

HARMONY GOLD MINING CO LTD

Form 6-K

May 10, 2006





UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

**Form 6-K**

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO  
RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the period 1 January 2006 to 31 March 2006

**Harmony Gold Mining Company**

**Limited**

Suite No. 1

Private Bag X1

Melrose Arch, 2076

South Africa

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.)

Form 20-F  Form 40-F

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by  
furnishing the information contained in this form  
is also thereby furnishing the information to the  
Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the  
Securities Exchange Act of 1934.)

Yes  No



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REVIEW FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

QUARTERLY HIGHLIGHTS

•

Higher gold price partially offsets weak quarter.

•

CONOPS implementation now completed.

•

Tshepong holes “spot on” with Phakisa mine on 66 level after 5 360m of development.

•

Surface operations shows the optionality that exists in a rising gold environment.

•

Environmental Management Plan on Hidden Valley signed off by Government.

•

Australian hedge book reduced by 25 000 oz.

QUARTERLY FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

**31 March**

**31 December**

**2006**

**2005**

Gold produced

– kg

17 464

20 316

– oz

561 477

653 171

Cash costs

– R/kg

92 914

83 154

– \$/oz

470

396

Cash operating profit

– Rand

306 million

389 million

– US\$

50 million

60 million

Cash earnings

– SA cents per share

78

99

– US cents per share

13

15

Basic (loss)/earnings

– SA cents per share

(46)

6

– US cents per share

(8)

1

Headline loss

– SA cents per share

(50)

(75)

– US cents per share

(8)

(12)

Fully diluted (loss)/earnings

– SA cents per share

(46)

6

– US cents per share

(8)

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REVIEW – MARCH 2006

*“We have stuck to our growth strategy by continuing to invest in our growth projects which are progressing well. I believe that this puts our shareholders in a much better position to take advantage of the increase in the gold price, which has reached a 25-year high.”*

**SAFETY REPORT**

Although the overall safety performance is still not acceptable to us as a company, there were a number of pockets of excellence that are worth mentioning. Merriespruit 3 achieved 2 million fatality free shifts after going for 7 years without any fatal accidents. Brand 3 shaft has also been running for the last 4.5 years without any fatalities. Masimong remains an excellent safety performer with a Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR) of 8.86.

Safety achievements during this quarter:

**Mine**

**Fatality free shifts achieved**

**Date**

Merriespruit 3 Shaft

2 000 000

3 March 2006

Masimong 5 Shaft

1 000 000

18 March 2006

Tshepong

500 000

20 March 2006

Evander 7 Shaft

500 000

17 January 2006

Fatality injury rate (per million hours worked)

Note: Incorporation of Freegold and ARMgold during 2002.

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The LTIFR increased by 4.3% from 17.27 in December 2005 to 18.02 in March 2006. At the same time the SLFR increased to 424 compared with 404 in December 2005, a regression of 5%.

Five employees lost their lives in five separate incidents during the past quarter at our South African operations. This is an improvement of 11% on our fatality rate compared with the previous quarter. We are proud to report that Harmony Australia had no fatalities or serious incidents during the period under review. Our biggest problem still originates from unsafe behaviour by individuals and it is this segment that the company wants to give the correct attention. In order to re-energise the safety awareness in Harmony, the company has introduced the “**Sindile Mosh**a” safety campaign, which is based on the “alertness” of the mongoose. Harmony still maintains that safety is a state of mind and believes that deep level mining operations can be executed safely, without loss of live or damage to equipment.

#### PAST QUARTER UNDER REVIEW

We have once again struggled to have the December break make less of an impact on our operational performance, but have not been successful and gold produced fell by 14%. Recovered grades were also down in the quarter. As stated during the December quarterlies, our Evander 7 shaft has hit a sill and at our Elandsrand operations the reef and waste had to be combined until the new orepass system has been equipped. Both these areas are temporary problems and it is expected that they will return to normal recovery grades during the September quarter. We do not have a cost problem. Our lack of flexibility (shortage of face length) manifests itself as a volume (tons) underperformance which reflects as high unit costs. Some of our grade underperformance also stems from our flexibility shortage.

The performance of the company is best highlighted in the following table:

#### March

#### December

#### Percentage

#### 2006

#### 2005

#### variance

#### Production

– kg

17 464

20 316

(14)

#### Production

– oz

561 477

653 171

(14)

#### Revenue

–R/kg

110 399

102 333

8

#### Revenue

–US\$/oz

559

487

15

#### Cash cost

– R/kg

92 914

83 154

(12)

Cash cost

– US\$/oz

470

396

(19)

Exchange rate

– USDZAR

6.15

6.53

(6)

Although total operating costs were lower, unit cost in rand per ton and rand per kilogram costs went up from R348/t to R363/t and R83,154/kg to R92,914/kg, respectively. On the revenue side the gold price received for the March quarter improved from R102,333 per kilogram during the December 2005 quarter to R110,399 per kilogram causing the drop in revenue in real terms to be only 7.2%.

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Cash operating margins

**March 2006**

**December 2005**

Cash operating profit (Rm)

305,6

389,4

Cash operating profit margin

15,9%

18,7%

The March 2006 quarter's results reflected a reduction in the operating profit of R83.8 million compared with the December 2005 quarter. This was mainly due to a reduction in gold ounces produced as a result of lower production volumes and grades as explained above.

Quarter on quarter cash operating profit variance analysis

Cash operating profit – December 2005

R389,4 million

– volume reduction

(R144,3) million

– working cost reduction

R66,7 million

– recovery grade reduction

(R147,6) million

– gold price increase

R141,4 million

– net variance

(R83,8) million

Cash operating profit – March 2006

R305,6 million

As can be seen from the above table our biggest problem existed as a result of the lower tonnage mined (Christmas break impact) and the lower yields (operational constraints). Both these problems are temporary in nature and it is expected that we will regain a substantial portion of this lost ground during the June quarter. We are now in the territory where Harmony's gearing is clearly evident as can be seen in the profitability despite the lower gold produced.

Analysis of earnings per share (SA cents)

**Quarter ended**

**Quarter ended**

**Earnings per share (SA cents)**

**March 2006**

**December 2005**

Cash earnings

78

99

Basic (loss)/earnings

(46)

6

Headline loss

(50)

(75)

Fully diluted (loss)/earnings

(46)

6

The net loss for the current quarter was R182 million (loss per share of 46 cents) compared with a net profit of R22 million (earnings per share of 6 cents) for the previous quarter. It should however be noted that the December 2005 quarter's net profit included the profit on the disposal of the remaining investment in Gold Fields of R306 million. The current quarter's results were mainly negatively affected in two areas, a lower operating profit associated with the lower gold ounces produced and secondly the negative mark-to-market

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of the Australian hedge book.

Reconciliation between basic and headline loss

**Headline earnings in cents per share**

**Quarter ended March 2006**

Basic loss

(46)

Profit on sale of mining assets

(4)

Headline loss

(50)

Our cash earnings for the year to date total 207 cents per share.

**FOCUS ON OUR GROWTH PROJECTS REMAINS**

Despite the harsh financial and operating conditions encountered in the past year the company has remained focused on rebuilding its growth strategy. Accordingly expenditure on all of the local and international growth projects continued as planned. During the past quarter a total of R391 million was spent on capital. Of this, R134 million was spent on our growth projects.

Capital expenditure (Rm)

**Actual**

**Forecast**

**OPERATIONAL CAPEX**

**March 2006**

**June 2006**

South African Operations

225

195

Australasian Operations

32

33

**Total Operational Capex**

**257**

**228**

**PROJECT CAPEX**

Doornkop South Reef

33

36

Elandsrand New Mine

35

43

Tshepong North Decline

13

24

Phakisa Shaft

22

56

Target Shaft

12

14

PNG

19

26

**Total Project Capex**

**134**

**199**

**TOTAL CAPEX**

**391**

**427**







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Our focus to grow the company, with respect to ounces and quality, continues and has led to a unique pipeline of projects in South Africa and abroad. We continued as planned with all of our South African projects. At our Hidden Valley project in PNG, the construction of the road is now past the 60% mark and it is envisaged that the team will reach the base camp on the mine by the end of June 2006. The construction of our Hidden Valley Mine in PNG is well on track and we believe that it will demonstrate to our shareholders our ability to also build mines internationally.

This graph indicates our growth profile over the next few years.

There are two unique aspects to note on the graph. Firstly Harmony has a significant growth profile over the next few years and secondly the quality of our asset base improves over time as can be seen from the actual underground recovery grades.

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Cash position

**Harmony Group cash reconciliation for March 2006**

**Cash and equivalents on 31 December 2005 (R'million)**

**2 914.4**

**Operational**

**(51.2)**

Operating profit

305.6

Capex – net

(231.1)

Development cost capitalised

(160.2)

Corporate/exploration expenditure

(26.7)

Care and maintenance costs

(29.4)

Interest paid

(96.1)

Movement in working capital excluding accrued liabilities

80.3

Movement in accrued liabilities

7.4

Other items

98.9

**Non operational**

**(1 082.0)**

Net sundry revenue

76.5

Foreign exchange losses

(1.1)

Shares issued – net of expenses

12.2

Australian hedge close outs

(62.6)

SARS payments

(5.2)

Payment BOE loan (ARMgold)

(89.6)

RMB loan raised

1 000.0

Investment in Western Areas

(2 012.2)

**Cash and equivalents on 31 March 2006**

**1 781.2**

During the past quarter our cash balance decreased from R2 914 million to R1 781 million. The breakdown shows an operating contribution of R305.6 million being offset by R356.8 million spent on Capex, corporate overheads, exploration, financing charges and working capital movements. A R1 000 million loan raised by RMB partially financed the acquisition of our investment in Western Areas at a total cost of R2 012.2 million.

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- OPERATIONAL REVIEW
- Operational highlights were as follows:
- Tshepong holed correctly with Phakisa mine on 66 level after 5 360m of development.
  - CONOPS implementation at Masimong 5 was completed at the end of the quarter.
  - The North shaft at Joel Mine was commissioned in March 2006.
  - On Kalgold a new contract has been awarded for the mining operation.

Quarterly profit comparison for operations

**WORKING PROFIT (Rm)**

**VARIANCES (Rm)**

**December**

**March**

**OPERATION**

**2005**

**2006**

**Variance**

**Volume**

**Grade**

**Price**

**Costs**

**South African operations**

Quality ounces

263.7

245.7

(18.0)

(32.4)

(63.9)

69.9

8.4

Growth ounces

(2.5)

(21.0)

(18.5)

17.9

(44.1)

11.7

(4.0)

Leverage ounces

76.0

36.2

(39.8)

(98.6)

(15.2)

38.2

35.8

Surface operations

10.9

13.0

2.1

(15.5)

(0.7)

6.0

12.3

**Australasian operations**

41.3

31.7

(9.6)

(4.5)

(33.6)

15.8

12.7

**Total Harmony**

**389.4**

**305.6**

**(83.8)**

**(133.1)**

**(157.5)**

**141.6**

**65.2**

Quality operations

Includes the following shafts: Target, Tshepong, Masimong, Evander and Randfontein's Cooke Shafts

**March 2006**

**December 2005**

U/g tons milled

('000)

1 522

1 574

U/g recovery grade

(g/t)

5,69

6,10

U/g kilograms produced (kg)

8 661

9 604

U/g working costs

(R/kg)

81 886

74 725

U/g working costs

(R/t)

466

456

Underground tons decreased by 3.3% to 1 522 million tons during the quarter whilst recovery grades decreased by 6.7% to 5.69 g/t. The combined effect of this was an 9.8% decrease in gold production to 8 661kg. Although real cost went down by 1.2% or R8.4 million, unit working costs in R/kg terms increased by 9.6% bringing the cost of production to R81 886/kg. This gave our Quality Operations a profit margin of 25.7% taking the average gold price received of R110 253. As a result of the decrease in volumes and grades, the operating profit dropped by 6.8% to R245.7 million compared with a profit of R263.7 million in the previous quarter.

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#### Target Mine

The termination of the SMC equipment maintenance contract at Target mine was completed in December 2005. During the quarter the mine improved its flexibility by opening up more attacking points in the ore body. Tons mined subsequently improved by 22% to 203 000 tons whilst recovery grades remained constant. Unit costs in R/kg terms came down by 17.5% to R71 831/kg.

#### Tshepong Mine

Production tons dropped by 5% whilst the recovery grades remained fairly stable. The Continuous Operations (CONOPS) crews are settling in well and it is expected that the productivity initiatives will flow through to much better production volumes.

#### Masimong Mine

The implementation of CONOPS was completed towards the end of the March quarter and we are looking forward to the impact that this will bring on Masimong's profitability.

#### Evander

As predicted last quarter, volumes decreased by 5.5% from 402 000 tons to 380 000 tons. This was mainly due to the sill intrusion at Evander 7 shaft, which resulted in a 22.5% decrease in gold production from 2 524 kg to 1 956 kg.

#### Randfontein operations

In Randfontein tons milled were down 10% from 362 000 tons to 325 000 tons. Recovery grades also went down which led to a decrease of 16.5% in gold production to 1 763 kg.

Cooke 1 shaft is entering the last phase of its economic lifespan. The E8 conventional mining is largely depleted. Most of the reserves on this shaft now exist in the UE1A pillars, which is slow pillar mining.

Production will therefore only continue in the remaining high grade pillars as well as vacuum reclamation mining. The planned production tonnage will reduce from 51,000 tons per month to 36,000 tons per month (-30%). However kilograms produced should only reduce by 13% due to mining shifting to the higher grade pillar areas. The shaft should be able to sustain this level of production for the next 18 months.

On Cooke 3 the fast tracking of the 128 South Project has been progressing well. This should result in a tonnage build up from 50,000 tons/m to 70,000 tons/m which we should start to see in May 2006.

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**Leveraged Operations**

Shafts included under this section are Bambanani, Joel, West Shaft, St Helena 8, Harmony 2, Merriespruit 1 and 3 Shafts, Unisel and Brand 3 Shaft and Orkney 2 and 4 Shafts.

**March 2006****December 2005**

U/g tons milled

('000)

1 055

1 252

U/g recovery grade

(g/t)

4,74

4,88

U/g kilograms produced (kg)

4 996

6 113

U/g working costs

(R/kg)

102 857

90 074

U/g working costs

(R/t)

487

440

Volumes decreased by 15.7% to 1 055 tons and the recovery grade decreased by 3% to 4.74g/t. This led to gold production being down by 18.3% to 4 996 kg. Although real cost went down by 6.7% or R36,7 million, unit cost in R/kg terms increased by 14.2% to R102 857, which led to a profit margin of 6.6%. The North shaft project at Joel Mine was completed during the quarter. This will create two more operating levels at Joel to ensure that we can maintain and improve volumes to 50 000 tons/m in the next six months. We are proud to report that the Orkney 2 Shaft pillar is now mined out and that this was achieved without any serious accidents taking place.

SA Surface Operations (includes Kalgold)

**March 2006****December 2005**

Surface tons milled

('000)

783

938

Surface recovery grade

(g/t)

0,98

0,99

Kilograms produced

(kg)

766

926

Working costs

(R/kg)

92 535

89 849



Working costs

(R/t)

91

89

Volume from surface sources decreased by 16.6% to 783 million tons during the quarter, whilst recovery grades stayed constant at 0.98g/t as a result gold produced dropped to 766 kg. Cash operating cost went down by 14.8% or R12 318 million, unit working cost in R/kg terms went up by 3% to R92 535/kg. This gave our surface operations a profit margin of 15.5%, taking with the average gold price received of R109 516. Our surface operations had an operating profit of R13 million compared with R10.9 million in the December quarter, an improvement of 19.2%.

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**Kalgold**

Tonnage treated reduced by 8.5% for the quarter partly as a result of the failure of a leach tank which was off line for two weeks. The current mining contractor gave notice at the end of the previous quarter which necessitated a change in the mining contract. The new contract has been awarded to AL's project (a division of the AL's group). The change will be done in a phased approach and has already started.

Grades reduced by 33.4% for the quarter mainly due to the lower tonnages treated from D-Zone pit. Mining of the 4th step back will continue for the next two quarters. During this period grades will remain low as the plant will mainly be fed from low grade strategic ore.

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## AUSTRALIAN OPERATIONS

### Highlights

- Seismic event negatively affected underground production at Mt Magnet.
- Further drilling of the Shirl deposit at South Kal Mines delineates an initial open pit reserve.
- Conversion from diesel to gas at the Mt Magnet power station has been completed.
- Hedge book reduced by 25 000 ounces.
- Burnside JV sale in Northern Territory completed with all conditions precedent met.
- Hidden Valley EMP accepted by the government.

### **March 2006**

### **December 2005**

Tons milled

('000)

763

781

Recovery grade

(g/t)

2,02

2,45

Kilograms produced

(kg)

1 543

1 917

Working costs

(R/kg)

91 876

80 820

Working costs

(R/t)

186

198

The Australian operations generated an operating profit of A\$7 million in the current quarter compared to A\$8.5 million in the previous quarter.

During the quarter 25,000 ounces of hedged forward positions were closed out at a cost of A\$14 million.

These out of the money hedge positions were inherited with the acquisition of Hill 50 Gold NL and have an average strike price of A\$515. The negative mark to market valuation of the outstanding hedge commitments at quarter end amounted to A\$148 million, based on an A\$ spot price of A\$821/oz. During the June quarter an additional 75,000 ounces of hedged positions will come up for closure. A strategy will be implemented to mitigate the potential close out cost, which at current prices will amount to A\$23 million.

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**Mount Magnet**

Mt Magnet operations produced 34 204 ounces of gold in the March quarter from the milling of 430 164 tons of ore, compared with the production of 38 394 ounces of gold and the milling of 443 290 tons of ore in the December quarter. This resulted in a cash operating profit of A\$6.8 million for the site in the current quarter compared with A\$5.4 million in the previous quarter. The improved financial performance was directly related to the gold price, which increased by 18% quarter on quarter.

Underground production amounted to 21 861 ounces in the current quarter compared with 21 647 ounces in the December quarter, from the milling of 129 590 underground tons at 5.25 g/t compared with 104 108 tons milled in the previous quarter at 6.47 g/t. The increased tonnage was directly attributable to the St George underground mine, which is now fully operational. Production from St George partially offset the significant impact that a seismic event had on production from the Hill 50 underground mine.

The conversion of the diesel power station to gas was completed during the quarter, with capital spend on the project being paid back within two months as a result of savings on diesel costs.

**South Kal Mines**

The operation produced 15 395 ounces of gold in the quarter compared with 23 239 ounces in the December quarter from the milling of 332 669 tons of ore. The production profile of this site has been severely affected by production factors at Mt Marion underground. Ground stability problems due to increased stress levels within the lower stope access drives at Mt Marion continued to affect underground ore production. Tonnage from underground was 65 961 tons at 4.54 g/t compared with the previous quarter's production of 103 430 tons at 4.21 g/t. The site showed a cash operating profit for the quarter of A\$0.1 million compared with A\$3.1 million in the December quarter.

Reverse circulation development drilling continued during the quarter on the Shirl prospect located on Location 59. The grade tenor and width of intercepts continues to impress with results including;

06BSRC082

18m @ 7.3 g/t Au from 31m

06BSRC094

10m @ 8.1 g/t Au from 68m

06BSRC099

8m @ 10.0 g/t Au from 100m

06BSRC100

13m @ 7.3 g/t Au from 79m

06BSRC108

22m @ 13.4 g/t Au from 16m

06BSDD006

21m @ 8.3 g/t Au from 220m

06BSDD005

12m @ 6.0 g/t Au from 255m

06BSRC127

15m @ 12.6 g/t Au from 114m

The resource remains open at depths below the intercepts including 21m @ 8.3 g/t Au from 220m. Data suggests a northerly plunge to the high grade mineralisation, and strike of the high grade main lode is increasing at depth. Drilling to test the plunge extensions is planned.

Initial resource estimation, optimisation and pit design studies have delineated an initial open pit reserve estimate of 250,000 tons at 4.8 g/t for approximately 37 000 ounces. An estimated life of mine (LOM) of around nine to 12 months is expected. It will be ready for production within the first quarter of the new financial year. A final open pit design and financial analysis is expected to be available by the end of April with preliminary studies indicating a cash operating cost of around AU\$400 per ounce. A drill programme to finalise some design and geological modelling parameters is to be completed in May with a possible commencement of mining after the completion of the Shirl pit mid-2007.

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Production from Shirl will go towards replacing the expected shortfall in production ounces from Mt Marion. An additional 3,000 ounces per quarter is expected to be added to the current ounce profile during the early development stages of the pit.

#### AUSTRALIA –OTHER PROJECTS

All conditions precedent for the disposal of the Burnside Joint Venture were met on 30 March 2006 and the sale of the project became effective then. The first payment of A\$4 million in cash as well A\$5 million dollars worth of shares in GBS Gold International Inc was received at quarter-end, with the remainder to follow as per the payment schedule in October 2006 and October 2007.

#### GROWTH PROJECTS

##### **Growth projects production performance (Elandsrand, Doornkop and Phakisa)**

##### **March 2006**

##### **December 2005**

U/g tons milled

('000)

343

312

U/g recovery grade

(g/t)

4,37

5,63

U/g kilograms produced (kg)

1 498

1 756

U/g working costs

(R/kg)

124 774

104 188

U/g working costs

(R/t)

545

586

The Company remained focused on rebuilding its growth strategy. Good progress continues to be made at our Phakisa, Doornkop South reef, Tshepong sub-66 decline, Elandsrand New mine and Masimong projects locally. During the past quarter R115 million was spent on capital projects and the forecast for the June quarter amounts to R173 million.

The details of the local capital projects are discussed under the various project specific sections.

#### Doornkop South Reef Capital Project

##### **Project Overview**

Station development continued on 202, 207 and 212 levels, with preparations underway to start up station work on 205 level as well. 184m or 3 102 cubic metres were mined in this area during the period under review. Access development continues with a total of 138m advanced on 192 and 197 levels. The travelling way position to the 1st raise has also been reached on 197 level.

Shaft sinking operations went well with 107.1 metres being sunk, lined and equipped since December, in the area below 132 level. The rate of sinking has been increasing steadily with 40,4 metres advanced in the last month alone.

Sliping of the shaft to its final diameter continued from 197 level for a distance of 150 metres. It has now reached the final level on 212 level where station-cutting operations are underway. Shaft sinking resumed from 212 level in April 2006. It is planned that the remaining 40 metres below 212 level will be sliped to final diameter before the sinking operation above reaches 192 level.

The updated schedule provides for the main shaft to be partially commissioned by December 2006.

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## Annual Capital Expenditure Profile

**Table (Rm)****2003****2004****2005****2006****2007****2008****2009****2010****2011****Total**

Actual Sunk

13

98

114

106

331

Forecast

36

183

167

124

64

54

628

Total

13

98

114

142

183

167

124

64

54

959

Elandsrand Project

**Project Overview**

During this quarter the sinking and equipping of the No. 2 Service shaft progressed to 18m past 102 level. The station on 102 level was also equipped. The crane gantry was commissioned towards the end March and will now assist with the mechanical installations in the 115 level pump station (pipes and pumps). The 115 level main electrical sub-station was developed during the quarter and the civil work will be started in April. The 92 level turbine dam (diameter 14 metres) is currently 4 metres down from 92 level. The reef ore pass system has been plugged on 100 level. This means that the entire mine's reef can now be hoisted from 115 level. The plugging of the waste system is planned for May 2006. The slipping of the No. 3 Service shaft headgear is nearing completion and the rope raise will be finished in June 2006.

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 Access Development  
 The progress on 109 and 113 levels has been good during the past quarter. The table below shows the linear metres developed for the quarter.

**January**

**February**

**March**

**Total**

**109 Hlge**

63.4

40.6

73.0

177.0

**109 RAW**

74.3

67.4

49.7

191.4

**113 Hlge**

62.5

51.7

68.6

182.8

**113 RAW**

56.8

84.3

72.1

213.2

Annual capital expenditure profile

**Table (Rm)**

**2001**

**2002**

**2003**

**2004**

**2005**

**2006**

**2007**

**2008**

**2009**

**2010**

**Total**

**Actual Sunk**

36

107

106

105

96

94

544

**Forecast**

33

127  
 67  
 23  
 4  
 254  
**Total**  
 36  
 107  
 106  
 105  
 96  
 127  
 127  
 67  
 23  
 4  
 798

**TSHEPONG – SUB 66 DECLINE PROJECT**

**Project Overview**

A total of 5 008.2m of 6 281m development has been completed for the project to date. Despite severe ground conditions in the chairlift decline, which required secondary support, the team managed to develop a total of 889m for the quarter. The planned development rate has been adjusted to take poor ground conditions into consideration and extra time has been allowed for additional support.

**Capital Expenditure Profile**

**Table (Rm)**

**2003**

**2004**

**2005**

**2006**

**2007**

**2008**

**Total**

**Actual Sunk**

32.8

66.6

40.6

38.0

178

**Forecast**

17.4

55.0

29.9

102.3

**Total**

32.8

66.6

40.6

55.4

55.0

29.9

280.3



The capital expenditure has been reduced from R80.6 m to R55.4 m for this year. The main reasons for this reduction are as a result of:

- Slower build up of equipment for new levels.
- Slower development rates due to decline layout changes as a result of poor ground conditions.
- Tight budget controls on major engineering items and maintenance.

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**Other facts**

- (a) Date of first production: August 2006.
- (b) Monthly production volumes at full production: 48 560 t/month.
- (c) Average recovery grade at full production: 7.21 g/t.

**MASIMONG PROJECT'S**

**Project overview**

A total of R8.2 million was spent during the quarter and 1 193m of capital development was completed. This was 872m below plan. The main reason for this underperformance was as a result of:

- The 1550 incline project had to be put on hold due to skills shortages on the labour side. The correct skills have subsequently been sourced and will be in position for the new quarter.
- Sealing operations of the fissure water on 1810 level is still continuing. It is envisaged that development in this area will only commence again during May 2006.

Environmental constraints on 1750W and 2010W caused the team to stop mining in this area. The team is currently busy developing an airway from Masimong 4 shaft to establish through ventilation on 2010 level, which should eliminate the problem completely.

**Annual Capital Expenditure profile**

**Table (Rm)**

**2001**

**2002**

**2003**

**2004**

**2005**

**2006**

**Total**

**Actual Sunk**

26.4

38.7

24.5

21.1

20.9

131.6

**Forecast**

10.8

49.0

59.8

**Total**

26.4

38.7

24.5

21.1

31.7

49.0

191.4

**Other facts**

- (a) Date of First production: Already in production.
- (b) Monthly Production volumes at full production: 128 000 t/month.
- (c) Average recovery grade at full production levels: 5.5 g/t.

HIDDEN VALLEY PROJECT

Access Road Update

Pioneering has progressed to the 24.4 km mark. Progress slowed in the later stages of the quarter as pioneering was being conducted in some of the more difficult sections of terrain encountered on the access road and also due to higher than normal rainfall events. Bulk out progressed to the 23.3km mark. Drainage has been increased in areas identified during heavy rainfall as having drainage problems.

Costs remain under budget and on target project to date.

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#### Site Geological Update

A resource definition/grade control auger drilling programme commenced at the Hamata deposit during the quarter. To date eight holes have been completed and 120m of core has been recovered. Progress has been slow due to a shortfall of equipment which is currently being redesigned and modified. The programme is designed to better understand the near surface ore waste boundaries for mine scheduling and TSF construction activities.

#### EPCM Engineer

Discussions are progressing well with an EPCM Company with whom we have entered into exclusive negotiations for the provision of EPCM services for the Hidden Valley project. These discussions also include the expansion of the scope of work for the EPCM engineer to supervise engineering, procurement and construction management of the civil works (roads and bulk earthworks). This will enable a more streamlined process and reduce the influence of boundaries of scope works. The result of this change is to improve the construction efficiency and increase the certainty in the implementation schedule.

#### Environment

The Environment Management Plan submitted on 22 November 2005 has been approved. This approval was required prior to any construction or mining activities being undertaken on the mining lease. Work continues on baseline and monitoring of operations.

#### Community Affairs/Landowner Discussions

Meetings were held in Lae during the quarter with various land owner representative groups as well as officials from the provincial and national government where concerns were raised by both parties about the company's compliance with the Memorandum of Agreement. These meetings resolved the concerns raised, but did highlight the fact that the company will have to be proactive in its dealings with landowners.

#### WAFI/GOLPU PRE-FEASIBILITY STUDY

##### Geology and assay results

Assay results for the first two holes in the geotechnical program show wide, high grade intercepts, suggesting that the resource may be increased when remodelled. Results obtained were:

WR205: 549m @ 1.6% Cu and 0.6 g/t Au from 127.8m.

WR206: 507m @ 1.5% Cu and 0.5 g/t Au from 173m.

Potential increases in the Golpu copper resources are particularly exciting, with copper prices at record highs, exceeding US\$2.50 per pound. Initial scoping studies for Golpu, which recommended advancement of the project to feasibility stage, were completed at US\$0.90 and US\$1.40 per pound. The current bult copper market adds significant value to the Golpu copper/gold project.

Remodelling of Wafi Gold A, B, and Link Zones is in progress. Remodelling includes the most recent drilling results and is focused on development of a model with practical mining requirements accounted for.

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New drill holes relative to existing ore body model

Engineering and mining studies

Process establishment and an engineering contract has been awarded to Aker Kvaerner. Aker Kvaerner will commence work at the start of the next quarter, firstly assisting with the design and management of metallurgical test work programmes, and later undertaking engineering and process design and costing responsibilities. This is a major milestone in the development of the Wafi project.

SRK Consultants commenced scoping level studies for the Link Zone and non-refractory gold resources identified at Wafi. Should positive results be achieved, both of these projects will be advanced to pre-feasibility level in parallel with the Golpu copper/gold project.

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Initial work on the non refractory gold deposits was encouraging, identifying indicated and inferred reserves of 16.3 million tons at 1.87 g/t.

#### Environment and External Relations

Water monitoring and environmental drilling permits were issued for EL440 (all pre-feasibility drilling work is contained on this lease). All permits required for completion of the study are held by the company.

Key permitting, social mapping and community relations consultants have agreed to provide their services at Wafi. All consultants have extensive PNG mining project experience and are recognised as the leaders in the country. This step is considered as critical in the advancement of Wafi. The project has a history of difficult traditional land owner issues (which have always been able to be resolved) however addressing as many issues as possible, as early as possible, will minimise any potential impact on the project.

#### Activities for the next quarter

Work to be completed in the next quarter will include:

- Continuation of drilling at Golpu using two drill rigs;
- Selection and commencement of additional metallurgical test work;
- Update of Golpu geological model;
- Commencement of waste and ore characterisation for environmental study purposes;
- Advancement of non-refractory gold and Link Zone scoping studies, with a view to requesting approval to proceed to pre-feasibility by August 2006;
- Preliminary visits to flat land of the Watut valley for the purpose of identification of plant, infrastructure and tailings dam sites;
- Continuation of dialogue with Yanta, Hengambu and Babwaf people to ensure continued support of the project.

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**OPERATING AND FINANCIAL RESULTS**

(Rand/metric)

(unaudited)

**Underground production – South Africa**

**Leve-**

**Quality**

**Growth**

**rated**

**Ounces**

**Projects**

**Ounces**

**Sub-total**

**Ore milled – t'000**

**Mar-06**

**1 522**

**343**

**1 055**

**2 920**

Dec-05

1 574

312

1 252

3 138

**Gold produced – kg**

**Mar-06**

**8 661**

**1 498**

**4 996**

**15 155**

Dec-05

9 604

1 756

6 113

17 473

**Yield – g/t**

**Mar-06**

**5.69**

**4.37**

**4.74**

**5.19**

Dec-05

6.10

5.63

4.88

5.57

**Cash operating costs – R/kg**

**Mar-06**

**81 886**

**124 774**

**102 857**

**93 040**

Dec-05

74 725

104 188

90 074

83 057

**Cash operating costs – R/t**

**Mar-06**

**466**

**545**

**487**

**483**

Dec-05

456

586

440

462

**Working revenue (R'000)**

**Mar-06**

**954 903**

**165 919**

**550 139**

**1 670 961**

Dec-05

981 335

180 504

626 599

1 788 438

**Cash operating costs (R'000)**

**Mar-06**

**709 214**

**186 912**

**513 873**

**1 409 999**

Dec-05

717 658

182 954

550 621

1 451 233

**Cash operating profit (R'000)**

**Mar-06**

**245 689**

**(20 993)**

**36 266**

**260 962**

Dec-05

263 677

(2 450)

75 978

337 205

**Capital expenditure (R'000)**



**Mar-06**

**145 579**

**127 022**

**67 254**

**339 855**

Dec-05

148 711

135 214

59 391

343 316

**Quality Ounces – Evander Shafts, Randfontein Cooke Shafts, Target, Tshepong, Masimong**

**Growth Projects – Doornkop shaft and South Reef Project, Elandsrand shaft and New Mine Project, Phakisa shaft,**

**Tshepong Decline Project**

**Leveraged Ounces – Bambanani, Joel, West, St Helena 8, Harmony 2, Merriespruit 1 and 3, Unisel, Brand 3 and**

**Orkney 2**

**and 4**

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OPERATING AND FINANCIAL RESULTS

(Rand/metric)

(unaudited)

**South Africa**

**South Africa**

**Australia**

**Harmony**

**Surface**

**Total**

**Total**

**Total**

**Ore milled – t'000**

**Mar-06**

**783**

**3 703**

**763**

**4 466**

Dec-05

938

4 076

781

4 857

**Gold produced – kg**

**Mar-06**

**766**

**15 921**

**1 543**

**17 464**

Dec-05

926

18 399

1 917

20 316

**Yield – g/t**

**Mar-06**

**0.98**

**4.30**

**2.02**

**3.91**

Dec-05

0.99

4.51

2.45

4.18

**Cash operating costs – R/kg**

**Mar-06**

**92 535**

**93 014**

**91 876**

**92 914**

Dec-05

89 849

83 398

80 820

83 154

**Cash operating costs – R/t**

**Mar-06**

**91**

**400**

**186**

**363**

Dec-05

89

376

198

348

**Working revenue (R'000)**

**Mar-06**

**83 889**

**1 754 850**

**173 421**

**1 928 271**

Dec-05

94 098

1 882 536

196 270

2 078 806

**Cash operating costs (R'000)**

**Mar-06**

**70 882**

**1 480 881**

**141 764**

**1 622 645**

Dec-05

83 200

1 534 433

154 931

1 689 364

**Cash operating profit (R'000)**

**Mar-06**

**13 007**

**273 969**

**31 657**

**305 626**

Dec-05

10 898

348 103

41 339

389 442

**Capital expenditure (R'000)**

**Mar-06**

785

360 640

50 586

391 226

Dec-05

304

343 620

105 103

448 723

24

TOTAL OPERATIONS – QUARTERLY FINANCIAL RESULTS

(Rand/metric) (unaudited)

**Quarter ended**

Quarter ended      Quarter ended

**31 March**

31 December

31 March

**2006**

2005

2005

(restated)

Ore milled

t'000

**4 466**

4 857

5 463

Gold produced

kg

**17 464**

20 316

21 126

Gold price received

R/kg

**110 399**

102 333

83 273

Cash operating costs

R/kg

**92 914**

83 154

79 333

**R million**

R million

R million

Revenue

**1 928**

2 079

1 759

Cash operating costs

(1)

**1 622**

1 690

1 676

**Cash operating profit**

**306**

389

83

Amortisation and depreciation of mining properties,  
mine development costs and mine plant facilities

(1)	
<b>(270)</b>	
(249)	
(246)	
Corporate, administration and other expenditure	
<b>(6)</b>	
(72)	
(46)	
Provision for rehabilitation costs	
<b>(1)</b>	
(2)	
(14)	
<b>Operating profit/(loss)</b>	
<b>29</b>	
66	
(223)	
Amortisation and depreciation other than mining properties, mine development costs and mine plant facilities	
<b>(17)</b>	
(10)	
(10)	
Employment termination and restructuring costs	
-	
(15)	
(142)	
Care and maintenance costs	
<b>(30)</b>	
(27)	
(29)	
Share based compensation	
<b>(30)</b>	
(30)	
(19)	
Exploration expenditure	
<b>(21)</b>	
(32)	
(13)	
Profit on sale of investment in Gold Fields	
-	
306	
-	
Mark-to-market of listed investments	
<b>22</b>	
22	
-	
Interest paid	
<b>(96)</b>	
(98)	
(96)	
Interest received	
<b>71</b>	

48	
24	
Other expenses income/(expenses) – net	
<b>5</b>	
6	
(15)	
(Loss)/gain on financial instruments	
<b>(260)</b>	
(183)	
51	
(Loss)/gain on foreign exchange	
<b>(1)</b>	
(21)	
21	
Loss on sale of listed investments and subsidiaries	
–	
(1)	
(111)	
Impairment of fixed assets	
–	
–	
(1 513)	
<b>(Loss)/profit before tax</b>	
<b>(328)</b>	
31	
(2 075)	
Current tax – (expense)	
<b>(1)</b>	
(4)	
(5)	
Deferred tax – benefit/(expense)	
(1)	
<b>147</b>	
(5)	
428	
<b>Net (loss)/profit</b>	
<b>(182)</b>	
22	
(1 652)	
(1) The change in accounting policy on capitalisation of mine development costs had the following effect:	
– Cash operating costs – decrease	
<b>160</b>	
161	
138	
– Amortisation and depreciation of mining properties, mine development costs and mine plant facilities	
<b>(88)</b>	
(75)	
(59)	
– Deferred tax – expense	

**(16)**

(18)

(15)

– Net effect of change in accounting policy

**56**

68

64

The effects of the change in policy are in the process of being audited. The company does not expect any material change to arise from the audit.



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TOTAL OPERATIONS – QUARTERLY FINANCIAL RESULTS

(Rand/metric) (unaudited)

**Quarter ended**

Quarter ended      Quarter ended

**31 March**

30 December

31 March

**2006**

2005

2005

(restated)

Loss per share – cents\*

– Basic earnings/(loss)

**(46)**

6

(420)

– Headline loss

**(50)**

(75)

(96)

– Fully diluted earnings/(loss)\*\* \*\*\*

**(46)**

6

(420)

Dividends per share – (cents)

–

Interim

–

–

–

– Proposed final

–

–

–

\* Calculated on weighted average number of shares in issue at quarter end March 2006: 393.4 million (December 2005: 392.7 million) ( March 2005: 393.2 million).

\*\* Calculated on weighted average number of diluted shares in issue at quarter end March 2006: 400.5 million (December 2005: 398.5 million) (March 2005: 392.9 million).

\*\*\* The effect of the share options is anti-dilutive.

**Reconciliation of headline loss:**

Net (loss)/profit

**(182)**

22

(1 652)

*Adjustments:*

– Profit on sale of assets

**(13)**

(12)

(18)

– Loss on sale of ARM Ltd – net of tax

–

–

111

– Loss on disposal of Sangold investment

–

1

–

– Profit on disposal of investment in Gold Fields

–

(306)

–

– Impairment of fixed assets – net of tax

–

–

1 182

**Headline loss**

**(195)**

(295)

(377)

26

TOTAL OPERATIONS – YEAR TO DATE

FINANCIAL RESULTS

(Rand/metric) (unaudited)

**Year to date**

Year to date

**31 March**

31 March

**2006**

2005

(restated)

Ore milled

t'000

**13 923**

17 943

Gold produced

kg

**56 999**

71 552

Gold price received

R/kg

**101 282**

83 450

Cash operating costs

R/kg

**87 019**

73 751

**R million**

R million

Revenue

**5 773**

5 971

Cash operating costs

(1)

**4 960**

5 277

**Cash operating profit**

**813**

694

Amortisation and depreciation of mining properties, mine development costs and mine plant facilities

(1)

**(763)**

(799)

Corporate, administration and other expenditure

**(134)**

(125)

Provision for rehabilitation costs

**(6)**

(42)

**Operating loss**

**(90)**  
(272)  
Amortisation and depreciation other than mining properties,  
mine development costs and mine plant facilities

**(38)**  
(25)  
Employment termination and restructuring costs

**86**  
(322)  
Care and maintenance costs

**(145)**  
(112)  
Share based compensation

**(93)**  
(49)  
Exploration expenditure

**(71)**  
(57)  
Profit on sale of investment in Gold Fields

**306**  
—  
Mark-to-market of listed investments

**65**  
—  
Interest paid

**(290)**  
(300)  
Interest received

**171**  
87  
Other expenses – net

**(9)**  
(30)  
(Loss)/gain on financial instruments

**(558)**  
23  
(Loss)/gain on foreign exchange

**(2)**  
34  
Loss on sale of listed investments and subsidiaries

**(1)**  
—  
Profit on Australian-listed investments

—  
4  
Loss on sale of listed investments and subsidiaries

—  
(111)  
Impairment of fixed assets

—  
(1 513)

**Loss before tax**

**(669)**

(2 643)

Current tax – (expense)/benefit

**(5)**

34

Deferred tax – benefit

(1)

**190**

474

**Net loss**

**(484)**

(2 135)

(1) The change in accounting policy on capitalisation of mine development costs had the following effect:

– Cash operating costs – decrease

**455**

453

– Amortisation and depreciation of mining properties, mine development costs and mine plant facilities

**(234)**

(172)

– Deferred tax – expense

**(46)**

(53)

– Net effect of change in accounting policy

**175**

228

The effects of the change in policy are in the process of being audited. The company does not expect any material change to arise from the audit.

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TOTAL OPERATIONS – YEAR TO DATE

FINANCIAL RESULTS

(Rand/metric) (unaudited)

**Year to date**

Year to date

**31 March**

31 March

**2006**

2005

(restated)

Loss per share – cents\*

– Basic loss

**(123)**

(605)

– Headline loss

**(211)**

(255)

– Fully diluted loss\*\* \*\*\*

**(123)**

(605)

Dividends per share – (cents)

– Interim

–

–

– Proposed final

–

–

\* Calculated on weighted average number of shares in issue for 9 months to March 2006: 392.9 million (March 2005: 352.7 million).

\*\* Calculated on weighted average number of diluted shares in issue for 9 months to March 2006: 398.1 million (March 2005: 352.7 million).

\*\*\* The effect of the share options is anti-dilutive.

**Reconciliation of headline loss:**

Net loss

**(484)**

(2 135)

Adjustments:

– Profit on sale of assets

**(40)**

(52)

– Profit on Australian listed investments

–

(4)

– Loss on sale of ARM ltd – net of tax

–

111

– Loss on disposal of Sangold investment

**1**

–

– Profit on disposal of investment in Gold Fields

**(306)**

—

– Impairment of fixed assets – net of tax

—

1 182

**Headline loss**

**(829)**

(898)

28

ABRIDGED BALANCE SHEET AT 31 MARCH 2006

(Rand)

**At 31 March**

At 31 December

At 31 March

**2006**

2005

2005

**R million**

R million

R million

**(Unaudited)**

(Unaudited)

(Unaudited)

(restated)

**ASSETS**

**Non-current assets**

Property, plant and equipment

**22 628**

22 735

22 267

Intangible assets

**2 268**

2 268

2 268

Investments

**2 259**

2 191

6 531

Investments in associates

**2 012**

—

—

**29 167**

**27 194**

**31 066**

**Current assets**

Inventories

**593**

560

571

Receivables

**775**

744

614

Income and mining taxes

**28**

24

18

Cash and cash equivalents



**1 781**

2 914

(233)

**3 177**

**4 242**

**970**

**Total assets**

**32 344**

**31 436**

**32 036**

**EQUITY AND LIABILITIES**

**Share capital and reserves**

Issued capital

**25 702**

25 689

25 512

Fair value and other reserves

**(791)**

(717)

(1 501)

Deferred share-based compensation

**(156)**

(185)

(110)

Accumulated loss

**(1 895)**

(1 708)

(430)

**22 860**

**23 079**

**23 471**

**Non-current liabilities**

Long-term borrowings

**2 549**

2 506

2 944

Net deferred taxation liabilities

**1 963**

2 122

2 369

Net deferred financial liabilities

**679**

498

452

Long-term provisions

**943**

943

847

**6 134**

**6 069**

**6 612**

**Current liabilities**

Accounts payables

**1 035**

892

997

Accrued liabilities

**316**

309

340

Short-term portion of long-term borrowings

**1 981**

1 079

607

Shareholders for dividends

**18**

8

9

**3 350**

**2 288**

**1 953**

**Total equity and liabilities**

**32 344**

**31 436**

**32 036**

**Number of ordinary shares in issue**

**394 369 190**

**394 161 367**

**393 231 894**

**Net asset value per share (cents)**

**5 797**

**5 853**

**5 969**

The balance sheet at 30 June 2005 is in accordance with the audited balance sheet except for the effects of the adoption of IFRS 2, Share-based payments, and the change in the accounting policy relating to the capitalisation of development costs.

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OPERATING AND FINANCIAL RESULTS

(US\$/imperial)

(unaudited)

**Underground production – South Africa**

**Leve-**

**Quality**

**Growth**

**raged**

**Ounces**

**Projects**

**Ounces**

**Sub total**

**Ore milled – t'000**

**Mar-06**

**1 678**

**378**

**1 163**

**3 219**

Dec-05

1 736

344

1 381

3 461

**Gold produced – oz**

**Mar-06**

**278 456**

**48 162**

**160 624**

**487 242**

Dec-05

308 774

56 456

196 537

561 767

**Yield – oz/t**

**Mar-06**

**0.17**

**0.13**

**0.14**

**0.15**

Dec-05

0.18

0.16

0.14

0.16

**Cash operating costs – \$/oz**

**Mar-06**

**414**

**631**

**520**

**471**  
 Dec-05  
 356  
 496  
 429  
 396  
**Cash operating costs – \$/t**  
**Mar-06**  
**69**  
**80**  
**72**  
**71**  
 Dec-05  
 63  
 81  
 61  
 64  
**Working revenue (\$'000)**  
**Mar-06**  
**155 299**  
**26 984**  
**89 471**  
**271 754**  
 Dec-05  
 150 267  
 27 640  
 95 948  
 273 855  
**Cash operating costs (\$'000)**  
**Mar-06**  
**115 342**  
**30 398**  
**83 573**  
**229 313**  
 Dec-05  
 109 892  
 28 015  
 84 314  
 222 221  
**Cash operating profit (\$'000)**  
**Mar-06**  
**39 957**  
**(3 414)**  
**5 898**  
**42 441**  
 Dec-05  
 40 375  
 (375)  
 11 634  
 51 634  
**Capital expenditure (\$'000)**

**Mar-06**

**23 676**

**20 658**

**10 938**

**55 272**

Dec-05

22 771

20 705

9 094

52 570

**Quality Ounces – Evander Shafts, Randfontein Cooke Shafts, Target, Tshepong, Masimong**

**Growth Projects – Doornkop shaft and South Reef Project, Elandsrand shaft and New Mine Project, Phakisa shaft,**

**Tshepong Decline Project**

**Leveraged Ounces – Bambanani, Joel, West, St Helena 8, Harmony 2, Merriespruit 1 and 3, Unisel, Brand 3 and Orkney 2 and 4**





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OPERATING AND FINANCIAL RESULTS

(US\$/imperial)

(unaudited)

**South Africa**

**South Africa**

**Australia**

**Harmony**

**Surface**

**Total**

**Total**

**Total**

**Ore milled – t'000**

**Mar-06**

**863**

**4 082**

**841**

**4 923**

Dec-05

1 034

4 495

861

5 356

**Gold produced – oz**

**Mar-06**

**24 627**

**511 869**

**49 608**

**561 477**

Dec-05

29 771

591 538

61 633

653 171

**Yield – oz/t**

**Mar-06**

**0.03**

**0.13**

**0.06**

**0.11**

Dec-05

0.03

0.13

0.07

0.12

**Cash operating costs – \$/oz**

**Mar-06**

**468**

**471**

**465**

**470**



Dec-05

428

397

385

396

**Cash operating costs – \$/t**

**Mar-06**

**13**

**59**

**27**

**54**

Dec-05

12

52

28

48

**Working revenue (\$'000)**

**Mar-06**

**13 643**

**285 397**

**28 204**

**313 601**

Dec-05

14 409

288 264

30 054

318 318

**Cash operating costs (\$'000)**

**Mar-06**

**11 528**

**240 841**

**23 056**

**263 897**

Dec-05

12 740

234 961

23 724

258 685

**Cash operating profit (\$'000)**

**Mar-06**

**2 115**

**44 556**

**5 148**

**49 704**

Dec-05

1 669

53 303

6 330

59 633

**Capital expenditure (\$'000)**

**Mar-06**

**128**

**55 400**

**8 227**

**63 627**

Dec-05

47

52 617

16 094

68 711

31

TOTAL OPERATIONS – QUARTERLY FINANCIAL RESULTS

(US\$/imperial) (unaudited)

**Quarter ended**

Quarter ended    Quarter ended

**31 March**

31 December

31 March

**2006**

2005

2005

(restated)

Ore milled

t'000

**4 923**

5 356

6 024

Gold produced

oz

**561 477**

653 171

679 251

Gold price received

\$/oz

**559**

487

431

Cash operating costs

\$/oz

**470**

396

411

**\$ million**

\$ million

\$ million

Revenue

**314**

318

293

Cash operating costs

(1)

**264**

259

279

**Cash operating profit**

**50**

59

14

Amortisation and depreciation of mining properties,  
mine development costs and mine plant facilities

(1)  
**(44)**  
(38)  
(41)  
Corporate, administration and other expenditure  
**(1)**  
(11)  
(8)  
Provision for rehabilitation costs  
–  
–  
(2)  
**Operating profit/(loss)**  
**5**  
10  
(37)  
Amortisation and depreciation other than mining  
properties, mine development costs and mine plant facilities  
**(3)**  
(2)  
(2)  
Employment termination and restructuring costs  
–  
(2)  
(24)  
Care and maintenance costs  
**(5)**  
(4)  
(5)  
Share based compensation  
**(5)**  
(5)  
(3)  
Exploration expenditure  
**(3)**  
(5)  
(2)  
Profit on sale of investment in Gold Fields  
–  
47  
–  
Mark-to-market of listed investments  
**4**  
3  
–  
Interest paid  
**(16)**  
(15)  
(16)  
Interest received  
**12**

7	
4	
	Other expenses income/(expenses)- net
<b>1</b>	
1	
(3)	(Loss)/profit on financial instruments
<b>(42)</b>	
(28)	
9	
	(Loss)/gain on foreign exchange
-	
(3)	
4	
	Loss on sale of listed investments and subsidiaries
-	
-	
(19)	
	Impairment of fixed assets
-	
-	
(252)	
<b>(Loss)/profit before tax</b>	
<b>(52)</b>	
4	
(346)	
	Current tax – expense
-	
(1)	
(1)	
	Deferred tax – benefit/(expense)
(1)	
<b>24</b>	
(1)	
71	
<b>Net (loss)/profit</b>	
<b>(28)</b>	
2	
(276)	
(1)	The change in accounting policy on capitalisation of mine development costs had the following effect:
-	– Cash operating costs – decrease
<b>26</b>	
25	
23	
-	– Amortisation and depreciation of mining properties, mine development costs and mine plant facilities
<b>(14)</b>	
(11)	
(10)	
-	– Deferred tax – expense

(3)

(3)

(3)

– Net effect of change in accounting policy

9

11

10

The effects of the change in policy are in the process of being audited. The company does not expect any material change to arise from the audit.

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TOTAL OPERATIONS – QUARTERLY FINANCIAL RESULTS

(US\$/imperial) (unaudited)

**Quarter ended**

Quarter ended Quarter ended

**31 March**

31 December

31 March

**2006**

2005

2005

(restated)

Loss per share – cents\*

– Basic earnings/(loss)

**(8)**

1

(70)

– Headline loss

**(8)**

(12)

(16)

– Fully diluted earnings/(loss) \*\* \*\*\*

**(8)**

1

(70)

Dividends per share – (cents)

–

–

Interim

–

–

–

– Proposed final

–

–

–

*Currency conversion rates average for the quarter: March 2006: US\$1=R6.15 (December 2005: US\$1=R6.53) (March 2005: US\$1=R6.00)*

*\* Calculated on weighted average number of shares in issue at quarter end March 2006: 393.4 million (December 2005: 392.7 million) ( March 2005: 393.2 million).*

*\*\* Calculated on weighted average number of diluted shares in issue at quarter end March 2006: 400.5 million (December 2005: 398.5 million) (March 2005: 392.9 million).*

*\*\*\* The effect of the share options is anti-dilutive.*

**Reconciliation of headline loss:**

Net (loss)/profit

**(28)**

2

(276)

*Adjustments:*

– Profit on sale of assets

(2)

(2)

(3)

– Loss on sale of ARM Ltd – net of tax

–

–

19

– Loss on disposal of Sangold investment

–

–

–

– Profit on disposal of investment in Gold Fields

–

(47)

–

– Impairment of fixed assets – net of tax

–

–

197

**Headline loss**

(30)

(47)

(63)



33

TOTAL OPERATIONS – YEAR TO DATE FINANCIAL RESULTS

(US\$/imperial) (unaudited)

**Year to date**

Year to date

**31 March**

31 March

**2006**

2005

(restated)

Ore milled

t'000

**15 353**

19 786

Gold produced

oz

**1 832 552**

2 300 440

Gold price received

\$/oz

**493**

423

Cash operating costs

\$/oz

**423**

374

**\$ million**

\$ million

Revenue

**903**

973

Cash operating costs

(1)

**776**

860

**Cash operating profit**

**127**

113

Amortisation and depreciation of mining properties, mine development costs and mine plant facilities

(1)

**(119)**

(130)

Corporate, administration and other expenditure

**(21)**

(21)

Provision for rehabilitation costs

**(1)**

(7)

**Operating loss**

(14)  
 (45)  
 Amortisation and depreciation other than mining properties,  
 mine development costs and mine plant facilities

(6)  
 (4)  
 Employment termination and restructuring costs

**13**  
 (53)  
 Care and maintenance costs

(22)  
 (18)  
 Share based compensation

(15)  
 (8)  
 Exploration expenditure

(11)  
 (9)  
 Profit on sale of investment in Goldfields

**48**  
 –  
 Mark-to-market of listed investments

**10**  
 –  
 Interest paid

(45)  
 (49)  
 Interest received

**27**  
 14  
 Other expenses – net

(2)  
 (5)  
 (Loss)/gain on financial instruments

(87)  
 4  
 Gain on foreign exchange

–  
 6  
 Loss on sale of listed investments and subsidiaries

–  
 (18)  
 Impairment of fixed assets

–  
 (252)  
**Loss before tax**

(104)  
 (437)  
 Current tax – (expense)/benefit

(1)  
 5

Deferred tax – benefit

(1)

**30**

77

**Net loss**

**(75)**

(355)

(1) The change in accounting policy on capitalisation of mine development costs had the following effect:

– Cash operating costs – decrease

**71**

74

– Amortisation and depreciation of mining properties, mine development costs and mine plant facilities

**(37)**

(28)

– Deferred tax – expense

**(7)**

(9)

– Net effect of change in accounting policy

**27**

37

The effects of the change in policy are in the process of being audited. The company does not expect any material change to arise from the audit.

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TOTAL OPERATIONS – YEAR TO DATE FINANCIAL RESULTS

(US\$/imperial) (unaudited)

**Year to date**

Year to date

**31 March**

31 March

**2006**

2005

(restated)

Loss per share – cents\*

– Basic loss

**(19)**

(101)

– Headline loss

**(33)**

(43)

– Fully diluted loss\*\* \*\*\*

**(19)**

(101)

Dividends per share – (cents)

– Interim

–

–

– Proposed final

–

–

*Prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.*

*Currency conversion rates average for the 9 months to: March 2006: US\$1=R6.39 (March 2005: US\$1=R6.14).*

*\* Calculated on weighted average number of shares in issue for 9 months to March 2006: 392.9 million (March 2005: 352.7 million).*

*\*\* Calculated on weighted average number of diluted shares in issue for 9 months to March 2006: 398.1 million (March 2005: 352.7 million).*

*\*\*\* The effect of the share options is anti-dilutive.*

**Reconciliation of headline loss:**

Net loss

**(75)**

(355)

*Adjustments:*

– Profit on sale of assets

**(6)**

(8)

– Profit on Australian listed investments

–

(1)

– Loss on sale of ARM ltd – net of tax

–

18

– Loss on disposal of Sangold investment

– Profit on disposal of investment in Goldfields

(48)

–

– Impairment of fixed assets – net of tax

–

193

**Headline loss**

(129)

(153)

35

ABRIDGED BALANCE SHEET AT 31 MARCH 2006

(US\$)

**At 31 March**

At 31 December

At 31 March

**2006**

2005

2005

**US\$ million**

US\$ million

US\$ million

**(Unaudited)**

(Unaudited)

(Unaudited)

(restated)

**ASSETS**

**Non-current assets**

Property, plant and equipment

**3 679**

3 592

3 582

Intangible assets

**369**

358

365

Investments

**367**

346

1 051

Investments in associates

**327**

—

—

**4 742**

4 296

4 998

**Current assets**

Inventories

**96**

88

92

Receivables

**126**

118

99

Income and mining taxes

**5**

4

3

Cash and cash equivalents

<b>290</b>
460
(38)
<b>517</b>
670
156
<b>Total assets</b>
<b>5 259</b>
4 966
5 154
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>
<b>Share capital and reserves</b>
Issued capital
<b>4 179</b>
4 058
4 105
Fair value and other reserves
<b>(129)</b>
(113)
(241)
Deferred share-based compensation
<b>(25)</b>
(29)
(18)
Accumulated loss
<b>(308)</b>
(270)
(69)
<b>3 717</b>
3 646
3 777
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>
Long-term borrowings
<b>414</b>
396
474
Net deferred taxation liabilities
<b>319</b>
335
381
Net deferred financial liabilities
<b>110</b>
79
73
Long-term provisions
<b>153</b>
149
136
<b>996</b>
959
1 064

**Current liabilities**

Accounts payables

**170**

141

158

Accrued liabilities

**51**

49

55

Short-term portion of long-term borrowings

**322**

170

98

Shareholders for dividends

**3**

1

2

**546**

361

313

**Total equity and liabilities**

**5 259**

4 966

5 154

**Number of ordinary shares in issue**

**394 369 190**

**394 161 367**

**393 231 894**

**Net asset value per share (US cents)**

**943**

**925**

**961**

Balance sheet converted at conversion rate of US\$ 1 = R6.15 (December 2005: R6.33) (March 2005: R6.22).

The balance sheet at 30 June 2005 is in accordance with the audited balance sheet except for the effects of the adoption of IFRS 2, Share-based payments, and the change in the accounting policy relating to the capitalisation of development costs.



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CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

(unaudited)

**Issued**

**Fair value**

**Deferred**

**share**

**and other**

**share-based**

**Retained**

**capital**

**reserves compensation**

**earnings**

**Total**

**R million**

**R million**

**R million**

**R million**

**R million**

Balance at 1 July 2005

25 645

(670)

(248)

(1 406)

23 321

Issue of share capital

57

–

–

–

57

Currency translation

adjustment and other

–

(121)

–

–

(121)

Adoption of IFRS 2,

share-based payments

–

–

92

–

92

Net loss

–

–

–

(484)

(484)  
 Dividends paid  
 —  
 —  
 —  
 (5)  
 (5)  
**Balance at**  
**31 March 2006**  
 25 702  
 (791)  
 (156)  
 (1 895)  
 22 860  
**(restated)**  
 Balance as 1 July 2004  
 20 945  
 (1 186)  
 (27)  
 1 801  
 21 533  
 Issue of share capital  
 4 436  
 —  
 —  
 —  
 4 436  
 Currency translation  
 adjustment and other  
 —  
 (315)  
 —  
 —  
 (315)  
 Adoption of IFRS 2,  
 share-based payments  
 131  
 —  
 (83)  
 —  
 48  
 Net earnings  
 —  
 —  
 —  
 (2 135)  
 (2 135)  
 Dividends paid  
 —  
 —  
 —

(96)  
 (96)  
**Balance at 31 March 2005**  
 25 512  
 (1 501)  
 (110)  
 (430)  
 23 471  
**Issued**  
**Fair value**  
**Deferred**  
**share**  
**and other**  
**share-based**  
**Retained**  
**capital**  
**reserves compensation**  
**earnings**  
**Total**  
**US\$ million**  
**US\$ million**  
**US\$ million**  
**US\$ million**  
**US\$ million**  
 Balance as 1 July 2005  
 4 170  
 (109)  
 (40)  
 (229)  
 3 792  
 Issue of share capital  
 9  
 –  
 –  
 –  
 9  
 Currency translation  
 adjustment and other  
 –  
 (20)  
 –  
 –  
 (20)  
 Adoption of IFRS 2,  
 share-based payments  
 –  
 –  
 15  
 –  
 15  
 Net earnings

-
-
-
(78)
(78)
Dividends paid
-
-
-
(1)
(1)
<b>Balance at</b>
<b>31 March 2006</b>
4 179
(129)
(25)
(308)
3 717
<b>(restated)</b>
Balance as 1 July 2004
3 370
(191)
(4)
290
3 465
Issue of share capital
714
-
-
-
714
Currency translation
adjustment and other
-
(50)
-
-
(50)
Adoption of IFRS 2,
share-based payments
21
-
(14)
-
7
Net earnings

Balances translated at closing rates of: March 2006: US\$1 = R6.15 (March 2005: US\$1 = R6.22).

—

—

—

(344)

(344)

Dividends paid

—

—

—

(15)

(15)

**Balance at 31 March 2005**

4 105

(241)

(18)

(69)

3 777





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SUMMARISED CASH FLOW STATEMENT  
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

(unaudited)

**Nine**

**Nine**

**Nine**

**Nine**

**months**

**months**

**months**

**months**

**ended**

**ended**

**ended**

**ended**

**31 March**

**31 March**

**31 March**

**31 March**

**2005**

**2006**

**2006**

**2005**

**US\$ million**

**US\$ million**

**R million**

**R million**

**Cash flow from operating activities**

(75)

(14) Cash utilised by operations

(88)

(461)

17

28

Interest and dividends received

176

104

(31)

(22) Interest paid

(143)

(192)

(8)

(1) Income and mining taxes paid

(8)

(51)

(97)

(9) Cash utilised by operating activities

(63)

(600)



**Cash flow from investing activities**

Net proceeds on disposal of listed

15

365

investments

2 461

92

–

(327) Acquisition of investment in associate

(2 012)

–

Net additions to property, plant

(161)

(182) and equipment

(1 164)

(989)

–

(3) Other investing activities

(18)

1

(146)

(147) Cash utilised by investing activities

(733)

(896)

**Cash flow from financing activities**

13

96

Long-term loans raised

615

81

(6)

9

Ordinary shares issued – net of expenses

55

(36)

(15)

–

Dividends paid

–

(95)

Cash generated/(utilised) by

(8)

105

financing activities

670

(50)

(4)

66

**Foreign currency translation adjustments**

77

(101)

Net (decrease)/increase in cash

(255)

15

and equivalents

(49)

(1 647)

217

275

Cash and equivalents – 1 July

1 830

1 414

(38)

290

Cash and equivalents – 31 March

1 781

(233)

Operating activities translated at average rates of: March 2006: US\$1 = R6.39 (March 2005: US\$1 = R6.14).

Closing balance translated at closing rates of: March 2006: US\$1 = R6.15 (March 2005: US\$1 = R6.22).

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SUMMARISED CASH FLOW STATEMENT  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

(unaudited)

**Three**

**Three**

**Three                      Three**

**months**

**months**

**months**

**months**

**ended**

**ended**

**ended**

**ended**

**31 December**

**31 March**

**31 March   31 December**

**2005**

**2006**

**2006**

**2005**

**US\$ million**

**US\$ million**

**R million**

**R million**

**Cash flow from operating activities**

(21)

37

Cash generated/(utilised) by operations

229

(136)

7

12

Interest and dividends received

76

48

(7)

(8) Interest paid

(48)

(47)

—

(1) Income and mining taxes paid

(5)

(2)

Cash generated/(utilised) by

(21)

40

operating activities

252

(137)

**Cash flow from investing activities**

378  
—  
Net proceeds on disposal of listed investments  
—  
2 461  
—  
(327) Acquisition of investment in associate  
(2 012)  
—  
(67)  
(61) Net additions to property, plant and equipment  
(378)  
(436)  
—  
(3) Other investing activities  
(21)  
3  
Cash (utilised)/generated by  
311  
(391) investing activities  
(2 411)  
2 028

**Cash flow from financing activities**

—  
148  
Long-term loans raised  
910  
—  
7  
2  
Ordinary shares issued – net of expenses  
10  
45  
7  
150  
Cash generated by financing activities  
920  
45  
10  
31

**Foreign currency translation adjustments**

106  
7  
Net (decrease)/increase in cash  
307  
(170) and equivalents  
(1 133)  
1 943  
153  
460

Cash and equivalents – beginning of quarter

2 914

971

460

290

Cash and equivalents – end of quarter

1 781

2 914

Operating activities translated at average rates of: March 2006 quarter: US\$1 = R6.15 (December 2005 quarter: US\$1 = R6.53).

Closing balance translated at closing rates of: March 2006: US\$1 = R6.15 (December 2005: US\$1 = R6.33).

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RECONCILIATION BETWEEN CASH OPERATING  
PROFIT AND CASH GENERATED/ (UTILISED) BY  
OPERATIONS – PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

Nine

Nine

Quarter

Quarter

months to

months to

ended

ended

31 March

31 March

31 March 31 December

2006

2005

2006

2005

R million

R million

R million

R million

Cash operating profit

814

694

306

389

Other cash items per income statement:

Other income

160

91

75

33

Employment termination, restructuring and  
care and maintenance costs

(59)

(434)

(30)

(42)

Corporate, administration and other  
expenditure

(134)

(125)

(6)

(72)

Exploration expenditure

(71)

(57)

(21)

(32)

Provision for rehabilitation costs

(6)

(4)

(1)

(2)

Cash flow statement adjustments:

Cost of currency hedge and  
close out of hedges

(201)

(146)

(63)

(77)

Profit on sale of mining assets

(41)

(52)

(13)

(12)

Interest and dividends received

(176)

(104)

(76)

(48)

Other non-cash items

(52)

(59)

(30)

(24)

Effect of changes in operating working  
capital items:

Receivables

(143)

246

(30)

(148)

Inventories

(15)

(40)

(33)

(8)

Accounts payable

(103)

(396)

144

(103)

Accrued liabilities

(61)

(75)

7

10

**Cash (utilised)/generated by operations**

(88)

(461)

229

(136)



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## NOTES TO THE RESULTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED

31 MARCH 2006

## 1. Basis of accounting

The unaudited results for the quarter have been prepared using accounting policies that comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). These consolidated quarterly statements are prepared in accordance with IFRS 34, Interim Financial Reporting. The accounting policies are consistent with those applied in the previous financial year, except for the adoption of the revised international accounting standards forthcoming from the IAS improvements project and the changes which are described in Note 2 and 3.

## 2. New accounting policies adopted

**(a) Share-based Payments (IFRS 2)**

On 1 July 2005, the Company adopted the requirements of IFRS 2, Share-based Payments. In accordance with the transitional provisions, IFRS 2 has been applied to all grants of equity-settled payments after 7 November 2002 that were unvested as at 1 January 2005. The Company issues equity-settled instruments to certain qualifying employees under an Employee Share Option Scheme to purchase shares in the Company's authorised but unissued ordinary share capital. Equity share-based payments are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the date of the grant. The total fair value of the options granted is recorded as deferred share-based compensation as a separate component of shareholders' equity with a corresponding amount recorded as share premium. The deferred share-based compensation is expensed over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of the number of shares that are expected to eventually vest. The Company used the binominal option pricing model in determining the fair value of the options granted. The impact of this adjustment on the net profit/(loss) is an expense of R93 million for the March 2006 year to date (March 2005 year to date: R48 million) (March 2006 quarter: R30 million) (December 2005 quarter: R33 million) (March 2005 quarter: R19 million).

**(b) Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease (IFRIC 4)**

On 1 July 2005, the Company applied the requirements of IFRIC 4, Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease. The objective of the interpretation is to determine whether an arrangement contains a lease that falls within the scope of IAS 17, Leases. The lease is then accounted in accordance with IAS 17. The application of the interpretation had no impact on the results of the quarter or any prior reporting period.

## 3. Change in accounting policy

**(a) Capitalisation of mine development costs**

Previously mine development costs were capitalised when the reef horizon was intersected. Expenditure for all development that will give access to proven and probable ore reserves will now be capitalised. Capitalised costs are amortised over the estimated life of the proven and probable reserves to which the costs give access.

The impact of this adjustment on the net profit/(loss) is as follows:

– A decrease in the cash operating costs of R458 million for the March 2006 year to date (March

41

2005 year to date: R454 million) (March 2006 quarter: R160 million) (December 2005 quarter: R161 million) (March 2005 quarter: R138 million).

– Additional amortisation charges of R234 million for the March 2006 year to date (March 2005 year to date: R172 million) (March 2006 quarter: R88 million) (December 2005 quarter: R75 million) (March 2005 quarter: R59 million).

– Taxation effect of the capitalised development costs and additional amortisation charges of R47 million for March 2006 year to date (March 2005 year to date: R53 million) (March 2006 quarter: R16 million) (December 2005 quarter: R18 million) (March 2005 quarter: R15 million).

#### 4. Investment in associate

On 9 March 2006, the Company announced that it had acquired a 29.2% investment in Western Areas Limited. The investment will be treated as an investment in an associate. The accounting policies of the associate is in line with the accounting policies of the Company, therefore no significant adjustments are foreseen. The most practicable date of the transaction for accounting purposes is 1 April 2006. The Company's portion of the results of the associate from 9 March 2006 to 31 March 2006 will therefore be accounted for in the June 2006 quarter.

#### 5 .Derivative financial instruments

##### **Commodity contracts**

The Harmony Group's outstanding commodity contracts against future production, by type at 31 March 2006 are indicated below. The total net delta of the hedge book at 31 March 2006 was 431,285 oz (13 414 kg).

##### **Year**

**30 June**

**30 June**

**30 June**

**30 June**

**2006**

**2007**

**2008**

**2009**

**Total**

##### **AUSTRALIAN DOLLAR GOLD**

Forward contracts Kilograms

2,333

4,572

3,110

3,110

13,126

Ounces

75,000

147,000

100,000

100,000

422,000

AUD per oz

509

515

518

518

515

Call options sold

Kilograms

–

311

–

–

311

Ounces

–

10,000

–

–

10,000

AUD per oz

–

562

–

–

562

**Total commodity**

**contracts**

Kilograms

2,333

4,883

3,110

3,110

13,437

Ounces

75,000

157,000

100,000

100,000

432,000

**Total net gold\***

Delta (kg)

2,333

4,881

3,105

3,096

13,414

Delta (oz)

74,995

156,943

99,818

99,529

431,285

\* The Delta of the hedge position indicated above, is the equivalent gold position that would have the same marked-to-market sensitivity for a small change in the gold price. This is calculated using the Black-Scholes option formula with the ruling market prices, interest rates and volatilities at 31 March 2006.

These contracts are classified as speculative and the marked-to-market movement is reflected in the

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income statement.

The mark-to-market of these contracts was a negative R654 million (negative USD106 million) at 31 March 2006 (at 31 December 2005: negative R486 million or negative USD77 million). The values at 31 March 2006 were based on a gold price of USD588 (AUD821) per ounce, exchange rates of USD1/R6.15 and AUD1/USD0.72 and prevailing market interest rates and volatilities at that date. These valuations were provided by independent risk and treasury management experts.

At 20 April 2006, the marked-to-market value of the hedge book was a negative R745 million (negative USD91 251 million), based on a gold price of USD644 (AUD865) per ounce, exchange rates of USD1/R5.96 and AUD1/USD0.74 and prevailing market interest rates and volatilities at that time.

These marked-to-market valuations are not predictive of the future value of the hedge position, nor of the future impact on the revenue of the company. The valuation represents the cost of buying all hedge contracts at the time of the valuation, at market prices and rates available at the time.

Harmony closed out 25,000oz forward contracts during the quarter ending 31 March 2006 at a cost of R62.6 million (USD 10.2 million). During the quarter ending 31 December 2005, Harmony closed out 10,000oz call option contracts at a cost of R3.3 million (USD 500,000).

Interest rate swaps

The Group has interest rate swap agreements to convert R600 million of its R1, 2 billion fixed rate bond to variable rate debt. The interest rate swap runs over the term of the bond, interest is received at a fixed rate of 13% and the company pays a floating rate based on JIBAR plus a spread ranging from 1.8% to 2.2%.

These transactions which mature in June 2006 are designated as fair value hedges. The marked-to-market value of the transactions was a positive R25 million (USD4 million) as at 31 March 2006 (at 31 December 2005 positive R11 million or USD 2 million), based on the prevailing interest rates and volatilities at the time.

**Z B Swanepoel**

**N V Qangule**

*Chief Executive*

*Financial Director*

Virginia

3 May 2006

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DEVELOPMENT RESULTS

(metric)

**Quarter ended 31 December 2005**

**Quarter ended 31 March 2006**

**Channel Channel**

**Channel Channel**

**Reef Sampled**

**width**

**value**

**Gold**

**Reef Sampled**

**width**

**value**

**Gold**

**metres**

**metres**

**(cm's)**

**(g/t) (cmg/t)**

**metres**

**metres**

**(cm's)**

**(g/t) (cmg/t)**

**Randfontein**

VCR Reef

1,599

1,407

83

21.39

1,767

1,206

1,099

61

29.34

1,797

UE1A

595

674

137

7.43

1,020

691

650

100

11.16

1,121

E8 Reef

57

57

186

2.08

387  
238  
149  
152  
5.01  
762  
Kimberley Reef  
640  
230  
133  
5.64  
752  
432  
553  
163  
5.30  
866  
South Reef  
0  
0  
0  
0.00  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0  
**All Reefs**  
**2,890**  
**2,368**  
**106**  
**13.47**  
**1,423**  
**2,567**  
**2,451**  
**100**  
**13.42**  
**1,345**  
**Free State**  
Basal  
1,354  
1,174  
91  
11.98  
1,091  
1,360  
929  
97  
11.98  
1,156

Leader  
1,040  
894  
187  
6.13  
1,148  
974  
900  
167  
5.03  
839  
A Reef  
708  
668  
87  
4.87  
425  
603  
530  
89  
5.56  
494  
Middle  
137  
144  
250  
3.57  
892  
197  
198  
241  
4.27  
1,029  
B Reef  
515  
488  
65  
23.43  
1,523  
431  
363  
80  
11.05  
884  
All Reefs  
**3,753**  
**3,368**  
**119**  
**8.65**  
**1,028**  
**3,564**

2,920

125

7.19

896

**Evander**

Kimberley Reef

1,772

1,695

59

13.97

818

1,312

1,308

68

21.84

1,492

**Elandskraal**

VCR Reef

158

248

168

9.29

1,561

421

396

497

4.55

2,261

**Orkney**

Vaal Reef

140

0

0

0.00

0

0

0

0

0.00

0

VCR

0

0

0

0.00

0

0

0

0

0.00

0



**All Reefs**

**140**

**0**

**0**

**0.00**

**0**

**0**

**0**

**0**

**0.00**

**0**

**Target**

Elsburg

**448**

**377**

**277**

**5.69**

**1,576**

**585**

**470**

**331**

**3.92**

**1,298**

**Freegold JV**

Basal

1,538

1,388

31

46.32

1,424

1,180

1,053

35

50.32

1,779

Beatrix

242

249

155

8.09

1,251

191

171

126

5.60

703

Leader

45

45

208

4.39

911  
17  
9  
210  
4.43  
930  
B Reef  
0  
0  
0  
0.00  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0.00  
0  
**All Reefs**  
**1,825**  
**1,682**  
**54**  
**25.73**  
**1,385**  
**1,388**  
**1,233**  
**49**  
**33.04**  
**1,624**

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DEVELOPMENT RESULTS

(imperial)

**Quarter ended 31 December 2005**

**Quarter ended 31 March 2006**

**Channel Channel**

**Channel Channel**

**Reef Sampled**

**width**

**value**

**Gold**

**Reef Sampled**

**width**

**value**

**Gold**

**feet**

**feet (inches)**

**(oz/t) (in.oz/t)**

**feet**

**feet (inches)**

**(oz/t) (in.oz/t)**

**Randfontein**

VCR Reef

5,244

4,615

33

0.62

20

3,958

3,606

24

0.86

21

UE1A

1,951

2,211

54

0.22

12

2,266

2,133

40

0.33

13

E8 Reef

187

187

73

0.05

4

781

489  
60  
0.15  
9  
Kimberley Reef  
2,101  
755  
52  
0.17  
9  
1,418  
1,814  
64  
0.16  
10  
South Reef  
0  
0  
0  
0.00  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0.00  
0  
**All Reefs**  
**9,483**  
**7,767**  
**42**  
**0.38**  
**16**  
**8,423**  
**8,041**  
**39**  
**0.38**  
**15**  
**Free State**  
Basal  
4,442  
3,852  
36  
0.35  
13  
4,461  
3,048  
38  
0.35  
13  
Leader  
3,411

2,933  
74  
0.18  
13  
3,195  
2,953  
66  
0.15  
10  
A Reef  
2,322  
2,192  
34  
0.14  
5  
1,978  
1,739  
35  
0.16  
6  
Middle  
448  
472  
98  
0.10  
10  
645  
650  
95  
0.12  
12  
B Reef  
1,689  
1,601  
26  
0.67  
17  
1,415  
1,191  
31  
0.33  
10  
**All Reefs**  
**12,313**  
**11,050**  
**47**  
**0.25**  
**12**  
**11,694**  
**9,580**  
**49**

0.21  
10  
**Evander**  
Kimberley Reef  
5,814  
5,561  
23  
0.41  
9  
4,304  
4,291  
27  
0.63  
17  
**Elandskraal**  
VCR Reef  
518  
814  
66  
0.27  
18  
1,383  
1299  
196  
0.13  
26  
**Orkney**  
Vaal Reef  
459  
0  
0  
0.00  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0.00  
0  
VCR  
0  
0  
0  
0.00  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0.00  
0  
**All Reefs**  
459

0  
0  
0.00  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0.00  
0  
**Target**  
Elsburg  
1469  
1237  
109  
0.17  
18  
1920  
1542  
130  
0.11  
15  
**Freegold JV**  
Basal  
5,046  
4,554  
12  
1.36  
16  
3,870  
3,455  
14  
1.46  
20  
Beatrix  
794  
817  
61  
0.24  
14  
625  
561  
49  
0.16  
8  
Leader  
148  
148  
82  
0.13  
10  
57

30  
83  
0.13  
11  
B Reef  
0  
0  
0  
0.00  
0  
0  
0  
0  
0.00  
0  
**All Reefs**  
**5,988**  
**5,518**  
**21**  
**0.76**  
**16**  
**4,552**  
**4,045**  
**19**  
**0.98**  
**19**



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CONTACT DETAILS

**Harmony Gold Mining Company Limited**

**Corporate Office**

Suite No. 1

Private Bag X1

Melrose Arch, 2076

South Africa

First Floor

4 The High Street

Melrose Arch, 2196

Johannesburg

South Africa

Telephone:

+27 11 684 0140

Fax:

+27 11 684 0188

**Website:** <http://www.harmony.co.za>

**Directors**

P T Motsepe (Chairman)\*

Z B Swanepoel (Chief Executive)

F Abbott\*, J A Chissano\*

†

, V N Fakude\*

Dr D S Lushaba\*, M Motloba\*,

N V Qangule, C M L Savage\*

F Mothobi

(\*non-executive) (

†

Mozambique)

**Investor Relations**

Philip Kotze

*Executive: Investor Relations*

Telephone:

+27 11 684 0147

Fax:

+27 11 684 0188

Cell:

+27 (0) 83 453 0544

E-mail:

[philip.kotze@harmony.co.za](mailto:philip.kotze@harmony.co.za)

Vusi Magadana

*Investor Relations Officer*

Telephone:

+27 11 684 0149

Fax:

+27 11 684 0188

Cell:

+27 (0) 72 157 5986

E-mail:

[vusi.magadana@harmony.co.za](mailto:vusi.magadana@harmony.co.za)

Marian van der Walt

*Company Secretary*

Telephone:

+27 11 411 2037

Fax:

+27 11 411 2398

Cell:

+27 (0) 82 888 1242

E-mail:

mvanderwalt@harmony.co.za

**South African Share Transfer Secretaries**

Ultra Registrars (Pty) Ltd

PO Box 4844

Johannesburg, 2000

Telephone:

+27 11 832 2652

Fax:

+27 11 834 4398

**United Kingdom Registrars**

Capita Registrars

The Registry

34 Beckenham Road

Beckenham

Kent BR3 4TU

Telephone:

+44 870 162 3100

Fax:

+44 208 639 2342

**ADR Depository**

The Bank of New York

101 Barclay Street

New York, NY 10286

United States of America

Telephone:

+1888-BNY ADRS

Fax:

+1 212 571 3050

**Trading Symbols**

JSE Limited

HAR

New York Stock Exchange, Inc.

HMY

London Stock Exchange plc

HRM

Euronext Paris

HG

Euronext Brussels

HMY

Berlin Stock Exchange

HAM1

NASDAQ

HMY

Issuer Code

HAPS

**Registration number** 1950/038232/06

Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa

**ISIN:**

ZAE000015228

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NOTES

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NOTES

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NOTES

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated:

10 May, 2006

Harmony Gold Mining Company Limited

By:

/s/ Nomfundo Qangule

Name: Nomfundo Qangule

Title: Chief Financial Officer