actually drawn upon can be funded in the normal course of operations and therefore, do not represent a significant liquidity risk to the Company.

Interest Rate Sensitivity:

The management of interest rate sensitivity seeks to avoid fluctuating net interest margins and to provide consistent net interest income through periods of changing interest rates.

The Company's risk of loss arising from adverse changes in the fair value of financial instruments, or market risk, is composed primarily of interest rate risk. The primary objective of the Company's asset/liability management activities is to maximize net interest income while maintaining acceptable levels of interest rate risk. The Company's ALCO is responsible for establishing policies to limit exposure to interest rate risk, and to ensure procedures are established to monitor compliance with those policies. The guidelines established by ALCO are reviewed by the Company's Board of Directors.

The Bank uses a software model to measure and to keep track. In addition, an outside source does a quarterly analysis to make sure our internal analysis is current and correct. The statement of Interest Sensitivity Gap is a good assessment of current position and is a very useful tool for the ALCO in performing its job. This report is monitored in an effort to "match" maturities or re-pricing opportunities of assets and liabilities, in order to attain the maximum interest within risk tolerance policy guidelines. The statement does, although, have inherent limitations in that certain assets and liabilities may react to changes in interest rates in different ways, with some categories reacting in advance of changes and some lagging behind the changes. In addition, there are estimates used in determining the actual propensity to change of certain items, such as deposits without maturities.

The following table sets forth the Company's interest sensitivity analysis as of September 30, 2006:

INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

(Dollars in thousands)	Maturity or Re-pricing In: 6-12 Over 5							Over 5			
	3 Months 3-6 Month			6 Months	Months			1-5 Years		Years	
RATE SENSITIVE ASSETS											
Loans	\$	34,613	\$	12,732	\$	26,335	\$	146,517	\$	48,094	
Securities		4,862		5,643		1,756		49,427		49,028	
Federal funds sold		1,018		0		0		0		0	
Total rate sensitive assets		40,493		18,375		28,091		195,944		97,122	
Cumulative rate sensitive assets	\$	40,493	\$	58,868	\$	86,959	\$	282,903	\$	380,025	
RATE SENSITIVE											
LIABILITIES											
Interest bearing checking	\$	207	\$	208	\$	415	\$	3,320	\$	20,541	
Money market deposits		315		315		630		5,038		31,175	
Regular savings		1,607		873		1,745		13,961		86,388	
CDs and IRAs		20,719		23,330		20,602		29,148		4,003	
Short-term borrowings		13,266		0		0		0		0	
Long-term borrowings		0		7,500		0		2,751		26,652	
Total rate sensitive liabilities		36,114		32,226		23,392		54,218		168,759	
Cumulative rate sensitive											
liabilities	\$	36,114	\$	68,340	\$	91,732	\$	145,950	\$	314,709	
Period gap	\$	4,379	\$	(13,851)	\$	4,699	\$	141,726	\$	(71,637)	
Cumulative gap	\$	4,379	\$	(9,472)	\$	(4,773)	\$	136,953	\$	65,316	
Cumulative RSA to RSL		112.13%)	86.14%		94.80%		193.84%)	120.75%	
Cumulative gap to total assets		1.06%)	(2.30%)	(1.16%)	33.27%)	15.87%	

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net Interest Income:

For the three months ended September 30, 2006, total interest income increased by \$582 thousand, or 11.01%, to \$5.866 million as compared to \$5.284 million for the three months ended September 30, 2005. This increase was due to the increase in average loans as well as an increase in yields on loans from 6.60% for the quarter ended September 30, 2005 to 7.06% for the same quarter in 2006. Average loans increased \$16.943 million, or 6.74%, to \$268.361 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 as compared to \$251.418 million for the same three-month period in 2005. Overall average earning assets increased to \$377.636 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006 as compared to \$369.149 million for the three months ended September 30, 2005. The resulting interest earned on loans was \$4.666 million for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 compared to \$4.086 million for the same period in 2005, an increase of \$580 thousand, or 14.19%. The overall yield on earning assets increased for the three months ended September 30, 2006 to 6.46% as compared to 6.00% for the three months ended September 30, 2005.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, total interest income increased by \$1.480 million, or 9.58%, to \$16.922 million as compared to \$15.442 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. This increase too was primarily due to the increase in average total loans. Average total loans increased to \$266.728 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 as compared to \$249.012 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. The resulting interest earned on loans was \$13.537 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 compared to \$11.882 million for the same period in 2005, an increase of \$1.655 million, or 13.93%. The overall yield on earning assets increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 to 6.08% as compared to 5.67% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 as average earning assets increased to \$372.380 million for the period ended September 30, 2006 as compared to \$364.180 million for the same period in 2005.

Total interest expense increased by \$644 thousand, or 29.57%, to \$2.822 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006 from \$2.178 million for the three months ended September 30, 2005. This increase was primarily attributable to the increase in the cost of funds which increased to 3.60% for the three months ended September 30, 2006 as compared to 2.86% for the third quarter of 2005. Average interest bearing liabilities also increased to \$310.930 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006 as compared to \$301.930 million for the three months ended September 30, 2005. This increase was due to the increase in average savings. Average savings increased to \$99.721 million for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 as compared to \$72.830 million for the same period in 2005. The largest contributor to the increase in average savings is the certificate savings product. The rate paid on certificate savings increased for the three months ended September 30, 2006 to 4.77% as compared to 3.44% for the three months ended September 30, 2005 as the average balance for that product was \$67.229 million and \$33.456 million, respectively.

Total interest expense increased by \$1.749 million, or 28.91%, to \$7.799 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 from \$6.050 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. As with the quarterly interest expense, this increase was primarily attributable to the increase in the cost of funds, which increased to 3.41% for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 as compared to 2.70% for the same period in 2005. Average interest bearing liabilities also increased to \$306.161 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 as compared to \$299.242 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. The year-to-date increase in average interest bearing liabilities was also due to the increase in average savings. Average savings increased to \$91.603 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 when compared to \$71.502 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005. This increase has been the result of increased rates paid on a certificate of savings account which is indexed off of the 91 day treasury rate. As the short end of the treasury yield curve has increased, so too has the rate paid on this product. As previously discussed, the rate paid on the certificate savings product is 4.77% as of September 30, 2006 as compared to 3.44% as of September 30, 2005. Furthermore, the year to date average balance in certificate savings went from \$30.964 million as of September 30, 2005 to \$57.763 million as of September 30, 2006. Both the rate paid and the balance of certificate savings have played key roles in increasing the Company's cost of funds.

Net interest income decreased by \$62 thousand, or 2.00%, to \$3.044 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006 from \$3.106 million for the three months ended September 30, 2005. The Bank's net interest spread decreased to 2.86% for the three months ended September 30, 2006 from 3.14% for the three months ended September 30, 2005 on a fully tax equivalent basis. The net interest margin decreased to 3.50% for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 from 3.66% for the three-month period ended September 30, 2005 on a fully tax equivalent basis. The effect of the increases to the Federal Funds rate, which have been implemented by the Federal Reserve over the past 24 months, have been to decrease both the net interest spread and net interest margin. This is due to the short end of the treasury yield curve increasing with those rate movements while the long end of the treasury yield curve has remained stable. This is commonly referred to as a flattening of the yield curve. Deposit liability rates are affected by the short end of the yield curve while loan and investment rates tend to follow the long end of the yield curve, the result of which is often a decrease in net interest income.

Net interest income decreased by \$269 thousand, or 2.86%, to \$9.123 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 from \$9.392 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. The Bank's net interest spread decreased to 2.67% for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 from 2.97% for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 on a fully tax equivalent basis. The net interest margin decreased to 3.28% for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 from 3.45% for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005 on a fully tax equivalent basis. The decrease in net interest spread and net interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 when compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2005 is also due to the flattening of the yield curve which was discussed with the quarterly results.

Below are the tables which set forth average balances and corresponding yields for the nine-month and three-month periods ended September 30, 2006, and September 30, 2005:

Distribution of Assets, Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity; Interest Rates and Interest Differential (year to date)

	Nine months ended								
		Se	pter	nber 2006		S	epten	nber 2005	
(Dollars in thousands)	I	Average	•		Yield/	Average	•		Yield/
ASSETS]	Balance		Interest	Rate	Balance]	Interest	Rate
Loans									
Real estate	\$	110,394	\$	5,493	6.65%	108,569	\$	5,243	6.46%
Installment		17,352		1,057	8.14%	17,636		947	7.18%
Commercial		118,449		6,308	7.12%	103,113		5,089	6.60%
Tax exempt		20,056		636	6.42%	19,089		565	6.00%
Other loans		477		43	12.05%	605		38	8.40%
Total loans		266,728		13,537	6.79%	249,012		11,882	6.38%
Investment securities (AFS)									
Taxable		62,391		2,124	4.55%	73,951		2,368	4.28%
Non-taxable		40,572		1,152	5.75%	39,167		1,140	5.90%
Total securities		102,963		3,276	4.25%	113,118		3,508	4.15%
Time deposits with other banks		403		17	5.64%	0		0	0.00%
Fed funds sold		2,286		92	5.38%	2,050		52	3.39%
Total earning assets		372,380		16,922	6.08%	364,180		15,442	5.67%
Less: allowance for loan losses		(2,428)				(2,676)		
Cash and due from banks		6,778				6,506			
Premises and equipment, net		6,767				5,476			
Other assets		12,954				12,166			
Total assets	\$	396,451			9	385,652			
LIABILITIES AND									
STOCKHOLDERS'EQUITY									
Deposits									
Interest bearing demand	\$	24,811		173	0.93%	3 23,501		106	0.60%
Regular savings		91,603		2,163	3.16%	71,502		839	1.57%
Money market savings		37,730		1,065	3.77%	36,457		603	2.21%
Time		103,823		2,902	3.74%	107,043		2,519	3.15%
Total interest bearing deposits		257,967		6,303	3.27%	238,503		4,067	2.28%
Other borrowings		48,194		1,496	4.15%	60,739		1,983	4.37%
Total interest bearing		306,161		7,799	3.41%	299,242		6,050	2.70%
Liabilities									
Net interest income			\$	9,123	2.67%		\$	9,392	2.97%
Non-interest bearing									
demand deposits		49,219				44,825			
Accrued expenses and									
other liabilities		2,015				1,552			
Stockholders' equity		39,056				40,033			
Total liabilities and									
stockholders' equity	\$	396,451				385,652			
Interest income/earning assets					6.08%				5.67%
Interest expense/earning assets					2.80%				2.22%

Net interest margin 3.28% 3.45%

Distribution of Assets, Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity; Interest Rates and Interest Differential (quarter to date)

					Three months				
		September 2006					eptem	1ber 2005	
(Dollars in thousands)		Average		.	Yield/	Average			Yield/
ASSETS	J	Balance		Interest	Rate	Balance	1	nterest	Rate
Loans	ф	111 106	ф	1.066	(((()	100 (12	ф	1.761	(120
Real estate	\$	111,196	\$	1,866	6.66% \$,	\$	1,761	6.43%
Installment		17,258		374	8.60%	17,677		348	7.81%
Commercial		120,122		2,202	7.27%	105,558		1,774	6.67%
Tax exempt		19,301		209	6.51%	18,941		190	6.03%
Other loans		484		15	12.30%	630		13	8.19%
Total loans		268,361		4,666	7.06%	251,418		4,086	6.60%
Investment securities (AFS)		(1160		756	4.650	74.201		702	4.100
Taxable		64,160		756	4.67%	74,281		783	4.18%
Non-taxable		40,131		375	5.62%	41,514		395	5.72%
Total securities		104,291		1,131	5.04%	115,795		1,178	4.73%
Time deposits with other		4.406			.	0			0~
banks		1,196		17	5.64%	0		0	0%
Fed funds sold		3,788		52	5.45%	1,936		20	4.10%
Total earning assets		377,636		5,866	6.46%	369,149		5,284	6.00%
Less: allowance for loan									
losses		(2,457)				(2,630)			
Cash and due from banks		7,141				7,034			
Premises and equipment,									
net		8,833				5,740			
Other assets		13,159				12,250			
Total assets	\$	404,312			\$	391,543			
LIABILITIES AND									
STOCKHOLDERS'									
EQUITY									
Deposits									
Interest bearing demand	\$	25,309		72	1.13% \$	22,936		35	0.61%
Regular savings		99,721		878	3.49%	72,830		337	1.84%
Money market savings		38,140		385	4.00%	37,730		249	2.62%
Time		99,864		980	3.89%	107,113		882	3.27%
Total interest bearing									
deposits		263,034		2,315	3.49%	240,609		1,503	2.48%
Other borrowings		47,896		507	4.20%	61,328		675	4.37%
Total interest bearing		310,930		2,822	3.60%	301,937		2,178	2.86%
Liabilities									
Net interest income			\$	3,044	2.86%		\$	3,106	3.14%
Non-interest bearing									
demand deposits		52,629				48,755			
Accrued expenses and		,				•			
other liabilities		2,254				1,503			
Stockholders' equity		38,499				39,348			
Total liabilities and		,				,			

stockholders' equity Interest income/earning	\$ 404,312	\$	391,543	
assets		6.46%		6.00%
Interest expense/earning				
assets		2.96%		2.34%
Net interest margin		3.50%		3.66%
21				

Provision for Loan Losses:

The provision for loan losses for the three months ended September 30, 2006 was \$60 thousand, an increase of \$60 thousand over the same period in 2005.

The provision for loan losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 was \$180 thousand, an increase of \$180 thousand over the same period in 2005. Changing economic conditions, as well as internal analysis performed on the loan portfolio, have made necessary the increases in the loan loss provision for both the quarter ended and nine-month period ended September 30, 2006. One of the Bank's main goals is to increase the loan to deposit ratio without jeopardizing loan quality. To reach its goal, management has continued its efforts to create strong underwriting standards for both commercial and consumer credit. The Bank's lending consists primarily of retail lending which includes single family residential mortgages and other consumer lending and commercial lending primarily to locally owned small businesses.

In the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, charge-offs totaled \$39 thousand while net charge-offs totaled \$29 thousand as compared to \$43 thousand and \$33 thousand, respectively, for the same three-month period in 2005.

In the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, charge-offs totaled \$97 thousand while net charge-offs totaled \$72 thousand as compared to \$159 thousand and \$140 thousand, respectively, for the same nine-month period in 2005.

Monthly, senior management uses a detailed analysis of the loan portfolio to determine loan loss reserve adequacy. The process considers all "problem loans" including classified, criticized, and monitored loans. Prior loan loss history and current market trends, both nationally and locally, are taken into consideration. A watch list of potential problem loans is maintained and monitored on a monthly basis by the Board of Directors. The Bank has not had, nor presently have, any foreign loans. Based upon this analysis, senior management has concluded that the allowance of loan losses is adequate.

Other Income:

Service charges and fees decreased 5.17%, or \$24 thousand, to \$440 thousand in the three months ended September 30, 2006, from \$464 thousand in the three months ended September 30, 2005.

Service charges and fees increased 4.78%, or \$61 thousand, to \$1.337 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2006, from \$1.276 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2005. The increase in service charges and fees is due in part to net overdraft fees which were \$898 thousand for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 compared to \$875 thousand for the comparable period in 2005, an increase of \$23 thousand, or 2.63%. Increases in overdraft fees were budgeted in 2006 when compared to 2005. The increase was due to the increase in deposit accounts attracted within the Bank's new market areas in New York State, as well as increases in deposit accounts at the existing branches of the Bank. Also included in this increase is income recognized through debit card fee income. This line item accounted for \$209 thousand of the total service charge income figure as of September 30, 2006, an increase of \$52 thousand, or 33.12% from the September 30, 2005 figure of \$157 thousand. This increase in debit card fee income is the result of the increased number of card holders, as well as the elimination of a third party debit card processor, in the first quarter of 2006. The Company now processes these transactions in house thus retaining 100% of the transaction fees.

Investment division income was \$53 thousand for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, an increase of \$5 thousand, or 10.42%, from the same period in 2005.

Investment division income was \$153 thousand for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, a decrease of \$23 thousand, or 13.07%, from the same period in 2006. The investment division has pursued a different business model in 2006 in comparison to prior periods. The change has been reflected in the fee structure which has gone from a one-time, up-front commission to a smaller commission received on a recurring basis over the life of an account. This has meant that the Company has had to forego short-term profits in lieu of a long-term fee structure.

Earnings on investment in life insurance has increased to \$73 thousand for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$65 thousand for the three-month period ended September 30, 2005, an increase of \$8 thousand, or 12.31%.

Earnings on investment in life insurance has increased to \$206 thousand for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$198 thousand for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005, again, an increase of \$8 thousand, or 4.04%.

Other income was \$109 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2006, an increase of \$28 thousand, or 34.57%, from \$81 thousand for the comparable period in 2005.

Other income was \$296 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, an increase of \$52 thousand, or 21.31%, from \$244 thousand for the comparable period in 2005.

Various sundry accounts contribute to the increase in other income for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 when compared to the same period in 2005.

Gains on security sales were \$15 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2006 compared to gains of \$53 thousand for the comparable period in 2005, a decrease of \$38 thousand, or 71.70%. The decrease is due to the existence of fewer gain positions within the Bank's investment portfolio as market yields begin to eclipse yields within the portfolio.

Gains on security sales were \$6 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 compared to gains of \$187 thousand for the comparable period in 2005, a decrease of \$181 thousand, or 96.79%. The decrease again is due to the existence of fewer gain positions within the Bank's investment portfolio as market yields begin to eclipse yields within the portfolio.

Other Operating Expenses:

Total other expenses decreased 17.57%, or \$535 thousand, to \$2.510 million during the three months ended September 30, 2006 compared to \$3.045 million for the comparable period in 2005. In September 2005, the Company incurred a one time prepayment penalty at the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh in the amount of \$808 thousand. Excluding this amount from the total, other expenses increased 12.20%, or \$273 thousand during the three months ended September 30, 2006 compared to the same three-month period in 2005.

Total other expenses decreased 3.42%, or \$260 thousand, to \$7.337 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 compared to \$7.597 million for the comparable period in 2005. As with the three month analysis of other expenses, excluding the prepayment penalty in September of 2005 from the analysis, other expenses increased 8.07%, or \$548 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 compared to the same period in 2005.

Notable components of other expenses are as follows:

Salaries and benefits increased 9.83%, or \$107 thousand, to \$1.195 million for the three months ended September 30, 2006 compared to \$1.088 million for the same period in 2005 due to normal pay increases as well as the addition of one executive position.

Salaries and benefits increased 8.72%, or \$292 thousand, to \$3.641 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 compared to \$3.349 million for the same period in 2005, also as a result of normal pay increases and the addition of one executive position as discussed with the quarterly results.

Occupancy expenses increased \$7 thousand, or 5.00%, for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, to \$147 thousand, compared to \$140 thousand for the same period in 2005. These increases are considered normal due to increased energy costs between the two periods.

Occupancy expense increased \$99 thousand, or 24.21%, for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, to \$508 thousand, compared to \$409 thousand for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005. Costs associated with the upkeep and maintenance of the two new New York offices for the entire period in 2006 has contributed to this increase, as well as the rise in energy costs associated with heating and air conditioning systems.

Professional fees and outside services decreased \$29 thousand, or 25.89%, in the three months ended September 30, 2006 to \$83 thousand, compared to \$112 thousand for the three-month period ended September 30, 2005. Decreases were budgeted for in 2006 due to fewer costs associated with Sarbanes-Oxley Section 404 compliance. Professional fees and outside services were budgeted at \$87 thousand for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006.

Professional fees and outside services decreased \$101 thousand, or 28.53%, in the nine months ended September 30, 2006 to \$253 thousand, compared to \$354 thousand for the same nine-month period ended September 30, 2005. As with the quarter-to-date results discussed, decreases were expected in professional fees and outside services due to fewer costs in relation to Sarbanes-Oxley Section 404 compliance. These costs were budgeted to be \$260 thousand for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006.

Computer services and supplies decreased \$32 thousand, or 14.48%, for the three months ended September 30, 2006, to \$189 thousand, compared to \$221 thousand for the comparable period in 2005. The decrease in computer services and supplies is primarily due to decreases in ATM expenses. As previously discussed in the analysis of customer service fee income, as of February of 2006, the Company no longer utilizes the services of Midwest Payment Systems in the processing of ATM and debit card transactions. The Company now internally processes those transactions at a reduced cost.

Computer services and supplies increased \$5 thousand, or .87%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, to \$583 thousand, compared to \$578 thousand for the comparable period in 2005.

Year-to-date increases are due to increased costs associated with maintenance agreements for various computer equipment utilized in Bank operations, as well as the costs associated with data communication between offices. These costs were well within budgeted amounts as the Bank continues to implement and upgrade to more advanced technology. The nine months ended September 30, 2006 budget for computer services and supplies was \$666 thousand.

All other operating expenses decreased \$588 thousand, or 39.62%, to \$896 thousand in the three months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$1.484 million for the same three-month period in 2005. As detailed within the discussion on total other expenses, the decrease in all other expenses is due to the one time Federal Home Loan Bank penalty incurred as the result of early prepayment of debt. Excluding the prepayment penalty, all other expenses, which include equipment, non-income/non-payroll associated taxes, and other standard operating expenses, would show an increase of \$220 thousand, or 32.54%, to \$896 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$676 thousand for the same period in 2005. The increase is due to expenses booked in the third quarter of 2006 which were associated with damages incurred as the result of flooding in six of the Company's twelve offices. The amount of damages booked as of September 30, 2006 stood at \$151 thousand. Otherwise, increases would be deemed to be normal.

All other operating expenses decreased \$555 thousand, or 19.09%, to \$2.352 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$2.907 million for the same nine-month period in 2005. Again, excluding the prepayment penalty paid to the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh in September of 2005, all other operating expenses would show an increase of \$253 thousand, or 12.05%, to \$2.352 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, compared to \$2.099 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2005. As with the quarterly results, the increase in all other operating expense categories, which include equipment, non-income/non-payroll associated taxes, and other standard operating expenses, is mainly the result of flooding damages in the amount of \$151 thousand which were incurred in the third quarter of 2006. Once again, excluding these loss damages, the increases would be deemed to be normal.

Income Tax Provision:

The Corporation recorded an income tax provision of \$179 thousand, or 15.38% of income, and \$52 thousand or 6.74% of income, for the quarters ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

The Corporation recorded an income tax provision of \$582 thousand, or 16.15% of income, and \$694 thousand or 17.91% of income, for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Decreases in the effective tax rate for the year to date period ended September 30, 2006 is due to increased tax-exempt loan interest income.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The Federal Reserve has now raised the overnight fed funds rate 17 times since June of 2004 in 25 basis point increments. As of September 30, 2006, the Bank is currently showing sensitivity to upward rate shift scenarios. The results of the latest financial simulation follow. The simulation shows a possible decrease in net interest income of 5.22%, or \$692 thousand, in a +200 basis point rate shock scenario over a one-year period. An increase of 4.44%, or \$588 thousand, is shown in the model at a -200 basis point rate shock over the same one-year period. The net interest income risk position of the Bank remains within the guidelines established by the Bank's asset/liability policy. The Bank continuously monitors its rate sensitivity.

Equity value at risk is monitored regularly and is also within established policy limits. Please refer to the Annual Report on Form 10K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission for December 31, 2005, for further discussion of this matter.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

The Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of September 30, 2006. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer concluded that, as of the Evaluation Date, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective in timely alerting them to any material information relating to the Company and its subsidiaries required to be included in the Company's periodic SEC filings.

(b) Changes in internal controls.

There were no changes made in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

Although as stated above, we have not made any significant changes in our internal controls over financial reporting in the most recent fiscal quarter, based on our documentation and testing to date, we have made improvements in the documentation, design and effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting, including the purchase of internal control software that allows upper management to view reports and to understand the risks and controls within the entire organization or specific areas of the organization. These reports provide up to date information at all times.

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The nature of the Company's business generates a certain amount of litigation involving matters arising out of the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, there are no legal proceedings that might have a material effect on the consolidated results of operations, liquidity, or the financial position of the Company at this time.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

No changes from those previously disclosed.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

PEOPLES FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP. ISSUER PURCHASES OF COMMON STOCK

				Total	
				number	Maximum
				of shares	number of
				purchased	shares that may
				as part of	yet be
				publicly	purchased
	Total number			announced	under the plans
	of shares	Ave	rage price	plans or	or programs
MONTH	purchased	paid	per share	programs	(1)
July 1, 2006 - July 31, 2006	0	\$	0	0	97,880
August 1, 2006 - August 31,					
2006	11,800	\$	28.15	0	86,080
September 1, 2006 - September					
30, 2006	0	\$	0	0	86,080
TOTAL	11,800	\$	28.15	0	

⁽¹⁾ On December 27, 1995, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of 187,500 shares of the Corporation's common stock from shareholders.

On July 2, 2001, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of an additional 5%, or 158,931 shares of the Corporation's common stock outstanding.

Neither repurchase program stipulated an expiration date.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

- (3.1) Articles of Incorporation of Peoples Financial Services Corp. *;
- (3.2) Bylaws of Peoples Financial Services Corp. as amended **;
- (10.1) Agreement dated January 14, 1997, between John W. Ord and Peoples Financial Services Corp.*;
- (10.4) Termination Agreement dated January 1, 1997, between Debra E. Dissinger and Peoples Financial Services Corp.*;
- (10.5) Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan Agreement, dated December 3, 2004, for John W. Ord,***;
- (10.6) Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan Agreement, dated December 3, 2004, for Debra E. Dissinger,***;
- (10.7) Supplemental Director Retirement Plan Agreement, dated December 3, 2004, for all Non-Employee Directors of the Company,***;
- (10.8) Amendment to Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan Agreement, dated December 30, 2005, for John W. Ord.***:
- (10.9) Amendment to Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan Agreement, dated December 30, 2005, for Debra E. Dissinger,****;
- (10.10) Amendment to Supplemental Director Retirement Plan Agreement, dated December 30, 2005, for all Non-Employee Directors of the Company,****;
 - (11) The statement regarding computation of per-share earnings required by this exhibit is contained in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements captioned "Earnings Per Common Share";
 - (14) Code of Ethics,****;
 - (21) Subsidiaries of Peoples Financial Services Corp.,*****;
- (31.1) Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), filed herewith;
- (31.2) Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), filed herewith;
- (32.1) Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 1350 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, filed herewith; and
- (32.2) Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 1350 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, filed herewith.
 - *Incorporated by reference to the Corporation's Registration Statement on Form 10 as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on March 4, 1998.
 - **Incorporated by reference to the Corporation's Exhibit 3.2 on Form 10Q filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on November 8, 2004.
 - ***Incorporated by reference to the Corporation's Exhibits 10.5, 10.6 and 10.7 on Form 10K filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on March 15, 2005.
 - ****Incorporated by reference to the Corporation's Exhibits 10.8, 10.9, and 10.10 on Form 10K filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on March 15, 2006.
 - *****Incorporated by reference to the Corporation's Exhibit 14 on Form 10K filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on March 15, 2006.
 - ******Incorporated by reference to the Corporation's Exhibit 21 on Form 10K filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on March 15, 2006.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

PEOPLES FINANCIAL SERVICES CORP.

By/s/ Richard S. Lochen, Jr. Richard S. Lochen, Jr., President

Date: November 9, 2006

By/s/ Frederick J. Malloy Frederick J. Malloy, AVP/Controller

Date: November 9, 2006