SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of March 2005

Kookmin Bank

(Translation of registrant s name into English)

9-1, 2-Ga, Namdaemun-Ro, Jung-Gu, Seoul, Korea 100-703

(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F X Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted solely to provide an attached annual report to security holders.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submission to furnish a report or other document that the registration foreign private issuer must furnish and make public under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the registrant is incorporated, domiciled or legally organized (the registrant s home country), or under the rules of the home country exchange on which the registrant s securities are traded, as long as the report or other document is not a press release, is not required to be and has not been distributed to the registrant s security holders, and if discussing a material event, has already been the subject of a Form 6-K submission or other Commission filing on EDGAR.

Indicate by check mark whether by furnishing the information contained in this Form, the registrant is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes _____ No _X

Kookmin Bank s 2004 Audit Report and Consolidated Operating Results for the Fiscal year 2004

On March 9, 2005, Kookmin Bank released audit report for the fiscal year of 2004, which includes comparative non-consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 and related notes to the statements.

On March 9, 2005, Kookmin Bank also disclosed summary of consolidated operating results prepared in accordance with Korean GAAP for the fiscal year 2004.

Kookmin Bank will disclose *Kookmin Bank and Its Subsidiaries Consolidated Audit Report* with full financial statements and relevant notes in English as of and for the years ended 2004 and 2003 latest by the end of March 2005.

Exhibit 99.1_ Kookmin Bank s 2004 Audit Report

Exhibit 99.2_Consoliated Operating Results for the Fiscal year 2004

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: March 9, 2005

Kookmin Bank (Registrant)

By: /s/ Kap Shin

(Signature) Name: Kap Shin Title: Senior Executive Vice President &

Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 99.1

Kookmin Bank

Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

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December 31, 2004 and 2003

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Samil PricewaterhouseCoopers

Kukje Center Building 191 Hankangro 2ga, Yongsanku Seoul 140-702, KOREA (Yongsan P.O. Box 266, 140-600)

Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of

Kookmin Bank

We have audited the accompanying non-consolidated balance sheets of Kookmin Bank (the Bank) as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, and the related non-consolidated statements of operations, appropriations of retained earnings (dispositions of accumulated deficit) and cash flows for the years then ended, expressed in Korean Won. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of Korea. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the non-consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kookmin Bank as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, and the results of its operations, the changes in its retained earnings (accumulated deficit), and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of Korea.

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw your attention to the following matters.

As discussed in Note 38 to the non-consolidated financial statements, the Bank restated its non-consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003 to correct, as instructed by the Securities and Futures Commission, the overstatement of unrealized loss on investment in associates amounting to (Won)27,159 million, the understatement of provision for other allowances amounting to (Won)213,157 million and the overstatement of income tax expenses amounting to (Won)63,308 million. Accordingly, the financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003 included in the audit report dated March 3, 2004, are no longer effective, as they do not reflect the above restatements.

Samil PricewaterhouseCoopers is the Korean member firm of the PricewaterhouseCoopers. PricewaterhouseCoopers refers to the network of member firms of PricewaterhouseCoopers international Limited, each of which is a separate and independent legal entity.

As discussed in Note 33 to the non-consolidated financial statements, on May 30, 2003, the Bank obtained approval from the Board of Directors to enter into a merger agreement with Kookmin Credit Card Co., Ltd. (the Subsidiary), its majority-owned subsidiary. According to the resolution of the Board of Directors, the Bank merged with the Subsidiary on September 30, 2003. The merger was effected through an exchange of shares with the minority shareholders of the Subsidiary as of July 24, 2003 receiving 0.442983 share of the Bank s common stock for each share of the Subsidiary.

As discussed in Note 20 to the non-consolidated financial statements, in accordance with the resolution made by the Board of Directors on December 17, 2003, the Bank acquired 27,423,761 of its own shares previously owned by the Korean government at (Won)43,700 per share through public bidding and intends to sell these shares of treasury stock depending on certain market conditions.

As discussed in Note 4 and Note 38 to the non-consolidated financial statements, on April 29, 2004, as a means to venture into the insurance business for diversification of revenues, the Bank invested (Won)30,246 million (including acquisition costs) to acquire a 100% ownership of KB Life Insurance Co., Ltd., which was founded to acquire the assets and the liabilities of Hanil Life Insurance Co., Ltd. On January 25, 2005, the Bank sold 49% of its ownership of KB Life Insurance Co., Ltd. to ING Insurance International B.V. at (Won)14,821 million.

As discussed in Note 2 to the non-consolidated financial statements, the Bank changed its accounting on its sale of loans. Previously, the sale proceed of written-off loans was recorded as an adjustment to related allowances and the gain or loss on sale of loans was recognized for non written-off loans for the difference of the book value at the date of sale and the proceeds of the sale. Currently, the sale proceed of written-off loans is not recorded as an adjustment to related allowances but is recorded as the gain or loss on sale of loans and the all gain or loss on sale of loans and the all gain or loss on sale of loans is calculated by comparing the sale proceeds against its book value on the year end immediately preceding the date of sale. Due to this change, loss on sale of loans increased by (Won)1,183,119 million and gain on sale of loans and allowance for loan losses decreased by (Won)142,531 million and (Won)1,325,650 million, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2004. The financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003, presented herein for comparative purposes, were restated to reflect the above changes resulting in an increase in loss on sale of loans by (Won)2,586,725 million, a decrease in gain on sale of loans by (Won)55,216 million and a decrease in allowance for loans losses by (Won)2,641,941 million. Such restatement has no effect on the net assets and the net income (loss) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Accounting principles and auditing standards and their application in practice vary among countries. The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of Korea. In addition, the procedures and practices used in the Republic of Korea to audit such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted and applied in other countries. Accordingly, this report and the accompanying non-consolidated financial statements are for use by those who are knowledgeable about Korean accounting principles or auditing standards and their application in practice.

Seoul, Korea

February 4, 2005

This report is effective as of February 4, 2005, the audit report date. Certain subsequent events or circumstances, which may occur between the audit report date and the time of reading this report, could have a material impact on the accompanying non-consolidated financial statements and notes thereto. Accordingly, the readers of the audit report should understand that there is a possibility that the above audit report may have to be revised to reflect the impact of such subsequent events or circumstances, if any.

Non-Consolidated Balance Sheets

December 31, 2004 and 2003

(in millions of Won)

(Won) 5,177,758	(Won) 6,526,345
27,598,737	26,908,462
136,034,323	141,138,972
2,633,218	3,019,556
8,283,148	6,508,855
(Won) 179,727,184	(Won) 184,102,190
	132,180,272
, ,	10,902,800
, ,	19,192,581
12,109,893	13,589,031
(Won) 170,622,543	(Won) 175,864,684
1,681,896	1,681,896
6,230,738	6,230,738
2,041,691	1,485,111
(849,684)	(1,160,239)
9,104,641	8,237,506
(Won) 179,727,184	(Won) 184,102,190
	27,598,737 136,034,323 2,633,218 8,283,148 (Won) 179,727,184 (Won) 179,727,184 127,010,534 9,634,296 21,867,820 12,109,893 (Won) 170,622,543 (Won) 170,622,543 1,681,896 6,230,738 2,041,691 (849,684) 9,104,641

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these non-consolidated financial statements.

Non-Consolidated Statements of Operations

Years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003

(in millions of Won except per share amounts)	2004	2003
Interest income		
Interest on due from banks	(Won) 9,995	(Won) 10,433
Interest on trading securities	151,349	116,142
Interest on available-for-sale securities	534,410	754,605
Interest on held-to-maturity securities	360,188	626,552
Interest on loans	10,279,924	10,018,895
Other interest income	104,967	98,923
	11,440,833	11,625,550
Interest expenses		
Interest on deposits	3,909,204	4,280,290
Interest on borrowings	326,586	4,280,290
Interest on debentures	1,116,110	1,143,228
Other interest expenses	59,202	68,570
Other interest expenses		08,570
	5,411,102	5,902,834
Net interest income	6,029,731	5,722,716
Provision for loan losses (Note 6)	3,068,248	1,431,181
Net interest in some often upper ising for long	2.0(1.492	4 201 525
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	2,961,483	4,291,535
Non-interest income		
Fees & commission income	2,186,741	1,636,171
Dividends on trading securities	3,289	1,633
Dividends on available-for-sale securities	13,452	5,580
Gain on foreign currency transactions	257,039	287,501
Gain on derivatives transactions	4,057,392	1,131,711
Others (Note 22)	2,921,114	882,459
	9,439,027	3,945,055
Non-interest expenses		
Fees and commission expenses	452,174	270,405
General and administrative expenses (Note 23)	2,758,514	2,704,148
Loss on foreign currency transactions	305,448	2,704,148
Loss on derivatives transactions	3,990,483	1,053,990
Others (Note 22)	2,804,723	1,522,037
	10,311,342	5,750,689
	· · · ·	
Operating income	2,089,168	2,485,901
Non-operating expenses, net (Note 24)	(1,190,570)	(3,872,661)

Net (loss) income before income tax expense	898,598	(1,386,760)
Income tax (benefit) expense (Note 25)	343,348	(456,404)
Net (loss) income	(Won) 555,250	(Won) (930,356)
Basic (loss) earnings per share (In Korean Won) (Note 26)	(Won) 1,812	(Won) (2,854)
Diluted (loss) earnings per share (In Korean Won) (Note 26)	(Won) 1,811	(Won) (2,854)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these non-consolidated financial statements.

Non-Consolidated Statements of Appropriations of Retained Earnings

(Dispositions of Accumulated Deficit)

Years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003

(Date of Appropriation : March 18, 2005 for the year ended December 31, 2004

Date of Disposition : March 23, 2004 for the year ended December 31, 2003)

(in millions of Won)	2004	2003
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit) before appropriations (dispositions)		
Unappropriated retained earnings carried over from prior year	(Won) (176,963)	(Won) 410
Adjustment on investment in associates (Note 19)	1,614	(1,917)
Net income (loss)	555,250	(930,356)
	379,901	(931,863)
Transfers from voluntary reserve (Note 19)		
Discretionary appropriated retained earnings	220,100	754,900
Appropriated retained earnings for business stabilization	40,760	
	<u> </u>	
	260,860	754,900
Appropriations (Note 19)		
Legal appropriated retained earnings	55,600	
Appropriated retained earnings for financial structure improvement	55,600	
Reserve for losses on sale of treasury stock	359,525	
Other reserves	1,438	
Cash dividends (11.0% for common stock in 2004)	168,574	
	640,737	
Unappropriated retained earnings carried over to the subsequent year	(Won) 24	(Won) (176,963)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these non-consolidated financial statements.

Non-Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003

(in millions of Won)

(in millions of Won)	20	004	2003
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net (loss) income	(Won)	555,250	(Won) (930,35
	(((())))	555,250	(1101) (250,55
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities			
Realized gain on trading securities, net		(78,417)	(71,89
Unrealized gain on trading securities, net		(26,745)	(70,97
Gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions, net		48,409	(87,392
Provision for loan losses	3	,068,248	1,431,18
Reversal of losses from guarantees and acceptances			(1,20)
Gain on derivatives transactions, net		(66,909)	(77,72
Gain (loss) on valuation of derivatives, net		(145,561)	18,78
Gain on fair value hedged items, net		(2,175)	(10,71)
Retirement benefits		124,608	109,76
Stock compensation expense		5,101	12,13
Depreciation and amortization		415,289	466,850
Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets, net		(12,810)	33,05
Impairment loss on fixed assets, net		19,384	22,22
Realized gain on available-for-sale securities, net		(53,473)	(493,993
Impairment loss on available-for-sale securities, net		82,272	114,78
Realized gain on held-to-maturity securities, net		(1,514)	(2,77
Unrealized gain (loss) on investment in associates, net		5,014	(240,71
Gain on disposal of investment in associates		(1,146)	
Loss on sale of loans, net	1	,159,561	2,673,28
Provision for guarantee allowance		206	
Provision for other allowance		235,911	213,15
Reversal of loan losses due to merger		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	1,652,264
Gain on operation of beneficiary certificates, net		(384,747)	,,-
Others, net		(11,886)	22,75
Changes in assets and liabilities resulting from operations		())	,,
Accrued income		60,340	118,79
Prepaid expenses		96.625	(255,95
Deferred tax assets		186,286	(462,61
Other assets		(2,810)	(16
Accrued expenses		(138,302)	(593,96
Unearned income		(33,509)	(28,01
Withholding taxes		(116,164)	36,09
Other liabilities		(135,243)	587,17
Payment of retirement benefits		(39,107)	(18,63)
Retirement pension funds		(29,975)	(66,34)
Account for agency business		(131,093)	(35,11)
		(, . , .))	
Net cash provided by operating activities	4	,650,918	4,063,754

Non-Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003

(in millions of Won)

(in millions of Won)	2004	2003
Cash flows from investing activities		
Decrease (increase) in due from banks	(Won) 947,422	(Won) (1,247,467)
Decrease in trading securities	1,337,347	1,336,940
Increase in available-for-sale securities	(841,048)	(1,179,456)
Increase (decrease) in held-to-maturity securities	(248,579)	5,119,423
Acquisition of investment in associates	5,894	(71,295)
Dividend from investment in associates	5,071	11,392
Decrease (increase) in loans granted, net	337,617	(12,613,037)
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets	184,885	101,599
Acquisition of fixed assets	(216,150)	(316,890)
Acquisition of intangible assets	(1,801)	(705)
Proceeds from disposal of foreclosed assets	545	162
Acquisition of foreclosed assets	(128)	(166)
Decrease (increase) in guarantee deposits	45,748	(8,865)
Increase (decrease) in other accounts receivable	(636,240)	166,101
Increase in payments in advance	(4,731)	(28,328)
Decrease in derivative assets, net	107,270	145,924
Collection of domestic exchange receivables	91,980	474,995
Collection of loans to trust accounts	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	37,882
Increase in provision for other allowances	28,627	51,002
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	1,138,658	(8,071,791)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Decrease (increase) in deposits, net	(5,169,738)	9,076,415
Decrease in borrowings, net	(1,268,504)	(2,248,706)
Increase (decrease) in debentures, net	2,675,238	(3,278,588)
Decrease (increase) in borrowings from trust accounts	(3,184,632)	3,248,649
Decrease in dividend payable		(325,188)
Increase (decrease) in other accounts payable	848,452	(273,080)
Increase in advances received from customers	81,956	19,325
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	(8,714)	(623)
Decrease in domestic exchange payables	(142,425)	(173,865)
Decrease in liabilities incurred by agency relationships	(34,672)	(171,172)
Acquisition of treasury stock		(1,227,876)
Sale of treasury stock		826
Stock options exercised	3,238	(35)
Increase in stock issuance cost		(212)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(6,199,801)	4,645,870
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(410,225)	637,833
Increase due to merger		33,343
Cash and cash equivalents, Beginning of year	3,771,757	3,100,581
End of year (Note 34)	(Won) 3,361,532	(Won) 3,771,757

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these non-consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

1. The Bank

Kookmin Bank (the Bank) was established in 1963 under the Citizens National Bank Act to provide and administer funds for financing the general public and small businesses. Pursuant to the repeal of the Citizens National Bank Act, effective January 5, 1995, the Bank has conducted its operations in accordance with the provisions of the General Banking Act.

The Bank merged with Korea Long Term Credit Bank (KLB) on December 31, 1998 and with Daegu, Busan, Jeonnam Kookmin Mutual Savings & Finance Co., Ltd. on August 22, 1999. Also, under the decision of the Financial Supervisory Commission in accordance with the Structural Improvement of the Financial Industry Act, the Bank purchased certain assets, including loans classified as normal or precautionary, and assumed most of the liabilities of Daedong Bank as of June 29, 1998. Also, the Bank completed the legal consolidation with Housing and Commercial Bank (H&CB) as of October 31, 2001 (Note 32) and merged with Kookmin Credit Card Co., Ltd. (the Subsidiary), its majority-owned subsidiary, on September 30, 2003 (Note 33).

The Bank has its shares listed on the Korea Stock Exchange since September 1994. As a result of the business combination with H&CB, the former shareholders of the Bank and H&CB received new common shares of the Bank on the basis of a pre-determined ratio. The new common shares of the Bank were relisted on the Korea Stock Exchange on November 9, 2001. As of December 31, 2004, the Bank s paid-in capital amounts to (Won)1,681,896 million and its 47,503,730 shares are listed on the New York Stock Exchange as American Depositary Shares (ADSs).

The Bank engages in the banking and trust businesses according to the provisions of the General Banking Act and the Trust Business Act, and operates through 1,124 domestic branches and offices (excluding automated teller machines of 204) and three overseas branches as of December 31, 2004.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies followed by the Bank in the preparation of its non-consolidated financial statements are summarized below.

Basis of Financial Statement Presentation

The Bank maintains its accounting records in Korean won and prepares statutory financial statements in the Korean language in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of Korea. Certain accounting principles applied by the Bank that conform with financial accounting standards and accounting principles in the Republic of Korea may not conform with generally accepted accounting principles in other countries. Accordingly, these financial statements are intended for use by those who are informed about Korean accounting

principles and practices. The accompanying financial statements have been condensed, restructured and translated into English from the Korean language non-consolidated financial statements. Certain information attached to the Korean language financial statements, but not required for a fair presentation of the Company s financial position, results of operations, or cash flows, is not presented in the accompanying non-consolidated financial statements.

Application of the Statements of Korean Financial Accounting Standards

The Bank has adopted Statements of Korean Financial Accounting Standards (SKFAS) Nos. 1~10, 12 and 13 (SKFAS Nos.10, 12 and 13 have been effective as of January 1, 2004) in the preparation of its financial statements. Except for the adoption of these SKFAS, the same accounting policies are applied for the financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004 and as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Recognition of Interest Income

The Bank recognizes interest income on loans and debt securities on an accrual basis. However, interest income on delinquent and dishonored loans and debt securities, other than those collateralized with security deposits or guaranteed by financial institutions, is recognized on a cash basis. As of December 31, 2004, the Bank has non-accrual loans and securities of (Won)8,067,271 million and (Won)532,904 million, respectively, with related foregone interest of (Won)469,089 million and (Won)82,594 million, respectively.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

Securities

Securities that are bought and held principally for the purpose of generating profits on short-term differences in price, and which are actively and frequently bought and sold, are classified as trading securities. Debt securities with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity, and which the Bank has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity securities. Investments neither classified as trading securities are classified as available-for-sale securities.

Securities are recognized initially at their fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition. The Bank uses the moving average method and specific identification method for determining the carrying value of equity securities and debt securities, respectively.

Trading and available-for-sale debt securities are carried at fair value using the average of quoted prices provided by bond pricing service institutions. Held-to-maturity debt securities are carried at amortized cost.

Marketable equity securities are carried at market prices and beneficiary certificates are carried at quoted prices provided by the beneficiary certificate dealers. However, non-marketable equity securities are carried at fair value only if the fair value is reasonably measurable. Otherwise, they are carried at cost.

Unrealized gains or losses on trading securities are charged to current operations and those resulting from available-for-sale securities are recorded as capital adjustments. Premiums and discounts on debt securities are amortized over the maturity period of the debt securities using the effective interest method. Impairment losses are recognized in the current operations when there is evidence of impairment and recoverable amounts of available-for-sale securities or held-to-maturity securities are less than either the acquisition cost of equity securities or the amortized cost of debt securities. Unrealized gains or losses on available-for-sale or held-to-maturity securities that had not been recognized through income are realized when the related securities are disposed of.

The assets of the wholly owned beneficiary certificates are classified based on the Bank s intention on the balance sheet. The fund assets of these wholly owned beneficiary certificates are comprised of deposits, call loans and securities, and the fund income is comprised of interest income, realized gains and losses, and valuation gains and losses. The Bank recorded all gains and losses from these wholly owned beneficiary certificates.

Investments in Associates

Investments in associates, over which the Bank exercises significant control or influence, are accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the Bank records changes in its proportionate ownership of the associate in the current operations either as capital adjustments, adjustments to retained earnings or charges to net income(loss), depending on the nature of the underlying change in the book value of the investment in associate.

The Bank discontinues the equity method of accounting for investments in associates when the Bank s share of accumulated losses of the associates equals the costs of the investments and until the subsequent cumulative changes in its proportionate net income of the associate equal its cumulative proportionate net losses not recognized during the periods when the equity method was suspended.

Differences between the initial purchase price and the Bank s initial proportionate ownership of the net book value of the associate are amortized or accreted using an appropriate method and the resulting amortization is charged to current operations.

Gains and losses recorded by the Bank from inter-company transactions with associates are fully eliminated. Gains and losses recorded by the associates from these transactions are proportionately eliminated, based on the Bank s percentage of ownership.

Deferred Loan Origination Fees and Costs

The Bank defers loan origination fees associated with originating loans and loan origination costs that have future economic benefits. Loan balances are reported net of these loan origination fees and costs. The deferred loan origination fees and costs are amortized using the effective interest method with the amortization recognized as adjustments to other interest income.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

Allowances for Loan Losses

The Bank provides allowance for loan losses based on the minimum reserve level provided by Financial Supervisory Service Guidelines if the amounts are larger than allowances for loan losses based on historical loss rate of the Bank s lending portfolios.

As of December 31, 2004, the Bank provided allowance for loan losses based on the minimum reserve level provided by Financial Supervisory Service Guidelines.

- Allowance for loan losses based on the minimum reserve level provided by Financial Supervisory Service Guidelines

The Bank determines the credit risk classification of corporate loans using a certain scale based on the Banks internal credit rating system, the Forward Looking Criteria (FLC), and other factors such as days in arrears, insolvency and result of financial transactions. Allowances are determined by applying the rates of each credit risk classification. The FLC credit rating criteria are divided into 12 categories (AAA, AA, A, BBB, BB, BB-, B, B-, CCC, CC, C, D) and credit risk classification are as follows:

Credit Risk Classification	Credit Ratings
Normal	AAA ~ B
Precautionary	B- ~ CCC
Sub-standard	CC
Doubtful	С
Estimated loss	D

However, the Bank classifies corporate loans, consumer loans, and credit card loans by considering the recoverable amounts of loans including delinquencies, bankruptcies. The rates used for determining the allowances for losses from corporate loans, consumer loans and credit card loans are as follows:

		Allowance Rates		
Credit Risk Classification	Consumer	Credit Card	Corporate	
Normal	0.75%	1.00%	0.50%	
Precautionary	8.00%	12.00%	2.00%	
Sub-standard	20.00%	20.00%	20.00%	
Doubtful	55.00%	60.00%	50.00%	

Estimated loss	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Also, the Bank provides additional allowance for relatively high-risk borrowers and their assets based on estimated recovery amount, liquidation amount, within the maximum allowance rate for each classification.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

-Allowance for loan losses based historical loss rate

The rates used for determining the allowances for losses based on historical loss rate by Bank s lending portfolios is determined as follows:

		Period of Historical	Period of Recovery
Lending Portfolios	Methodology	Loss Rate	Ratio
Impaired corporate loans	Discounted Cash Flows	N/A	N/A
Non-impaired corporate loans	Migration Analysis	1-year	5-year
Consumer loans	Migration Analysis	2-year	5-year
Credit card loans	Roll-rate Analysis	1-year	5-year

Based on Bank s lending portfolios nature, loan period, referrer period and other economic factors, the Bank determined the appropriate data period to be used in assessing its historical loss rate and recovery ratio.

Guarantees and Acceptances

The Bank applies the credit risk classification used for loans to outstanding guarantees and acceptances, and provides allowances for losses of 20 %, 50 % and 100 % of the outstanding guarantees and acceptances classified as sub-standard, doubtful, and estimated loss, respectively.

Troubled Debt Structuring

The equity interest in the debtors, net of real estates and/or other assets received as full or partial satisfaction of the Bank s loans, collected through reorganization proceedings, court mediation, or debt restructuring agreements of parties concerned, are recorded at their fair value at the time of the restructuring. In cases where the fair value of the assets received are less than the book value of the loan (book value before allowances), the Bank offsets the book value against allowances for loans first and then recognizes provisions for loans. Impairment losses for loans, that were restructured in a troubled debt restructuring agreements discounted at effective interest rates at the time when loans are originated, and the book value before allowances for loans. If the amount of allowances already established is less than the impairment losses under the workout plans, the Bank establishes additional allowances for the difference. Otherwise, the Bank reverses the allowances for loan losses.

After the above adjustments to loans from troubled debt structuring, the Bank separately establishes additional allowances for its loans on related present value, based on the credit status of the borrower.

Before the adoption of SKFAS No. 13, *Troubled Debt Structuring*, the difference between the nominal value and the present value of loan under troubled debt structuring agreements was recorded as present value discounts and was presented separately as a deduction from the loan nominal value. However, in accordance with the Bank s adoption of SKFAS No. 13, unamortized present value discounts as of the beginning of the current period are classified as allowances for loan losses.

Fixed Assets and Related Depreciation

Tangible assets are recorded at cost, except for upward revaluation of certain assets in accordance with the Korean Asset Revaluation Law. Depreciation is calculated based on the estimated average useful lives of the assets and the accumulated depreciation is presented as a contra account of tangible assets in the financial statements. In addition, impairment loss is recognized based on the difference between the recoverable amount and the book value. The accumulated impairment loss is presented as a contra account of tangible assets in the financial statements.

The estimated useful lives and depreciation methods of the tangible assets are as follows:

Tangible Assets	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings and structures Leasehold improvements	Straight-line Declining balance	40 years 4-5 years
Equipment and vehicles	Declining balance	4-5 years

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

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Expenditures that enhance the value or extend the useful life of the related assets are capitalized as additions to tangible assets. Routine maintenance and repairs are recognized as expenses when incurred.

Foreclosed assets acquired through, or in lieu of, loan redemption are stated at cost and are not depreciated. A valuation allowance is recorded when the latest bidding price at a public auction is below the book value, and is presented as a contra account of foreclosed assets in the financial statements.

Intangible assets are amortized based on the following estimated average useful lives and are presented in the financial statements net of accumulated amortization:

Intangible assets	Amortization Method	Estimated Useful Life
Goodwill	Straight-line	9 years
Development costs	Straight-line	5 years
Trademarks	Straight-line	1-10 years
Others	Straight-line	5-30 years

The Bank estimates the useful life of endowment assets, that are beneficial upon usage and are classified under other intangible assets, to be 30 years based on the term of the contract. The Bank records goodwill as a result of the merger with H&CB as the cost of the merger exceeded the fair value of the net assets acquired.

Development costs directly related to new technology or new products, including costs related to software development, are capitalized as intangible assets to the extent that the estimated future benefits are probable.

The Bank adjusts the book value of a fixed asset to its recoverable amount and recognizes the difference as an impairment loss when the recoverable amount is significantly below the book value due to obsolescence or decline in market value. The subsequent increase in recoverable amount in excess of the impaired book value is recognized, to the extent of the original book value before impairment, as a reversal of fixed asset impairment losses.

Stock Issuance Costs and Debenture Issuance Costs

Stock issuance costs are deducted from paid-in capital in excess of par value. Debenture issuance costs are recorded as discounts on debentures and amortized over the maturity period of the debentures using the effective interest method.

Accrued Retirement Benefits

Employees and directors with at least one year of service and temporary employees with at least a one-year contract, as of December 31, 2004, are entitled to receive a lump-sum payment upon termination of their employment with the Bank, based on their length of service and rate of pay at the time of termination.

Additionally, the Bank records the contributions to pension funds, which grant the payment rights to its employees, as contra accounts of accrued retirement benefits.

Deferred Income Taxes

The Bank recognizes deferred income taxes for anticipated future tax consequences resulting from temporary differences between amounts reported for financial reporting and income tax purposes. By directly adjusting of retained earnings, the Bank records the tax effects of temporary differences arising from the cumulative effects of accounting changes or that arising from adjusting losses and profits on prior period to prior year s unappropriated retained earnings. Deferred tax assets are recognized when it is more likely that such deferred tax assets will be realized.

Bonds under Repurchase/Resale Agreements

Securities bought under resale agreements are recorded under loans as bonds purchased under resale agreements. Securities sold under repurchase agreements. Interest from bonds purchased under resale agreements and bonds sold under repurchase agreements are recognized as interest income on loans and interest expense on borrowings, respectively.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

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Derivative Instruments

Derivative instruments for trading or hedging purpose are recorded at fair value and the resulting unrealized gains and losses are recognized in the current operations, except for the effective portion of derivative transactions entered into for the purpose of cash-flow hedges, which is recorded as an adjustment to shareholders equity.

Fair value hedge accounting is applied to a derivative instrument with the purpose of hedging the exposure to changes in the fair value of an asset or a liability or a firm commitment that is attributable to a particular risk. The gain or loss, both on the hedging derivative instrument and on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk, is reflected in the current operations.

Cash flow hedge accounting is applied to a derivative instrument with the purpose of hedging the exposure to variability in expected future cash flows of an asset or a liability or a forecasted transaction that is attributable to a particular risk. The effective portion of the gain or loss on a derivative instrument designated as a cash flow hedge is recorded as a capital adjustment and the ineffective portion is recognized in the current operations. The effective portion of the gain or loss recorded as a capital adjustment is reclassified to current operations in the same period during which the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. If the hedged transaction results in the acquisition of an asset or the incurrence of a liability, the gain or loss recognized as a capital adjustment is added to or deducted from the asset or the liability.

Stock Options

Compensation costs for stock options granted to employees and executives are recognized using the fair value method. Under the fair value method, compensation costs for stock option plans are determined using an option-pricing model and are recognized over the vesting period.

National Housing Fund

The Bank, as designated by the Korean Government under the Housing Law (former Housing Construction Promotion Law), manages the sources and uses of funds of the National Housing Fund (the NHF) and records the related NHF account in other liabilities. In addition, the Bank pays NHF the interest, which is computed by multiplying the average balance of the NHF account by the passbook deposit interest rate.

Transactions with the Trust Accounts

Under the Trust Business Act, the Bank recognize trust accounts (the Trust Accounts) as a separate one. The borrowings from trust accounts represent transfer of funds in trust accounts into banking accounts. Such borrowings from trust accounts are recorded as receivables from the banking accounts in the trust accounts and as borrowings from trust accounts in the banking accounts. The Bank is banking accounts receive trust fees from the trust accounts for its management of trust assets and operations.

The reserves for future losses are set up in the trust accounts for losses related to those trust funds with a guarantee of the principal or of a certain minimum rate of return in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations applicable to trust operations. The reserves are used to provide for the losses on such trust funds and, if the losses incurred are in excess of the reserves for future losses, the excess losses are compensated by the Bank. Accordingly, the banking accounts recognize the compensation paid as a loss on trust management in other operating expenses and the trust accounts recognize the corresponding compensation from banking accounts. No compensation was recorded for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003.

Foreign Currency Translation

All assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Korean Won at the rates in effect at the balance sheet date (2004: (Won)1,043.8:US\$1, 2003: (Won)1,197.8:US\$1), and resulting translation gains and losses are recognized in the current period.

Accounting records of the overseas branches are maintained in the foreign currency prevailing in their respective countries. For the purpose of presentation in the accompanying financial statements, the financial statements of the branches have been translated into Korean Won, using exchange rates published by Seoul Money Brokerage Services, Ltd. as of the balance sheet dates.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

Statement of Cash Flows

In the preparation of the statement of cash flows, the Bank has presented net amounts of cash inflows and cash outflows for items where the turnover is quick and the amounts are large

Restatement of Prior Period Financial Statements

During the year ended December 31, 2004, the Bank changed its accounting on its sale of loans. Previously, the gain or loss on sale of written-off loans is computed by adjusting the loan s related allowance. The gain or loss on sale of loans other than written-off loans is computed by comparing the book value at the date of sale against the proceeds of the sale. Currently, the gain or loss on sale of both kinds of loans is now computed by comparing the sale proceeds against its book value on the year end immediately preceding the date of sale. Due to this change, loss on sale of loans increased by (Won)1,183,119 million and gain on sale of loans and allowance for loan losses decreased by (Won)142,531 million and (Won)1,325,650 million, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2004. The income statement for the year December 31, 2003, presented herein for comparative purposes, were restated to reflect the changes in calculation of gain or loss on sales of loans losse resulting in an increase in loss on sale of loans (Won)2,586,725 million and decrease in gain on sale of loans and allowance for loans and allowance for loans losses by (Won)55,216 million and (Won)2,641,941 million, respectively. Such restatement has no effect on the current period s net income (loss) and net assets.

The Bank reclassified the subordinated retained interests received from securitization transactions from available-for-sale securities to loans. Such reclassification has no effect on prior year s net loss and net assets. The prior year financial statements presented herein for comparative purposes were also reclassified to conform to the current year financial statement presentation.

As explained in Note 38, the Bank restated its financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2003 to comply with Securities and Futures Commission s instructions.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

3. Cash and Due from Banks

Cash and due from banks as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 consist of:

(in millions of Korean won)		2004	2003
Cash on hand			
Cash in won		(Won) 2,380,578	(Won) 2,945,921
Cash in foreign currencies		124,735	228,153
		2,505,313	3,174,074
Due from banks in Won			
Bank of Korea	Reserve deposits in the Bank of Korea	1,685,105	2,612,248
Other banks	Time deposits		810
	Passbook deposits	13,277	8,185
	Certificate of deposit	262,905	
		276,182	8,995
Other financial institutions	Deposits at Hansol Mutual Savings & Finance Co., Ltd	90,000	140,000
	Time deposits at Ministry of Information and Communication	14,700	1+0,000
Others	Futures margin accounts	3	1,560
oulors	Market participation margin	463	454
	Due from Banking accounts	1,806	151
	KOSPI futures margin accounts	490	200
		2,762	2,214
		2,068,749	2,763,457
	Present value discounts ¹	(3,751)	(12,810)
		2,064,998	2,750,647
Due from banks in foreign currencies			
Bank of Korea	Demand deposits	43,631	12,415
Other banks	Demand deposits	54,048	71,879
	Time deposits	15,181	

5,045	3,354
489,542	513,976
607,447	601,624
(Won) 5,177,758	(Won) 6,526,345
	607,447

1 Present value discounts are related to the (Won)90,000 million of time deposits (1% interest, scheduled in installments by the end of 2005) placed with Hansol Mutual Savings & Finance Co., Ltd. (previously, Bukook Mutual Savings & Finance Co., Ltd.) during 1999.

The maturities of the due from banks as of December 31, 2004 are as follows:

	Due from Banks	Due from Banks in		
(in millions of Korean won)	in Won	Foreign Currencies	Total	
Due in 3 months or less	(Won) 1,732,359	(Won) 484,754	(Won) 2,217,113	
Due after 3 months through 6 months	280,261	122,693	402,954	
Due after 6 months through 1 year	52,100		52,100	
Due after 1 year through 2 years				
Due after 2 years through 3 years	4,029		4,029	
	(Won) 2,068,749	(Won) 607,447	(Won) 2,676,196	

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

Included in cash and due from banks as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 are the following restricted deposits:

(in millions of Korean won)	Place of Deposit	2004	2003	Restrictions
Reserve deposits	Bank of Korea	(Won) 1,685,105	(Won) 2,612,248	General Banking Act
Time deposits	Hansol Mutual Savings & Finance Co., Ltd.	90,000	140,000	Withdrawal at maturity
Due from banks in				
foreign currency	Bank of Korea	43,631	12,415	General Banking Act
Other deposits	JP MORGAN, etc.	1,241	2,735	Futures guarantee deposits
		(Won) 1,819,977	(Won) 2,767,398	

4. Securities

Securities as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 consist of:

(in millions	of	Won)
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(in millions of won)	2004	2003
Trading	(Won) 3,635,510	(Won) 4,482,948
Available-for-sale	17,189,060	15,894,974
Held-to-maturity	6,229,435	5,979,341
Investment in associates	544,732	551,199
	(Won) 27,598,737	(Won) 26,908,462

Trading, available-for-sale, and held-to-maturity securities as of December 31, 2004 consist of:

	Unrea	lized	Book Value		
(in millions of Won)	Gain	Loss	2004	2003	
Trading					
Equity securities	(Won) 9,304	(Won) 950	(Won) 184,544	(Won) 113,171	
Beneficiary certificates	2	1	10,884	1,686,754	

Government and municipal bonds Corporate bonds Asset-backed securities	4,790 14,081 103	27 569	756,658 2,539,819 44,963	1,076,427 1,365,060 241,536
Other debt securities	103		44,903 98,642	241,330
	(Won) 28,292	(Won) 1,547	(Won) 3,635,510	(Won) 4,482,948

	Imj	pairment	Capital Adj	justments	Book Value		
(in millions of Won)	Reversal of	Loss	Gain	Loss	2004	2003 ^{1*}	
Available-for-Sale							
Equity securities	(Won)	(Won) 14,912	(Won) 280,412	(Won) 2,429	(Won) 805,799	(Won) 439,791	
Investment in funds		3	3,203		3,711	30,872	
Beneficiary certificates			160	14	157,277	4,375,817	
Government and municipal bonds			18,995		2,222,531	2,322,889	
Foreign government bonds			1,318	104	32,639	28,153	
Corporate bonds		2,317	68,906	3,744	12,918,924	8,228,640	
Asset-backed securities		65,040	72,054		852,659	468,669	
Other debt securities			33		195,520	143	
	(Won)	(Won) 82,272	(Won) 445,081	(Won) 6,291	(Won) 17,189,060	(Won) 15,894,974	

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

	Impair	Impairment		Unrealized		Book Value	
(in millions of Won)	Reversal of	Loss	Gain	Loss	2004	2003	
Held-to-Maturity							
Government and municipal bonds	(Won)	(Won)	(Won) 133,510	(Won) 18	(Won) 3,080,549	(Won) 2,489,998	
Corporate bonds			78,371	39	2,949,730	3,163,020	
Asset-backed securities			9,936		180,000	326,323	
Other debt securities					19,156		
	(Won)	(Won)	(Won) 221,817	(Won) 57	(Won) 6,229,435	(Won) 5,979,341	

1 Subordinated retained interest received from securitization transaction amounting to (Won)1,193,383 million as of December 31, 2003 has been reclassified from beneficiary certificates in securities to credit card receivables in loans (Note 2).

Available-for-sale securities include structured securities related to stocks, such as convertible bonds, exchangeable bonds, bonds with stock warrants, and bonds linked with stock index amounting to (Won)15,321 million, (Won)153,525 million, (Won)762 million, and (Won)49,721 million, respectively. In addition, available-for-Sale securities include structured securities related to interest rates such as dual index variable interest rate bonds, and reverse variable interest rate bonds amounting to (Won)50,140 million, and (Won)22,533 million, respectively. Moreover, available-for-sale securities include credit risk related securities, such as credit risk linked bonds amounting to (Won)41,544 million.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

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As December 31, 2004 and 2003, investments in associates include:

]	Equity Method	Book	Value	
(in millions of Korean won)	Owner- ship (%)	Acquisition Cost	Beginning balance ¹	Net Income	Retained Earnings	Capital Adjustments	2004	2003
Domestic								
Associates								
KB Investment								
Co., Ltd. ³ *	99.89	(Won) 155,311	(Won) 75,932	(Won) 1,707	(Won)	(Won) 1,056	(Won) 78,695	(Won) 77,273
KB Data Systems	00.00	7.000	14.047	1 502			15.007	14 647
Co., Ltd. ⁴ *	99.98	7,998	14,247	1,583		(3)	15,827	14,647
KB Futures Co.,								
Ltd. ⁵ *	99.98	19,996	25,121	889			26,010	25,521
KLB Securities	36.41	10,316						
KB Asset								
Management ⁶ *	80.00	39,015	38,918	8,609		(239)	47,288	45,051
Jooeun Industrial	99.99	23,994						
KB Real Estate	00.00	76 102	08 120	(40.059)	(226)	226	59.071	09 120
Trust KB Credit	99.99	76,103	98,129	(40,058)	(336)	336	58,071	98,129
Information	93.71	12,553	15,556	1,770		1,344	18,670	11.863
ING Life Korea	20.00	21,769	41,845	23,576		3,724	69,145	43,845
Korea Mortgage	20.00	21,707	41,045	23,370		5,724	07,145	-5,0-5
⁸ *	26.67	30,629						35,788
KICO No. 2	20.07	50,029						55,788
Venture								
Investment								
Partnership ² *	55.56			213			213	
KICO No. 3	55.50			215			210	
Venture								
Investment								
Partnership ² *	69.23			149			149	
Pacific IT								
Investment								
Partnership ²	50.00	7,000	7,000	(41)			6,959	
NPC02-4								
Kookmin Venture								
Fund ² *	33.33	10,000	10,000	179			10,179	
KB Life Insurance								
Co., Ltd.	100.00	30,246	30,246	(22,455)		781	8,572	
		444,930	356,994	(23,879)	(336)	6,999	339,778	352,117

Familian								
Foreign Associates								
Kookmin Bank								
Int 1 Ltd. (London)	100.00	40,180	53,550	2,012		145	55,707	56,755
Kookmin Bank	100.00	10,100	55,550	2,012		110	55,767	50,755
Luxembourg S.A								
9 _*	100.00	24,679	5,257	(1,206)				5,950
Kookmin		,	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i					, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Singapore Ltd.	100.00	20,926	1,812				1,812	2,080
Kookmin Finance								
Asia Ltd.(HK)	100.00	7,307	249	5			254	286
Kookmin Bank								
HongKong Ltd. ⁷ *	100.00	20,876	54,653	8,236	2,563	(424)	65,028	62,716
Sorak Financial								
Holdings PTE								
Ltd.	25.00	76,928	76,928	9,818		(4,593)	82,153	71,295
		190,896	192,449	18,865	2,563	(4,872)	204,954	199,082
		(Won) 635,826	(Won) 549,443	(Won) (5,014)	(Won) 2,227	(Won) 2,127	(Won) 544,732	(Won) 551,199

1 The beginning balance is the prior year s book value adjusted by dividends, changes in foreign exchange rates, and all the transactions during current year.

2 The investments in funds which had been classified as available-for-sale for the prior years are reclassified as investments in associates as of January 1, 2004.

3 Kookmin Investment Co., Ltd. has changed its name to KB Investment Co., Ltd. on April 30, 2004.

4 Kookmin Data Systems Corp. has changed its name to KB Data Systems Co., Ltd., on April 30, 2004.

5 Kookmin Futures Co., Ltd. has changed its name to KB Futures Co., Ltd., on April 30, 2004.

6 KB Investment Trust Management has changed its name to KB Asset Management, on April 29, 2004.

7 Kookmin Finance HK Ltd. has changed its name to Kookmin Bank HongKong Ltd., on January 2, 2004.

8 All equity securities of Korea Mortgage have been sold on June 4, 2004.

9 The Bank collected capitals from Kookmin Bank Luxembourg S.A. which completed liquidation process on November 30, 2004.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

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KLB Securities Co., Ltd., Jooeun Industrial Co., Ltd., KICO No. 2 Venture Investment Partnership, KICO No.3 Venture Investment Partnership, Kookmin Singapore, Ltd. and Kookmin Finance Asia, Ltd. (HK) are all in the process of liquidation. Consequently, accounting under the equity method is no longer applied to investments in KLB Securities Co., Ltd. and Jooeun Industrial Co., Ltd. due to accumulated deficits resulting to a decrease of the investment value below zero. Accordingly, the total accumulated estimated loss that has not been recognized by the Bank arising from the securities amounts to (Won)58,875 million.

Differences between the initial purchase price and the Bank s initial proportionate ownership of the net book value of KB Credit Information amounting to (Won)1,128 million, for the 342,844 shares which the Bank acquired on October 22, 2004, are accreted for 5 years to unrealized gain or loss on investment in associates.

The Bank applies the equity method accounting to subsidiaries based on unaudited financial statements as of December 31, 2004. In the case of Sorak Financial Holdings PTE Ltd. and ING Life Korea Co., Ltd., the Bank applies the equity method based on the most recent available unaudited financial statements that are adjusted for changes in net assets for the period ended December 31, 2004.

On April 29, 2004, as a means to venture into the insurance business for diversification of revenues, the Bank invested (Won)30,246 million (including acquisition costs) to acquire a 100% ownership of KB Life Insurance Co., Ltd., which was founded to acquire the assets and the liabilities of Hanil Life Insurance Co., Ltd. The Bank eliminated unrealized gain for inter-company transactions with KB Life Insurance Co., Ltd amounting to (Won)15,816 million.

The maturities of the available-for-sale and held-to-maturity debt securities, excluding equity investments, as of December 31, 2004 are summarized as follows:

	Available	e-for-sale	Held-to-maturity		
(in millions of Korean won)	Book Value	Fair value	Book Value	Fair value	
Maturities					
Due in 1 year or less	(Won) 7,735,564	(Won) 7,735,564	(Won) 1,966,856	(Won) 2,001,180	
Due after 1 year through 5 years	7,968,047	7,968,047	3,874,386	4,019,397	
Due after 5 years through 10 years	675,422	675,422	388,193	430,617	
After 10 years	517	517			
	(Won) 16,379,550	(Won) 16,379,550	(Won) 6,229,435	(Won) 6,451,194	

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

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Investment securities risk concentrations as of December 31, 2004 are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won, except ratio)

	Book Value	Ratio (%)
By Country		
Korea	(Won) 27,381,913	99.21
Singapore	82,178	0.30
USA	50,284	0.18
Philippines	25,703	0.09
Indonesia	13,516	0.05
Mexico	11,693	0.04
Others	33,450	0.13
	(Won) 27,598,737	100.00

(in millions of Korean won, except ratio)

(in millions of Korean won, except ratio)	Book Value	Ratio (%)
Ву Туре		
Fixed rate bonds	(Won) 23,393,496	84.76
Floating rate bonds	1,485,279	5.38
Subordinated bonds	981,947	3.56
Convertible bonds	30,976	0.11
Beneficiary certificates	168,161	0.61
Equity securities	1,517,575	5.50
Others	21,303	0.08
	(Won) 27,598,737	100.00

(in millions of Korean won, except ratio) Book Value	Ratio (%)
Ву Туре	
Government and government-invested Public companies (Won) 9,349,587	33.88
Financial institutions 17,119,674	62.03
Manufacturing industries 444,310	1.61
Others 685,166	2.48
(Won) 27,598,737	100.00

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

Available-for-sale equity securities of which the fair value cannot be reasonably measured as of December 31, 2004 are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)

(in millions of Korean won)	Book Value
Arirang Restructuring Fund	(Won) 18,163
Mugunghwa Restructuring Fund	14,606
Seoul Restructuring Fund	12,540
Bad Bank Harmony	12,267
Mastercard, Inc. Korea	7,900
Korea Asset Management Corp.	7,827
Samsung Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	7,479
Korea Highway Corp.	6,248
Continuous Linked Settlement System	6,211
Kyobo Investment Trust Management Co., Ltd.	2,100
Baring Communications Equity	1,957
Pan Asia Paper	1,642
Korea Smart Card	1,628
Korea Money Broker Corp.	1,291
Mercury	1,088
Tianjin Samsung Opto Electronics	1,020
Others	17,019
	(Won) 120,986

As of December 31, 2004, the following investment securities are pledged at various institutions:

(in millions of Korean won) Restrictions **Restricted securities Book Value Related Transactions** Placed with Pledge Value Bonds sold under REPO agreements (Won) 3,791,977 Customers (Won) 3,795,600 Borrowings from the Bank of Korea Bank of Korea 1,024,167 1,015,000 Bank of Korea settlements Bank of Korea 170,535 170,200 Derivative transactions Samsung Futures, others 175,447 184,000 Other Standard Chartered Bank, others 80,538 84,000 (Won) 5,242,664 (Won) 5,248,800

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

5. Loans

Loans as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 are summarized as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)		2004	2003
Loans in Won			
Corporate loans	Operation loans		
•	General operation loans	(Won) 25,475,710	(Won) 28,884,554
	Notes discounted	1,197,606	1,415,445
	Overdraft accounts	401,369	447,992
	Trading notes	740,580	809,921
	Other operation loans	3,862,852	3,793,594
		31,678,117	35,351,506
	Facility loans		
	General facility loans	5,139,091	5,413,333
	Other facility loans	1,147,656	1,218,370
		6 296 747	6 621 702
		6,286,747	6,631,703
		37,964,864	41,983,209
Consumer loans	General consumer loans	41,957,690	41,951,219
	Consumer housing loans	41,234,086	38,199,290
	Remunerations on mutual installment savings	300,032	297,868
	Other consumer loans	532,615	635,218
		84,024,423	81,083,595
Public loans	Public operation loans	673,456	526,227
	Public facility loans	40,383	42,473
		713,839	568,700
Other loans	Property formation loans	9,719	62,963
	Inter-bank loans	6,114	12,815
	Others	2,939	3,962
		18,772	79,740

		122,721,898	123,715,244
Loans in foreign currencies	Domestic funding loans	1,000,004	1,165,988
	Overseas funding loans	489,437	887,018
	Inter-bank loans	1,092,174	767,884
	Domestic usance bills	1,278,793	1,197,563
	Government funding loans	420	1,477
		3,860,828	4,019,930
Call loans	In Won	2,814,996	1,640,000
	In foreign currencies	191,784	5,351
		3,006,780	1,645,351
Privately placed debentures		1,203,631	1,787,131
Other loans		8,311,072	13,872,793
Allowances for loan losses (N	ote 6)	(3,118,775)	(3,910,044)
Net deferred loan origination	fees and costs	48,889	8,567
		(Won) 136,034,323	(Won) 141,138,972

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

As of December 31, 2004, restructured loans due to workout plans or other similar restructuring programs are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	Wo	rkout	Court Re	ceivership	Court M	Iediation	Othe	ers	Total
Period (in years)		1~9		6~10		4~10		4~7	
Adjusted interest rate (%)	5	.96~22.22	5.	93~14.80	4.	90~17.00		9.50	
Balances before restructuring	(Won)	120,177	(Won)	26,026	(Won)	43,526	(Won) 6	12,235	(Won) 801,964
Loans swapped to equity		3,700		4,090			49	94,314	502,104
Loans due for equity conversion				746					746
Loans to be restructured		116,477		21,190		43,526	1	17,921	299,114
Balances after restructuring		109,916		15,064		40,326	1	11,698	277,004
C									
Allowances for loan losses (present									
value discounts)	(Won)	6,561	(Won)	6,126	(Won)	3,200	(Won)	6,223	(Won) 22,110

The loans, or portions thereof, that are approved for debt restructuring by issuance or grant of equity are separately classified as loans due for equity conversion as of the agreement date. The loans due for equity conversion are stated at the lower of nominal amount or the fair value of the to-be-converted equity. The difference between the nominal amount and the fair value of the equity is adjusted in the related allowance for loan losses.

The movements in allowance for loan losses(present value discounts) related restructured loans and deferred loan origination fees and costs to for the year ended December 31, 2004 are as follows :

(in millions of Korean won)	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease	Ending Balance
Allowance for loan losses (present value discounts)	(Won) 22,780	(Won) 12,283	(Won) 12,953	(Won) 22,110
Deferred loan origination fees and costs	8,567	44,766	4,444	48,889

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

The maturities of loans as of December, 2004 are as follows:

uillions of Korean won)	Loans in	Loans in Foreign	Bills	Credit	Call	Privately placed		
amons of nortun won)	Won	Currencies	Bought	Card	Loans	Debentures	Others	Total
in 3 months or less	(Won) 19,085,485	(Won) 874,100	(Won) 505,391	(Won) 5,329,240	3,006,780	(Won) 38,168	(Won) 33,653	(Won) 28,872
after 3 months								
ugh 6 months	17,430,180	1,047,044	82,255	623,768		110,500	746	19,294
after 6 months								
ugh 1 year	35,029,206	906,882	8,839	835,722		622,982		37,403
after 1 year through								i
ars	19,972,984	181,903	5,396	386,655		237,900		20,784
after 2 years through								
ars	11,900,101	190,361		386,614		94,081		12,571
after 3 years through								l
ars	2,637,763	85,984		63,633				2,787
after 4 years through								
ars	3,956,310	67,973		18,358			30,802	4,073
reafter	12,709,869	506,581				100,000		13,316
	(Won) 122,721,898	(Won) 3,860,828	(Won) 601,881	(Won) 7,643,990	(Won) 3,006,780	(Won) 1,203,631	(Won) 65,201	(Won) 139,104

Loan risk concentrations by country as of December 31, 2004 are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)		Loans in Foreign			
(Loans in Won	Currencies	Others	Total	Percentage (%)
Korea	(Won) 122,721,898	(Won) 2,622,653	(Won) 12,325,575	(Won) 137,670,126	98.97
Southeast Asia		700,600	186,753	887,353	0.64
Central and South America		53,452	45	53,497	0.04
China		135,118		135,118	0.09
Japan		278,971		278,971	0.20
Others		70,034	9,110	79,144	0.06
	(Won) 122,721,898	(Won) 3,860,828	(Won) 12,521,483	(Won) 139,104,209	100.00%

Loan risk concentrations by industry as of December 30, 2004 are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)		Loans in Foreign				
(in matters of Korean won)	Loans in Won	Currencies	Others	Total	Percentage (%)	
Industrial loans						
Financial institutions	(Won) 689,007	(Won) 1,150,426	(Won) 4,102,497	(Won) 5,941,930	4.27	
Manufacturing companies	12,315,767	1,146,217	1,721,775	15,183,759	10.92	
Service companies	21,240,715	1,422,823	487,968	23,151,506	16.64	
Others	4,114,249	71,921	94,863	4,281,033	3.08	
	38,359,738	3,791,387	6,407,103	48,558,228	34.91	
Household loans	84,037,082	69,441	6,114,380	90,220,903	64.86	
Public and other loans	325,078			325,078	0.23	
	(Won) 122,721,898	(Won) 3,860,828	(Won) 12,521,483	(Won) 139,104,209	100.00%	

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

As of March 30, 2004, the Bank recognized loss on sale of loans of (Won)186,666 million for loans sold to KB Star Card 3rd Securitization Specialty Company, Limited that amounts to (Won)1,032,297 million. As of June 17, 2004, the Bank recognized gain on sale of loans of (Won)21,450 million for loans sold to KB 2nd Securitization Specialty Company, Limited that amounts to (Won)606,850 million. As of June 30, 2004, the Bank recognized loss on sale of loans of (Won)324,445 million for loans sold to Jinheung Savings Bank, Solomon Mutual Saving Bank and Solomon AMC that amounts to (Won)1,074,110 million. As of September 30, 2004, the Bank recognized loss on sale of loans of (Won)353,333 million for loans sold to Hyundai Swiss Savings Bank, Solomon Mutual Saving Bank and Solomon AMC that amounts to (Won)430,240 million. As of December 7, 2004, the Bank recognized loss on sale of loans of (Won)430,240 million for loans sold to KB 3rd Securitization Specialty Company, Limited that amounts to (Won)625,767 million. As of December 17, 2004, the Bank recognized loss on sale of loans of (Won)64,807 million for loans sold to KB 3rd Securitization Specialty Company, Limited that amounts to (Won)532,600 million. As of December 31, 2004, the Bank recognized loss on sale of loans of (Won)317,234 million. As of December 31, 2004, the credit card accounts amounting to (Won)713,792 million(before allowance) are provided as collateral for asset-backed securities transactions.

6. Allowances for Loan Losses

As of December 31, 2004 and 2003, allowances for loan losses are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)

	2004	2003
Loans in Won	(Won) 2,622,509	(Won) 2,289,661
Loans in foreign currencies	55,111	70,983
Bills bought in Won and foreign currencies	8,480	16,928
Payments on guarantees	26,301	20,193
Factoring receivable	1,695	17,603
Credit card accounts	392,722	1,407,127
Privately placed debentures	11,211	87,549
Loans due for equity conversion	746	
Total allowance for loan losses	3,118,775	3,910,044
Others ^{1*}	67,320	38,692
Total allowance	(Won) 3,186,095	(Won) 3,948,736

^{1*} Other allowances as of December 31, 2004 include:

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

(in millions of Korean won)	2004	2003
Suspense receivables as credit	(Won) 38,952	(Won) 17,186
Kookmin Card s other loans	274	3,749
Derivative instruments	3,209	1,654
Suspense receivables ^{2*}	15,495	7,249
Uncollected leasehold deposits	9,295	8,854
Other receivables	95	
Total	(Won) 67,320	(Won) 38,692

2* Suspense receivables includes allowances for frauds/accidents by directors and employees which 73 events took place as of December 31, 2004 amounting to (Won)12,455 million which the Bank provides allowances for the whole amount.

²⁷

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

As of December 31, 2004, allowances for loan losses by credit risk classification are as follows:

(in millions

(in mutions of Korean won)		Normal	Pre-cautionary	Substandard	Doubtful	Estimated Loss	Total
Loans in won	Balance	(Won) 114,439,619	(Won) 5,222,736	(Won) 1,710,889	(Won) 1,019,763	(Won) 328,891	(Won) 122,721,898
	Allowances	781,650	476,391	357,321	678,256	328,891	2,622,509
	Ratio (%)	0.68	9.12	20.89	66.51	100.00	2.14
Loans in foreign							
currencies	Balance Allowances	3,645,049 13,061	158,672 13,316	25,015 8,428	30,199 18,413	1,893 1,893	3,860,828 55,111
	Ratio (%)	0.36	8.39	33.69	60,97	100.00	1.43
Bills bought	Balance	585,927	9,569	650	2,698	3,037	601,881
	Allowances	2,930	393	130	1,990	3,037	8,480
	Ratio (%)	0.50	4.11	20.00	73.75	100.00	1.41
Payments on							
guarantees	Balance	964	2,978	883	6,669	20,626	
	Allowances	5	621	176	4,873	20,626	26,301
	Ratio (%)	0.50	20.85	20.00	73.08	100.00	81.88
Credit card							
accounts	Balance Allowances	6,609,976 66,100	686,457 82,375	539 108	298,093 195,214	48,925 48,925	7,643,990 392,722
						·	
	Ratio (%)	1.00	12.00	20.00	65.49	100.00	5.14
Call loans	Balance Allowances	3,006,780					3,006,780
	Ratio (%)						
Privately placed							
debentures	Balance	1,195,825	826	3,076	3,836	68	1,203,631
	Allowances	5,979	189	1,159	3,816	68	11,211
	Ratio (%)	0.50	22.95	37.66	99.46	100.00	0.93

Factoring							
receivables	Balance	30,802		516	992	25	32,335
	Allowances	585		103	982	25	1,695
	Ratio (%)	1.90		20.00	99.00	100.00	5.24
Loans due for							
equity conversion	Balance				746		746
	Allowances				746		746
	Ratio (%)				100.00		100.00
Total	Balance	(Won) 129,514,942	(Won) 6,081,238	(Won) 1,741,568	(Won) 1,362,996	(Won) 403,465	(Won) 139,104,209
	Allowances	870,310	573,285	367,425	904,290	403,465	3,118,775
	Ratio (%)	0.67	9.43	21.10	66.35	100.00	2.24

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

For the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, the movements in allowances for loan losses are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)

	2004	2003
Beginning balance ¹	(Won) 3,948,736	(Won) 2,420,410
Provision for loan losses ²	3,080,256	1,436,013
Increase due to merger with Kookmin Credit Card Co., Ltd.		1,388,854
Reclassification of ABS 2 nd beneficiary certificate		159,635
Reclassification from other allowances ³	289,919	27,291
Collection of written-off loans	286,464	270,422
Repurchase of loans sold	40,571	327,921
Sale of loans	(685,161)	(597,207)
Write-off of loans	(5,260,962)	(4,509,979)
Reversal of write-off due to loan sale of loans	1,878,832	3,348,122
Conversion of loans into equity securities	(327,816)	(43,996)
Exemption of loans	(32,847)	(263,233)
Changes in exchange rates and others	(31,897)	(15,517)
Ending balance	(Won) 3,186,095	(Won) 3,948,736

Includes present value discounts on allowances for loans, allowances for ABS 2nd beneficiary certificate reclassified into credit card receivables, allowances related to credit card claimed assets and allowance for other assets amounting to (Won)22,780 million, (Won)192,221 million, (Won)27,291 million and (Won)16,103 million, respectively, that had been recorded as of December 31, 2003

As of December 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002, the ratios of allowances for loan losses to loans are as follows:

	2004	2003	2002
Loans Allowances for loan losses ¹	(Won) 139,104,209 3,118,775	(Won) 145,040,449 3,910,044	(Won) 129,139,699 2,396,157
Ratio (%)	2.24	2.70	1.86

1 The above amounts of allowances for loan losses include present value discounts.

² Includes other allowances for other asset amounting to (Won)12,008 million as of December 31, 2004 ((Won)4,832 million: December 31, 2003)

³ Other allowances for loans receivable from LG Card Company, Limited, credit lines to Kookmin Credit Card 16th ABS Specialty Company, Limited and commercial papers from Jooeun 2nd ABS Specialty Company, Limited amounting to (Won)221,377 million, (Won)68,505 million and (Won)37 million, respectively, that had been recorded as of December 31, 2003 were transferred to allowances for loan losses..

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

7. Fixed Assets

Fixed assets as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	2004	2003
Tangible assets	(Won) 2,164,021	(Won) 2,469,353
Intangible assets	468,958	549,427
Foreclosed and other properties	239	776
	(Won) 2,633,218	(Won) 3,019,556

Movements in tangible assets for the year ended December 31, 2004 are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	Land	Buildings and structures	Leasehold improvements	Equipment and vehicles	Construction- in-progress	Total
Acquisition cost						
Beginning balances	(Won) 1,105,869	(Won) 963,296	(Won) 157,231	(Won) 1,449,062	(Won) 12,324	(Won) 3,687,782
Acquisition		20	3	130,046	86,081	216,150
Transfer		69,637	27,526		(97,163)	
Disposal	(106,848)	(117,985)	(10,335)	(73,861)		(309,029)
Ending balances	999,021	914,968	174,425	1,505,247	1,242	3,594,903
Accumulated depreciation						
Beginning balances		142,103	90,808	963,290		1,196,201
Depreciation expense		20,916	41,185	270,918		333,019
Disposal		(22,905)	(8,086)	(69,643)		(100,634)
Ending balances		140,114	123,907	1,164,565		1,428,586
Impairment	1,306	990				2,296
Book Value	(Won) 997,715	(Won) 773,864	(Won) 50,518	(Won) 340,682	(Won) 1,242	(Won) 2,164,021

Movements in tangible assets for the year ended December 31, 2003 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	Land	Buildings and structures	Leasehold improvement	Equipment Construction and vehicle in-progress		Total
Acquisition cost						
Beginning balances	(Won) 1,175,682	(Won) 848,746	(Won) 98,117	(Won) 1,043,969	(Won) 1,195	(Won) 3,167,709
Acquisition	3,350	8,898	6,898	201,254	97,112	317,512
Transfer		37,466	48,517		(85,983)	
Increase due to merger	55,529	71,024	4,805	263,897		395,255
Disposal	(128,692)	(2,838)	(1,106)	(60,058)		(192,694)
Ending balances	1,105,869	963,296	157,231	1,449,062	12,324	3,687,782
Accumulated depreciation						
Beginning balances		108,723	48,164	533,675		690,562
Depreciation expense		20,583	40,594	326,248		387,425
Increase due to merger		12,976	2,786	160,380		176,142
Disposal		(179)	(736)	(57,013)		(57,928)
Ending balances		142,103	90,808	963,290		1,196,201
Impairment	12,673	9,555				22,228
Book Value	(Won) 1,093,196	(Won) 811,638	(Won) 66,423	(Won) 485,772	(Won) 12,324	(Won) 2,469,353

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

Tangible assets covered by insurance policies as of December 31, 2004 are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	Amount Insured	Insurance Company	Type of Insurance
Buildings and structures	(Won) 620,234	Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Ltd, etc.	General property insurance
Leasehold improvements	42,516	Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Ltd, etc.	General property insurance
Equipment and vehicles	165,554	Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Ltd, etc.	General property insurance
Construction-in-progress	994	Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Ltd	General property insurance
	(Won) 829,298		

Movements in intangible assets for the year ended December 31, 2004 are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	Goodwill	Development Costs	Rights to Income on Donated Asset	Store Possessory Right	Trademarks	Others	Total
Beginning balances	(Won) 535,360	(Won) 12,762	(Won) 102	(Won) 139	(Won) 150	(Won) 914	(Won) 549,427
Acquisition					49	1,752	1,801
Amortization	78,345	3,488	8	21	54	354	82,270
							·
Ending balances	(Won) 457,015	(Won) 9,274	(Won) 94	(Won) 118	(Won) 145	(Won) 2,312	(Won) 468,958
-			_				

Movements in intangible assets for the year ended December 31, 2003 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)	Goodwill	Development Costs	Rights to Income on Donated Asset	Store Possessory Right	Trademarks	Others	Total
Beginning balances	(Won) 613,705	(Won)	(Won) 110	(Won) 161	(Won) 11	(Won) 470	(Won) 614,457
Acquisition					96	609	705
Increase due to merger		13,634			62		13,696
Amortization	78,345	872	8	22	19	165	79,431
Ending balances	(Won) 535,360	(Won) 12,762	(Won) 102	(Won) 139	(Won) 150	(Won) 914	(Won) 549,427

The Bank recorded (Won)134,300 million and (Won)106,844 million of current development costs under general and administrative expenses for the year ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

The total government-posted prices of land, used for tax imposition and compensation for confiscation, as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 are as follows:

(in millions of Won)

	2004		2003	
	Book Value	Appraisal Value	Book Value	Appraisal Value
Lands included in tangible assets	(Won) 997,715	(Won) 904,658	(Won) 1,093,196	(Won) 986,382
Lands included in foreclosed assets	287	239	1,315	591
	(Won) 998,002	(Won) 904,897	(Won) 1,094,511	(Won) 986,973

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

8. Other Assets

Other assets as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)

(in mutions of Korean won)	2004	2003
Guarantee deposits paid	(Won) 1.290.891	(Won) 1,336,639
Accounts receivable	2,351,340	1,715,100
Accrued income	1,019,717	1,080,057
Payments in advance	29,629	53,525
Prepaid expenses	210,529	307,154
Deferred tax assets (Note 25)	429,045	615,944
Derivative assets (Note 15)	2,391,984	751,252
Unsettled domestic exchange assets	520,612	612,592
Others	39,401	36,592
	(Won) 8,283,148	(Won) 6,508,855

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Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

9. Deposits

Deposits as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 are as follows:

	Annual Interest (%)		
(in millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2004	2004	2003
Deposits in Won			
Demand deposits			
Checking deposits		(Won) 110,967	(Won) 125,533
Household checking deposits	0.10	417,443	476,132
Passbook deposits	0.10	10,767,705	10,001,043
Temporary deposits		2,858,688	3,292,770
Public fund deposits	0.10	157,840	190,593
Others	0.10	26,141	24,218
		14,338,784	14,110,289
Time deposits and savings deposits			
Time deposits	2.20~3.60	62,835,217	62,247,870
Installment savings deposits	2.95~3.50	1,249,939	1,306,793
Property formation savings	8.50	1,516	1,870
Time and savings deposits of non residents in Won	2.20~3.60	263,671	340,388
General savings deposits	0.10~2.70	19,120,739	21,644,066
Corporate savings deposits	0.10~2.60	7,358,107	7,800,122
Long-term savings deposits for workers	11.50~12.00	39,104	69,031
Long-term housing savings deposits	4.10	1,663,366	983,684
Long-term savings for households	11.00	20,108	494,606
Workers preferential savings deposits	5.35	2,171,785	2,728,236
Workers savings for housing	8.50~11.50	49	81
Mutual installment deposits	2.65~3.50	6,306,923	7,054,752
Mutual installment for housing	2.20~3.40	5,295,274	5,423,853
		106,325,798	110,095,352
Total deposits in Won		120,664,582	124,205,641
Deposits in foreign currencies			
Demand deposits			
Checking deposits	0.00~0.82	37,137	40,778
Passbook deposits	0.09	663,261	787,798
Notice deposits	0.00~0.16	276	410
Temporary deposits		1,315	1,049

		701,989	830,035
Time deposits and savings deposits			
Time deposits	1.03	729,950	642,039
Others	0.00~4.45	2,122	3,299
		732,072	645,338
Total deposits in foreign currencies		1,434,061	1,475,373
Certificates of deposit	3.00~3.15	4,911,891	6,499,258
		(Won) 127,010,534	(Won) 132,180,272

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

The maturities of deposits as of December 31, 2004 are as follows:

		Deposits in	Certificates of	
(in millions of Korean won)	Deposits in Won	Foreign Currencies	Deposit	Total
Due in 3 months or less	(Won) 66,822,353	(Won) 1,239,418	(Won) 2,820,472	(Won) 70,882,243
Due after 3 months through 6 months	11,822,721	103,087	1,799,846	13,725,654
Due after 6 months through 1 year	31,245,947	84,301	291,462	31,621,710
Due after 1 year through 2 years	5,578,733	5,223	111	5,584,067
Due after 2 years through 3 years	3,232,364	2,032		3,234,396
Due after 3 years through 4 years	177,936			177,936
Due after 4 years through 5 years	132,309			132,309
Thereafter	1,652,219			1,652,219
	(Won) 120,664,582	(Won) 1,434,061	(Won) 4,911,891	(Won) 127,010,534

10. Borrowings

Borrowings as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 are as follows:

December 31, 2004 2004 2003 Borrowings in Won		Annual Interest (%)		
Borrowings from the Bank of Korea 2.00 (Won) 920,144 (Won) 992,433 Borrowings from the Korean government 0.00~8.00 697,772 920,589 Borrowings from banking institutions 2.79~6.00 158,245 253,822 Borrowings from National Housing Fund 8.00 2,986 8,553 Borrowings from other financial institutions 1.84~4.00 5,227 5,688 Other borrowings 1.25~7.00 1,160,863 1,173,284 Porrowings in foreign currencies Due to banks 27,463 189,976 Borrowings from domestic banks 0.05~5.06 1,657,515 2,360,652 Borrowings from other financial institutions 1.50 13,882 19,486	(in millions of Korean won)	December 31, 2004	2004	2003
Borrowings from the Korean government 0.00-8.00 697,772 920,589 Borrowings from banking institutions 2.79~6.00 158,245 253,822 Borrowings from National Housing Fund 8.00 2,986 8,553 Borrowings from other financial institutions 1.84~4.00 5,227 5,688 Other borrowings 1.25~7.00 1,160,863 1,173,284 Emerowings in foreign currencies Due to banks 27,463 189,976 Borrowings from domestic banks 0.05~5.06 1,657,515 2,360,652 Borrowings from other financial institutions 1.50 13,882 19,486	Borrowings in Won			
Borrowings from banking institutions 2.79~6.00 158,245 253,822 Borrowings from National Housing Fund 8.00 2,986 8,553 Borrowings from other financial institutions 1.84~4.00 5,227 5,688 Other borrowings 1.25~7.00 1,160,863 1,173,284 Borrowings in foreign currencies Due to banks 27,463 189,976 Borrowings from domestic banks 0.05~5.06 1,657,515 2,360,652 Borrowings from other financial institutions 1.50 13,882 19,486	Borrowings from the Bank of Korea	2.00	(Won) 920,144	(Won) 992,433
Borrowings from National Housing Fund 8.00 2,986 8,553 Borrowings from other financial institutions 1.84~4.00 5,227 5,688 Other borrowings 1.25~7.00 1,160,863 1,173,284 Z,945,237 3,354,369 Borrowings in foreign currencies Due to banks 27,463 189,976 Borrowings from domestic banks 0.05~5.06 1,657,515 2,360,652 Borrowings from other financial institutions 1.50 13,882 19,486	Borrowings from the Korean government	0.00~8.00	697,772	920,589
Borrowings from other financial institutions 1.84~4.00 5,227 5,688 Other borrowings 1.25~7.00 1,160,863 1,173,284 2,945,237 3,354,369 Borrowings in foreign currencies Due to banks 27,463 189,976 Borrowings from domestic banks 0.05~5.06 1,657,515 2,360,652 Borrowings from other financial institutions 1.50 13,882 19,486	Borrowings from banking institutions	2.79~6.00	158,245	253,822
Other borrowings 1.25~7.00 1,160,863 1,173,284 2,945,237 3,354,369 Borrowings in foreign currencies Due to banks 27,463 189,976 Borrowings from domestic banks 0.05~5.06 1,657,515 2,360,652 Borrowings from other financial institutions 1.50 13,882 19,486	Borrowings from National Housing Fund	8.00	2,986	8,553
Borrowings in foreign currencies 27,463 189,976 Due to banks 0.05~5.06 1,657,515 2,360,652 Borrowings from other financial institutions 1.50 13,882 19,486	Borrowings from other financial institutions	1.84~4.00	5,227	5,688
Borrowings in foreign currenciesDue to banks27,463Due to banks27,463Borrowings from domestic banks0.05~5.061,657,5152,360,652Borrowings from other financial institutions1.5013,88219,486	Other borrowings	1.25~7.00	1,160,863	1,173,284
Borrowings in foreign currenciesDue to banks27,463Due to banks27,463Borrowings from domestic banks0.05~5.061,657,5152,360,652Borrowings from other financial institutions1.5013,88219,486				
Due to banks 27,463 189,976 Borrowings from domestic banks 0.05~5.06 1,657,515 2,360,652 Borrowings from other financial institutions 1.50 13,882 19,486			2,945,237	3,354,369
Due to banks 27,463 189,976 Borrowings from domestic banks 0.05~5.06 1,657,515 2,360,652 Borrowings from other financial institutions 1.50 13,882 19,486				
Borrowings from domestic banks 0.05~5.06 1,657,515 2,360,652 Borrowings from other financial institutions 1.50 13,882 19,486	Borrowings in foreign currencies			
Borrowings from other financial institutions1.5013,88219,486	Due to banks		27,463	189,976
	Borrowings from domestic banks	0.05~5.06	1,657,515	2,360,652
Borrowings from foreign banks 841,400 752.803	Borrowings from other financial institutions	1.50	13,882	19,486
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Borrowings from foreign banks		841,400	752,803

		2,540,260	3,322,917
Bonds sold under repurchase agreements			
In won	2.50~3.25	3,449,445	3,613,505
In foreign currencies			9,651
		3,449,445	3,623,156
Bills sold	2.90~3.15	41,988	44,239
Due to the Bank of Korea in foreign currencies	1.86~2.69	2,007	12,608
Call money			
In won	2.75~3.15	638,500	55,800
In foreign currencies	0.27~6.85	13,685	193,700
Inter-bank borrowings		3,174	296,011
		655,359	545,511
		(Won) 9,634,296	(Won) 10,902,800

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

The maturities of borrowings as of December 31, 2004 are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	Borrowings in Won	Borrowings in Foreign Currencies	Others	Total
Due in 3 months or less	(Won) 989,046	(Won) 1,060,222	(Won) 2,683,011	(Won) 4,732,279
Due after 3 months through 6 months	77,093	586,642	820,278	1,484,013
Due after 6 months through 1 year	169,566	464,065	624,939	1,258,570
Due after 1 year through 2 years	347,295	355,702	20,077	723,074
Due after 2 years through 3 years	355,194	3,099	494	358,787
Due after 3 years through 4 years	318,242	69,042		387,284
Due after 4 years through 5 years	260,711	1,488		262,199
Thereafter	428,090			428,090
	(Won) 2,945,237	(Won) 2,540,260	(Won) 4,148,799	(Won) 9,634,296

11. Debentures

Debentures as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 include:

		Annual Interest (%)		
(in millions of Korean won)		December 31, 2004	2004	2003
In Won	Hybrid debentures ¹	6.00~7.00	(Won) 903,668	(Won) 903,668
	Structured debentures	4.29	80,000	
	Subordinated fixed rate debentures	4.19~15.66	6,020,845	4,896,072
	KCC ² subordinated fixed rate debentures	7.10~8.00	205,000	205,000
	KCC ² fixed rate debentures	5.43~7.80	930,000	2,895,000
	KCC ² floating rate debentures	0.00~8.48	610,000	870,000
	Floating rates debentures	3.14~8.71	12,536,566	8,609,663
			21,286,079	18,379,403
	Discounts on debentures		(120,271)	(83,443)
			21,165,808	18,295,960
In foreign currencies	Floating rates debentures	0.92~3.19	110,810	196,211

Fixed rates debentures	2.37~4.63	525,485	613,549
KCC ² floating rate debentures	3.46	60,227	78,695
	-		
		696,522	888,455
Premiums on debentures		6,336	9,639
Discounts on debentures		(846)	(1,473)
	-		
		702,012	896,621
	-		
	((Won) 21,867,820	(Won) 19,192,581

1 The hybrid debentures are perpetual type debts in which the Bank retains the early redemption option after 5 years from issuance date and the term extending option on maturity date. Hybrid debentures are superior to common stock but subordinate to other subordinated debentures.

2 Kookmin Credit Card Co., Ltd.

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

As of December 31, 2004, subordinated debentures and hybrid debentures consist of the following:

(in millions of Korean won)

Туре	Issue Date	Amount	Annual Interest (%)	Maturity
Subordinated fixed rate debentures	98.01.27 - 98.11.15	133,477	14.67 ~ 15.66	03.01.27 ~ 09.11.15
	2000.03.27	200,000	9.65	2005.03.27
	2000.06.28	253,975	9.04 ~ 9.10	2006.01.28
	2000.09.27	300,000	8.99	2006.01.27
	2000.09.28	150,000	8.79 ~ 8.85	2006.01.28
	2000.11.20	66	9.57	2010.01.28
	2000.11.21	33	9.57	2010.01.28
	2000.11.28	100,000	8.65 ~ 8.71	2006.02.28
	2000.11.28	150,721	9.57 ~ 9.65	2010.11.28
	2000.11.28	11,330	9.65	2010.12.28
	2000.12.27	200,000	8.71	2006.01.27
	2001.05.28	200,000	7.60 ~ 7.65	2007.02.28
	2001.06.27	160,000	7.68	2008.03.27
	2001.06.27	217,529	7.86	2009.03.27
	2001.08.28	100,000	6.69 ~ 6.73	2007.08.28
	2001.09.28	150,000	6.69 ~ 6.73	2008.03.28
	2002.03.27	241,684	7.06 ~ 7.10	2008.01.27
	2002.07.15	415	7.00	2008.01.27
	2002.07.27	302,399	6.96 ~ 7.00	2008.01.27
	2002.09.27	257,363	6.27 ~ 6.30	2008.03.27
	2002.09.27	150,000	6.51 ~ 6.55	2010.03.27
	2002.09.27	92,637	6.66 ~ 6.70	2013.03.27
	2002.11.14	611	6.30	2010.05.27
	2002.11.27	400,673	6.07 ~ 6.10	2008.05.27
	2002.11.27	57,846	6.27 ~ 6.30	2010.05.27
	2002.11.27	100,256	6.51 ~ 6.55	2013.05.27
	2002.12.18	341	8.00	2008.01.18
	2002.12.18	110,000	8.00	2008.01.18
	2002.12.27	10,000	6.20	2008.06.27
	2002.12.27	90,000	6.40	2010.06.27
	2002.12.27	50,302	6.65	2013.06.27
	2002.12.27	30,370	6.55	2014.12.27
	2003.01.21	184	7.65	2008.02.21
	2003.01.21	50,000	7.65	2008.02.21
	2003.03.10	45,000	7.10	2008.04.10
	2003.03.10	182	7.10	2008.04.10
	2003.10.09	519	5.20	2009.10.27
	2003.10.09	77	5.35	2011.01.27
	2003.10.15	39	5.35	2011.01.27
	2003.10.27	356,561	5.18 ~ 5.20	2009.01.27
	2003.10.27	88,769	5.33 ~ 5.35	2011.01.27
	2003.10.27	3,721	5.58 ~ 5.60	2014.01.27

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

(in millions of Korean won)

Туре	Issue Date	Amount	Annual Interest (%)	Maturity
Subordinated fixed rate debentures	2004.02.10	174	5.68	2009.08.27
	2004.02.12	85	5.87	2011.08.27
	2004.02.13	174	5.68	2009.08.27
	2004.02.17	548	5.68	2009.08.27
	2004.02.27	636,798	5.65 ~ 5.68	2009.08.27
	2004.02.27	22,895	5.84 ~ 5.87	2011.08.27
	2004.02.27	40,307	6.13 ~ 6.16	2014.08.27
	2004.09.30	57,784	5.12	2018.12.30
	2004.12.27	700,000	4.19 ~ 4.20	2010.06.27
	2001.12.27	700,000	1.17 1.20	2010.00.27
		6,225,845		
Hybrid debentures	2003.06.27	105,145	6.00	2033.06.27
	2003.08.27	533,355	7.00	2033.08.27
	2003.10.27	265,168	6.80	2033.10.27
		903,668		
		7,129,513		

The maturities of debentures as of December 31, 2004 are as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)		In Foreign				
(in mations of Korean won)	In Won	Currencies	Total			
Due in 3 months or less	(Won) 1,849,407	(Won) 16,108	(Won) 1,865,515			
Due after 3 months through 6 months	4,074,904		4,074,904			
Due after 6 months through 1 year	3,264,691	60,227	3,324,918			
Due after 1 year through 2 years	5,670,861		5,670,861			
Due after 2 years through 3 years	420,192	587,230	1,007,422			
Due after 3 years through 4 years	2,022,335	32,957	2,055,292			
Due after 4 years through 5 years	1,352,172		1,352,172			
Thereafter	2,631,517		2,631,517			
	(Won) 21,286,079	(Won) 696,522	(Won) 21,982,601			

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

12. Accrued Retirement Benefits

The movements in accrued retirement benefits for the year ended December 31, 2004 are as follows:

	Beginning	Amounts	Amounts	Ending
(in millions of Korean won)	Balance	Provided	Paid Out	Balance
Accrued retirement benefits	(Won) 71,083	(Won) 79,608	(Won) 24,069	(Won) 126,622
Contributed retirement benefits	163,349	45,000	15,024	193,325
Total accrued retirement benefits	234,432	124,608	39,093	319,947
Contribution to pension funds	(163,349)	(45,000)	(15,024)	(193,325)
	(Won) 71,083	(Won) 79,608	(Won) 24,069	(Won) 126,622

As of December 31, 2004, approximately 60.42% of total accrued retirement benefits is contributed to pension funds, over which the Bank s employees hold the right of payment and is placed at two insurance companies, including Korea Life Insurance Co., Ltd. The total retirement benefits paid for the year ended December 31, 2004 amount to (Won)89,109 million, including the additional early retirement benefits paid in February 2004 of (Won)50,029 million.

13. Other Liabilities

Other liabilities as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 consist of:

(in millions of Korean won)	2004 24		2003	
Accrued retirement benefits (Note 12)	(Won)	126,622	(Won)	71,083
Allowance for losses on guarantees and acceptances (Note 14)		1,150		1,074
Due to trust accounts		798,662		3,983,295
Accounts payable		2,734,897		1,886,446
Accrued expenses		4,280,637		4,418,940
Advances from customers		191,642		109,685
Unearned income		97,269		130,778
Withholding taxes		7,291		123,455

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Guarantee deposits received	111,723	120,437
Derivative liabilities (Note 15)	2,219,630	686,271
Unsettled domestic exchange liabilities	258,020	400,445
Accounts for agency business	233,690	364,783
Other allowances	611,120	846,916
Liabilities incurred by agency relationship	280,569	315,241
Others	156,971	130,182
	(Won) 12,109,893	(Won) 13,589,031

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

Other allowances as of December 31, 2004 include:

(in millions of Korean won)

Allowances for	Amounts	Remarks
LG Card	(Won) 23,812	Allowances for Contingency on LG Card
KP chemical loans sold	(woll) 23,812 4.029	Allowances for KP chemical loans sold
Dormant accounts	,	Allowances for dormant accounts written off
Cash advance service	45,234	Allowances for unused cash advance credit lines
Mileage rewards		Allowances for mileage on credit cards and currency
	80,676	exchange rates
Claimed assets	3	Allowances for credit card claimed assets
Credit commitments to SPC		Allowances for the credit line commitment to SPC (Note
	438,343	16)
Loss on branch closure	237	Allowances for closure of the Buenos Aires branch
KAMCO loans sold		Allowances for loans under repurchase agreements to
	217	KAMCO (Note 16)
Master Card share agreement		Allowances for the share settlement provision for Master
	3,135	Card shares
Allowances for tax deficiencies	458	Allowances for tax deficiencies (Note 16)
	(Won) 611,120	

14. Guarantees and Acceptances

Guarantees and acceptances as of December 31, 2004 and 2003 are summarized as follows:

(in millions of Korean won)	200)4	20)03
Guarantees and acceptances outstanding in				
Won				
Guarantees on debentures	(Won)	472	(Won)	541
Guarantees on loan collateral		30,852		34,112
Others	,	260,497		235,843
		291,821		270,496
Foreign Currencies				
Acceptances on letters of credit		101,180		134,888

Acceptances for letters of guarantee for importers	62,829	88,743
Guarantees for performance of contracts	32,039	16,689
Guarantees for bids	2,606	1,067
Guarantees for borrowings	26,728	37,843
Guarantees for repayment of advances	23,213	10,004
Others	435,372	240,567
	683,967	529,801
	975,788	800,297
Contingent guarantees and acceptances		
Letters of credit	1,016,414	1,200,228
Others	295,360	81,290
	1,311,774	1,281,518
	(Won) 2,287,562	(Won) 2,081,815

Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2004 and 2003

As of December 31, 2004, the allowances for losses on guarantees and acceptances outstanding according to credit risk classifications are as follows:

(in millions	of Korean	won)
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						Estimated	
		Normal	Precautionary	Sub-standard	Doubtful	loss	Total
Guarantees and Acceptances Outstanding							
In Won	Balance Allowance	(Won) 280,910	(Won) 8,614	(Won) 2,042 408	(Won) 225 113	(Won) 30 30	(Won) 291,821 551
	Ratio (%)			20.00	50.00	100.00	0.19
Foreign Currencies	Balance Allowance	672,484	10,312	1,024 496	142 98	5	683,967 599
	Ratio (%)			48.44	69.25	100.00	0.09
Total	Balance Allowance	(Won) 953,394	(Won) 18,926	(Won) 3,066 904	(Won) 367 211	(Won) 35 35	(Won) 975,788 1,150
	Ratio (%)			29.50	57.45	100.00	0.12

For the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, the changes in allowances for losses on guarantees and acceptances outstanding are as follows:

Beginning balance	(Won) 1,074	(Won) 2,287
Loss from (reversal of) guarantees and acceptances	206	(1,209)
Changes in foreign exchange rates, etc.	(130)	(4)
Ending balance	(Won) 1,150	(Won) 1,074

The allowance ratios for guarantees and acceptances outstanding as of December 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002 are as follows

2003

(in millions of Korean won)	2004	2003	2002
Guarantees and acceptances outstanding	(Won) 975,788	(Won) 800,297	(Won) 1,031,698
Allowance	1,150	1,074	2,287